CS & IT

ENGINERING

Discrete Mathematics

Combinatorics



By- Satish Yadav sir

Recap of Previous Lecture







Topic

Introduction to Combinatorics

Topics to be Covered











Topic

Pigeonhole Principle





some holes - atleast 4.

some holes - atleast 3.1.

Someholes - at least 2.





Pigeonhole-principle ::

if (n+1) pigeons, we want to distribute to (n) holes then some holes contains at least 2 pigeons:



1442) flights are taking off in a single day @ bury aurport pure that at least 2 flights are taking off in single minute?

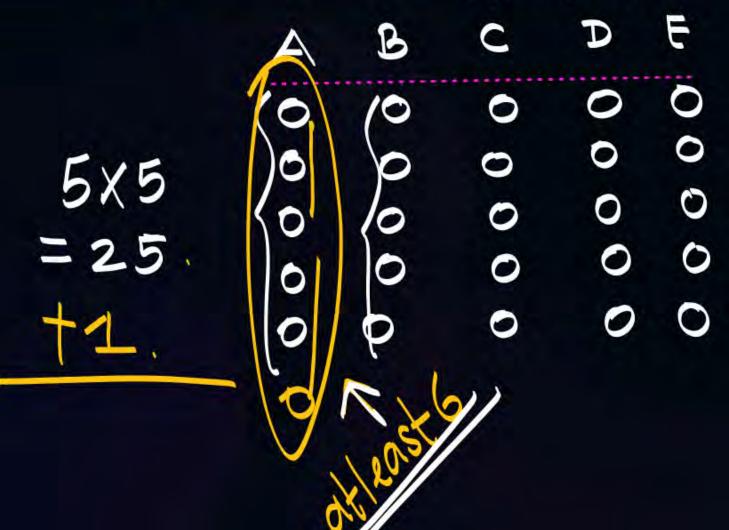


1D 24 24×60 1440





In School system, we have 5 diff grades, what will be min no of students will require such that atleast 6 belongs to same grade?







GATE:

what will be min no of cardo will be widrawn such that atleast 3 belongs to same suite?

	A	S	7	C .
4×2+1	0	0	0	0
41271	0	0	0	0
= 9.	0			

4 diff





Consider a Graph having 9 vertices sum of degrees fall vertices are at least 2 = pune that some of vertices will have degree at least 4. The false.

9X3	0		
			0
	0	0	0
+=	0	0	0
7	0	W	

sum of degrees of all.
atleast 27.

$$\sum d(vi) = 2e$$

$$= even.$$

$$= (atleast 27)$$

$$= (28)$$





A bag contains 6 Red balls, 8 blue, logreen, 15 white.
20 Yellow

minnorghballs will be chosen randomly at least 6 balls of same color?





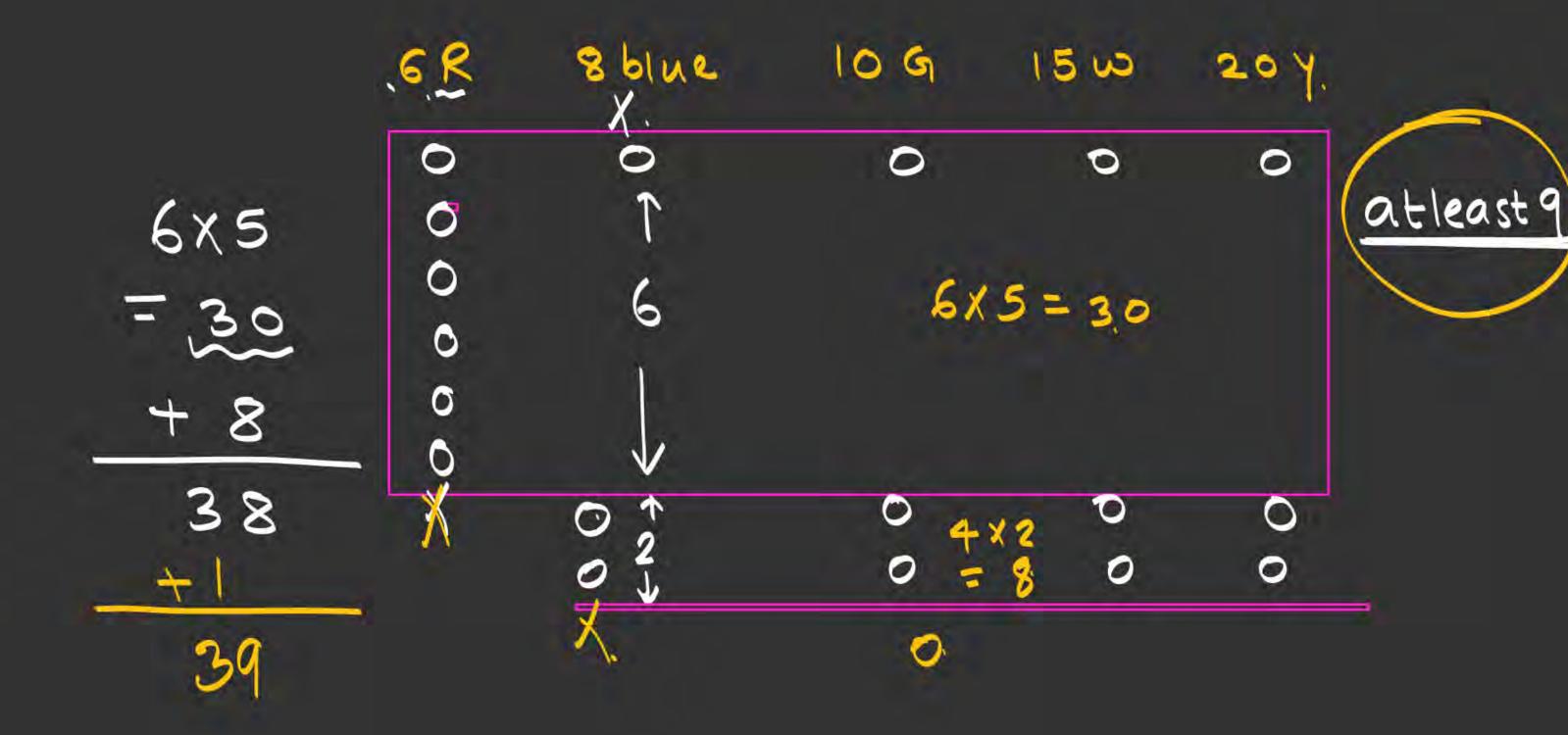


A bag contains 6 Red balls, 8 blue, logreen, 15 white. 20 Yellow

minnor of balls will be chosen randomly at least 9 balls of same color?

8 blue

109 15W







what is smallest positive integer K. such that any subset of Sof size K. contains à dustinct subset of size two such that

$$\chi_{1} + \chi_{2} = y_{1} + y_{2} = 9$$

S={0,1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,9},6789) subset K=. \ 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, (k(=) Ans: 7 711+72= 91+42=9.

3. An auditorium has a seating capacity of 800. How many seats must be occupied to guarantee that at least two people seated in the auditorium have the same first and last initials?

 $26^2 + 1 = 677$

4. Let $S = \{3, 7, 11, 15, 19, \dots, 95, 99, 103\}$. How many elements must we select from S to insure that there will be at least two whose sum is 1107

Subdivide the set S into the 14 subsets: $\{3\}, \{7, 103\}, \{11, 99\}, \{15, 95\}, \dots, \{43, 67\}, \{47, 63\}, \{51, 59\}, \{55\}$. By the Pigeonhole Principle if we select at least 15 elements of S then we must have the elements in one of the two-element subsets and these sum to 110.

20. How many times must we roll a single die in order to get the same score (a) at least twice? (b) at least three times? (c) at least n times, for $n \ge 4$?

20. (a) 7

(b) 13

(c) 6(n-1)+1

24. Given 8 Perl books, 17 Visual BASIC[†] books, 6 Java books, 12 SQL books, and 20 C++ books, how many of these books must we select to insure that we have 10 books dealing with the same computer language?

24. 42

- 1. Given a group of n women and their husbands, how many people must be chosen from this group of 2n people to guarantee the set contains a married couple?
- 1. n + 1.

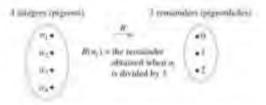
There are 20 small towns in a region of west Texas. We want to get three people from one of these towns to help us with a survey of their town. If we go to any particular town and advertise for helpers, we know from past experience that the chances of getting three respondents are poor. Instead, we advertise in a regional newspaper that reaches all 20 towns. How many responses to our ad do we need to assure that the set of respondents will contain three people from the same town?

we need more than $2 \times 20 = 40$ responses.

a.Given any set of four integers, must there be two that have the same remainder when divided by 3? Why?

b. Given any set of three integers, must there be two that have the same remainder when divided by 3?

Ans:a



- **21.** Compute $\phi(n)$ for *n* equal to (a) 51; (b) 420; (c) 12300.
- 22. Compute φ(n) for n equal to (a) 5186; (b) 5187; (c) 5188.
- 21. (a) 32

(b) 96

- (c) 3200
- 22. (a) 5186 = (2)(2593), and $\phi(5186) = (5186)(1/2)(2592/2593) = 2592$. (b) 5187 = (3)(7)(13)(19), so $\phi(5187) = (5187)(2/3)(6/7)(12/13)(18/19) = (2)(6)(12)(18) = 2592$. (c) $5188 = (2^2)(1297)$, and $\phi(5188) = (5188)(1/2)(1296/1297) = 2592$. Hence $\phi(5186) = \phi(5187) = \phi(5188)$.
- **23.** Let $n \in \mathbb{Z}^+$. (a) Determine $\phi(2^n)$. (b) Determine $\phi(2^np)$, where p is an odd prime.
- 23. (a) 2n-1

- (b) $2^{n-1}(p-1)$
- 25. How many positive integers n less than 6000 (a) satisfy gcd(n, 6000) = 1? (b) share a common prime divisor with 6000?
- **25.** (a) $\phi(6000) = \phi(2^4 \cdot 3 \cdot 5^3) = 6000(1 (1/2))(1 (1/3))(1 (1/5)) = 1600.$
 - (b) 6000 1600 1 (for 6000) = 4399.



THANK - YOU