#### CS3251 Spring 2023

### Programming Assignment 1

# Objective:

- Understand the creation of sockets
- Understand that application protocols are often simple plain text messages with special meaning
- Understand how to parse simple text commands.

### Introduction:

In this assignment, you will create a chat room on a single computer where you and your (imaginary) friends can chat with each other. The following steps will be required to achieve this:

- 1. Create a server program that runs on a specific port passed via the command line.
- 2. Create a client program that can join this server.
- 3. The client needs a display name and a passcode to enter the chat room. (Assume all clients use the same passcode but a different display name). The passcode will be restricted to a maximum of 5 alpha-numeric characters only. Anything over 5 letters can be treated as invalid. You do not have to handle input over 20 characters long. The display name is a maximum of 8 characters long. We will not test for these corner cases.
- 4. The job of the server is to accept connections from clients, get their display name and passcode (in plaintext), verify that the passcode is correct, and then allow clients into the chat room.
- 5. When any client sends a message, the display name is shown before the message, followed by a colon (:), and the message is delivered to all other current clients.
- 6. Clients can type any text message, or can type one of the following shortcut codes to display specific text to everyone:
  - 1. Type:) to display [feeling happy]
  - 2. Type: (to display [feeling sad]
  - 3. Type:mytime to display the current time
  - 4. Type:+1hr to display the current time + 1 hour (*Note*: For :mytime and +1hr, format time as "Weekday Month Day Time Year". For example, Mon Aug 13 08:23:14 2012.)
  - 5. Type: Exit to close your connection and terminate the client
  - 6. [Fun part not graded] '\' overrides the next word until a space or newline. For example, \:mytime will print :mytime instead of the actual time.

# What will you learn?

- Basic socket programming to create a client-server application
- How do multiple clients connect to a single server?
- How to keep multiple persistent TCP connections alive?
- Text parsing to develop a custom application layer protocol. (This is, in spirit, very similar to how HTTP works, for example)

# Which programming language to use?

You are required to use Python for this assignment. We will be using Ubuntu 18.04 for testing your code. Therefore, you will need to set up an appropriate virtual machine to test your code. You may set up this VM however you prefer. One option is Ubuntu on VirtualBox: <a href="https://brb.nci.nih.gov/seqtools/installUbuntu.html">https://brb.nci.nih.gov/seqtools/installUbuntu.html</a> Links to an external site.

You can find python files with some instructions uploaded to Canvas under `Files-> Uploaded Media -> PA1.zip`.

# Instructions/Expected Outputs

The autograder expects a very specific output from your programs. Please make sure that you follow all the conventions that we set and don't add any extra spaces/newlines in your output. As a rule of thumb, there should be no empty lines in your program's output and spaces should be added after a username.

(For example, "<username>: message" instead of "<username>:message")

There also should not be any output from your own program on your client (such as debugging prints).

Connection Establishment and Password Checking - Single Client

#### Note: the passcode will be restricted to a maximum of 5 letters

You will create two programs: a client and a server. Each program takes the following CLI parameters: the client takes the server's IP address and listening port, the username, and the password (all clients should use the same password). The server takes its listening port and the password.

If the password is correct the client should print "Connected to <hostname> on port <port>", otherwise, it should receive a failure message "Incorrect passcode". Whenever a new client successfully joins the chatroom, all other clients should receive a message indicating the username of the new user that has just joined the room (see below).

Command: python3 server.py -start -port <port> -passcode <passcode>

**Output:** Server started on port <port>. Accepting connections

**Command:** python3 client.py -join -host <hostname> -port <port> -username <username> -passcode <passcode>

Output (on Server): <username > joined the chatroom

Output (on new Client): Connected to <hostname > on port <port >

Resource: Sample code for providing command line arguments to a python application: <a href="https://docs.python.org/3/library/argparse.html">https://docs.python.org/3/library/argparse.html</a> Links to an external site.

### Connection Establishment and Password Checking - Multiple Clients

The server should be able to handle multiple clients connecting to it. This means that by running the above client command again (with a different username), the server should perform similarly. The server should also inform the already-connected clients that a new client has joined.

**Command:** python3 client.py -join -host <hostname> -port <server's port> -username <username> -passcode <passcode>

**Output (on Server):** <username > joined the chatroom

Output (on new Client): Connected to <hostname > on port <port >

Output (on all other clients): <username> joined the chatroom

You don't have to check for unique usernames, we will only test the code by supplying unique usernames in the test cases.

A connected client should maintain a persistent TCP connection with the server that's only terminated when the user types :Exit.

A client is removed only if it executes :Exit command (i.e., don't assume that a client will be forcibly terminated).

## **Chat Functionality**

After successfully connecting to the server, clients should be able to type messages that get sent to the server when the user enters a newline. All text before the newline should be sent to the server, displayed on the server's screen, and broadcasted and displayed on the screens of all clients.

Command (on a connected client with username: <username>): Hello Room

Output (on Server): <username>: Hello Room

#### Output (on all other clients): <username>: Hello Room

You don't have to consider messages longer than 100 characters. No need to test what happens when you exceed 100 characters, and no need to handle arbitrary long inputs. The autograder does not test such corner cases.

#### **Chat Shortcuts**

As discussed earlier, clients should be able to send shortcuts that are translated to text. The shortcut should be displayed as full text on all screens.

Command (on a connected client): :)

Output (on Server): <username>: [Feeling Happy]

Output (on all other clients): <username>: [Feeling Happy]

### **Leaving Chatroom**

As discussed earlier, clients must be able to disconnect as well. To do this, the client should be able to type :Exit to disconnect. All other clients should see a message that this client left the chatroom.

**Command (on a connected client):** :Exit

Output (on Server): <username > left the chatroom

Output (on all other clients): <username> left the chatroom

## **Grading Scheme**

- Single server-client program sets up connection: 20 points
- Single server, multiple clients able to connect: 20 points
- Server receives from any client, sends to all: 20 points
- Login and passcode implementation: 20 points
- Text parsing for shortcut codes: 20 points (See 6. under the Introduction above)
- Compilation errors are not acceptable.

## Programming Do's and Don'ts

- You should use "sys.stdout.flush()" after your print statements in Python to ensure that the message is printed on the terminal in a timely fashion.
- Your server should bind to 127.0.0.1 as the host

### What to submit?

We will provide a starter code. Please implement all functionality described above in server.py and client.py and submit these files to Gradescope. Note that there will be a minimal amount of code provided in these files, as the design of your project is up to you.

In case you attempted the project in a team of 2:

- If both students belong to the same section, you can add your teammate to the final submission (via Gradescope), so only one submission per team is required.
- If your teammate is from the other section, then both students will have to make a submission to their respective Gradescope's and additionally include a README.md mentioning the details of their teammate.

### **Further Clarifications?**

We will maintain the piazza thread <u>@26 Links to an external site.</u> for posting any further clarifications. Please look at it for any clarifications not listed in the instructions above. Please use the Piazza thread <u>@27 Links to an external site.</u> for posting all doubts, and questions related to PA1.