CS & IT ENGINEERING

Theory of Computation Finite Automata:

DFA-4

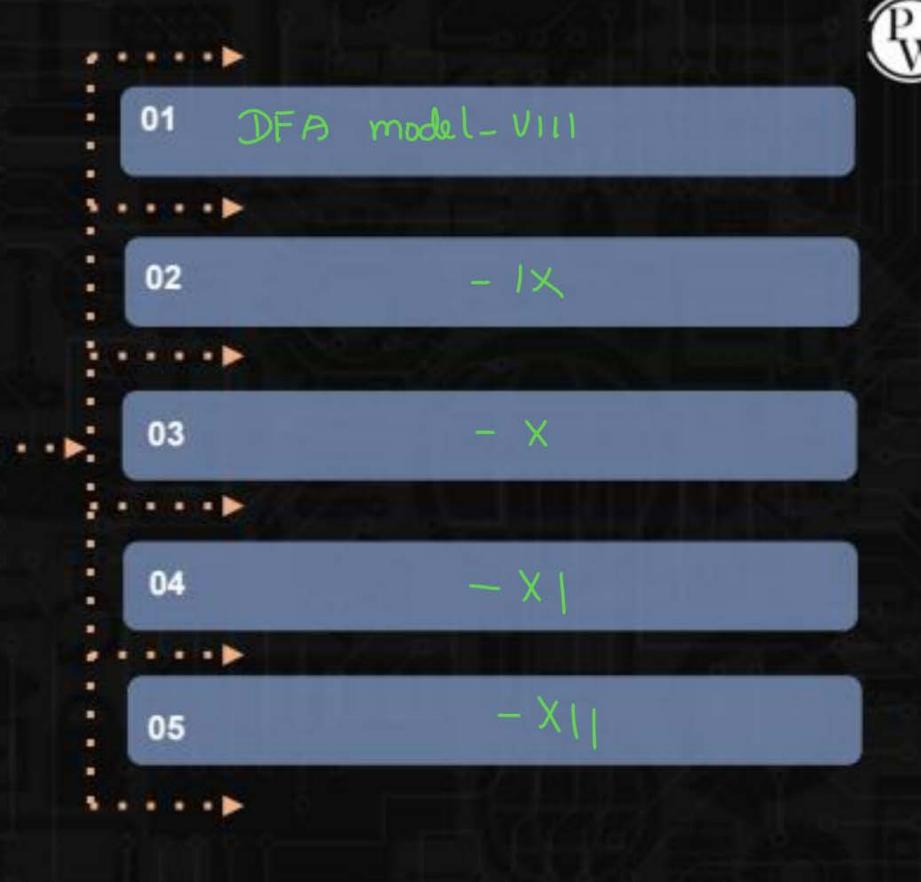
Lecture No. 9 (no DPP)













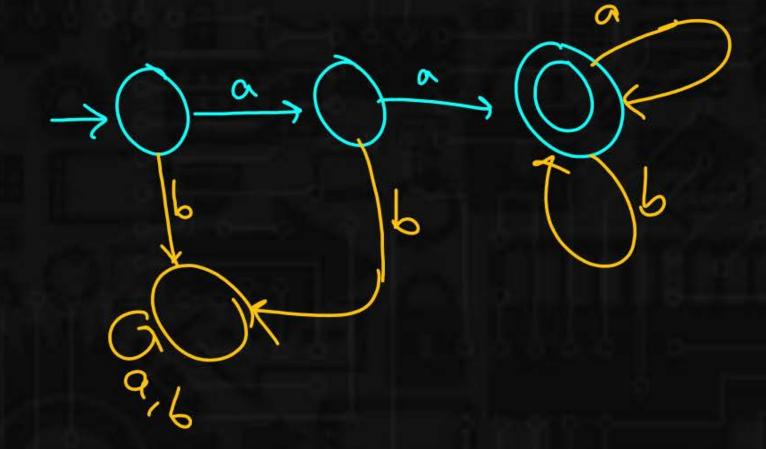
$$\frac{71}{2} L = a (a+b)^*$$

aa
$$\in$$
 L | shoot cut:
ab \in L | a | x |
| a| = 1
| a| + 2 = 3 state



(72) L=aa(a+b)*

Min string = aaStates = |aa|+2 = 4



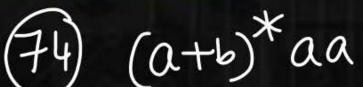
ab & L ab & L aaa € L



Min = a

Application of Charles and the contract of the

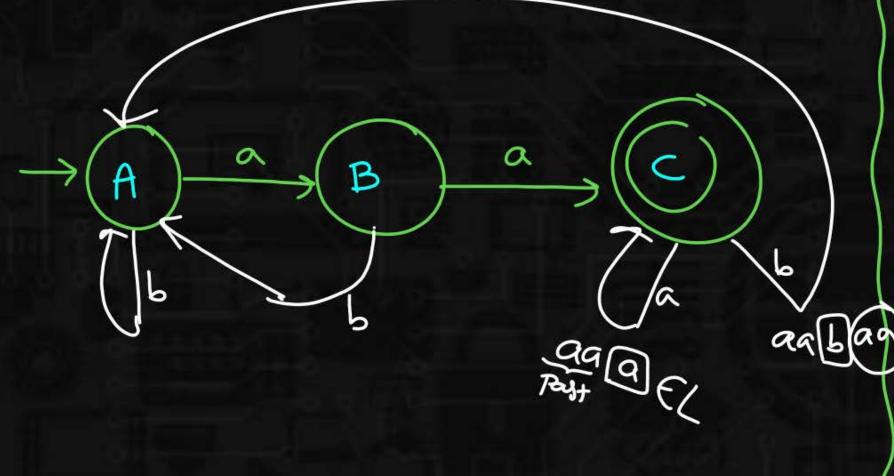
a



f): waiting for aq

B; u r c

C: final

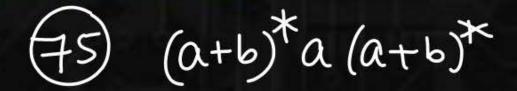




$$m'_{1}n=aa$$

$$|aa|+1=2+1$$

$$= 3 \text{ States}$$





$$\begin{cases} \left| \left| \left| \left| \right| \right| \right| \\ \left| \left| \left| \left| \right| \right| \right| = 1 + 1 = 2 \text{ stady} \end{cases}$$



$$|aa|+1=2+1$$
= 3 state



 $\{xaw|x\in\{a,b\}, w\in\{a,b\}^*$

2nd Symbol form begin is at

(a+6)a (a+6)

Klk symbol from begin is a K+2 States in minDFA

=2+2 = 4 states





(83) (a+b) a (a+b) = 4 status 2nd symbol from end is a

(84) (a+b)* a (a+b)² => 8 status

(85) (a+b)* a (a+b)3 = 16 states
4th opmonton and is a



Klt Symbol from begin is a

No K+2 states

Kt symbol from end is a'

L> 2 K states

DFA Construction (2nd symbol from end is a)
(Ends wilk aa or ab) (aa) σ (a) (ab) (ba) 0



(84) {w/wedard, 2nd symbol(w) is a and 4th symbol(w) is b.}



(85) L= \langle W \we \langle \alpha \text{ and symbol is a OR } 4 \text{! Symbol is }

=65tates



11:30 Am

Summary



xa X

Xox





