QBS103 Final Project

2023-07-23

```
metadata <- read.csv("QBS103_finalProject_metadata.csv", row.names = 1)
gene_exp <- read.csv("QBS103_finalProject_geneExpression.csv", row.names = 1)

#chosen gene: BPI - bactericidal permeability increasing protein - Plays a role in the immune response

BPI <- gene_exp["BPI",]

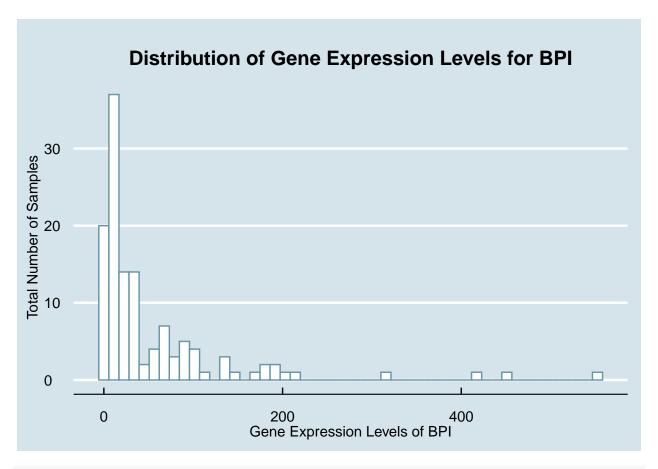
BPI <- as.data.frame(t(BPI)) #transposes the matrix

metadata_BPI <- cbind(metadata, BPI) #creates one data frame with all BPI data
suppressWarnings(metadata_BPI$age <- as.integer(metadata_BPI$age))

#creates histogram of BPI

ggplot(metadata_BPI, aes(x = BPI)) + geom_histogram(color = "#6794a7", fill = "white", bins = 50) +
    labs(x = "Gene Expression Levels of BPI", y = "Total Number of Samples", title = "Distribution of Gen
    theme_economist() +
    scale_fill_economist() +</pre>
```

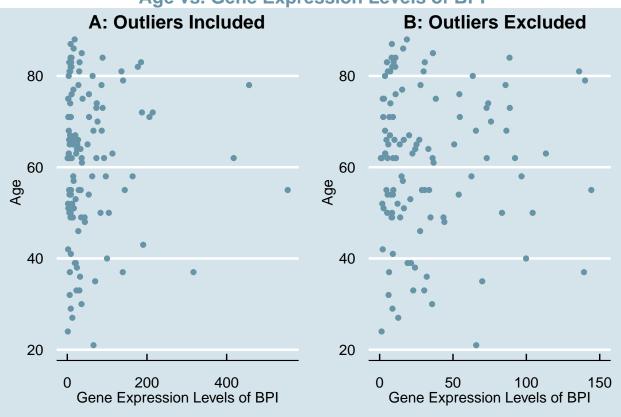
theme(plot.title = element_text(size=15, face="bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = (0.5)),



interpretation - shows the distribution of BPI gene expression in the samples. there are more studies

```
#chosen continuous covariate: age
#creates scatterplot with BPI and age
suppressWarnings(scatter_outliers <- ggplot(metadata_BPI, aes(x = BPI, y = age)) +</pre>
  geom_point(color = "#6794a7", fill = "white") +
  labs(x = "Gene Expression Levels of BPI", y = "Age") +
  theme economist() +
  scale_fill_economist() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size=12, face="bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0)), axis.title.x = 0
#creates scatterplot with BPI and age and sets x-axis range from 0 to 150 for easier viewing
suppressWarnings(scatter_no_outliers <- ggplot(metadata_BPI, aes(x = BPI, y = age)) +</pre>
  geom_point(color = "#6794a7", fill = "white") +
  labs(x = "Gene Expression Levels of BPI", y = "Age") +
  theme_economist() +
  scale_fill_economist() +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size=12, face="bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0)), axis.title.x = 0
  xlim(0, 150))
#creates scatterplot of both previous plots combined
suppressWarnings(new_scatter <- ggarrange(scatter_outliers, scatter_no_outliers,ncol=2, labels = c("A:
#adds title to the combined plot
suppressWarnings(annotate_figure(new_scatter, top = text_grob("Age vs. Gene Expression Levels of BPI",
```





 $\textit{\#interpretation - shows the relationship between BPI gene expression and ages of individuals sampled. \ the property of th$

```
#create new dataset with the row of data where sex = "unknown"
unknown_removed <- metadata_BPI
unknown_removed <- metadata_BPI[metadata_BPI$sex != "unknown", ]

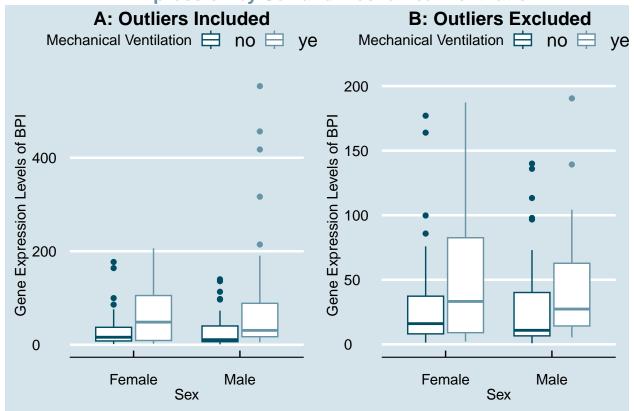
#creates scatterplot with BPI, sex, and mechanical ventilation
suppressWarnings(box_outliers <- ggplot(unknown_removed,aes(x = sex,y = BPI, color = mechanical_ventilat

#creates scatterplot with BPI, sex, and mechanical ventilation and sets y-axis range from 0 to 200 for
suppressWarnings(box_no_outliers <- ggplot(unknown_removed,aes(x = sex,y = BPI, color = mechanical_vent

#creates boxplot of both previous plots combined
suppressWarnings(new_box <- ggarrange(box_outliers, box_no_outliers,ncol=2, labels = c("A: Outliers Inc

#adds title to the combined plot
annotate_figure(new_box, top = text_grob("BPI Expression by Sex and Mechanical Ventilation", color = "#</pre>
```

BPI Expression by Sex and Mechanical Ventilation

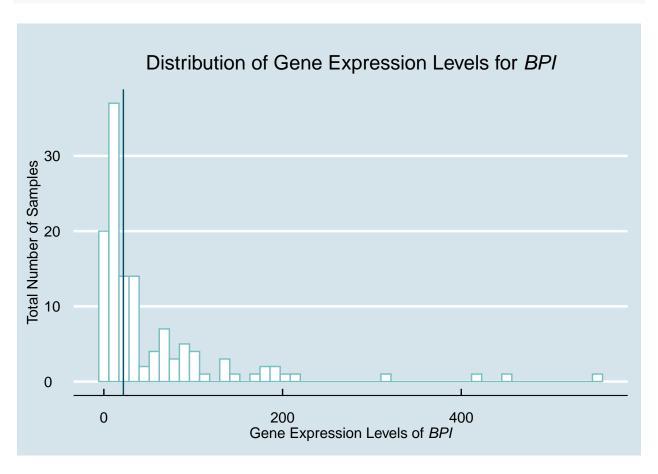


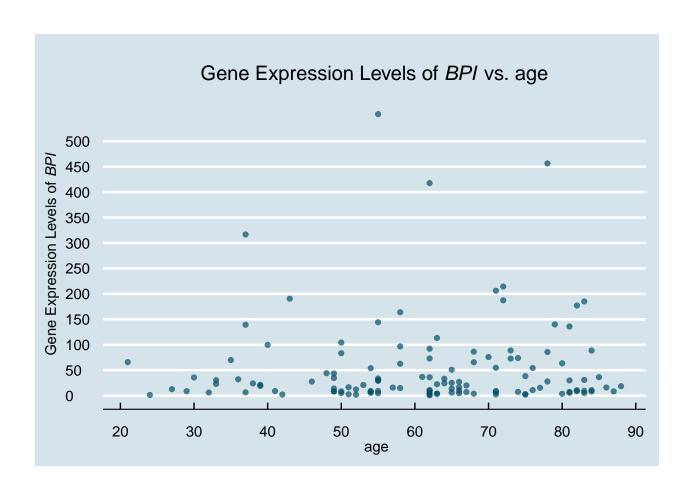
#interpretation - shows distribution of BPI gene expression across sexes and ventilation categories. fr

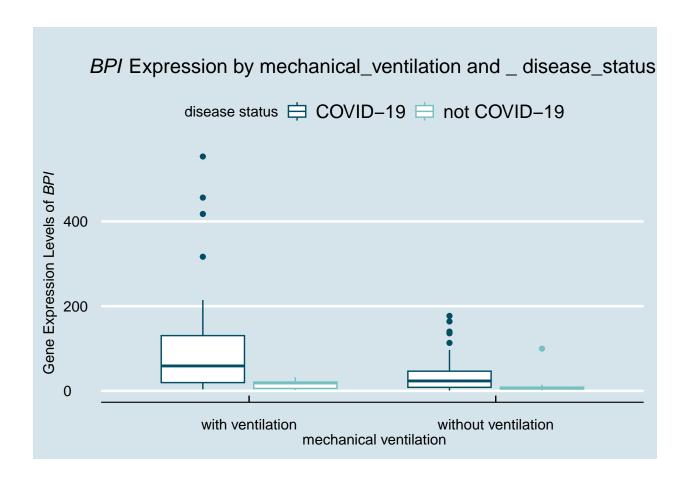
```
#Code for boxplot, scatter, and histogram
all_graphs <- function(data, genes, gene_exp, contcovariate, catcovariate1, catcovariate2, metadata) {
  graphs <- list()</pre>
  for (gene in genes) { #creates a loop to create each graph per gene
    gene_data <- as.numeric(t(gene_exp[gene, ]))</pre>
    metadata_gene <- cbind(metadata, gene_data)</pre>
    #relabels data within a few covariates for better keys in boxplots
    metadata_gene$icu_status <- ifelse(metadata_gene$icu_status == " yes", "in icu", "not in icu")</pre>
    metadata_gene$mechanical_ventilation <- ifelse(metadata_gene$mechanical_ventilation == " yes", "wit
    metadata_gene$disease_status <- ifelse(metadata_gene$disease_status == "disease state: COVID-19", "
    #creates histogram
    hist <- ggplot(metadata_gene, aes(x = gene_data)) +</pre>
      geom_histogram(color = "#76c0c1", fill = "white", bins = 50) +
      geom_vline(xintercept = median(gene_data), #adds mean line
             col = "#014d64",
             lwd = .5) +
      labs(x = substitute(paste("Gene Expression Levels of ", italic(gene)), list(gene = gene)), #subst
           y = "Total Number of Samples",
           title = substitute(paste("Distribution of Gene Expression Levels for ", italic(gene)), list(
      theme_economist() +
      scale_fill_economist() +
```

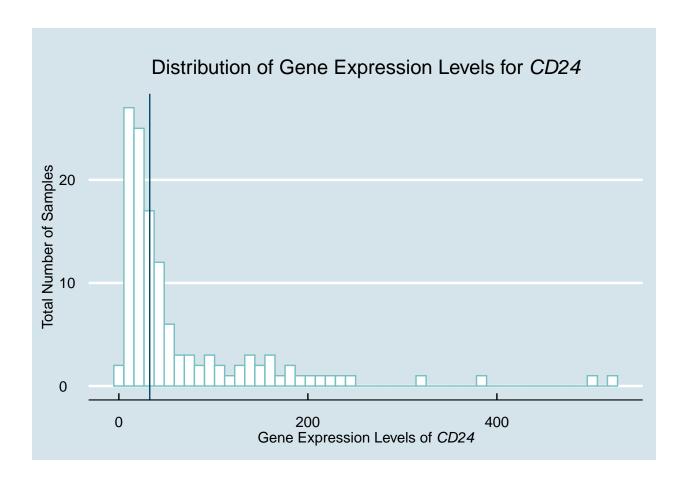
```
theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = "bold"
            axis.title.x = element_text(vjust = -0.4),
            axis.title.y = element_text(vjust = 2))
    #creates scatter plot
    metadata_gene$contcovariate <- as.integer(metadata_gene[[contcovariate]])</pre>
    metadata_gene <- metadata_gene[!is.na(metadata_gene$contcovariate), ]</pre>
    scatter <- ggplot(metadata_gene, aes(x = contcovariate, y = gene_data)) +</pre>
      geom_point(color = "#014d64", fill = "white", alpha = 0.7) +
      labs(x = paste("", contcovariate), y = substitute(paste("Gene Expression Levels of ", italic(gen
      theme economist() +
      scale_fill_economist() +
      theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = "bold"
      ggtitle(substitute(paste("Gene Expression Levels of ", italic(gene), " vs. ", contcovariate), lis
    #creates boxplot
    metadata_gene$catcovariate1 <- as.factor(metadata_gene[[catcovariate1]])</pre>
    metadata_gene$catcovariate2 <- as.factor(metadata_gene[[catcovariate2]])</pre>
    metadata_gene <- metadata_gene[!is.na(metadata_gene$catcovariate1) & !is.na(metadata_gene$catcovari
    box <- ggplot(metadata_gene, aes(x = catcovariate1, y = gene_data, color = catcovariate2)) +</pre>
      geom boxplot() +
      scale_x_discrete(labels = levels(metadata_gene$catcovariate1)) +
      labs(x = gsub("_", " ", paste("", catcovariate1)), y = substitute(paste("Gene Expression Levels o
      theme_economist() +
      scale_color_manual(values = c('#014d64','#76c0c1')) +
      theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = (
      ggtitle(substitute(paste(italic(gene), "Expression by ", catcovariate1, " and ", "_", " ", catco
    plots <- list(hist = hist, scatter = scatter, box = box)</pre>
    graphs[[gene]] <- plots</pre>
 return(graphs)
selected_genes <- c("BPI", "CD24")</pre>
multiple_graphs <- all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate = "age", catcovari
## Warning in all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate =
## "age", : NAs introduced by coercion
## Warning in all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate =
## "age", : NAs introduced by coercion
for (gene in selected_genes) {
 print(multiple_graphs[[gene]]$hist)
 print(multiple_graphs[[gene]]$scatter)
 print(multiple_graphs[[gene]]$box)
```

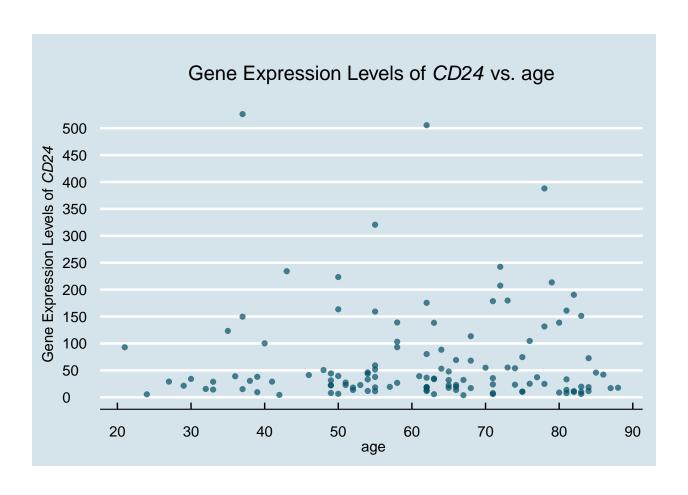
}

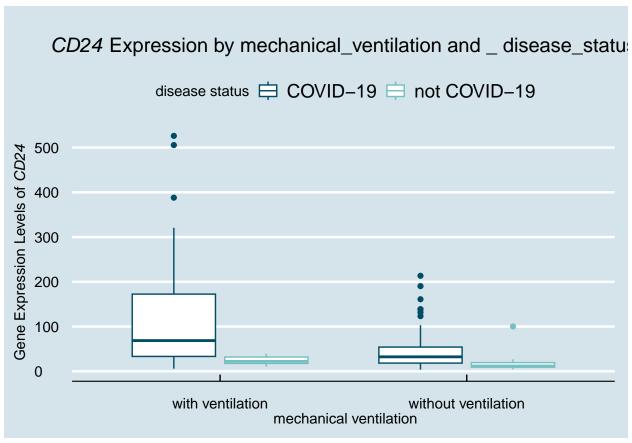












```
#calling the function
additional_genes <- c("GPLD1", "AAK1")
selected_genes <- c("BPI", "MPO", "CD24")
multiple_graphs <- all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate = "age", catcovari

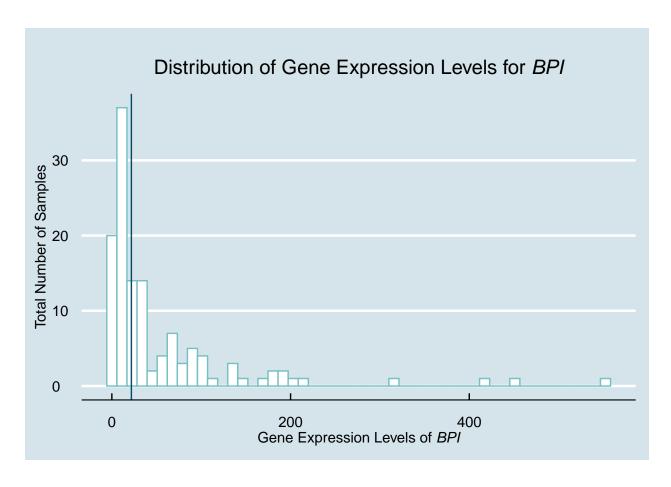
## Warning in all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate =
## "age", : NAs introduced by coercion

## Warning in all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate =
## "age", : NAs introduced by coercion

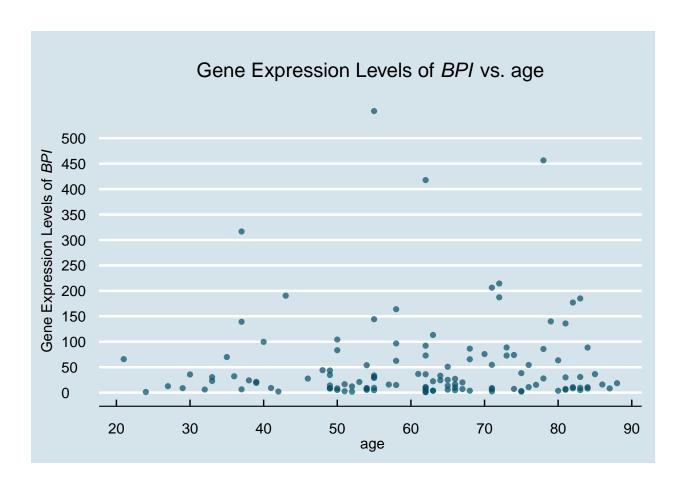
## Warning in all_graphs(data = gene_exp, genes = selected_genes, contcovariate =
## "age", : NAs introduced by coercion

print(multiple_graphs)

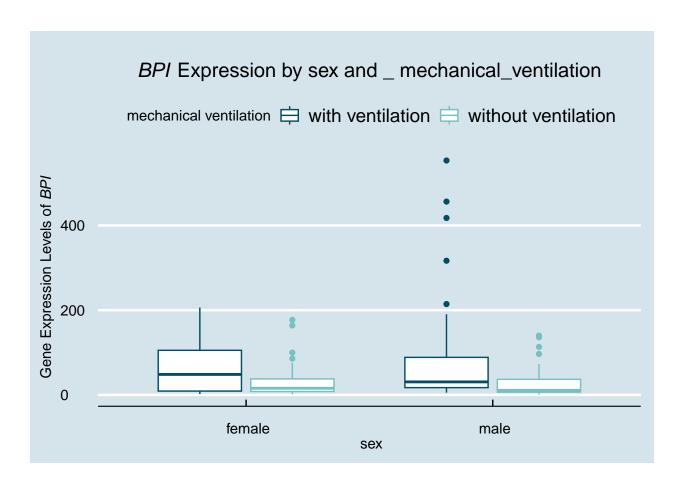
## $BPI
## $BPI
## $BPI$hist</pre>
```



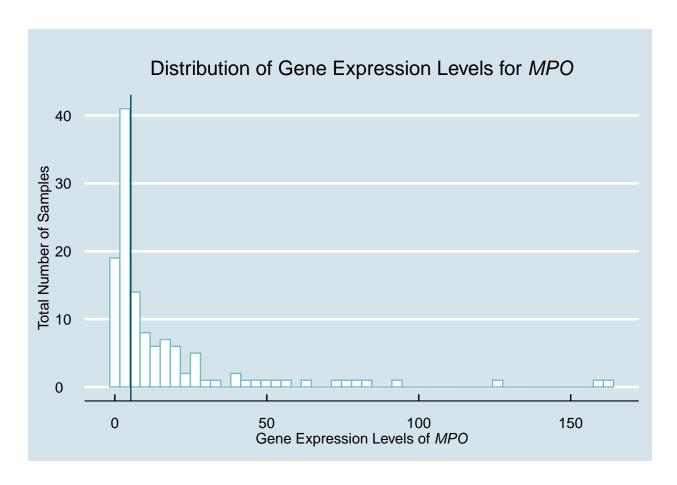
##
\$BPI\$scatter



\$BPI\$box

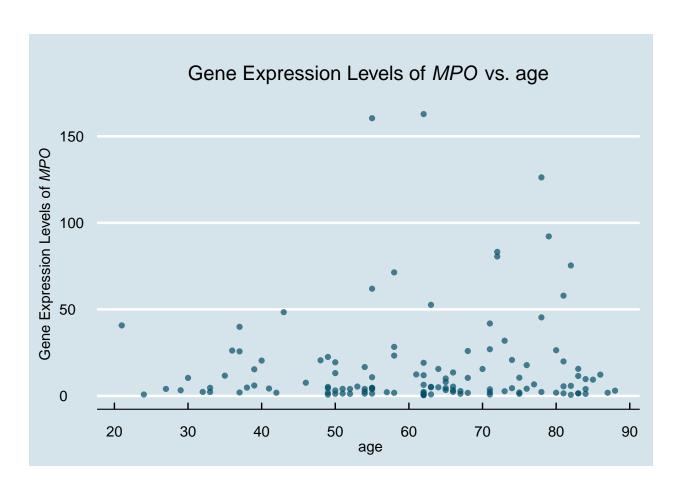


\$MPO ## \$MPO\$hist

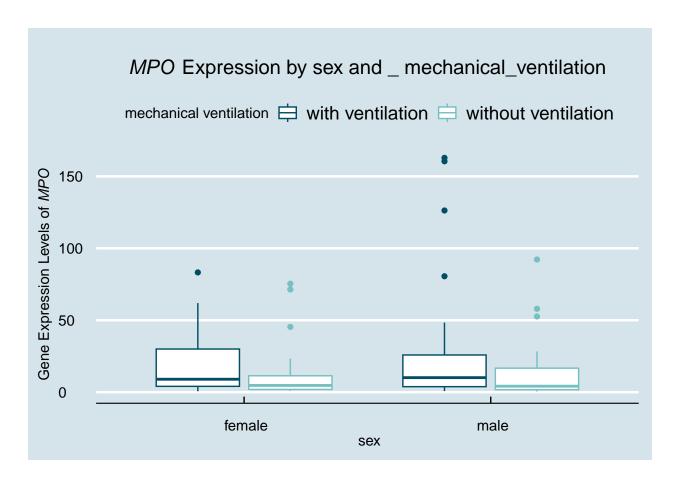


##

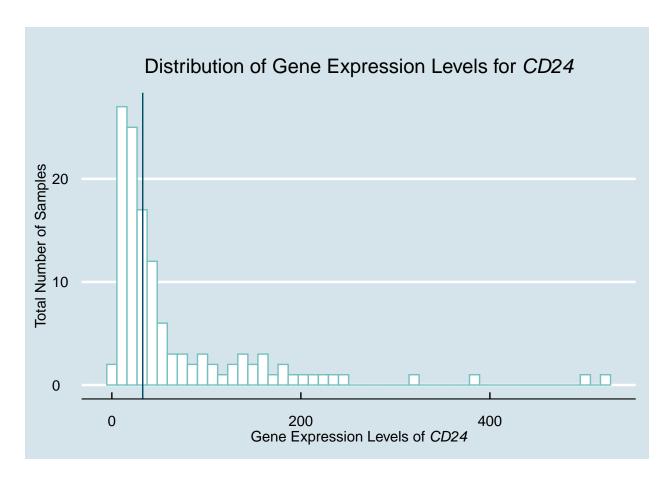
\$MPO\$scatter



\$MPO\$box

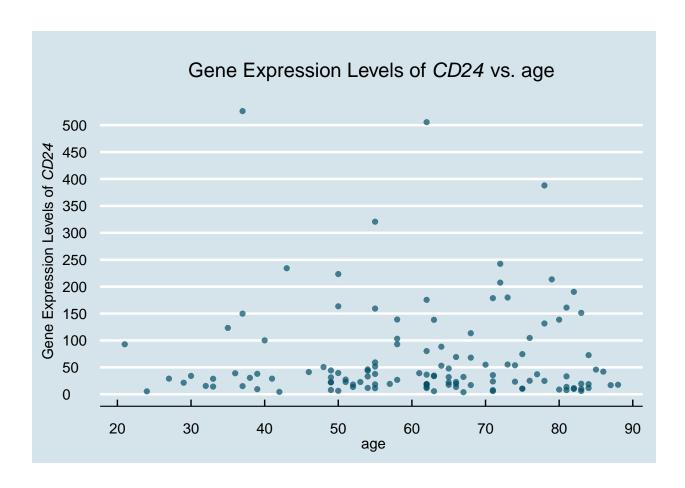


\$CD24

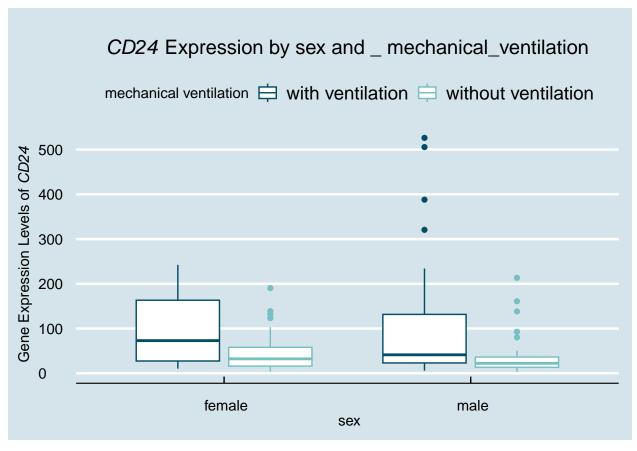


##

\$CD24\$scatter



\$CD24\$box

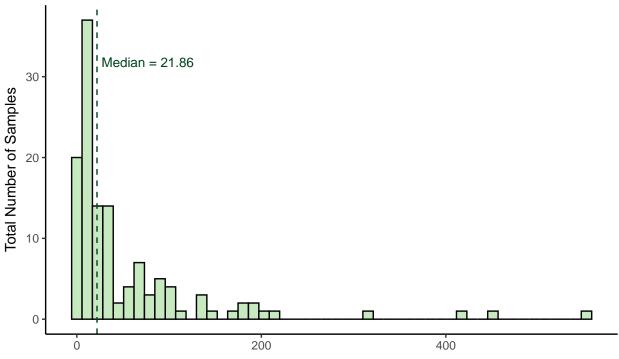


```
#code adapted from class
library(knitr)
buildTableOne <- function(data, varList, nonnormVars = '', catVars = '') {</pre>
  # Define an empty table
  table1 <- matrix(nrow = 0,ncol = 2)</pre>
  # Keep track of rows to indent
  indentRows <- c()</pre>
  # Loop through all variables
  for (var in varList) {
    # Define vector of variable values
    x <- data[,var]</pre>
    # Identify if non-normal
    if (var %in% nonnormVars) {
      # Calculate individual values
      myMedian <- round(median(x))</pre>
      myIQR1 \leftarrow round(quantile(x,1/4),digits = 2)
      myIQR2 \leftarrow round(quantile(x,3/4),digits = 2)
      # Combine values
      value <- paste0(myMedian,' [',myIQR1,', ',myIQR2,']')</pre>
      # Define new row
```

```
newRow <- c(paste0('**',var,'** Median [IQR]'),value)</pre>
    # Add row to data frame
    table1 <- rbind(table1,newRow)</pre>
  }
  # Identify if categorical
  if (var %in% catVars) {
    # Define new row for overall variable
    newRow <- c(paste0('**',var,'** n (%)'),'')</pre>
    # Add row to data frame
    table1 <- rbind(table1,newRow)</pre>
    # Loop through levels of variable
    for (level in levels(x)) {
      # Calculate n and perc
      n \leftarrow sum(x == level)
      perc <- round(n/(length(x)) * 100,digits = 2)
      # Combine values
      value <- paste0(n,' (',perc,')')</pre>
      # Define new row
      newRow <- c(level, value)</pre>
      # Add row to data frame
      table1 <- rbind(table1,newRow)</pre>
      # Add index to indented rows
      indentRows <- c(indentRows, nrow(table1))</pre>
    }
  }
  # Otherwise treat as normally distributed
  if (!(var %in% c(nonnormVars,catVars))) {
    # Calculate individual values
    myMean <- round(mean(x),2)</pre>
    mySD <- round(sd(x),2)</pre>
    # Combine values
    value <- pasteO(myMean,' (',mySD,')')</pre>
    # Define new row
    newRow <- c(paste0('**',var,'** Mean (sd)'),value)</pre>
    # Add row to data frame
    table1 <- rbind(table1,newRow)</pre>
  }
write.csv(table1, file = "table.csv")
```

```
#cleans data further
clean_data <- metadata_BPI[(metadata_BPI$sex != "unknown") & (metadata_BPI$procalcitonin.ng.ml.. != "u
clean_data$procalcitonin.ng.ml.. <- as.numeric(clean_data$procalcitonin.ng.ml..)</pre>
clean_data$age <- as.numeric(clean_data$age)</pre>
clean_data$icu_status <- as.factor(clean_data$icu_status)</pre>
clean_data$sex <- as.factor(clean_data$sex)</pre>
clean_data$mechanical_ventilation <- as.factor(clean_data$mechanical_ventilation)</pre>
#creates a table for BPI and saves as a csv
buildTableOne(data = clean_data, varList = c('age', 'ventilator.free_days', 'procalcitonin.ng.ml..', 'sex'
#sets new color palettes
greens <- brewer.pal(9, "Greens")</pre>
blues <- brewer.pal(9, "Blues")</pre>
yellows <- brewer.pal(9, "Reds")</pre>
#cleans data further for boxplot
unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilation <- unknown_removed$mechanical_ventilation
unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilation <- as.factor(unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilation)
unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilation <- gsub(" yes", "Required", unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilation
unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilation <- gsub(" no", "Not Required", unknown_removed$MechanicalVentilat
#calculates the median for histogram
median_value <- median(metadata_BPI$BPI)</pre>
#creates histogram
ggplot(metadata_BPI, aes(x = BPI)) +
  geom_histogram(color = "black", fill = greens[3], bins = 50) +
  geom_vline(aes(xintercept = median_value), color = greens[9], linetype = "dashed", size = .5) + #add
  annotate("text", x = median_value + 55, y = 30, label = paste("Median =", median_value), color = gree
  labs(x = expression(paste("Gene Expression Levels of ", italic("BPI"))), y = "Total Number of Samples
  theme_classic() +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c(greens[3])) +
  scale_color_manual(values = c(greens[5])) +
  theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = (0.5
## Warning: Using 'size' aesthetic for lines was deprecated in ggplot2 3.4.0.
## i Please use 'linewidth' instead.
## This warning is displayed once every 8 hours.
## Call 'lifecycle::last_lifecycle_warnings()' to see where this warning was
## generated.
```

Distribution of Gene Expression Levels for BPI



Gene Expression Levels of BPI

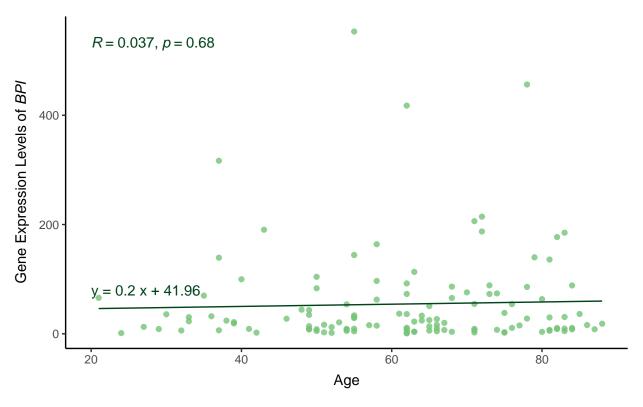
```
#creates scatterplot
ggplot(metadata_BPI, aes(x = age, y = BPI)) +
    geom_point(color = greens[5], fill = "white", alpha = 0.8) +
    geom_smooth(method = "lm", se = FALSE, color = greens[9], size = .5) +
    annotate("text", x = 20, y = 80, label = paste("y =", round(coef(lm(BPI ~ age, data = metadata_BPI))[
    stat_cor(method = "pearson", label.x = 20, color = greens[9]) +
    labs(x = "Age", y = expression(paste("Gene Expression Levels of ", italic("BPI"))), title = expression
    theme_classic() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c(greens[5])) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = "white") +
    theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = 0.5),

## 'geom_smooth()' using formula = 'y ~ x'

## Warning: Removed 3 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_smooth()').
```

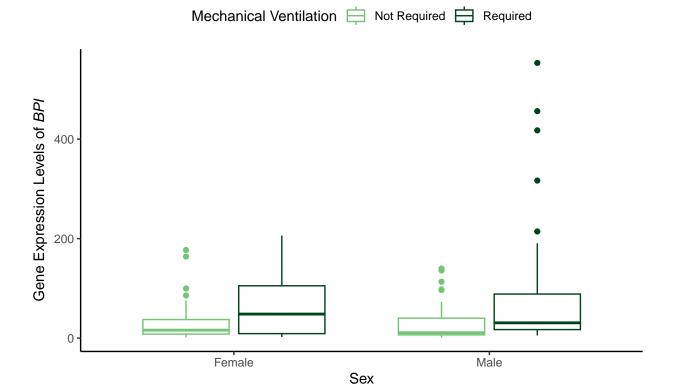
Warning: Removed 3 rows containing missing values ('geom_point()').

Gene Expression Levels of BPI over Age



```
#creates boxplot
ggplot(unknown_removed, aes(x = sex, y = BPI, color = MechanicalVentilation)) +
    geom_boxplot() +
    scale_x_discrete(labels = c("Female", "Male")) +
    theme(plot.title = element_text(size = 15, face = "bold", margin = margin(10, 0, 10, 0), hjust = (0.5 labs(x = "Sex", y = expression(paste("Gene Expression Levels of ", italic("BPI"))), color = "Mechanic theme_classic() +
    scale_color_manual(values = c(greens[5], greens[9])) +
    scale_fill_manual(values = "white") +
    theme(legend.position = "top")
```

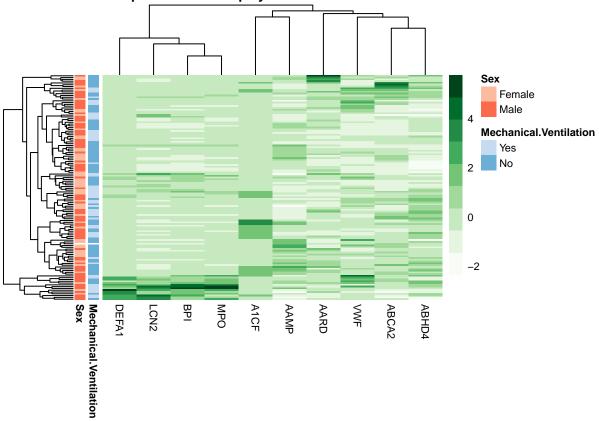
BPI Gene Expression Levels by Sex and Mechanical Ventiation



```
chooseten <- gene_exp[c("BPI", "MPO", "VWF", "A1CF", "AAMP", "ABCA2", "ABHD4", "AARD", "DEFA1", "LCN2")
chooseten <- as.data.frame(t(chooseten))</pre>
#creates one data frame with all ten gene data
ten_genes <- cbind(metadata, chooseten)</pre>
#recodes to fix labeling in legend
ten_genes$sex <- gsub(" male", "Male", ten_genes$sex)</pre>
ten_genes$sex <- gsub(" female", "Female", ten_genes$sex)</pre>
ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation <- gsub(" no", "No", ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation)
ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation <- gsub(" yes", "Yes", ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation)
ten_genes_exp <- ten_genes[,-c(1:24)]</pre>
#euclidean scaling
scaled <- scale(ten_genes_exp)</pre>
#filtering unknown in sex
ten_genes <- ten_genes %>% filter(!grepl('unknown', sex))
#converts variables to factors
ten_genes$sex <- as.factor(ten_genes$sex)</pre>
ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation <- as.factor(ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation)
#creates annotations
annotationData <- data.frame(</pre>
```

```
row.names = rownames(ten_genes),
  'Mechanical.Ventilation' = ten_genes$mechanical_ventilation,
  'Sex' = ten_genes$sex
#creates color palettes for annotations
annotationColors <- list(</pre>
  'Mechanical.Ventilation' = c('Yes' = blues[3], 'No' = blues[5]),
  'Sex' = c('Female' = yellows[3], 'Male' = yellows[5])
#creates heatmap
pheatmap(
  scaled,
  color = greens,
  cluster_rows = TRUE,
  cluster_cols = TRUE,
  fontsize = 8,
  main = "Gene Expression Heatmap by Sex and Mechanical Ventilation",
  show_rownames = FALSE,
  annotation_row = annotationData,
  annotation_colors = annotationColors
```





```
#creates new dataframe and cleans and recodes data
hex <- metadata_BPI[(metadata_BPI$procalcitonin.ng.ml.. != "unknown") & (metadata_BPI$lactate.mmol.l. !
hex$procalcitonin.ng.ml.. <- as.numeric(hex$procalcitonin.ng.ml..)</pre>
hex$lactate.mmol.l. <- as.numeric(hex$lactate.mmol.l.)</pre>
## Warning: NAs introduced by coercion
hex$ferritin.ng.ml. <- as.numeric(hex$ferritin.ng.ml.)</pre>
hex$disease_status <- gsub("disease state: COVID-19", "COVID-19", hex$disease_status)
hex$disease_status <- gsub("disease state: non-COVID-19", "Non-COVID-19", hex$disease_status)
#creates hexbin plot
ggplot(hex, aes(x = age, y = BPI)) +
  geom_hex(binwidth = c(1.8, 40)) +
  labs(x = "Age", y = "Gene Expression", title = expression(paste("))
                                                                                   Hexbin Plot of Age and
  theme_classic() +
  theme(legend.position = "top") +
  scale_fill_gradientn(colors = greens[3:9], name = "Counts")
```

Warning: Removed 3 rows containing non-finite values ('stat_binhex()').

Hexbin Plot of Age and Gene Expression of BPI

