

2) N/A to convert a given valid parenthesized infix arithmetic expression to postfix exp
We use concept of single character operands and the binary operators + (plus), - (minus), * (multiply) and / (divide)

```
#include <string.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>
int f(char symbol){
    switch(symbol){
        case '+':
        case '-': return 2;
        case '*':
        case '/': return 4;
        case '^':
        case '$': return 5;
        case '!': return 0;
        case '#': return -1;
        default: return 8;
    }
}

int G(char symbol){
    switch(symbol){
        case '+':
        case '-': return 1;
        case '*':
```

```

case '!': return 3;
case '^':
case 'q': return 6;
case '(': return 9;
case ')': return 0;
default: return 7;
}

void infix - postfix (char infix[]) {
    int top = -1, j = 0;
    char s[30], postfix[30];
    char symbol;
    for (i = 0; i < strlen(infix); i++) {
        symbol = infix[i];
        while (f[s[top]] > G[symbol]) {
            s[++top] = symbol;
        }
        else
            top--;
    }
    while (s[top] != '#') {
        postfix[j++] = s[top--];
    }
    postfix[j] = '\0';
    puts(postfix);
}

int main()
{
    char exp[30];

```

```
printf("Enter an expression ");  
getlexp);  
infix postfix lexp);  
return 0;  
}
```