

Experiment No. 1

Aim : Study of anaconda IDE and it's installation

Name : Riya Anand Kedar

Roll No. : 07

Sec : 3B

Subject : ET - 1

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Theory:

What is Anaconda?

Anaconda is a platform that includes:

- Python and R distributions: The core programming languages for data science and machine learning.
- Pre-installed packages: A vast number of libraries for data science, machine learning, AI, and data analysis (like NumPy, Pandas, Matplotlib, SciPy, scikit-learn, TensorFlow, etc.).
- Package management: With conda, a package manager for handling dependencies and environments.
- IDE Support: It integrates with multiple IDEs like Jupyter Notebook, JupyterLab, Spyder, and Visual Studio Code.

Popular Applications to Use in Anaconda

Anaconda includes several applications, with some of the most commonly used ones being:

1. Jupyter Notebook: An interactive web-based notebook that allows you to write and run code in real-time.
2. JupyterLab: An extension of Jupyter Notebook with additional features like file browsers, terminals, and support for multiple panes.
3. Spyder: An open-source scientific IDE specifically designed for data science, with features like code editing, debugging, and interactive execution.

4. Visual Studio Code (VS Code): An extensible code editor that supports debugging, task running, and version control, often used for data science and software development.

How to Use Anaconda Navigator

Anaconda Navigator is a graphical user interface (GUI) that makes it easy to manage applications, environments, and packages. Here's how you can use it:

1. Launch Anaconda Navigator:

- o Open the Anaconda Navigator from your start menu (Windows) or applications folder (macOS/Linux).

2. Home Screen Overview:

- o You'll see a list of all the available applications like Jupyter Notebook, JupyterLab, Spyder, and more.
- o Each application has a "Launch" button to start the application.

3. Creating and Managing Environments:

- o Click on the "Environments" tab to create or manage virtual environments. o Virtual environments help isolate different projects with different dependencies.
- o To create a new environment, click the "Create" button, name the environment, and choose the Python version you need.

4. Installing Packages:

- o Within the "Environments" tab, select your desired environment. o Use the search bar to find packages and click "Apply" to install them.
- o You can also use the conda command in the terminal to manage packages (e.g., `conda install numpy`).

5. Launching Applications:

- o Once your environment is set up, return to the "Home" tab.
- o Click "Launch" next to the application you wish to use (e.g., Jupyter Notebook or Spyder).
- o The application will open, ready for you to start coding.

6. Updating Anaconda and Packages:

- o To update Anaconda Navigator itself, click on the "Update Index" button. o For individual packages, go to the "Environments" tab, select the package, and click "Update."

Using Anaconda from the Command Line

Although Anaconda Navigator provides a GUI, you can also use the command line for more control:

- `conda create -n myenv python=3.9` — Creates a new environment with Python 3.9.
- `conda activate myenv` — Activates the environment named myenv.
- `conda install package_name` — Installs a package in the current environment.
- `conda list` — Lists all packages in the active environment.

Benefits of Using Anaconda

- Easy installation of packages and tools: Anaconda simplifies setting up your Python environment with all the libraries you need for data science.
- Environment management: With conda, you can create multiple isolated environments, avoiding dependency conflicts.
- Access to data science tools: It provides easy access to tools like Jupyter Notebook and Spyder, essential for interactive data analysis.

Anaconda is especially popular among data scientists, researchers, and anyone involved in machine learning or AI projects because of its comprehensive toolkit and ease of use.

Step-by-step guide to installing Anaconda Navigator:

Step 1: Download Anaconda

1. Visit the Anaconda website:
 - o Go to the official Anaconda distribution page: <https://www.anaconda.com/products/distribution>.
2. Choose the installer:
 - o Click the "Download" button for your operating system (Windows, macOS, or Linux).
 - o Choose the Python version you prefer (Python 3.8 or later is recommended).
 - o Download the installer file for your platform.

Step 2: Run the Installer

1. Locate the downloaded file:
 - o Find the Anaconda installer file on your computer (e.g., `Anaconda3-2023.x-xWindowsx86_64.exe` for Windows).
2. Start the installation:

- o Double-click the installer to start the installation process.
- o You might be asked for administrator permissions; click "Yes" if prompted.

Step 3: Follow Installation Instructions

1. Welcome Screen: o Click "Next" on the welcome screen.
2. License Agreement: o Read and accept the license agreement, then click "Next."
3. Choose Installation Type:
 - o Select "Just Me" (recommended) if you want to install it for the current user. o Click "Next."
4. Select Installation Location:
 - o Choose the directory where you want to install Anaconda (default location is usually fine).
 - o Click "Next."
5. Advanced Installation Options:
 - o You will be given two options:

Add Anaconda to my PATH environment variable: It is generally not recommended to check this box to avoid conflicts with other Python installations.

Register Anaconda as my default Python 3.8 (or later) environment: It's recommended to check this box to set Anaconda as the default Python.
 - o Click "Install" to start the installation.

Step 4: Complete the Installation

1. Wait for Installation to Complete:
 - o The installation process might take a few minutes. Let it finish.
2. Finish Installation:
 - o Once the installation is complete, you will see the "Completing" screen. o Click "Next," then "Finish" to close the installer.

Step 5: Launch Anaconda Navigator

1. Open Anaconda Navigator:
 - o Windows: Open the Start menu, search for "Anaconda Navigator," and click to launch it.

- o macOS/Linux: Use the Applications folder or the launcher to find and open Anaconda Navigator.

2. Initial Setup:

- o Anaconda Navigator may take a moment to open the first time. It will display a dashboard with various applications like Jupyter Notebook, JupyterLab, Spyder, and others.

Step 6: Verify the Installation 1.

Check the Installed Version:

- o Open a terminal or command prompt. o Type `conda --version` and press Enter. o If the installation was successful, it should display the version of Conda you installed.

Step 7: Update Anaconda (Optional but Recommended)

1. Update Anaconda Navigator:

- o Open Anaconda Navigator.
- o Click on the "Update Index" button (if visible) to update packages and Navigator. o You can also update via the terminal by typing `conda update anaconda-navigator`.