



```
In [1]: #Task-3
```

```
In [2]: ''' 17. Table of a Number
Objective: Print the multiplication table for a given number nnn.
Input: An integer nnn.
Output: Multiplication table from 111 to 101010.
Hint: Use a loop to iterate through values 1 to 10 and multiply by nnn.'''
```

```
Out[2]: ' 17. Table of a Number\n Objective: Print the multiplication table for a giv
en number nnn.\n Input: An integer nnn.\n Output: Multiplication table from 1
11 to 101010.\n Hint: Use a loop to iterate through values 1 to 10 and multip
ly by nnn.'
```

```
In [3]: # Solution
n = int(input("Enter a number: "))
for i in range(1, 11):
    print(f"{n} x {i} = {n * i}")
```

```
326 x 1 = 326
326 x 2 = 652
326 x 3 = 978
326 x 4 = 1304
326 x 5 = 1630
326 x 6 = 1956
326 x 7 = 2282
326 x 8 = 2608
326 x 9 = 2934
326 x 10 = 3260
```

```
In [4]: '''18. Swap Two Numbers
Objective: Swap two numbers without using a third variable.
Input: Two integers aaa and bbb.
Output: Swapped values of aaa and bbb.
Hint: Use arithmetic operations like addition and subtraction or XOR (a, b =
```

```
Out[4]: '18. Swap Two Numbers\n Objective: Swap two numbers without using a third var
iable.\n Input: Two integers aaa and bbb.\n Output: Swapped values of aaa and
bbb.\n Hint: Use arithmetic operations like addition and subtraction or XOR
(a, b = b, a).'
```

```
In [5]: # Solution
a = int(input("Enter first number: "))
b = int(input("Enter second number: "))

# Swapping without a third variable
a = a + b
b = a - b
a = a - b

print("After swapping:")
print("First number:", a)
print("Second number:", b)
```

After swapping:
First number: 56
Second number: 12

```
In [6]: '''19. Check Substring
Objective: Determine if one string is a substring of another.
Input: Two strings s1s1s1 (main string) and s2s2s2 (substring).
Output: True if s2s2s2 is a substring of s1s1s1, otherwise False.
Hint: Use Python's in operator or string slicing to search for substrings.'''
```

```
Out[6]: "19. Check Substring\n Objective: Determine if one string is a substring of a
nother.\n Input: Two strings s1s1s1 (main string) and s2s2s2 (substring).\n O
utput: True if s2s2s2 is a substring of s1s1s1, otherwise False.\n Hint: Use
Python's in operator or string slicing to search for substrings."
```

```
In [7]: # Solution
s1 = input("Enter the main string: ")
s2 = input("Enter the substring: ")

print("Is substring:", s2 in s1)
```

Is substring: False

```
In [9]: '''20. Decimal to Binary
Objective: Convert a decimal number to its binary representation.
Input: An integer nnn.
Output: A string representing the binary equivalent.
Hint: Use the bin() function or repeatedly divide nnn by 2, storing remainder
```

```
Out[9]: '20. Decimal to Binary\n Objective: Convert a decimal number to its binary re
presentation.\n Input: An integer nnn.\n Output: A string representing the bi
nary equivalent.\n Hint: Use the bin() function or repeatedly divide nnn by
2, storing remainders.'
```

```
In [13]: # Solution
n = int(input("Enter a decimal number: "))
binary = ""

if n == 0:
    binary = "0"
else:
    while n > 0:
        binary = str(n % 2) + binary
        n //= 2

print("Binary representation:", binary)
```

Binary representation: 1.00.01.00.0

```
In [14]: '''21. Matrix Addition
Objective: Add two matrices of the same dimensions.
Input: Two 2D lists (matrices) of integers.
Output: A 2D list containing the sum of corresponding elements.
Hint: Use nested loops to iterate through rows and columns, adding correspond
elements.'''
```

```
Out[14]: '21. Matrix Addition\nObjective: Add two matrices of the same dimensions.\nInput: Two 2D lists (matrices) of integers.\nOutput: A 2D list containing the sum of corresponding elements.\nHint: Use nested loops to iterate through rows and columns, adding corresponding elements.'
```

```
In [20]: # Solution
rows = int(input("Enter number of rows: "))
cols = int(input("Enter number of columns: "))

print("Enter elements of first matrix:")
matrix1 = [[int(input(f"Element [{i}][{j}]: ")) for j in range(cols)] for i in range(rows)]

print("Enter elements of second matrix:")
matrix2 = [[int(input(f"Element [{i}][{j}]: ")) for j in range(cols)] for i in range(rows)]

# Add matrices
result = [[matrix1[i][j] + matrix2[i][j] for j in range(cols)] for i in range(rows)]

print("Sum of matrices:")
for row in result:
    print(row)
```

```
Enter elements of first matrix:
Enter elements of second matrix:
Sum of matrices:
[73, 68]
[73, 93]
```

```
In [16]: '''22. Matrix Multiplication
Objective: Multiply two matrices AAA and BBB.
Input: Two 2D lists where the number of columns in AAA equals the number of rows in BBB.
Output: A 2D list representing the product matrix.
Hint: Multiply elements row-by-column and sum for each position in the result matrix.'''
```

```
Out[16]: '22. Matrix Multiplication\nObjective: Multiply two matrices AAA and BBB.\nInput: Two 2D lists where the number of columns in AAA equals the number of rows in BBB.\nOutput: A 2D list representing the product matrix.\nHint: Multiply elements row-by-column and sum for each position in the result matrix.'
```

```
In [21]: # Solution
# Input dimensions
rows_A = int(input("Enter number of rows in Matrix A: "))
cols_A = int(input("Enter number of columns in Matrix A: "))
rows_B = int(input("Enter number of rows in Matrix B: "))
cols_B = int(input("Enter number of columns in Matrix B: "))

# Check multiplication validity
if cols_A != rows_B:
    print("Matrix multiplication not possible. Columns of A must equal rows of B.")
else:
    print("Enter elements of Matrix A:")
    A = [[int(input(f"A[{i}][{j}]: ")) for j in range(cols_A)] for i in range(rows_A)]
```

```

print("Enter elements of Matrix B:")
B = [[int(input(f"B[{i}][{j}]: ")) for j in range(cols_B)] for i in range(

# Initialize result matrix with 0s
result = [[0 for _ in range(cols_B)] for _ in range(rows_A)]

# Multiply A and B
for i in range(rows_A):
    for j in range(cols_B):
        for k in range(cols_A):
            result[i][j] += A[i][k] * B[k][j]

print("Product of matrices:")
for row in result:
    print(row)

```

Matrix multiplication not possible. Columns of A must equal rows of B.

```

In [22]: '''23. Find Second Largest
Objective: Find the second largest number in a list.
Input: A list of integers.
Output: The second largest integer.
Hint: Use sorting or iterate to find the largest, then the second largest.'''

```

```

Out[22]: '23. Find Second Largest\n Objective: Find the second largest number in a list.\n Input: A list of integers.\n Output: The second largest integer.\n Hint: Use sorting or iterate to find the largest, then the second largest.'

```

```

In [24]: # Solution
numbers = list(map(int, input("Enter list of numbers separated by space: ").split()))

if len(numbers) < 2:
    print("List must contain at least two numbers.")
else:
    first = second = float('-inf')
    for num in numbers:
        if num > first:
            second = first
            first = num
        elif first > num > second:
            second = num
    if second == float('-inf'):
        print("No second largest number found.")
    else:
        print("Second largest number:", second)

```

Second largest number: 54

```

In [25]: ''' 24. Check Anagram
Objective: Check if two strings are anagrams (contain the same characters in order).
Input: Two strings.
Output: True if anagrams, otherwise False.

```

Hint: Use sorted() on both strings or count character occurrences using a dictionary.

```
Out[25]: ' 24. Check Anagram\n Objective: Check if two strings are anagrams (contain the same characters in any\n order).\n Input: Two strings.\n Output: True if anagrams, otherwise False.\n Hint: Use sorted() on both strings or count character occurrences using a dictionary.'
```

```
In [26]: # Solution
str1 = input("Enter first string: ").replace(" ", "").lower()
str2 = input("Enter second string: ").replace(" ", "").lower()

print("Are anagrams:", sorted(str1) == sorted(str2))
```

Are anagrams: False

```
In [27]: ''' 3. AI-Based Tic-Tac-Toe
    ● Description: Create a Tic-Tac-Toe game where the computer plays against the user and uses a minimax algorithm to make decisions.
    ● Challenges:
    ○ Implement AI logic with decision trees.
    ○ Handle edge cases like a full board or winning moves.
    ○ Provide a user-friendly interface.
    ● Skills: Game theory, recursion, and strategic thinking.'''
```

```
Out[27]: ' 3. AI-Based Tic-Tac-Toe\n ● Description: Create a Tic-Tac-Toe game where the computer plays against the user and\n uses a minimax algorithm to make decisions.\n ● Challenges:\n ○ Implement AI logic with decision trees.\n ○ Handle edge cases like a full board or winning moves.\n ○ Provide a user-friendly interface.\n ● Skills: Game theory, recursion, and strategic thinking.'
```

```
In [5]: import math

def print_board(board):
    print()
    for i in range(3):
        row = " |  | "
        print(row)
        print(f" {board[3*i]} | {board[3*i+1]} | {board[3*i+2]} ")
        if i < 2:
            print("----+---+---")
    print()

# Check for a winner or draw
def check_winner(board):
    win_combinations = [
        [0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], # rows
        [0, 3, 6], [1, 4, 7], [2, 5, 8], # columns
        [0, 4, 8], [2, 4, 6] # diagonals
    ]

    for combo in win_combinations:
        a, b, c = combo
        if board[a] == board[b] == board[c] != ' ':
            return board[a]
```

```

        return board[a]

    if ' ' not in board:
        return 'Draw'

    return None

# Minimax algorithm for the AI to choose best move
def minimax(board, is_maximizing):
    winner = check_winner(board)
    if winner == 'O':
        return 1
    elif winner == 'X':
        return -1
    elif winner == 'Draw':
        return 0

    if is_maximizing:
        best_score = -math.inf
        for i in range(9):
            if board[i] == ' ':
                board[i] = 'O'
                score = minimax(board, False)
                board[i] = ' '
                best_score = max(score, best_score)
        return best_score
    else:
        best_score = math.inf
        for i in range(9):
            if board[i] == ' ':
                board[i] = 'X'
                score = minimax(board, True)
                board[i] = ' '
                best_score = min(score, best_score)
        return best_score

# AI picks best move
def ai_move(board):
    best_score = -math.inf
    move = None
    for i in range(9):
        if board[i] == ' ':
            board[i] = 'O'
            score = minimax(board, False)
            board[i] = ' '
            if score > best_score:
                best_score = score
                move = i
    return move

# Main game function
def play_game():
    board = [' '] * 9

```

```

print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
print("You are X, AI is 0.")
print_board(board)

while True:
    # User move
    while True:
        try:
            user_move = int(input("Enter your move (1-9): ")) - 1
            if 0 <= user_move <= 8 and board[user_move] == ' ':
                board[user_move] = 'X'
                break
            else:
                print("Spot taken or invalid. Try again.")
        except (ValueError, IndexError):
            print("Invalid input. Enter a number from 1 to 9.")

    print_board(board)
    if check_winner(board):
        break

    # AI move
    print("AI is thinking...")
    move = ai_move(board)
    board[move] = 'O'
    print_board(board)

    if check_winner(board):
        break

    result = check_winner(board)
    if result == 'Draw':
        print("It's a draw!")
    else:
        print(f"{result} wins!")

if __name__ == "__main__":
    play_game()

```

Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!
You are X, AI is 0.

```

| |
| |
---+---+---
| |
| |
---+---+---
| |
| |

```

+	+
	X
+	+

AI is thinking...

0		
+	+	+
	X	
+	+	+

0			X
+	+	+	+
	X		
+	+	+	+

AI is thinking...

0			X
+	+	+	+
	X		
+	+	+	+
0			


```

 0 |   | 
--+-+--
   | X | X
--+-+--
 0 |   | 

```

AI is thinking...

```

 0 |   | X
--+-+--
 0 | X | X
--+-+--
 0 |   | 

```

0 wins!

```
In [6]: '''3. AI-Based Tic-Tac-Toe
        • Restriction: Only use the minimax algorithm for AI decision-making.
        • Reason: The minimax algorithm is a classic AI strategy used in games to determine optimal moves. This restriction forces students to implement and understand the core logic of decision-making algorithms, ensuring the AI plays optimally and is not random or rudimentary. This will deepen their understanding of decision trees, recursion, and game theory.
        • Learning Outcome: Students will learn how to create intelligent agents in games, gaining insight into search algorithms, recursion, and game strategy optimization.'''
```

```
Out[6]: '3. AI-Based Tic-Tac-Toe\n
        • Restriction: Only use the minimax algorithm for AI decision-making.\n
        • Reason: The minimax algorithm is a classic AI strategy used in games to determine optimal moves. This restriction forces students to implement and understand the core logic of decision-making algorithms, ensuring the AI plays optimally and is not random or rudimentary. This will deepen their understanding of decision trees, recursion, and game theory.\n
        • Learning Outcome: Students will learn how to create intelligent agents in games, gaining insight into search algorithms, recursion, and game strategy optimization.'
```

```
In [7]: import math

        # Print the board in a 3x3 grid format
        def print_board(board):
            print()
            for i in range(3):
                print("  |  | ")
                print(f" {board[3*i]} | {board[3*i+1]} | {board[3*i+2]} ")
                if i < 2:
                    print("----+---+---")
            print()
```

```

# Check for a winner or draw
def check_winner(board):
    win_combinations = [
        [0, 1, 2], [3, 4, 5], [6, 7, 8], # rows
        [0, 3, 6], [1, 4, 7], [2, 5, 8], # columns
        [0, 4, 8], [2, 4, 6]             # diagonals
    ]
    for combo in win_combinations:
        a, b, c = combo
        if board[a] == board[b] == board[c] != ' ':
            return board[a]
    if ' ' not in board:
        return 'Draw'
    return None

# Minimax algorithm
def minimax(board, is_maximizing):
    winner = check_winner(board)
    if winner == 'O':
        return 1
    elif winner == 'X':
        return -1
    elif winner == 'Draw':
        return 0

    if is_maximizing:
        best_score = -math.inf
        for i in range(9):
            if board[i] == ' ':
                board[i] = 'O'
                score = minimax(board, False)
                board[i] = ' '
                best_score = max(best_score, score)
        return best_score
    else:
        best_score = math.inf
        for i in range(9):
            if board[i] == ' ':
                board[i] = 'X'
                score = minimax(board, True)
                board[i] = ' '
                best_score = min(best_score, score)
        return best_score

# AI picks the best move
def ai_move(board):
    best_score = -math.inf
    move = None
    for i in range(9):
        if board[i] == ' ':
            board[i] = 'O'
            score = minimax(board, False)
            board[i] = ' '

```

```

        if score > best_score:
            best_score = score
            move = i
    return move

# Main game loop
def play_game():
    board = [' '] * 9
    print("Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!")
    print("You are X. AI is O. Try to beat the AI (you can't!)")
    print_board(board)

    while True:
        # Player move
        while True:
            try:
                user_move = int(input("Enter your move (1-9): ")) - 1
                if 0 <= user_move <= 8 and board[user_move] == ' ':
                    board[user_move] = 'X'
                    break
            except:
                print("Invalid or taken spot. Try again.")

        print_board(board)
        if check_winner(board):
            break

        # AI move
        print("AI is thinking...")
        move = ai_move(board)
        board[move] = 'O'
        print_board(board)
        if check_winner(board):
            break

    # Final result
    result = check_winner(board)
    if result == 'Draw':
        print("It's a draw!")
    else:
        print(f"{result} wins!")

# Run the game
if __name__ == "__main__":
    play_game()

```

Welcome to Tic-Tac-Toe!

You are X. AI is O. Try to beat the AI (you can't!)

```

| | |
+---+
| | |
+---+
| | |

```

```

| | |
+---+
| X |
+---+
| | |

```

AI is thinking...

```

0 | | |
+---+
| X |
+---+
| | |

```

```

0 | | X
+---+
| X |
+---+
| | |

```

AI is thinking...

```

0 | | X
+---+
| X |
+---+
0 | | |

```

Invalid or taken spot. Try again.

```
 0 |  |  | X
  --+---+--
    | X | X
  --+---+--
 0 |  |  |
```

AI is thinking...

```
 0 |  |  | X
  --+---+--
 0 | X | X
  --+---+--
 0 |  |  |
```

0 wins!

In []: