```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from scipy.stats import mode
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.datasets import load_iris
from numpy.random import randint

In [2]:
iris = load_iris()

In [3]:

X = iris.data
Y = iris.target
```

Splitting Train-Test dataset

```
In [4]:
```

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

X_train, X_test, Y_train, Y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size=0.2, random_state=1
0)
print(X_train.shape, X_test.shape, Y_train.shape, Y_test.shape)

(120, 4) (30, 4) (120,) (30,)
```

(120, 4) (30, 4) (120,) (30,)

Creating Function

In [5]:

```
#Euclidean Distance
def eucledian(p1,p2):
   dist = np.sqrt(np.sum((p1-p2)**2))
   return dist
#Function to calculate KNN
def knn predict(x_train, y , x_input, k):
   op_labels = []
    #Loop through the Datapoints to be classified
    for item in x input:
        #Array to store distances
        point_dist = [eucledian(np.array(x_train[j,:]), item)] for j in range(len(x tra
in))]
       point dist = np.array(point dist)
        #Sorting the array while preserving the index
        #Keeping the first K datapoints in variable 'dist'
        dist = np.argsort(point dist)[:k]
        #Labels of the K datapoints from above
        labels = y[dist]
        #Majority voting
        lab = mode(labels)[0]
        op_labels.append(lab)
    return op labels
```

```
#Applying our function
Y_pred = knn_predict(X_train, Y_train, X_test , 5)
```

sklearn

```
In [7]:

from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier

model = KNeighborsClassifier(n_neighbors=5)

In [8]:

model.fit(X_train, Y_train)

Out[8]:

KNeighborsClassifier()

In [9]:

Y_pred_sk = model.predict(X_test)
```

Comparison