#### **Final Project Report**

## A. Project Description:

Our web application enables users to monetize their personal data, ensuring transparency and financial compensation when companies utilize their information; the users remain anonymous throughout the entire process. Companies can use the platform to find users with relevant personal data and offer monetary compensation for access to this data. Users can browse through a list of companies looking for specific data, view how much each company is offering per person, and consider the quality of their data as a factor. If users have relevant data to provide, they can click or tap on the listing to begin the process of uploading the required data. Once the user has sent the relevant data, the company has the opportunity to partially review the anonymized data for quality control and, if deemed sufficient, can accept it and pay the anonymized user. All users receive a transparency report after each successful data transaction, where they can see the information of the company that accepted their data, how much they were paid, what the company plans to do with the data, and any notes or feedback. Ultimately, the implemented web application provides a trustworthy platform where users and companies can sign up or log into their accounts, and manage their account settings, profile information, available personal data, data requests from companies, data transactions, and transparency reports.

## **B.** Schema updates

Next, we discuss schema updates and the underlying reasons.

We removed the Compensation relation because it did not make much sense for Compensation to be the only child entity of DataTransaction. Also, Most, if not all, data transactions will consist of compensation procedures.

We added the Review relation because it was a useful relation to have in the implementation of the application. It enables us to maintain a unique history for any given user.

We included a foreign key specification for CategoryID in DataRequest, referencing CategoryID in DataCategory. This was not done previously, but it is a necessary step to preserve referential integrity.

#### C. Schema and records

Next, we list the relational schemas with the primary key attributes underlined and foreign keys bolded.

User (UserID, Email)



## UserEmailUsername (Email, Username)

```
SQL> select * from UserEmailUsername;

EMAIL

USERNAME

alice@example.com
alice123

bob@example.com
bobby

carol@example.com
carol_w

EMAIL

USERNAME

dave@example.com
davey

eve@example.com
eve_93
```

## UserEmailPassword (Email, Password)



IndividualUser (<u>UserID</u>, FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth)

```
GQL> select * from IndividualUser;
   USERID FIRSTNAME
LASTNAME
                                                   DATE0FBIR
        1 Alice
Smith
                                                    01-JAN-90
        2 Bob
                                                   02-FEB-85
Williams
                                                    03-MAR-92
   USERID FIRSTNAME
LASTNAME
                                                   DATEOFBIR
        4 Dave
                                                    04-APR-88
        5 Eve
                                                   05-MAY-95
```

IndividualUserName (FirstName, LastName, DateOfBirth, UserID)



CorporateUser (<u>UserID</u>, CompanyName)

CompanyNameIndustry (CompanyName, Industry)

```
SQL> select * from CompanyNameIndustry;

COMPANYNAME

INDUSTRY

TechCorp
Technology

HealthInc
Healthcare

EduSoft
Education

COMPANYNAME

INDUSTRY

Tech Solutions
Finance

BioLab
Biotechnology
```

# CompanyNameSize (<u>CompanyName</u>, CompanySize)



# Activity (ActivityID, UserID)

ty;

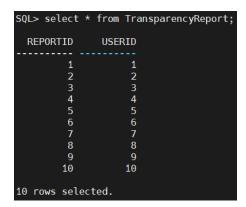
ActivityTimestamp (<u>ActivityID</u>, Timestamp)

# UserActivityType (<u>UserID</u>, <u>Timestamp</u>, ActivityType)

```
SQL> select * from UserActivityType;
    USERID
TIMESTAMP
ACTIVITYTYPE
01-JUL-24 10.00.00.000000 AM
2
01-JUL-24 11.00.00.000000 AM
Data Upload
    USERID
TIMESTAMP
ACTIVITYTYPE
3
01-JUL-24 12.00.00.0000000 PM
Data Download
4
01-JUL-24 01.00.00.000000 PM
    USERID
TIMESTAMP
ACTIVITYTYPE
Logout
5
01-JUL-24 02.00.00.000000 PM
```

UserActivityDetails (<u>UserID</u>, <u>Timestamp</u>, ActivityDetails)

# $Transparency Report \ (\underline{ReportID}, \ User ID)$



 $ReportGeneratedOn\ (\underline{\textbf{ReportID}}, GeneratedOn)$ 

```
SQL> select * from ReportGeneratedOn;

REPORTID

1
01-JUL-24 03.00.00.000000 PM

2
01-JUL-24 04.00.00.000000 PM

REPORTID

GENERATEDON

4
01-JUL-24 06.00.00.000000 PM

01-JUL-24 07.00.00.000000 PM

REPORTID

5
01-JUL-24 08.00.00.000000 PM

REPORTID

6
01-JUL-24 09.00.00.000000 PM

REPORTID

7
01-JUL-24 09.00.00.000000 PM

8
01-JUL-24 10.00.00.000000 PM
```

UserGeneratedReportDetails (<u>UserID</u>, <u>GeneratedOn</u>, ReportDetails)

```
SQL> select * from UserGeneratedReportDetails;
     USERID
GENERATEDON
REPORTDETAILS
1
01-JUL-24 03.00.00.000000 PM
Report on data usage for July 2024
01-JUL-24 04.00.00.000000 PM
Report on data transactions for July 2024
     USERID
GENERATEDON
REPORTDETAILS
3
01-JUL-24 05.00.00.000000 PM
Report on user activity for July 2024
4
01-JUL-24 06.00.00.000000 PM
     USERID
GENERATEDON
REPORTDETAILS
Report on financial transactions for July 2024
01-JUL-24 07.00.00.000000 PM
Report on profile updates for July 2024
```

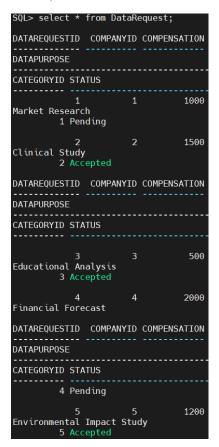
## Company (CompanyID, Name, Industry, ContactInfo)

```
SQL> select * from Company;
 COMPANYID
NAME
INDUSTRY
CONTACTINFO
TechCorp
Technology
john@techcorp.com
 COMPANYID
NAME
INDUSTRY
CONTACTINFO
HealthInc
Healthcare
mary@healthinc.com
 COMPANYID
NAME
INDUSTRY
 CONTACTINFO
EduSoft
Education
```

## DataCategory (<u>CategoryID</u>, CategoryName, Description)



# DataRequest (<u>DataRequestID</u>, **CompanyID**, Compensation, DataPurpose, **CategoryID**, Status)



## DataBelongCategory (CategoryID, DataRequestID, CompanyID)

SQL> select	t * from	DataBe	longCategory;
CATEGORYID	DATAREQU	JESTID	COMPANYID
1		1	1
2		2	2
3		3	3
4		4	4
5		5	5

## TransactionIDUserID (<u>TransactionID</u>, **UserID**, DataText)

```
SQL> select * from TransactionIDUserID;

TRANSACTIONID USERID

DATATEXT

1 1
Testing upload data request

2 2
Testing upload data request

TRANSACTIONID USERID

DATATEXT

4 4
Testing upload data request

5 5
Testing upload data request
```

## $Transaction IDD at a Request ID\ (\underline{Transaction ID}, \textbf{DataRequest ID})$

```
SQL> select * from TransactionIDDataRequestID;

TRANSACTIONID DATAREQUESTID

1 1
2 2
3 3
4 4
5 5
```

## TransactionIDAmount (<u>TransactionID</u>, Amount)

```
SQL> select * from TransactionIDAmount;

TRANSACTIONID AMOUNT

1 500
2 1500
3 2500
4 3500
5 4500
```

## TransactionIDTimestamp (<u>TransactionID</u>, Timestamp)

```
SQL> select * from TransactionIDTimestamp;

TRANSACTIONID TIMESTAMP

1 01-JAN-24
2 02-JAN-24
3 03-JAN-24
4 04-JAN-24
5 05-JAN-24
```

## TransactionIDCurrency (<u>TransactionID</u>, Currency)

```
SQL> select * from TransactionIDCurrency;
TRANSACTIONID CUR

1 USD
2 EUR
3 GBP
4 JPY
5 CAD
```

## TransactionIDExchangeRate (<u>TransactionID</u>, ExchangeRate)

```
SQL> select * from TransactionIDExchangeRate;

TRANSACTIONID EXCHANGERATE

1 1
2 1
3 1
4 110
5 1
```

### CurrencyExchangeRate (Currency, ExchangeRate)

```
SQL> select * from CurrencyExchangeRate;

CUR EXCHANGERATE

---
USD 1
EUR 1
GBP 1
JPY 110
CAD 1
```

## Review (ReviewID, **TransactionID**, **UserID**, Status, Compensation, ReviewTimestamp)

```
SQL> select * from review;
 REVIEWID TRANSACTIONID USERID
STATUS
                                                  COMPENSATION
REVIEWTIMESTAMP
05-AUG-24 09.43.25.016458 PM
2 2
Accepted
05-AUG-24 09.43.25.017541 PM
                                                          1500
 REVIEWID TRANSACTIONID USERID
                                                  COMPENSATION
REVIEWTIMESTAMP
05-AUG-24 09.43.25.018255 PM
                                                          3500
 REVIEWID TRANSACTIONID USERID
                                                  COMPENSATION
STATUS
REVIEWTIMESTAMP
05-AUG-24 09.43.25.018877 PM
05-AUG-24 09.43.25.019464 PM
```

#### D. List of SQL queries in the code

#### **INSERT Operation**

- review\_data.php
  - Line 30: INSERT INTO Review (ReviewID, TransactionID, UserID, Status, Compensation)
- signup\_process.php
  - Line 32: INSERT INTO
- upload\_data.php
  - Line 32: INSERT INTO TransactionIDUserID (TransactionID, UserID, DataText) VALUES (TransactionID\_seq.NEXTVAL, :userID, :data)
  - Line 44: INSERT INTO TransactionIDDataRequestID (TransactionID, DataRequestID) VALUES (TransactionID\_seq.CURRVAL, :dataRequestID)
  - Line 55: INSERT INTO TransactionIDAmount (TransactionID, Amount)
     VALUES (TransactionID\_seq.CURRVAL, 0)
  - Line 65: INSERT INTO TransactionIDTimestamp (TransactionID, Timestamp) VALUES (TransactionID\_seq.CURRVAL, SYSDATE)
  - Line 75: INSERT INTO TransactionIDCurrency (TransactionID, Currency) VALUES (TransactionID\_seq.CURRVAL, 'USD')
  - Line 85: INSERT INTO TransactionIDExchangeRate (TransactionID, ExchangeRate) VALUES (TransactionID\_seq.CURRVAL, 1)

## **DELETE Operation**

- delete\_data\_request.php
  - Line 21: DELETE FROM DataRequest WHERE DataRequestID = :dataRequestId

#### **UPDATE Operation**

- review\_data.php
  - Line 47: UPDATE DataRequest SET Status = :status

#### Selection

analytics\_data.php

- Line 28: SELECT tuu.TransactionID, tuu.UserID, tuu.DataText, dr.DataPurpose, dc.CategoryName, dr.Compensation AS RequestedCompensation, r.Status, r.Compensation AS OfferedCompensation
- Line 45: SELECT
- companies\_with\_all\_categories.php
  - Line 22: SELECT c.Name AS CompanyName
  - Line 26: HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT dr.CategoryID) = (SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM DataCategory)
- company\_dashboard\_data.php
  - Line 31: SELECT dr.\*, dc.CategoryName, dr.DataRequestID
  - Line 46: SELECT tuu.TransactionID, tuu.UserID, tuu.DataText, dr.DataPurpose, dc.CategoryName, dr.Compensation AS RequestedCompensation
  - Line 53: SELECT 1
  - Line 68: SELECT tia.\*, tic.Currency, tit.Timestamp
  - Line 73: SELECT tuu.TransactionID
  - Line 88: SELECT SUM(r.Compensation) AS TotalCompensation
- fetch\_activity\_history.php
  - Line 22: SELECT a.ActivityID, a.UserID, at.Timestamp, uat.ActivityType, uad.ActivityDetails
- login\_process.php
  - Line 26: SELECT \* FROM Users u
  - Line 42: SELECT \* FROM IndividualUser WHERE UserID = :userID
  - Line 55: SELECT c.CompanyID, c.Name AS CompanyName
- user\_dashboard\_data.php
  - Line 33: SELECT dr.\*, c.Name AS CompanyName, dc.CategoryName
  - Line 52: SELECT tuu. TransactionID, tuu. UserID, dr. DataPurpose
  - Line 72: SELECT u1.\*, u2.Currency, u3.Timestamp

- Line 76: WHERE u1.TransactionID IN (SELECT TransactionID FROM TransactionIDUserID WHERE UserID = :userID)
- Line 91: SELECT tr.\*, rgo.GeneratedOn
- Line 110: SELECT
- users\_with\_complete\_data.php
  - Line 18: SELECT UserID
  - Line 21: SELECT dc.CategoryID
  - Line 24: SELECT dr.CategoryID
- view\_all\_data.php
  - Line 28: SELECT \* FROM \$table
- view\_total\_requests\_per\_category.php
  - Line 17: SELECT CategoryID, COUNT(\*) AS TotalRequests

#### **Projection**

view all data Line ~28

#### Join

- analytics\_data.php
  - Line 28: SELECT tuu.TransactionID, tuu.UserID, tuu.DataText, dr.DataPurpose, dc.CategoryName, dr.Compensation AS RequestedCompensation, r.Status, r.Compensation AS OfferedCompensation
- fetch\_activity\_history.php
  - Line 22: SELECT a.ActivityID, a.UserID, at.Timestamp, uat.ActivityType, uad.ActivityDetails
- user\_dashboard\_data.php
  - Line 33: SELECT dr.\*, c.Name AS CompanyName, dc.CategoryName
- companies\_with\_all\_categories.php
  - Line 33: SELECT c.Name AS CompanyName FROM Company c JOIN DataRequest dr ON c.CompanyID = dr.CompanyID
- company\_dashboard\_data.php

 Line 33: SELECT dr.\*, dc.CategoryName, dr.DataRequestID FROM DataRequest dr JOIN DataCategory dc ON dr.CategoryID = dc.CategoryID

### **Aggregation with Group By**

- view\_total\_requests\_per\_category.php
  - Line 17: SELECT CategoryID, COUNT(\*) AS TotalRequests

#### **Aggregation with Having**

- companies\_with\_all\_categories.php
  - Line 26: HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT dr.CategoryID) = (SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM DataCategory)

#### **Nested Aggregation with Group By**

None

#### **Division**

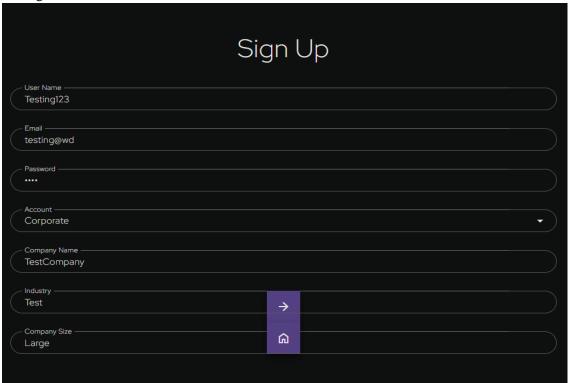
- Users\_with\_complete\_data
  - Line 18: SELECT UserID FROM Users u
    WHERE NOT EXISTS (SELECT dc.CategoryID FROM DataCategory dc
    EXCEPT SELECT dr.CategoryID FROM DataRequest dr JOIN
    TransactionIDDataRequestID tdr ON dr.DataRequestID =
    tdr.DataRequestID JOIN TransactionIDUserID tuu ON
    tdr.TransactionID = tuu.TransactionID WHERE tuu.UserID = u.UserID
- company\_dashboard\_data.php

# E. Screenshots demonstrating the functionality of each query

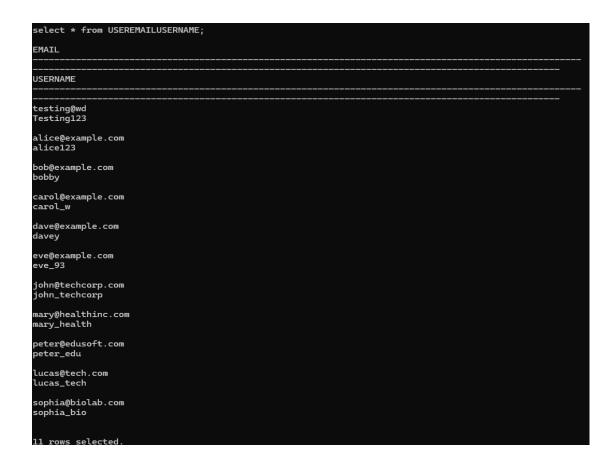
## **INSERT:**

#### Before:

#### During:



After:

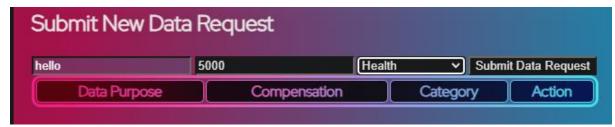


## DELETE

#### Before:

DATAREQUES	TID COMPA	NYID COM	PENSATION
DATAPURPOS	E		
CATEGORYID	STATUS		
Clinical S 2		2	1500
	3 Il Analysis Accepted	3	500
Financial 4	4 Forecast Pending	4	2000
	5 stal Impact Accepted	5 Study	1200
Market Res 5		1	1000

During:



#### After:

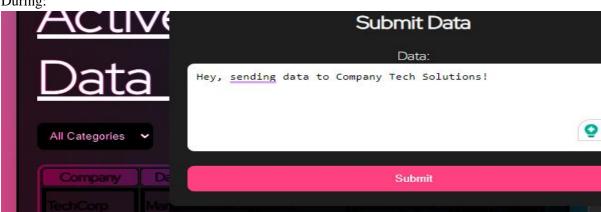


JOIN (Not sure how to show before/after since data in tables don't get modified)

#### Before:



#### During:

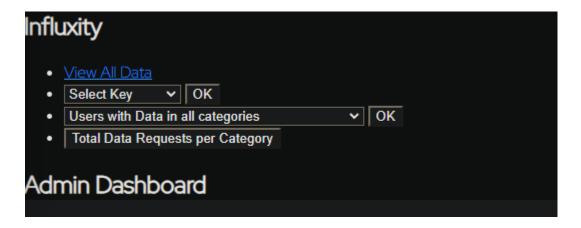


After: (Combines company review status and user transactions)

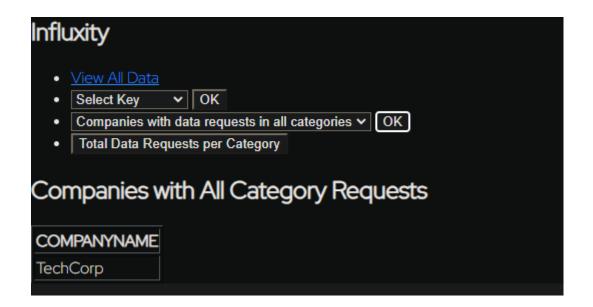


Group with Having:

Before:



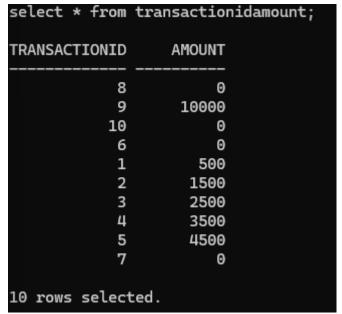
After:



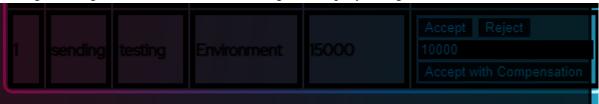
Database: Company ID 1 is TechCorp with data requests in all 5 categories (1 - 5) DATAREQUESTID COMPANYID COMPENSATION DATAPURPOSE CATEGORYID STATUS 1000 Market Research 1 Pending 1500 Clinical Study 2 Accepted 500 3 Educational Analysis 3 Accepted 2000 Financial Forecast 4 Pending 1200 5 5 Environmental Impact Study 5 Accepted 1000 Market Research 2 Pending 1000 Market Research 3 Pending Market Research 4 Pending 1000 Market Research 5 Pending 10 2000 Hey 4 Pending

#### **UPDATE**

Before: User has TransactionID 10 with 0 initial amount received.



During: Sending \$10000, which is less than original company listing.



#### After:

Alter.		
select * from	transaction	nidamount;
TRANSACTIONID	AMOUNT	
TRANSACTIONID	A1100N1	
8	0	
9	10000	
10	10000	
6	Θ	
1	500	
2	1500	
3	2500	
4	3500	
5	4500	
7	Θ	
10 rows select	ted.	

Aggregation with Group by: Shows grouped total requests.



# Selection:

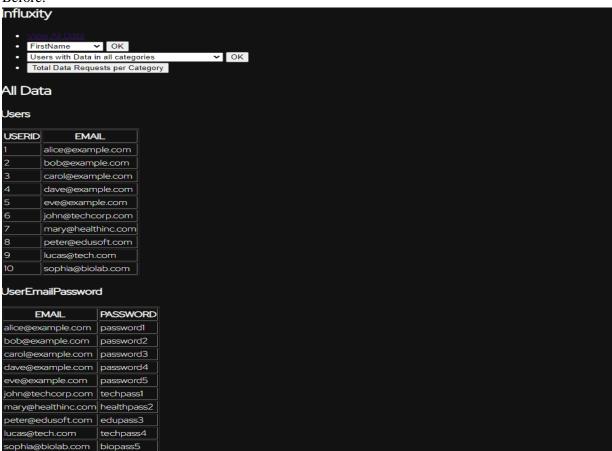


After: Filters incoming requests.

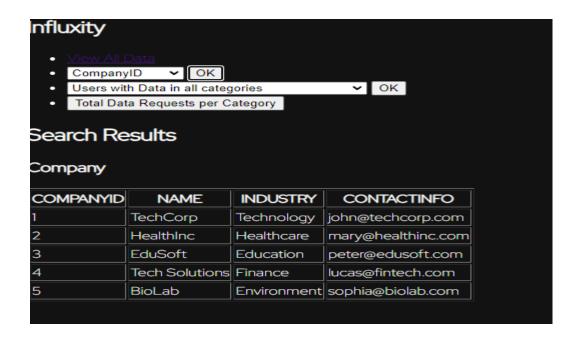


## Projection:

#### Before:



After: Can select keys -> then view data based on it.



Division: Divides all users to find users have have sent data to all category types. Here, no users have done that for example.

