

# Security Overview of Secure Chat

## Assumptions

- **Secure Environment:** It is assumed that the operating environment is secure, and the underlying hardware and OS are not compromised.
- **Reliable Cryptographic Libraries:** The GMP and OpenSSL libraries used in the application are assumed to be up-to-date and free from vulnerabilities at the time of deployment.
- **Informed Users:** Users are assumed to be aware of basic security practices, such as keeping their private keys secure and verifying the identity of the server and client during connections.

## Claims

- **Confidentiality:** All messages exchanged between the client and server are encrypted using AES-256-CBC, ensuring that eavesdroppers cannot read the content of the messages. The encryption keys are securely generated using the Diffie-Hellman (DH) key exchange protocol.

- **Authentication:** The DH key exchange mechanism ensures that both parties can authenticate each other. The public keys are exchanged and verified, ensuring the identities of the parties involved in the communication.
- **Integrity:** HMAC-SHA256 is used to verify the integrity of messages. This ensures that the transmitted data is protected against alterations during transit.

## **Limitations**

- **Endpoint Security:** The application does not directly address endpoint security. If the client or server systems are compromised, the security of the entire communication channel could be jeopardized.
- **Key Management:** Mismanagement of DH keys, such as failure to securely initialize, store, or shred keys, can lead to vulnerabilities.
- **Physical Security:** The application assumes the physical security of the hosting servers and client machines. If compromised, unauthorized access to the communication can occur.

- Forward Secrecy: The code does not explicitly ensure forward secrecy, which would protect past sessions against future private key compromises.
- Denial of Service (DoS): The application does not include mechanisms to protect against DoS attacks, which could make the service unavailable to legitimate users.

## **Implementation Details**

### **Key Exchange and Generation**

The application uses the Diffie-Hellman (DH) key exchange protocol to securely generate a shared secret key between the client and server. The DH parameters (prime numbers and generator) are initialized from a file (params), and the keys are securely exchanged and verified.

### **Encryption and Decryption**

Messages are encrypted using AES-256-CBC to ensure confidentiality. The encryption key is derived from the DH key exchange process. Each message is

encrypted before being sent over the network and decrypted upon receipt.

## **Message Integrity**

HMAC-SHA256 is used to verify the integrity of messages. A hash-based message authentication code (HMAC) is calculated for each message using a secret key derived from the shared DH key. This ensures that any tampering of the message during transit is detected.