





① Numpy : Numerical Python → Data Structure → Array : Homogeneous (Similar Data)

List Vs Array

Hetero

Homogeneous

Slower

Faster

Storage

Calculation

② Create

import numpy (or) import numpy as np

numpy.array()

np.array()

→ Collection

- list

- tuple

- set

- dict →

→ range()



## Create

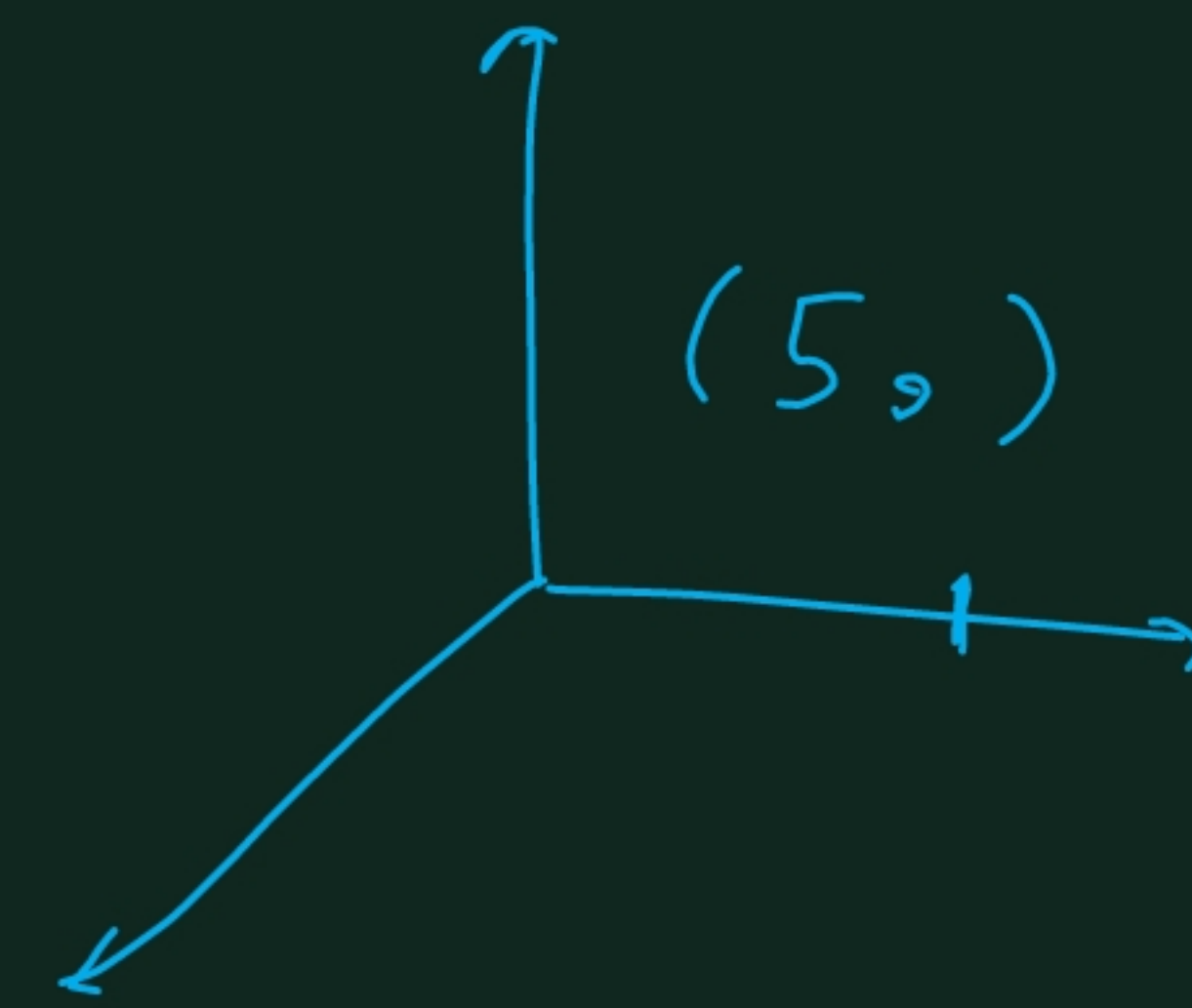
```
arr = np.array([1, 2, 3, 4])
```

↳  $\text{arr}([1, 2, 3, 4])$   
o/p

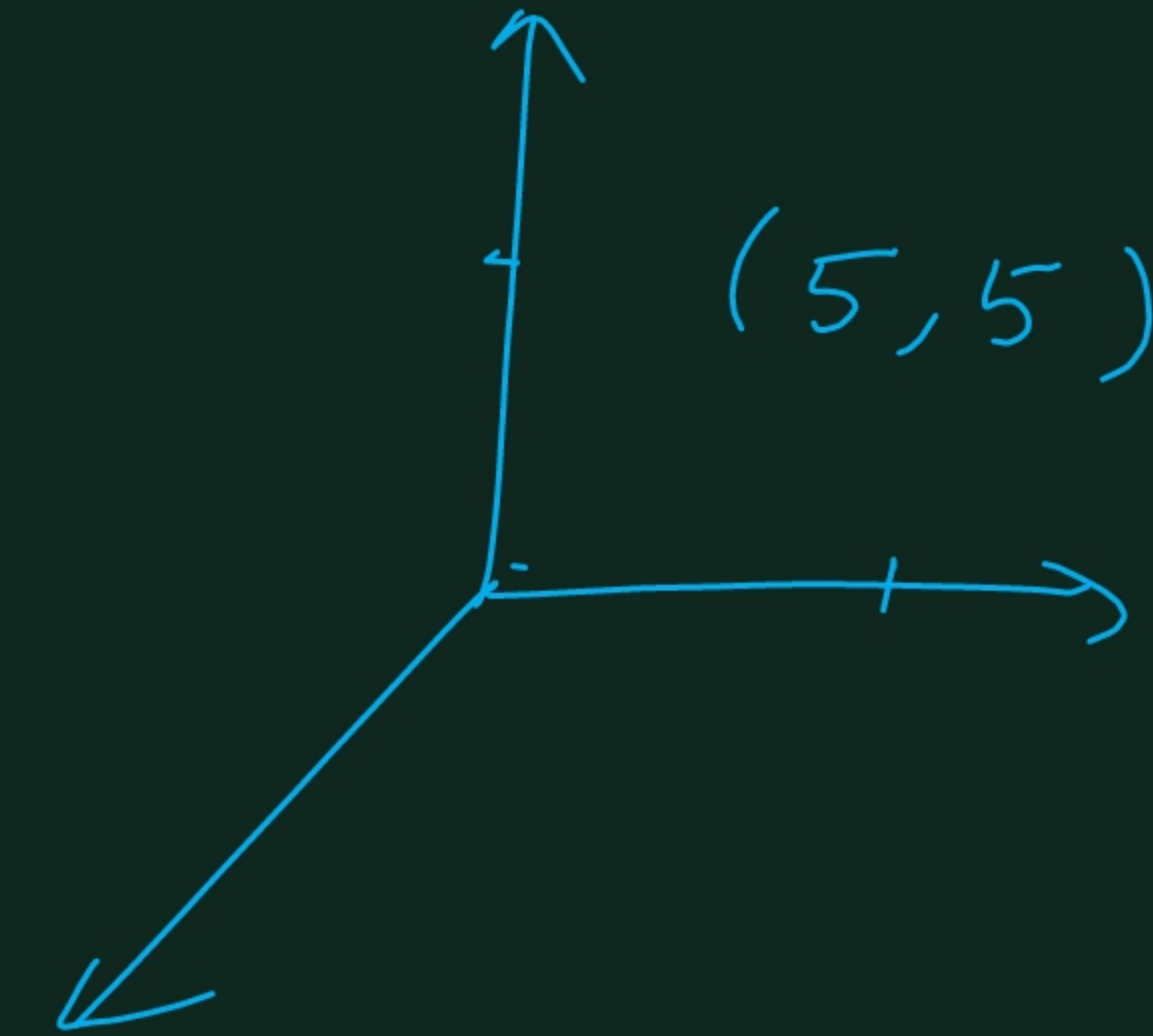
- 1)  $\text{type}(\text{arr}) \rightarrow \text{numpy.ndarray}()$  ✓
- 2)  $\text{arr.ndim} \rightarrow \text{no. of dimension}$ , 1
- 3)  $\text{arr.dtype} \rightarrow \text{datatype of arr}$ , int
- 4)  $\text{arr.size} \rightarrow \text{no. of elements}$ , 4
- 5)  $\text{arr.shape} \rightarrow \text{shape of an array}$ , (4,)

## Types

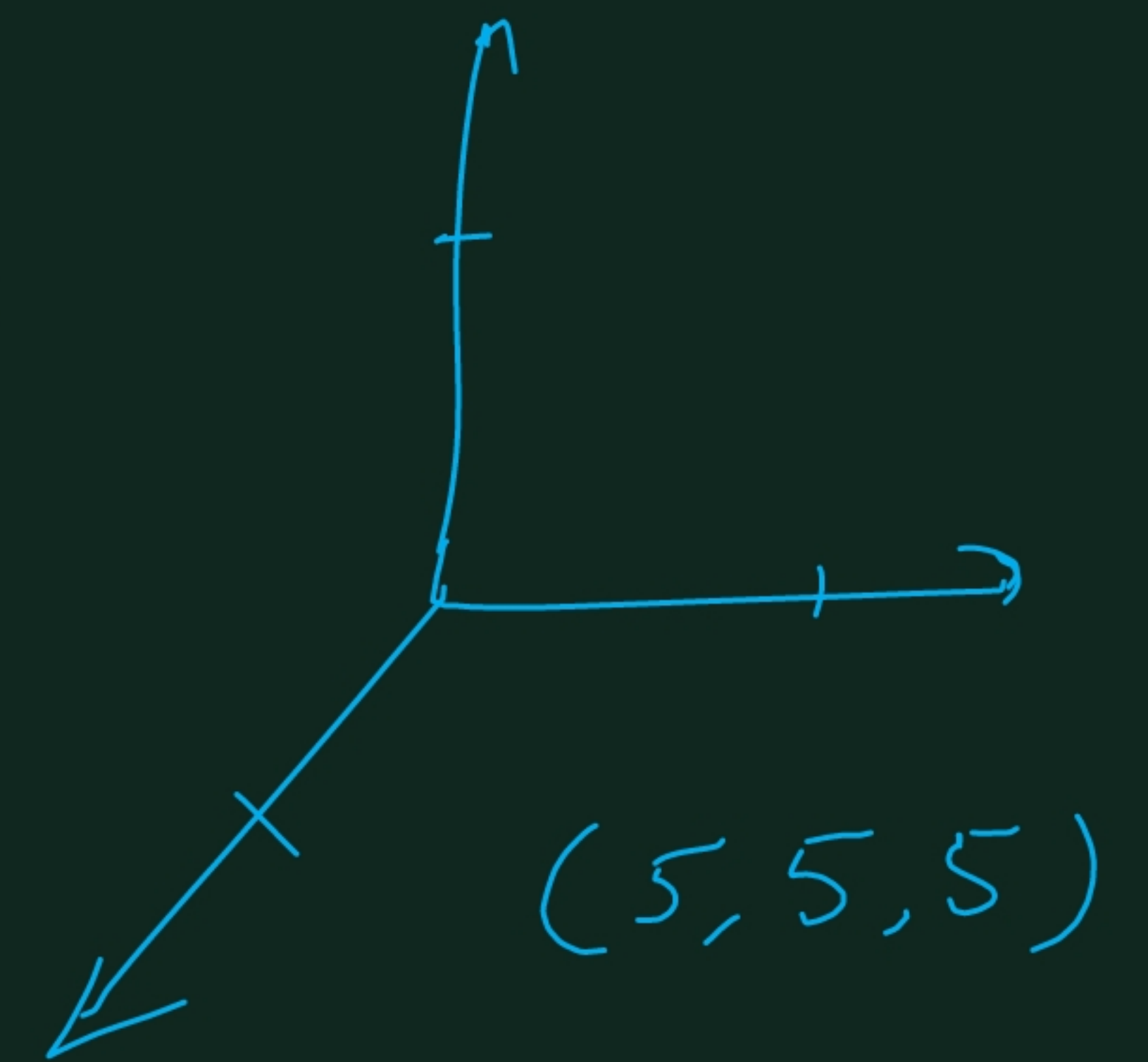
① 1D



② 2D



③ 3D



## Shape

1D  $\rightarrow$  (Rows,)

2D  $\rightarrow$  (Rows, Columns)

3D  $\rightarrow$  (Layer, Rows, Columns)







