

Hope Artificial Intelligence
Classification Assignment using GridSearch

Dataset : CKD.csv

1. Identifying Problem statement:

For the given dataset and the client's requirement the following stages are followed.

Stage 1 : Domain selection: Machine Learning

Stage 2 : Selecting the Learning algorithm: Supervised Learning algorithm

Stage3 : In Supervised learning method this type comes under "Classification Learning method".

2. Information about the given dataset:

The given dataset has 25 columns. But the column 'sg' split as 3 columns as sg_b, sg_c, sg_d and sg_e. So totally it has 28 columns

In that Input column's are : 'age', 'bp', 'al', 'su', 'bgr', 'bu', 'sc', 'sod', 'pot', 'hrmo', 'pcv',
'wc', 'rc', 'sg_b', 'sg_c', 'sg_d', 'sg_e', 'rbc_normal', 'pc_normal',
'pcc_present', 'ba_present', 'htn_yes', 'dm_yes', 'cad_yes',
'appet_yes', 'pe_yes', 'ane_yes', [totally 27]

Output Column : 'classification_yes' [1 only]

3. Mention the pre-processing method if you're doing any (like converting string to number – nominal data

There are 12 columns of categorical data. So these categorical data are converted to nominal data and the columns are:

'sg_b', 'sg_c', 'sg_d', 'sg_e', 'rbc_normal', 'pc_normal', 'pcc_present', 'ba_present', 'htn_yes',
'dm_yes', 'cad_yes', 'appet_yes', 'pe_yes', 'ane_yes', 'classification_yes'

4. Developing the model using the following classification algorithms using Grid Search CV:

- Logistic Regression method
- Support Vector Machine Classification method
- Decision Tree Classification method
- Random Forest Classification method

5. Research Values of each algorithms:

1. Logistic Regression using GridSearch CV method:

```
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_),f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value for best parameter {'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}: 0.9924946382275899
```

Classification report:

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False	0.98	1.00	0.99	51
True	1.00	0.99	0.99	82
accuracy			0.99	133
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133

Best score for this model:

l_penalty	param_solver	params	split0_test_score	split1_test_score	split2_test_score	split3_test_score	split4_test_score	mean_test_score	std_test_score	rank_test_score
l2	newton-cg	{'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'newton-cg'}	0.981569	0.981014	0.981217	1.000000	1.000000	0.988760	0.009179	1
l2	lbfgs	{'penalty': 'l2', 'solver': 'lbfgs'}	0.981569	0.981014	0.981217	1.000000	1.000000	0.988760	0.009179	1

2. SVM Classification algorithm using GridSearchCV:

```
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_),f1_macro)
```

```
The f1_macro value for best parameter {'C': 10, 'gamma': 'auto', 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}: 0.9924946382275899
```

Classification report:

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False	0.98	1.00	0.99	51
True	1.00	0.99	0.99	82
accuracy			0.99	133
macro avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133
weighted avg	0.99	0.99	0.99	133

Best model for SVM Grid:

gamma	param_kernel	params	split0_test_score	split1_test_score	split2_test_score	split3_test_score	split4_test_score	mean_test_score	std_test_score	rank_test_score
scale	sigmoid	{'C': 10, 'gamma': 'scale', 'kernel': 'sigmoid'}	0.981569	1.000000	1.000000	0.981031	1.000000	0.992520	0.009163	1

3. Decision Tree Classification algorithm using GridSearch CV :

```
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_),f1_macro)
```

The f1_macro value for best parameter {'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_features': 'sqrt', 'splitter': 'random'}: 0.9400566944426594

Classification Report:

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False	0.91	0.94	0.92	51
True	0.96	0.94	0.95	82
accuracy			0.94	133
macro avg	0.93	0.94	0.94	133
weighted avg	0.94	0.94	0.94	133

Best Model Grid:

ures	param_splitter	params	split0_test_score	split1_test_score	split2_test_score	split3_test_score	split4_test_score	mean_test_score	std_test_score	rank_test_score
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sqrt	random	{'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_features': 'sqrt...	0.945100	0.981014	1.000000	0.925524	0.981217	0.966571	0.027153	1
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4. Random Forest Classification algorithm using GridSearch CV

```
print("The f1_macro value for best parameter {}".format(grid.best_params_),f1_macro)
```

The f1_macro value for best parameter {'criterion': 'entropy', 'max_features': 'log2', 'n_estimators': 100}: 0.9849624060150376

Classification Report:

The report:

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
False	0.98	0.98	0.98	51
True	0.99	0.99	0.99	82
accuracy			0.98	133
macro avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	133
weighted avg	0.98	0.98	0.98	133

Best Model using Grid:

param_n_estimators	params	split0_test_score	split1_test_score	split2_test_score	split3_test_score	split4_test_score	mean_test_score	std_test_score	rank_test_score
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100	{'criterion':								
	'entropy',								
	'max_features':	1.000000	0.971429	0.984615	0.985075	1.000000	0.988224	0.010792	1
	'log2...								

6. Final Model for this dataset:

Both Logistic Regression and SVM classification algorithm using Grid are best model because its f1 macro average is 0.9924 and as well as accuracy is 0.99.