```
Tree Traversal:
1.In Order Tree Traversal Algorithm.
Until all nodes are traversed -
Step 1 – Recursively traverse left subtree.
Step 2 – Visit root node.
Step 3 – Recursively traverse right subtree.
2. Pre order Tree Traversal
Until all nodes are traversed –
Step 1 - Visit root node.
Step 2 – Recursively traverse left subtree.
Step 3 – Recursively traverse right subtree.
3. Post order Tree Traversal
Until all nodes are traversed –
Step 1 – Recursively traverse left subtree.
Step 2 – Recursively traverse right subtree.
Step 3 – Visit root node.
Source Code:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
  int data;
  struct node* left;
  struct node* right;
};
struct node* insert(struct node* T, int x){
```

```
if(T == NULL){
    T = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    T->data = x;
    T->left = NULL;
    T->right = NULL;
  else if(x < T->data){
    T->left = insert(T->left, x);
  else if(x \ge T - data){
    T->right = insert(T->right, x);
  return T;
void inorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    inorder(T->left);
    printf("%d, ", T->data);
    inorder(T->right);
void preorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    printf("%d, ", T->data);
```

```
preorder(T->left);
    preorder(T->right);
void postorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    postorder(T->left);
    postorder(T->right);
    printf("%d, ", T->data);
int main()
  struct node* root = NULL;
  struct node* min_node, *max_node;
  do{
    int ch, x;
    printf("Operations available:\n");
    printf("1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:\n");
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
```

```
case 1:
       printf("Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: ");
       scanf("%d", &x);
       root = insert(root, x);
       break;
     case 2:
       inorder(root);
       break;
     case 3:
       preorder(root);
       break;
     case 4:
       postorder(root);
       break;
     default:
       exit(0);
}while(1);
return 0;
```

```
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 5
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 7
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 6
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 3
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 8
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 2
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 4
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 2
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 3
5, 3, 2, 4, 7, 6, 8, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice: 4
2, 4, 3, 6, 8, 7, 5, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder:
Enter your choice:
```

Input and output.

```
Binary search tree:
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
  int data;
  struct node* left;
  struct node* right;
struct node* insert(struct node* T, int x){
  if(T == NULL){
    T = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
    T->data = x;
    T->left = NULL;
    T->right = NULL;
  else if(x < T->data){
    T->left = insert(T->left, x);
  else if(x \ge T - sdata){
    T->right = insert(T->right, x);
  return T;
```

```
struct node* minValueNode(struct node* node)
  struct node* current = node;
  while (current && current->left != NULL){
    current = current->left;
  return current;
struct node* deleteNode(struct node* root, int key)
  if (root == NULL){
    return root;
  if (\text{key} < \text{root->data})
    root->left = deleteNode(root->left, key);
  else if (key > root->data){
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, key);
  else {
    if (root->left == NULL) {
       struct node* temp = root->right;
       free(root);
```

```
return temp;
    else if (root->right == NULL) {
       struct node* temp = root->left;
       free(root);
       return temp;
    struct node* temp = minValueNode(root->right);
    root->data = temp->data;
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->data);
  return root;
void inorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    inorder(T->left);
    printf("%d, ", T->data);
    inorder(T->right);
void preorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    printf("%d, ", T->data);
```

```
preorder(T->left);
    preorder(T->right);
void postorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    postorder(T->left);
    postorder(T->right);
    printf("%d, ", T->data);
struct node* find_min(struct node* T){
  if(T == NULL){
    return T;
  else{
    return find_min(T->left);
struct node* find_max(struct node* T){
  if(T == NULL){
    return T;
```

```
else{
    return find_max(T->right);
void find_ele(struct node *T, int x){
  struct node* temp = T;
  while(temp != NULL){
    if(x == temp->data){
       break;
    else if(x < temp->data){
       temp = temp->left;
    else{
       temp = temp->right;
  if(T != NULL){
    printf("Element is present.\n");
  else{
    printf("Element is not present.\n");
```

```
int main()
  struct node* root = NULL;
  struct node* min_node, *max_node;
  do{
    int ch, x, s_ele, del;
    printf("Operations available:\n");
    printf("1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find
element, 8.Delete:\n");
    printf("Enter your choice: ");
    scanf("%d", &ch);
    switch(ch){
       case 1:
         printf("Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: ");
         scanf("%d", &x);
         root = insert(root, x);
         break;
       case 2:
         inorder(root);
         break;
       case 3:
         preorder(root);
```

```
break:
case 4:
  postorder(root);
  break;
case 5:
  min_node = find_min(root);
  printf("The smallest element is: %d", min_node->data);
  break;
case 6:
  \max \text{ node} = \text{find } \max(\text{root});
  printf("The biggest element is: %d", max_node->data);
  break:
case 7:
  printf("Enter the element you want to search: ");
  scanf("%d", &s_ele);
  find_ele(root, s_ele);
  break;
case 8:
  printf("Enter the element you want to delete: ");
  scanf("%d", &del);
  root = deleteNode(root, del);
  printf("After deletion:\n");
  inorder(root);
  break;
default:
  exit(0);
```

```
} while(1);
```

return 0;

```
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 8
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 2
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter vour choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 4
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 2
2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 8
Enter the element you want to delete: 5
After deletion:
2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 8
Enter the element you want to delete: 8
After deletion:
2, 3, 4, 6, 7, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 8
Enter the element you want to delete: 4
After deletion:
2, 3, 6, 7, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 2
2, 3, 6, 7, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 3
6, 3, 2, 7, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter your choice: 4
2, 3, 7, 6, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Find Minimum Element, 6. Find Maximum Element, 7.Find element, 8.Delete:
Enter vour choice:
```

AVL TREE:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node{
  int key;
  struct node *left;
  struct node *right;
  int height;
};
int getheight(struct node *n){
  if(n == NULL){
    return 0;
  else{
    return n->height;
struct node *create(int x){
  struct node newnode = (struct node)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
```

```
newnode->key = x;
  newnode->left = NULL;
  newnode->right = NULL;
  newnode->height = 1;
  return newnode;
int max(int a, int b){
  // if(a>b){
      return a;
  // }
  // else{
  // return b;
  // }
  return a>b?a:b;
int getBalanceFactor(struct node* n){
  if(n == NULL){
    return 0;
  else{
    return getheight(n->left) - getheight(n->right);
```

```
struct node *rightrotate(struct node *y){
  struct node *x = y->left;
  struct node *T2 = x - sright;
  x->right = y;
  y->left = T2;
  y->height = max(getheight(y->right), getheight(y->left)) + 1;
  x->height = max(getheight(x->right), getheight(x->left)) + 1;
  return x;
struct node *leftrotate(struct node *x){
  struct node *y = x - sight;
  struct node *T2 = y->left;
  y->left = x;
  x->right = T2;
  y->height = max(getheight(y->right), getheight(y->left)) + 1;
  x->height = max(getheight(x->right), getheight(x->left)) + 1;
  return y;
void inorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    inorder(T->left);
    printf("%d, ", T->key);
    inorder(T->right);
```

```
}
void preorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    printf("%d, ", T->key);
    preorder(T->left);
    preorder(T->right);
void postorder(struct node* T){
  if(T != NULL){
    postorder(T->left);
    postorder(T->right);
    printf("%d, ", T->key);
struct node*insert(struct node * T, int data){
  if(T == NULL)
    return create(data);
  if(data < T->key){
    T->left = insert(T->left, data);
  }
  else if(data > T->key){
```

```
T->right = insert(T->right, data);
T->height = max(getheight(T->left), getheight(T->right)) + 1;
int bf = getBalanceFactor(T);
// LEFT LEFT CASE
if(bf > 1 \&\& data < T -> left -> key){
  return rightrotate(T);
// RIGHT RIGHT CASE
if(bf < -1 \&\& data > T->right->key){
  return leftrotate(T);
// LEFT RIGHT CASE
if(bf > 1 \&\& data > T->left->key){
  T->left = leftrotate(T->left);
  return rightrotate(T);
//RIGHT LEFT CASE
if(bf < -1 \&\& data < T > right > key){
  T->right = rightrotate(T->right);
  return leftrotate(T);
```

```
return T;
struct node * minValueNode(struct node* node)
  struct node* current = node;
  /* loop down to find the leftmost leaf */
  while (current->left != NULL)
    current = current->left;
  return current;
struct node* deleteNode(struct node* root, int key)
  if (root == NULL)
    return root;
  if ( key < root->key )
    root->left = deleteNode(root->left, key);
  else if( key > root->key )
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, key);
```

```
else
  if( (root->left == NULL) || (root->right == NULL) )
    struct node *temp = root->left ? root->left :root->right;
    if (temp == NULL)
       temp = root;
       root = NULL;
    else
     *root = *temp;
    free(temp);
  else
     struct node* temp = minValueNode(root->right);
    root->key = temp->key;
    root->right = deleteNode(root->right, temp->key);
if (root == NULL){
```

```
return root;
root->height = 1 + max(getheight(root->left),getheight(root->right));
int bf = getBalanceFactor(root);
// Left Left Case
if (bf > 1 && getBalanceFactor(root->left) \geq 0)
  return rightrotate(root);
// Left Right Case
if (bf > 1 && getBalanceFactor(root->left) < 0)
  root->left = leftrotate(root->left);
  return rightrotate(root);
// Right Right Case
if (bf < -1 && getBalanceFactor(root->right) <= 0)
  return leftrotate(root);
// Right Left Case
if (bf < -1 && getBalanceFactor(root->right) > 0)
```

```
root->right = rightrotate(root->right);
    return leftrotate(root);
  return root;
int main()
  struct node* root = NULL;
  do{
    int ch, x, del;
     printf("Operations available:\n");
     printf("1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion\n");
     printf("Enter your choice: ");
     scanf("%d", &ch);
     switch(ch){
       case 1:
          printf("Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: ");
          scanf("%d", &x);
          root = insert(root, x);
          break;
       case 2:
```

```
inorder(root);
       break;
     case 3:
       preorder(root);
       break;
     case 4:
       postorder(root);
       break;
     case 5:
       printf("Enter element that you want to delete: ");
       scanf("%d", &del);
       root = deleteNode(root, del);
       printf("After deletion of %d\n", del);
       preorder(root);
       break;
     default:
       exit(0);
}while(1);
return 0;
```

```
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 5
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter vour choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 10
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 0
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 6
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 11
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: -1
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 1
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 1
Enter element you want to insert in the binary search tree: 2
Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 3
9, 1, 0, -1, 5, 2, 6, 10, 11, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice: 5
Enter element that you want to delete: 10
After deletion of 10
1, 0, -1, 9, 5, 2, 6, 11, Operations available:
1.Insert, 2.Inorder, 3.Preorder, 4.Postorder, 5.Deletion
Enter your choice:
```