# Personnalisation du Shell Linux

#### Riyad Derguini

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#### 1 Introduction

La personnalisation du shell Linux permet d'améliorer son apparence et ses fonctionnalités. Ce document présente différentes manières de le rendre plus agréable et efficace.

# 2 Changer de Shell

Si vous utilisez Bash par défaut, vous pouvez passer à zsh, qui offre plus de fonctionnalités :

```
sudo apt install zsh # Debian/Ubuntu
sudo pacman -S zsh # Arch
chsh -s $(which zsh) # Changer de shell par défaut
```

# 3 Installer Oh My Zsh

Oh My Zsh est un framework facilitant la personnalisation de  ${\tt zsh}$  :

```
sh -c "$(curl -fsSL https://raw.githubusercontent.com/ohmyzsh/ohmyzsh/master/tools/install.s
```

#### 4 Choisir un Thème

Vous pouvez modifier votre thème en éditant /.zshrc:

```
ZSH_THEME="agnoster"
```

Pour voir tous les thèmes disponibles :

```
ls ~/.oh-my-zsh/themes/
```

### 5 Utiliser un Prompt Avancé avec Starship

Starship est un prompt moderne et personnalisable :

```
curl -sS https://starship.rs/install.sh | sh
echo 'eval "$(starship init zsh)"' >> ~/.zshrc # Pour Zsh
echo 'eval "$(starship init bash)"' >> ~/.bashrc # Pour Bash
```

# 6 Ajouter des Plugins

Oh My Zsh permet d'ajouter des plugins comme :

- zsh-autosuggestions : suggestions automatiques
- zsh-syntax-highlighting : mise en évidence de la syntaxe

plugins=(git zsh-autosuggestions zsh-syntax-highlighting)

Installation:

```
git clone https://github.com/zsh-users/zsh-autosuggestions ${ZSH_CUSTOM:-~/.oh-my-zsh/customgit clone https://github.com/zsh-users/zsh-syntax-highlighting.git ${ZSH_CUSTOM:-~/.oh-my-zsh-users/zsh-syntax-highlighting.git ${ZSH_CUSTOM:-~/.oh-my-zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/zsh-users/z
```

# 7 Changer la Police du Terminal

Pour afficher correctement les icônes dans certains thèmes, installez une police comme  ${f FiraCode\ Nerd\ Font}$  :

```
sudo apt install fonts-firacode
```

#### 8 Personnaliser les Couleurs du Terminal

Changez le schéma de couleurs dans les paramètres de votre terminal (ex. Dracula, Solarized).