

Directors' Responsibility Statement

The Directors are required by the Companies Act, 1965 to prepare financial statements for each financial year which have been made out in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards, International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 so as to exhibit a true and fair view of the financial position of the Group and of the Company as of 31 December 2014 and of their financial performance and cash flows for the financial year then ended.

In preparing the financial statements, the Directors have:

- Selected and applied the appropriate and relevant accounting policies on a consistent basis;
- Made judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent in the circumstances; and
- Prepared the annual audited financial statements on a going concern basis.

The Directors are responsible to ensure that the Group and the Company keep accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy the financial position of the Group and the Company.

The Directors also have the overall responsibilities to take such steps to safeguard the assets of the Group and for the establishment, designation, implementation and maintenance of appropriate accounting and internal control systems for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Directors' Report

The Directors have pleasure in submitting their report together with the audited financial statements of the Group and the Company for the financial year ended 31 December 2014.

Principal Activities

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of mobile communication services and network transmission related services.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of technical and management services on an international scale, where it has investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are mainly the provision of mobile communication services and network transmission related services.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 39 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of the activities of the Group and the Company during the financial year.

Financial Results

The results of the operations of the Group and the Company for the financial year were as follows:

| | Group RM'000 | Company RM'000 |
|---|-----------------|-------------------|
| Profit/(Loss) for the financial year attributable to: | | |
| - owners of the Company | 2,348,665 | 3,465,951 |
| - non-controlling interests | (4,252) | - |
| | 2,344,413 | 3,465,951 |

In the opinion of the Directors, the results of the operations of the Group and the Company during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature other than as disclosed in the financial statements.

Share Capital

During the financial year, the issued and paid-up capital of the Company was increased from RM8,540.7 million comprising 8,540.7 million ordinary shares of RM1 each to RM8,582.0 million. The increase in issued and paid-up capital of the Company was in line with the exercise of options and vesting of restricted share awards ("RSA") granted under the Performance-Based Employee Share Option Scheme ("ESOS") and Restricted Share Plan ("RSP") ["Axiata Share Scheme"] by the employees of the Company and its subsidiaries as disclosed in Note 14(a) to the financial statements.

The above mentioned ordinary shares rank pari-passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

Dividends

The dividends paid or declared or proposed since the end of the previous financial year were as follows:

| Tax exempt dividend under single tier system | | | |
|--|---------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| | Type | Per ordinary share of RM1 each Sen | Total RM'000 |
| In respect of financial year ended 31 December: | | | |
| - 2013 | Final | 14 | 1,198,932 |
| - 2014 | Interim | 8 | 686,063 |
| | | 22 | 1,884,995 |

The Board of Directors have recommended a final tax exempt dividend under the single tier system of 14 sen per ordinary share of RM1 each of the Company in respect of financial year ended 31 December 2014 amounting to a total of RM1,201.5 million, based on the issued and paid-up capital of the Company as at 31 December 2014. The proposed dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting ("AGM").

Reserves and Provisions

All material transfers to or from reserves or provisions during the financial year have been disclosed in the financial statements.

Axiata Share Scheme

The Performance-Based ESOS of the Company was approved by its shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") held on 24 March 2009 and implemented on 16 April 2009.

On 1 June 2011, the Company's shareholders had, at the Nineteenth (19th) AGM of the Company, approved the amendments to the Bye-Laws of the ESOS to include a RSP. Accordingly, the existing Performance-Based ESOS was renamed as Axiata Share Scheme.

The details of the Axiata Share Scheme are disclosed in Note 14(a) to the financial statements.

There is no Performance-Based ESOS granted to the employees of Axiata Group during the financial year.

Directors

The Directors who have held office during the period since the date of last report are as follows:

Tan Sri Dato' Azman Hj. Mokhtar
Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim
Tan Sri Ghazzali Sheikh Abdul Khalid
Datuk Azzat Kamaludin
Dato' Abdul Rahman Ahmad
David Lau Nai Pek
Juan Villalonga Navarro
Bella Ann Almeida
Kenneth Shen

In accordance with Article 93 of the Company's Article of Association, Tan Sri Dato' Azman Hj. Mokhtar, David Lau Nai Pek and Dato' Abdul Rahman Ahmad retire from the Board at the Twenty-third (23rd) AGM and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election.

Directors' Interests

In accordance with the Register of Directors' Shareholdings, the Directors who held office at the end of the financial year and have interest in shares and/or options over shares in the Company are as follows:

| | Number of ordinary shares of RM1 each of the Company | | | |
|--|--|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| | As at 1.1.2014 | Additions | Disposed | As at 31.12.2014 |
| Indirect interest | | | | |
| Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim ¹ | 450,000 | - | - | 450,000 |

¹ 450,000 Axiata Shares held under CIMSEC Nominees (Tempatan) Sdn Bhd

| | Number of options/shares over ordinary shares of RM1 each of the Company | | | |
|--|--|-----------|-----------|---------------------|
| | As at 1.1.2014 | Granted | Exercised | As at 31.12.2014 |
| Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim ² | | | | |
| - ESOS ³ | 4,301,700 | - | - | 4,301,700 |
| - RSA ⁴ | 2,477,600 | 1,833,000 | - | 4,310,600 |

Directors' Interests (continued)

- ² At the EGM held on 24 March 2009, the shareholders of the Company approved the grant of options to Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim to subscribe up to 5.5 million new ordinary shares of RM1 each in the Company ("Axiata Shares") to be issued under the Performance-Based ESOS for the Executive Directors and eligible employees of the Group.

Further to the above, the shareholders of the Company had at the 19th AGM held on 1 June 2011, approved the grant of entitlement, allotment and issuance of the remaining 1,198,300 new Axiata Shares to Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim, under the new Performance-Based ESOS and Restricted Share Plan ("Axiata Share Scheme") as approved at the said EGM.

Subsequently, the shareholders of the Company at the 21st AGM held on 23 May 2013, approved the grant entitlements, allotment and issuance of up to 3.6 million new Axiata Shares to Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim under the Axiata Share Scheme.

- ³ 4,301,700 options of Axiata Shares pursuant to Performance-Based ESOS.
- ⁴ Pursuant to the offer of 1,833,000 (2013: 1,123,600) Restricted Shares during the financial year ended 31 December 2013 ("Offered Shares"). The Offered Shares is the maximum number of Axiata Shares that may be vested to Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim and are conditional upon the meeting of super stretched individual performance and the Group meeting superior company performance at the point of vesting in addition to the standard vesting conditions applicable to other eligible employees. Based on the lowest performance criteria of vesting conditions, only 305,500 of the Offered Shares (2013: 280,900) shall be vested to Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim.

Other than as disclosed above, in accordance with the Register of Directors' Shareholdings, none of the other Directors in office at the end of the financial year have any direct or indirect interest in any shares and options over ordinary shares in the Company, or its related corporations during the financial year.

Directors' Benefits

Since the end of the previous financial year, none of the Director has received or become entitled to receive any benefit (except for the Directors' fees, remuneration and other emoluments as disclosed in Note 7(d) to the financial statements) by reason of a contract made by the Company or a related corporation with the Director or with a firm of which he/she is a member, or with a company in which he/she has a substantial financial interest.

During and at the end of the financial year, no arrangement subsisted to which the Company or any of its related corporations, was a party, being arrangements with the object(s) of enabling the Directors of the Company to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debentures of the Company or any other body corporate other than the Axiata Share Scheme of the Company, details as disclosed in Note 14(a) to the financial statements.

Statutory Information on the Financial Statements

Before the statements of comprehensive income and financial position of the Group and the Company were made out, the Directors took reasonable steps:

- (a) to ascertain that proper action had been taken in relation to the writing off of bad debts and the making of allowance for doubtful debts and have satisfied themselves that all known bad debts had been written off and that adequate allowance had been made for doubtful debts; and
- (b) to ensure that any current assets which were unlikely to be realised at their book values in the ordinary course of business had been written down to their expected realisable values.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances:

- (a) which would render the amounts written off for bad debts or the amount of the allowance for doubtful debts in the financial statements of the Group and the Company inadequate to any substantial extent; or
- (b) which would render the values attributed to current assets in the financial statements of the Group and the Company misleading; or
- (c) which have arisen which render adherence to the existing method of valuation of assets or liabilities of the Group and the Company misleading or inappropriate.

No contingent or other liability of the Group and Company has become enforceable or is likely to become enforceable within the period of twelve (12) months after the end of the financial year which, in the opinion of the Directors, will or may affect the ability of the Group and the Company to meet its obligations when they fall due.

At the date of this report, there does not exist:

- (a) any charge on the assets of the Group and the Company which has arisen since the end of the year which secures the liability of any other person; or
- (b) any contingent liability of the Group and the Company which has arisen since the end of the year.

At the date of this report, the Directors are not aware of any circumstances not otherwise dealt with in this report or the financial statements of the Group and the Company, which would render any amount stated in the financial statements misleading.

In the opinion of the Directors:

- (a) the results of the Group's and the Company's operations during the financial year were not substantially affected by any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature other than as disclosed in the financial statements; and
- (b) there has not arisen in the interval between the end of the financial year and the date of this report any item, transaction or event of a material and unusual nature likely to affect substantially the results of the operations of the Group and the Company for the financial year in which this report is made.

Events after the Reporting Period

The events after the reporting period is disclosed in Note 44 to the financial statements.

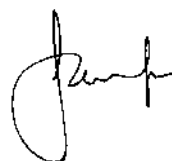
Auditors

The auditors, PricewaterhouseCoopers, have expressed their willingness to continue in office.

Signed on behalf of the Board of Directors in accordance with their resolution dated 24 February 2015.



Tan Sri Dato' Azman Hj. Mokhtar
Director



Dato' Sri Jamaludin Ibrahim
Director

Kuala Lumpur
24 February 2015

Statements of Comprehensive Income

For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------|--------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Operating revenue | 6 | 18,711,777 | 18,370,841 | 2,994,547 | 2,359,448 |
| Operating costs | | | | | |
| - depreciation, impairment and amortisation | 7(a) | (3,671,618) | (3,435,330) | (5,050) | (43,977) |
| - foreign exchange (losses)/gains | | (76,317) | 8,182 | 551,119 | 417,658 |
| - domestic interconnect and international outpayment | | (2,470,796) | (2,580,197) | - | - |
| - marketing, advertising and promotion | | (1,448,773) | (1,476,660) | (30,513) | (35,012) |
| - other operating costs | 7(b) | (6,470,915) | (5,815,918) | (85,731) | (94,905) |
| - staff costs | 7(c) | (1,322,718) | (1,226,943) | (111,212) | (98,971) |
| - other (losses)/gains - net | 8 | (41,753) | 203,648 | (5,765) | - |
| Other operating income | 9 | 252,657 | 47,881 | 138,624 | 940 |
| Operating profit before finance cost | | 3,461,544 | 4,095,504 | 3,446,019 | 2,505,181 |
| Finance income | 10 | 197,994 | 261,296 | 76,731 | 82,620 |
| Finance cost excluding net foreign exchange losses on financing activities | | (746,459) | (720,729) | (53,538) | (30,926) |
| Net foreign exchange losses on financing activities | | (137,560) | (358,118) | - | - |
| | 10 | (884,019) | (1,078,847) | (53,538) | (30,926) |
| Joint ventures | | | | | |
| - share of results (net of tax) | 27 | (24,992) | 5,329 | - | - |
| Associates | | | | | |
| - share of results (net of tax) | | 407,213 | 270,823 | - | - |
| - loss on dilution of equity interests | 5(a),(b) | (43,284) | (21,066) | - | - |
| Profit before taxation | | 3,114,456 | 3,533,039 | 3,469,212 | 2,556,875 |
| Taxation and zakat | 11 | (770,043) | (794,462) | (3,261) | (26) |
| Profit for the financial year | | 2,344,413 | 2,738,577 | 3,465,951 | 2,556,849 |

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Other comprehensive income/(expense): | | | | | |
| Items that will not be reclassified to profit or loss: | | | | | |
| - actuarial (losses)/gains on defined benefits plan, net of tax | | (12,347) | 5,593 | - | - |
| Items that may be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss: | | | | | |
| - currency translation differences | | 455,035 | (491,600) | - | - |
| - net cash flow hedge | | (986) | - | - | - |
| - net investment hedge | | 21,588 | (35,280) | - | - |
| Other comprehensive income/(expense) for the financial year, net of tax | | 463,290 | (521,287) | - | - |
| Total comprehensive income for the financial year | | 2,807,703 | 2,217,290 | 3,465,951 | 2,556,849 |
| Profit/(Loss) for the financial year attributable to: | | | | | |
| - owners of the Company | | 2,348,665 | 2,550,021 | 3,465,951 | 2,556,849 |
| - non-controlling interests | | (4,252) | 188,556 | - | - |
| | | 2,344,413 | 2,738,577 | 3,465,951 | 2,556,849 |
| Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the financial year attributable to: | | | | | |
| - owners of the Company | | 2,724,321 | 2,242,481 | 3,465,951 | 2,556,849 |
| - non-controlling interests | | 83,382 | (25,191) | - | - |
| | | 2,807,703 | 2,217,290 | 3,465,951 | 2,556,849 |
| Earnings per share (sen) | | | | | |
| - basic | 12(a) | 27.4 | 29.9 | - | - |
| - diluted | 12(b) | 27.2 | 29.7 | - | - |

The above Statements of Comprehensive Income are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements on pages 180 to 317.

Statements of Financial Position

As At 31 December 2014

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|-------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| CAPITAL AND RESERVES | | | | | |
| ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY | | | | | |
| Share capital | 13 | 8,582,017 | 8,540,663 | 8,582,017 | 8,540,663 |
| Share premium | | 2,398,794 | 2,223,076 | 2,398,794 | 2,223,076 |
| Reserves | 15 | 9,763,721 | 8,857,846 | 6,729,994 | 5,127,708 |
| Total equity attributable to owners of the Company | | 20,744,532 | 19,621,585 | 17,710,805 | 15,891,447 |
| Non-controlling interests | | 1,813,255 | 1,757,486 | - | - |
| Total equity | | 22,557,787 | 21,379,071 | 17,710,805 | 15,891,447 |
| NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 16 | 11,944,694 | 11,752,387 | - | 823,333 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | 22,676 | 109,384 | - | - |
| Deferred income | 20 | 254,304 | 271,585 | - | - |
| Other payables | 21 | 1,793,891 | 72,119 | - | - |
| Provision for liabilities | 22 | 295,005 | 293,102 | - | - |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 23 | 1,700,087 | 1,578,687 | - | - |
| Total non-current liabilities | | 16,010,657 | 14,077,264 | - | 823,333 |
| | | 38,568,444 | 35,456,335 | 17,710,805 | 16,714,780 |
| NON-CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Intangible assets | 24 | 12,815,706 | 9,548,554 | - | - |
| Property, plant and equipment | 25 | 19,933,487 | 17,106,708 | 17,117 | 14,707 |
| Subsidiaries | 26 | - | - | 16,597,391 | 14,732,003 |
| Joint ventures | 27 | 52,977 | 56,215 | - | - |
| Associates | 28 | 7,504,007 | 6,999,122 | - | 125,319 |
| Available-for-sale financial assets | | 1,118 | 141 | - | - |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | 133,910 | 207,157 | - | 14,588 |
| Long term receivables | 29 | 94,638 | 97,533 | - | - |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 31 | - | - | 1,801,367 | 105,236 |
| Deferred tax assets | 23 | 275,225 | 241,955 | - | - |
| Total non-current assets | | 40,811,068 | 34,257,385 | 18,415,875 | 14,991,853 |

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| CURRENT ASSETS | | | | | |
| Inventories | 30 | 79,533 | 62,805 | - | - |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 31 | - | - | 357,610 | 466,927 |
| Trade and other receivables | 32 | 3,062,390 | 2,679,905 | 7,875 | 26,204 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | 33,855 | 31,403 | - | - |
| Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss | | 14 | 8 | - | - |
| Tax recoverable | | 25,007 | 32,822 | - | - |
| Deposits, cash and bank balances | 33 | 5,115,570 | 6,432,918 | 172,563 | 1,991,480 |
| | | 8,316,369 | 9,239,861 | 538,048 | 2,484,611 |
| LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES | | | | | |
| Trade and other payables | 21 | 8,374,621 | 6,108,805 | 80,646 | 78,834 |
| Borrowings | 16 | 1,948,641 | 1,683,988 | - | 1,901 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | 3,551 | - | - | - |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries | 31 | - | - | 1,162,472 | 680,949 |
| Current tax liabilities | | 232,180 | 248,118 | - | - |
| Total current liabilities | | 10,558,993 | 8,040,911 | 1,243,118 | 761,684 |
| Net current (liabilities)/assets | | (2,242,624) | 1,198,950 | (705,070) | 1,722,927 |
| | | 38,568,444 | 35,456,335 | 17,710,805 | 16,714,780 |

The above Statements of Financial Position are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements on pages 180 to 317.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

| Note | Attributable to owners of the Company | | | | | | | | | | Non-controlling interests RM'000 | Total equity RM'000 |
|---|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| | Share capital* RM'000 | Share premium RM'000 | Currency translation differences RM'000 | Capital contribution reserve RM'000 | Merger reserve RM'000 | Hedging reserve RM'000 | ESOS [^] and RSA [#] reserve RM'000 | Actuarial reserve RM'000 | Retained earnings RM'000 | Total RM'000 | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | 8,540,663 | 2,223,076 | (830,517) | 16,598 | 346,774 | (152,277) | 155,298 | (790) | 9,322,760 | 19,621,585 | 1,757,486 | 21,379,071 |
| Profit for the financial year | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,348,665 | 2,348,665 | (4,252) | 2,344,413 |
| Other comprehensive income/(expense): | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Currency translation differences arising during the financial year: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - subsidiaries | - | - | 361,212 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 361,212 | 90,994 | 452,206 |
| - associates | - | - | 2,829 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,829 | - | 2,829 |
| | - | - | 364,041 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 364,041 | 90,994 | 455,035 |
| - Net investment hedge 19(f) | - | - | - | - | - | 21,588 | - | - | - | 21,588 | - | 21,588 |
| - Net cash flow hedge 19(h) | - | - | - | - | - | (829) | - | - | - | (829) | (157) | (986) |
| - Actuarial loss on defined benefits plan, net of tax | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (9,144) | - | (9,144) | (3,203) | (12,347) |
| Total comprehensive income/(expense) for the financial year | - | - | 364,041 | - | - | 20,759 | - | (9,144) | 2,348,665 | 2,724,321 | 83,382 | 2,807,703 |
| Transactions with owners: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Issuance of new ordinary shares | 41,354 | 105,529 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 146,883 | - | 146,883 |
| - Share issue expenses | - | (91) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (91) | - | (91) |
| - Dilution of equity interests in subsidiaries 5(a)(ii), (ix) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 27,297 | 27,297 | 38,298 | 65,595 |
| - Investment in a subsidiary | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1,992 | 1,992 |
| - Share buy-back of a subsidiary 5(a)(iv) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (152,530) | (152,530) | (187,206) | (339,736) |
| - Axiata Share Scheme: | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - value of employees' services 14(a) | - | - | - | - | - | - | 91,610 | - | - | 91,610 | - | 91,610 |
| - transferred from ESOS reserve upon exercise/ vest | - | 70,280 | - | - | - | - | (70,280) | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (64,660) | (64,660) |
| - Dividends paid to shareholders 43 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (1,884,995) | (1,884,995) | - | (1,884,995) |
| - Treasury shares of a subsidiary 5(a)(iv) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 170,452 | 170,452 | 183,963 | 354,415 |
| Total transactions with owners | 41,354 | 175,718 | - | - | - | - | 21,330 | - | (1,839,776) | (1,601,374) | (27,613) | (1,628,987) |
| At 31 December 2014 | 8,582,017 | 2,398,794 | (466,476) | 16,598 | 346,774 | (131,518) | 176,628 | (9,934) | 9,831,649 | 20,744,532 | 1,813,255 | 22,557,787 |

* Issued and fully paid-up ordinary shares of RM1 each

[^] Employees Share Option Scheme ("ESOS")

[#] Restricted Share Awards ("RSA")

| | Note | Attributable to owners of the Company | | | | | | | | | | Non-controlling interests RM'000 | Total equity RM'000 |
|---|------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| | | Share capital* RM'000 | Share premium RM'000 | Currency translation differences RM'000 | Capital contribution reserve RM'000 | Merger reserve RM'000 | Hedging reserve RM'000 | ESOS^ and RSA# reserve RM'000 | Actuarial reserve RM'000 | Retained earnings RM'000 | Total RM'000 | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | | 8,508,209 | 2,094,125 | (554,660) | 16,598 | 346,774 | (116,997) | 111,044 | (4,387) | 9,699,802 | 20,100,508 | 1,906,714 | 22,007,222 |
| Profit for the financial year | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,550,021 | 2,550,021 | 188,556 | 2,738,577 |
| Other comprehensive (expense)/income: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Currency translation differences arising during the financial year: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - subsidiaries | | - | - | (302,286) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (302,286) | (215,743) | (518,029) |
| - associates | | - | - | 26,429 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 26,429 | - | 26,429 |
| | | - | - | (275,857) | - | - | - | - | - | - | (275,857) | (215,743) | (491,600) |
| - Net investment hedge | 19(f) | - | - | - | - | - | (35,280) | - | - | - | (35,280) | - | (35,280) |
| - Actuarial gain on defined benefit plan, net of tax | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3,597 | - | 3,597 | 1,996 | 5,593 |
| Total comprehensive (expense)/income for the financial year | | - | - | (275,857) | - | - | (35,280) | - | 3,597 | 2,550,021 | 2,242,481 | (25,191) | 2,217,290 |
| Transactions with owners: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - Issuance of new ordinary shares | | 32,454 | 92,782 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 125,236 | - | 125,236 |
| - Share issue expenses | | - | (255) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (255) | - | (255) |
| - Acquisition of a subsidiary | 5(b)(ii) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 682 | 682 | 52,610 | 53,292 |
| - Additional investment in a subsidiary | 5(b)(vi) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 51,786 | 51,786 | (51,786) | - |
| - Axiata Share Scheme: | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - value of employees' services | 14(a) | - | - | - | - | - | - | 80,678 | - | - | 80,678 | - | 80,678 |
| - transferred from ESOS reserve upon exercise | | - | 36,424 | - | - | - | - | (36,424) | - | - | - | - | - |
| - Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (133,002) | (133,002) |
| - Dividends paid to shareholders | 43 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | (2,985,725) | (2,985,725) | - | (2,985,725) |
| - Dilution of equity interest in a subsidiary | 5(b)(viii) | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6,194 | 6,194 | 8,141 | 14,335 |
| Total transactions with owners | | 32,454 | 128,951 | - | - | - | - | 44,254 | - | (2,927,063) | (2,721,404) | (124,037) | (2,845,441) |
| At 31 December 2013 | | 8,540,663 | 2,223,076 | (830,517) | 16,598 | 346,774 | (152,277) | 155,298 | (790) | 9,322,760 | 19,621,585 | 1,757,486 | 21,379,071 |

* Issued and fully paid-up ordinary shares of RM1 each

^ Employees Share Option Scheme ("ESOS")

Restricted Share Awards ("RSA")

The above Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read with the notes to the financial statements on page 180 to 317.

Company Statement of Changes in Equity

For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

| | Note | Issued and fully paid-up ordinary shares of RM1 each | | Non-Distributable | | Distributable | | Total RM'000 |
|--|-------|--|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| | | Number of shares '000 | Nominal value RM'000 | Share premium RM'000 | Capital contribution reserve RM'000 | ESOS and RSA reserve RM'000 | Retained earnings RM'000 | |
| At 1 January 2014 | | 8,540,663 | 8,540,663 | 2,223,076 | 16,598 | 155,298 | 4,955,812 | 15,891,447 |
| Profit/Total comprehensive income for the financial year | | - | - | - | - | - | 3,465,951 | 3,465,951 |
| Transactions with owners: | | | | | | | | |
| - Issuance of new ordinary shares | | 41,354 | 41,354 | 105,529 | - | - | - | 146,883 |
| - Share issue expenses | | - | - | (91) | - | - | - | (91) |
| - Axiata Share Scheme: | | | | | | | | |
| - value of employees' services | 14(a) | - | - | - | - | 91,610 | - | 91,610 |
| - transferred from ESOS reserve upon exercise/vest | | - | - | 70,280 | - | (70,280) | - | - |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | 43 | - | - | - | - | - | (1,884,995) | (1,884,995) |
| Total transactions with owners | | 41,354 | 41,354 | 175,718 | - | 21,330 | (1,884,995) | (1,646,593) |
| At 31 December 2014 | | 8,582,017 | 8,582,017 | 2,398,794 | 16,598 | 176,628 | 6,536,768 | 17,710,805 |
| At 1 January 2013 | | 8,508,209 | 8,508,209 | 2,094,125 | 16,598 | 111,044 | 5,384,688 | 16,114,664 |
| Profit/Total comprehensive income for the financial year | | - | - | - | - | - | 2,556,849 | 2,556,849 |
| Transactions with owners: | | | | | | | | |
| - Issuance of new ordinary shares | | 32,454 | 32,454 | 92,782 | - | - | - | 125,236 |
| - Share issue expenses | | - | - | (255) | - | - | - | (255) |
| - Axiata Share Scheme: | | | | | | | | |
| - value of employees' services | 14(a) | - | - | - | - | 80,678 | - | 80,678 |
| - transferred from ESOS reserve upon exercise | | - | - | 36,424 | - | (36,424) | - | - |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | 43 | - | - | - | - | - | (2,985,725) | (2,985,725) |
| Total transactions with owners | | 32,454 | 32,454 | 128,951 | - | 44,254 | (2,985,725) | (2,780,066) |
| At 31 December 2013 | | 8,540,663 | 8,540,663 | 2,223,076 | 16,598 | 155,298 | 4,955,812 | 15,891,447 |

The above Company Statement of Changes in Equity is to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements on page 180 to 317.

Statements of Cash Flows

For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Cash flows from operating activities | 34 | 5,583,914 | 5,648,243 | 2,783,874 | 2,074,688 |
| Cash flows used in investing activities | 34 | (6,347,356) | (5,367,283) | (1,757,142) | (1,124,429) |
| Cash flows used in financing activities | 34 | (396,518) | (2,133,663) | (2,549,246) | (2,860,744) |
| Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents | | (1,159,960) | (1,852,703) | (1,522,514) | (1,910,485) |
| Effect of exchange gains on cash and cash equivalents | | 26,014 | 30,357 | 37,908 | 43,296 |
| Net increase in restricted cash and cash equivalents | | (9,608) | (62,667) | - | - |
| Cash of a subsidiary previously held as non-current assets held-for-sale | | - | 1,342 | - | - |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the financial year | | 6,010,793 | 7,894,464 | 1,657,169 | 3,524,358 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | 33 | 4,867,239 | 6,010,793 | 172,563 | 1,657,169 |

The above Statements of Cash Flows are to be read in conjunction with the notes to the financial statements on pages 180 to 317.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

1. General Information

The principal activities of the Group are the provision of mobile communication services and network transmission related services.

The principal activities of the Company are investment holding and provision of technical and management services on an international scale, where it has investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates. The principal activities of the subsidiaries are mainly the provision of mobile communication services and network transmission related services.

The principal activities of the subsidiaries are set out in Note 39 to the financial statements. There has been no significant change in the nature of the activities of the Group and the Company during the financial year.

The address of the registered office of the Company is Level 5, Corporate Headquarters, Axiata Tower, 9 Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur.

The address of the principal place of business of the Company is Corporate Headquarters, Axiata Tower, 9 Jalan Stesen Sentral 5, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, 50470 Kuala Lumpur.

The financial statements have been approved for issuance in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors on 24 February 2015.

2. Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements

The financial statements of the Group and the Company have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS"), International Financial Reporting Standards and the requirements of the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the summary of significant accounting policies.

The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM") and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand (RM'000) except when otherwise indicated.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of the revenues and expenses during the reported period. It also requires Directors to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Group's and the Company's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Directors' best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the Group's and the Company's financial statements are disclosed in Note 4 to the financial statements.

2. Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements (continued)

(a) Standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Company that are effective

New and amendments to published standards

The following standards and amendments to published standards have been adopted by the Group and the Company for the first time for the financial year beginning on or after 1 January 2014:

- Amendments to MFRS 10 'Consolidated Financial Statements', MFRS 12 'Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities' and MFRS 127 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements' introduce an exception to consolidation of investment entities. Investment entities are entities whose business purpose is to invest funds solely for returns from capital appreciation, investment income or both and evaluate the performance of its investments on fair value basis. The amendments require investment entities to measure particular subsidiaries at fair value instead of consolidating them.
- Amendment to MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation' does not change the current offsetting model in MFRS 132. It clarifies the meaning of 'currently has a legally enforceable right of set-off' that the right of set-off must be available today (not contingent on a future event) and legally enforceable for all counterparties in the normal course of business. It clarifies that some gross settlement mechanisms with features that are effectively equivalent to net settlement will satisfy the MFRS 132 offsetting criteria.
- IC Interpretation 21 'Levies' sets out the accounting for an obligation to pay a levy that is not income tax. The interpretation clarifies that the obligating event that gives rise to a liability to pay a levy is the activity described in the relevant registration that triggers the payment of levy.

The adoption of amendments to published standards and IC Interpretation did not have any material impact to the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

(b) Standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Company but not yet effective

The Group and the Company will apply the new standards and amendments to standards in the following period:

(i) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2015

Amendment to MFRS 119 'Employee Benefits' applies to contributions from employees or third parties to defined benefits plans and clarifies the treatment of such contributions. The amendment distinguishes between contributions that are linked to service only in the period in which they arise and those linked to service in more than one period. The objective of the amendment is to simplify the accounting for contributions that are independent of the number of years of employee service. Entities with plans that require contributions that vary with service will be required to recognise the benefit of those contributions over employee's working lives.

2. Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements (continued)

(b) Standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Company but not yet effective (continued)

The Group and the Company will apply the new standards and amendments to standards in the following period: (continued)

(i) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2015 (continued)

Annual Improvements 2010–2012 Cycle

- Amendment to MFRS 2 'Share-based Payment' clarifies the definition of a 'vesting condition' and separately defines 'performance condition' and 'service condition'.
- Amendment to MFRS 3 'Business Combinations' clarifies that an obligation to pay contingent consideration which meets the definition of a financial instrument is classified as a financial liability or as equity, on the basis of the definitions in MFRS 132. It is also clarifies that all non-equity contingent consideration is measured at fair value at each reporting date, with changes in fair value recognised in profit and loss.
- Amendment to MFRS 8 'Operating Segments' requires disclosure of the judgements made by management in aggregating operating segments. It is also amended to require a reconciliation of segment assets to the entity's assets when segment assets are reported.
- Amendment to MFRS 13 'Fair Value Measurement' which amended the basis of conclusions to clarify that it did not intend to remove the ability to measure short term receivables and payables at invoice amounts where the effect of discounting is immaterial.
- Amendment to MFRS 116 'Property, Plant and Equipment' and MFRS 138 'Intangible Assets' clarify how the gross carrying amount and the accumulated depreciation are treated where an entity uses the revaluation model.
- Amendment to MFRS 124 'Related Party Disclosures' is amended to includes, as a related party, an entity that provides key management personnel services to the reporting entity or to the parent of the reporting entity. Disclosure of the amounts charged to the reporting entity is required.

Annual Improvements 2011–2013 Cycle

- Amendment to MFRS 3 clarifies that MFRS 3 does not apply to the accounting for the formation of any joint venture under MFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements'.
- Amendment to MFRS 13 clarifies that the portfolio exception in MFRS 13 applies to all contracts (including non-financial contracts) within the scope of MFRS 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'.
- Amendment to MFRS 140 'Investment Property' assists users to distinguish between investment property and owner occupied property. However, preparers also need to consider the guidance in MFRS 3 to determine whether the acquisition of an investment property is a business combination.

2. Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements (continued)

(b) Standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Company but not yet effective (continued)

The Group and the Company will apply the new standards and amendments to standards in the following period: (continued)

(ii) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2016

Amendment to MFRS 11 'Joint Arrangements' requires an investor to apply the principles of MFRS 3 when it acquires an interest in a joint operation that constitutes a business. The amendments are applicable to both the acquisition of the initial interest in a joint operation and the acquisition of additional interest in the same joint operation. However, a previously held interest is not re-measured when the acquisition of an additional interest in the same joint operation results in retaining joint control.

Amendments to MFRS 10 and MFRS 128 'Investment in Associates' regarding sale or contribution of assets between an investor and its associate or joint venture resolve a current inconsistency between MFRS 10 and MFRS 128. The accounting treatment depends on whether the non-monetary assets sold or contributed to an associate or joint venture constitute a 'business'. Full gain or loss shall be recognised by the investor where the non-monetary assets constitute a 'business'. If the assets do not meet the definition of a business, the gain or loss is recognised by the investor to the extent of the other investors' interests. The amendments will only apply when an investor sells or contributes assets to its associate or joint venture. They are not intended to address accounting for the sale or contribution of assets by an investor in a joint operation.

Amendment to MFRS 127 on 'Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements' allows entities to use the equity method to account for investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures and associates in their separate financial statements.

Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle

- MFRS 5 'Non-current Assets Held for Sale and Discontinued Operations' clarifies that, when an asset (or disposal group) is reclassified from 'held for sale' to 'held for distribution', or vice versa, this does not constitute a change to a plan of sale or distribution, and does not have to be accounted for as such. This means that the asset (or disposal group) does not need to be reinstated in the financial statements as if it had never been classified as 'held for sale' or 'held for distribution' simply because the manner of disposal has changed. The amendment also rectifies an omission in the standard by explaining that the guidance on changes in a plan of sale should be applied to an asset (or disposal group) which ceases to be held for distribution but is not reclassified as 'held for sale'.
- MFRS 7 'Financial Instruments: Disclosures' adds specific guidance to help management determine whether the terms of an arrangement to service a financial asset which has been transferred constitute continuing involvement. The amendment clarifies that the additional disclosure on Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities' is not specifically required for all interim periods, unless required by MFRS 134.

2. Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements (continued)

(b) Standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Company but not yet effective (continued)

The Group and the Company will apply the new standards and amendments to standards in the following period: (continued)

(ii) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2016 (continued)

Annual Improvements 2012-2014 Cycle (continued)

- MFRS 119 clarifies that, when determining the discount rate for post-employment benefit obligations, it is currency that the liabilities are denominated in that is important, not the country where they arise. The assessment whether there is a deep market in high-quality corporate bonds is based on corporate bonds in that currency, not corporate bonds in a particular country. Similarly, where there is no deep market in high-quality corporate bonds in that currency, government bonds denominated in the relevant currency should be used.
- MFRS 134 'Interim Financial Reporting' requires a cross-reference from the interim financial statements to the location of that information.

(iii) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2017

MFRS 15 'Revenue from Contracts with Customers' deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The standard replaces MFRS 118 'Revenue' and MFRS 111 'Construction Contracts' and related interpretations.

(iv) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2018

MFRS 9 'Financial Instruments' will replace MFRS 139 'Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement'. The complete version of MFRS 9 was issued in November 2014.

MFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model in MFRS 139 and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income ("OCI"). The basis of classification depends on the entity's business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments are always measured at fair value through profit or loss with a irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in OCI (provided the instrument is not held for trading). A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest.

2. Basis of Preparation of the Financial Statements (continued)

(b) Standards and amendments to published standards that are applicable to the Group and the Company but not yet effective (continued)

The Group and the Company will apply the new standards and amendments to standards in the following period: (continued)

(iv) Financial year beginning on/after 1 January 2018 (continued)

For liabilities, the standard retains most of the MFRS 139 requirements. These include amortised cost accounting for most financial liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity's own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

There is now a new expected credit losses model on impairment for all financial assets that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in MFRS 139. The expected credit losses model is forward-looking and eliminates the need for a trigger event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

The impact of MFRS 9 and MFRS 15 are still being assessed. Aside from MFRS 9 and MFRS 15, the adoptions of amendments to published standards are not expected to have a material impact to the financial statements of the Group and the Company.

3. Significant Accounting Policies

The principal accounting policies in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

(a) Economic entities in the Group

(i) Subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are all entities (including structured entities) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. The existence and effect of potential voting rights that are currently exercisable or convertible are considered only if the rights are substantive when assessing whether the Group controls another entity.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired, liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest ("NCI") in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the NCI's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Economic entities in the Group (continued)

(i) Subsidiaries (continued)

Under the predecessor method of merger accounting, the results of subsidiaries are presented as if the merger had been effected throughout the current and previous years. The assets and liabilities combined are accounted for based on the carrying amounts from the perspective of the common control shareholder at the date of transfer. On consolidation, the cost of the merger is cancelled with the values of the shares received. Any resulting credit difference is classified as equity and regarded as a non-distributable reserve. Any resulting debit difference is adjusted against any suitable reserve. Any share premium, capital redemption reserve and any other reserves which are attributable to share capital of the merged enterprises, to the extent that they have not been capitalised by a debit difference, are reclassified and presented as movement in other capital reserves.

Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred.

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date fair value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is remeasured to fair value at the acquisition date through consolidated profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the Group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with MFRS 139 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred by the Group, the amount of any NCI in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recognised as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, NCI recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement. The accounting policy of goodwill is stated in Note 3(b)(i) to the financial statements. Goodwill is carried at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any.

Inter-company transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between the Group's companies are eliminated. Profits and losses resulting from inter-company transactions that are recognised in assets are also eliminated. Accounting policies of subsidiaries have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Economic entities in the Group (continued)

(ii) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with NCIs that do not result in loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions—that is, as transactions with the owners in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying value of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to NCIs are also recorded in equity.

(iii) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in consolidated profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, a joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that subsidiary are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss.

(iv) Joint arrangements

A joint arrangement is an arrangement of which there is contractually agreed sharing of control by the Group with one or more parties, where decisions about the relevant activities relating to the joint arrangement require unanimous consent of the parties sharing control. The classification of a joint arrangement as a joint operation or a joint venture depends upon the rights and obligations of the parties to the arrangement. A joint venture is a joint arrangement whereby the joint venturers have rights to the net assets of the arrangement. A joint operation is a joint arrangement whereby the joint operators have rights to the assets and obligations for the liabilities, relating to the arrangement.

The Group's interest in joint venture is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method as stated in Note 3(a)(v) to the financial statements. Where necessary, in applying the equity method, adjustments are made to the financial statements of joint venture to ensure consistency of the accounting policies with those of the Group.

(v) Associates

Associates are all entities which the Group has significant influence, but no control, generally accompanying a shareholding of between 20% and 50% of the voting rights. Significant influence is power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the associates but not power to exercise control or jointly control over those policies.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(a) Economic entities in the Group (continued)

(v) Associates (continued)

Investments in associates are accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method of accounting. Under the equity method of accounting, the investment is initially recognised at cost, and the carrying amount is increased or decreased to recognise the Group's share of the post-acquisition results and changes of the associate's reserves in other comprehensive income after the date of acquisition and net off with any accumulated impairment loss. The Group's investment in associates includes goodwill identified on acquisition.

When the Group's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, including any other unsecured receivables, the Group does not recognise further losses, unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. If the associate subsequently reports profits, the Group resumes recognising its share of those profits only after its share of the profits equals the share of losses not recognised.

Profits and losses resulting from upstream and downstream transactions between the Group and its associate are recognised in the Group's consolidated financial statements only to the extent of unrelated investor's interests in the associates. Unrealised losses are eliminated unless the transaction provides evidence of an impairment of the asset transferred. Accounting policies of associates have been changed where necessary to ensure consistency with the policies adopted by the Group.

Equity accounting is discontinued when the Group ceases to have significant influence over the associates.

If the ownership interest in an associate is reduced but significant influence is retained, only a proportionate share of the amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss where appropriate.

The cost of acquiring an additional stake in an associate is added to the carrying amount of associate and equity accounted. Goodwill arising on the purchase of additional stake is computed using fair value information at the date the additional interest is purchased. The previously held interest is not re-measured.

Dilution gains and losses arising in investments in associates are recognised in the consolidated profit or loss.

The Group determines at each reporting date whether there is any objective evidence that the investment in the associate is impaired. If this is the case, the Group calculates the amount of impairment as the difference between the recoverable amount of the associate and its carrying value and recognises the difference in the consolidated profit or loss.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(b) Intangible assets

(i) Goodwill

Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of acquisition of subsidiaries over the Group's share of the fair value of the identifiable net assets including contingent liabilities of subsidiaries at the date of acquisition.

For the purpose of impairment testing, goodwill acquired in a business combination is allocated to each of the cash generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of CGUs, that is expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination. Each unit or group of units to which the goodwill is allocated represents the lowest level within the entity at which the goodwill is monitored for internal management purposes. Goodwill is monitored at the operating segment level.

Goodwill impairment reviews are undertaken annually or more frequently if events or changes in circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The carrying value of goodwill is compared to the recoverable amount, which is the higher of value in use and the fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment is recognised immediately as an expense and is not subsequently reversed.

(ii) Licenses

The Group's licenses are mainly consisting acquired telecommunication licences with allocated spectrum rights and tower operating license. Acquired licenses are shown at cost. Licenses have finite useful lives and are carried at cost less accumulated amortisation. Amortisation is calculated using straight-line method, from the effective date of commercialisation of services, subject to impairment, to the end of the assignment period. Licenses are not revalued. The estimated useful lives of the acquired telecommunication licenses with allocated spectrum rights and tower operating license of the Group are as follows:

| | |
|------------|--------------|
| Malaysia | 10 years |
| Indonesia | 10 years |
| Sri Lanka | 2 – 15 years |
| Bangladesh | 15 years |
| Cambodia | 25 years |

(iii) Subscriber acquisition costs

Subscriber acquisition costs incurred in providing the customer a free or subsidised handset, provided the customer signs a non-cancellable contract for a predetermined contractual period, are amortised over the contractual period on a straight line method.

Subscriber acquisition costs are assessed at each reporting date whether there is any indication that the subscriber acquisition cost may be impaired.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (“PPE”)

PPE are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

(i) Cost

The cost of telecommunication network includes cost of equipment, site surveys, contractors’ charges, materials and related overhead. The cost of other PPE comprises their purchase cost and any incidental cost of acquisition. These costs include the costs of dismantling, removal and restoration, the obligation which was incurred as a consequence of installing the asset.

PPE also include telecommunication equipment and maintenance spares acquired for the purpose of replacing damaged or faulty plant or spares and supplies to be used in constructing and maintaining the network.

Borrowing costs directly incurred to finance the construction of PPE that takes more than twelve (12) months are capitalised as part of the cost of the assets during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the qualified asset for its intended use.

Subsequent cost is included in the carrying amount of the asset or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that the future economic benefit associated with the item will flow to the Group and the Company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. The carrying value of the replaced part is derecognised. All other repairs and maintenance are recognised as expenses in profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred.

(ii) Depreciation and residual value

Freehold land is not depreciated as it has an infinite life. Other PPE are depreciated on a straight-line basis to write off the cost of the assets to their residual values over their estimated useful lives in years, as summarised below:

| | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|
| Leasehold land | 3-99 years |
| Buildings | 3-50 years |
| Telecommunication network equipment | 2-20 years |
| Movable plant and equipment | 2-10 years |
| Computer support systems | 3-10 years |

Depreciation on assets under construction or capital work-in-progress commence when the assets are ready for their intended use. Depreciation on PPE ceases at the earlier of derecognition or classification as held-for-sale.

The assets’ residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of the reporting period.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(c) Property, plant and equipment (“PPE”)

(iii) Impairment

At the end of the reporting period, the Group and the Company assess whether there is any indication of impairment. If such indication exists, an analysis is performed to assess whether the carrying value of the asset is fully recoverable. A write down is made if the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount. See significant accounting policies Note 3(e) to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets.

(iv) Gains or losses on disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the related asset and are included in the profit or loss.

(v) Asset exchange transaction

PPE may be acquired in exchange for a non-monetary asset or for a combination of monetary and non-monetary assets and is measured at fair value unless;

- the exchange transaction lacks commercial substance; or
- the fair value of neither the assets received nor the assets given up can be measured reliably.

The acquired item is measured in this way even if the Group and the Company cannot immediately derecognise the assets given up. If the acquired item cannot be reliably measured at fair value, its cost is measured at the carrying amount of the asset given up.

(vi) Repairs and maintenance

Repairs and maintenance are charged to the profit or loss during the period in which they are incurred. The cost of major renovations is included in the carrying amount of the asset when it is probable that future economic benefits in excess of the originally assessed standard of performance of the existing asset will flow to the Group and the Company. This cost is depreciated over the remaining useful life of the related asset.

(d) Investments in subsidiaries and associates

In the Company's separate financial statements, investments in subsidiaries and associates are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses.

Where an indication of impairment exists, the carrying amount of the investment is assessed and written down immediately to its recoverable amount. See accounting policy Note 3(e) to the financial statements on impairment of non-financial assets.

On disposal of an investment, the difference between the disposal proceed and its carrying amount of the investment is recognised in profit or loss. Disposal-related costs are expensed as incurred.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(e) Impairment of non-financial assets (excluding goodwill)

Assets that have an indefinite useful life are not subject to amortisation and are tested for impairment annually, and as and when events or circumstances occur indicating that an impairment may exist.

Assets with definite useful life are reviewed for impairment losses whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to sell ("FVLCS") and value-in-use ("VIU"). For the purpose of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest level for which there are separately identifiable cash flows ("CGUs"). Assets that suffered an impairment are reviewed for possible reversal at the end of reporting period.

For investment in associates, when assessing FVLCS, the unit of account is the investment in associate as a whole. Accordingly, for listed associates, the quoted price is adjusted to reflect management's estimate of block discounts on similar purchases of non-controlling interests.

The impairment loss is charged to profit or loss. Any subsequent increase in recoverable amount is recognised in the profit or loss.

(f) Financial assets

(i) Classification

The Group and the Company classify its financial assets in the following categories: at FVTPL, loans and receivables, available-for-sale ("AFS") and held-to-maturity ("HTM"). The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets at FVTPL are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if it is acquired or incurred principally for the purpose of selling or repurchasing it in the near term. Derivatives are also categorised as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. See Note 19 to the financial statements on derivative financial instruments and hedging activities. Assets in this category are classified as current assets if expected to be settled within 12 months; otherwise, they are classified as non-current.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period. These are classified as non-current assets.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial assets (continued)

(i) Classification (continued)

(c) AFS financial assets

AFS financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless the investment matures or management intends to dispose of it within twelve (12) months from the end of the reporting period.

(d) HTM financial assets

HTM financial assets are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments and fixed maturities that the Group's and Company's management have the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. If the Group and the Company were to sell other than an insignificant amount of HTM financial assets, the whole category would be tainted and reclassified as AFS. HTM financial assets are included in non-current assets, except for those with maturities less than twelve (12) months from the end of the reporting period, which are classified as current assets.

(ii) Recognition and initial measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade-date, the date on which the Group and the Company commit to purchase or sell the asset.

Financial assets are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at FVTPL. Financial assets carried at FVTPL are initially recognised at fair value and transaction costs are expensed in profit or loss.

(iii) Subsequent measurement – gains and losses

AFS financial assets and financial assets at FVTPL are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables and HTM financial assets are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Changes in the fair values of financial assets at FVTPL, including the effects of currency translation are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the changes arise.

Changes in the fair value of AFS financial assets are recognised in other comprehensive income, except for impairment losses (see accounting policy Note 3(f)(iv)(b)) and foreign exchange gains and losses on monetary assets. The exchange differences on monetary assets are recognised in profit or loss, whereas exchange differences on non-monetary assets are recognised in other comprehensive income as part of fair value change.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial assets (continued)

(iv) Subsequent measurement-Impairment of financial assets

(a) Assets carried at amortised cost

The Group and the Company assess at the end of the reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The criteria that the Group and the Company use to determine that there is objective evidence of an impairment loss include:

- Significant financial difficulty of the issuer or obligor;
- A breach of contract, such as a default or delinquency in interest or principal payments;
- The Group, for economic or legal reasons relating to the borrower's financial difficulty, granting to the borrower a concession that the lender would not otherwise consider;
- It becomes probable that the borrower will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation;
- Disappearance of an active market for that financial asset because of financial difficulties; or
- Observable data indicating that there is a measurable decrease in the estimated future cash flows from a portfolio of financial assets since the initial recognition of those assets, although the decrease cannot yet be identified with the individual financial assets in the portfolio, including:
 - (i) adverse changes in the payment status of borrowers in the portfolio; and
 - (ii) national or local economic conditions that correlate with defaults on the assets in the portfolio.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The asset's carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in profit or loss. If 'loans and receivables' or a 'HTM investment' has a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract. As a practical expedient, the Group and the Company may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(f) Financial assets (continued)

(iv) Subsequent measurement-Impairment of financial assets (continued)

(a) Assets carried at amortised cost (continued)

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

When an asset is uncollectible, it is written off against the related accumulated impairment losses account. Such assets are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined.

(b) Assets classified as AFS

The Group and the Company assess at the end of the reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired.

For debt securities, the Group and the Company uses criteria and measurement of impairment loss applicable for 'assets carried at amortised cost' above.

In the case of equity securities classified as AFS, in addition to the criteria for 'assets carried at amortised cost' above, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is also considered as an indicator that the assets are impaired. If any such evidence exists for AFS financial assets, the cumulative loss that had been recognised directly in equity is removed from equity and recognised in profit or loss. The amount of cumulative loss that is reclassified to profit or loss is the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss. Impairment losses recognised in profit or loss on equity instruments classified as AFS are not reversed through profit or loss.

(v) De-recognition

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group and the Company have transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Receivables that are factored out to banks and other financial institutions with recourse to the Group and the Company are not derecognised until the recourse period has expired and the risks and rewards of the receivables have been fully transferred. The corresponding cash received from the financial institutions is recorded as borrowings.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(g) Offsetting financial instruments

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statements of financial position when there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

(h) Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. The Group and the Company designate certain derivatives as either:

- Hedges of the fair value of recognised assets or liabilities or a firm commitment (fair value hedge);
- Hedges of a particular risk associated with a recognised asset or liability or a highly probable forecast transaction (cash flow hedge); or
- Hedges of a net investment in a foreign operation (net investment hedge).

The Group and the Company document at the inception of the transaction, the relationship between hedging instruments and hedged items, as well as its risk management objectives and strategy for undertaking various hedging transactions. The Group and the Company also document its assessment, both at hedge inception and on an ongoing basis, of whether the derivatives that are used in hedging transactions are highly effective in offsetting changes in fair values or cash flows of hedged items.

The fair values of various derivative instruments used for hedging purposes are disclosed in Note 19 to the financial statements. Movements on the hedging reserve in other comprehensive income are shown in the statement of changes in equity of the financial statements. The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability when the remaining hedged item is more than twelve (12) months and as a current asset or liability when the remaining maturity of the hedged item is less than twelve (12) months. Trading derivatives are classified as a current asset or liability.

(i) Fair value hedge

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recorded in the profit or loss, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk. The Group and the Company only apply fair value hedge accounting for hedging fixed interest risk on borrowings. The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of cross currency interest rate swaps ("CCIRS") hedging fixed rate borrowings is recognised in the profit or loss within 'finance costs'. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in the profit or loss within 'other gains/(losses)-net'. Changes in the fair value of the hedge fixed rate borrowings attributable to interest rate risk are recognised in the profit or loss within 'finance cost'.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(h) Derivative financial instruments and hedging activities (continued)

(i) Fair value hedge (continued)

If the hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, the adjustment to the carrying amount of a hedged item for which the effective interest method is used and is amortised to profit or loss over the period to maturity.

(ii) Cash flow hedge

The effective portion of changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as cash flow hedges is recognised in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the profit or loss within 'other gains/(losses)-net'.

Amounts accumulated in equity are reclassified to profit or loss in the periods when the hedged item affects profit or loss (for example, when the forecast sale that is hedged takes place). The gain or loss relating to the effective portion of interest rate swaps hedging variable rate borrowings is recognised in the profit or loss within 'finance costs'. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised in the profit or loss within 'other gains/(losses)-net'. However, when the forecast transaction that is hedged, results in the recognition of a non-financial asset, the gains and losses previously deferred in equity are transferred from equity and included in the initial measurement of the cost of the asset. The deferred amounts are ultimately recognised in cost of goods sold in the case of inventory or in depreciation in the case of PPE.

When a hedging instrument expires or is sold, or when a hedge no longer meets the criteria for hedge accounting, any cumulative gain or loss existing in equity at that time remains in equity and is recognised when the forecast transaction is ultimately recognised in the profit or loss. When a forecast transaction is no longer expected to occur, the cumulative gain or loss that was reported in equity is immediately transferred to the profit or loss within 'other gains/(losses)-net'.

(iii) Net investment hedge

Hedges of net investments in foreign operations are accounted for similarly to cash flow hedges.

Any gain or loss on the hedging instrument relating to the effective portion of the hedge is recognised in other comprehensive income. The gain or loss relating to the ineffective portion is recognised immediately in the profit or loss within 'other gains/(losses)-net'.

Gains and losses accumulated in equity are included in the profit or loss when the foreign operation is partially disposed of or sold.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(i) Inventories

Inventories are stated at lower of cost and net realisable value.

Certain items such as spare parts, stand-by equipment and servicing equipment shall be recognised as PPE when they meet the definition of PPE under MFRS 116. Otherwise, the items are classified as inventory.

Cost is determined on a weighted average basis and comprises all cost of purchase and other cost incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location.

Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less all estimated costs to completion and applicable variable selling expenses. In arriving at the net realisable value, due allowance is made for all obsolete and slow moving items.

(j) Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts due from customers for goods sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. If collection is expected in one (1) year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer), they are classified as current assets. Otherwise, they are presented as non-current assets.

Trade receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less accumulated impairment losses.

(k) Cash and cash equivalents

For the purpose of the statements of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short term, highly liquid investments with original maturities of three (3) months or less and bank overdrafts. Deposits held as pledged securities for term loans granted are not included as cash and cash equivalents.

Bank overdrafts are included within borrowings in current liabilities in the statements of financial position.

(l) Trade payables

Trade payables are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one (1) year or less (or in the normal operating cycle of the business if longer). If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(m) Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method; any difference between proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the profit or loss over the period of the borrowings.

Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation.

Fees paid on the establishment of loan facilities are recognised as transaction costs of the loan to the extent that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down. In this case, the fee is deferred until the draw-down occurs. To the extent there is no evidence that it is probable that some or all of the facility will be drawn down, the fee is capitalised as a pre-payment for liquidity services and amortised over the period of the facility to which it relates.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group and the Company have an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period.

(n) Current and deferred tax

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income.

Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation. It establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

Deferred tax is recognised, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred tax liabilities are not recognised if they arise from the initial recognition of goodwill; deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantially enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(n) Current and deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries and associates, except for deferred tax liability where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not be reversed in the foreseeable future. Generally the Group is unable to control the reversal of the temporary difference for associates. Only where there is an agreement in place that gives the Group the ability to control the reversal of the temporary difference not recognised.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the same taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Tax benefit from investment tax incentive is recognised when the tax credit is utilised and no deferred tax asset is recognised when the tax credit is claimed.

(o) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group and the Company have a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, when it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation, and when a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Where the Group and the Company expect a provision to be reimbursed (for example, under an insurance contract), the reimbursement is recognised as a separate asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. Provisions are not recognised for future operating losses.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in a settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as finance cost.

Provision for liabilities is mainly provisions for dismantling, removal or restoration on identified sites. Provisions are reviewed at the end of the reporting period and adjusted to PPE to reflect the current best estimation. Where the time value of money is material, the amount of a provision is the present value of the future period expenditure expected to be required to settle the obligation.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(p) Contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group does not recognise a contingent liability but discloses its existence in the financial statements. A contingent liability is a possible obligation that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group or a present obligation that is not recognised because it is not probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation. A contingent liability also arises in the extremely rare circumstance where there is a liability that cannot be recognised because it cannot be measured reliably.

A contingent asset is a possible asset that arises from past events whose existence will be confirmed by uncertain future events beyond the control of the Group. The Group does not recognise a contingent asset but discloses its existence where inflows of economic benefits are probable, but not virtually certain.

In the acquisition of subsidiaries by the Group under a business combination, the contingent liabilities assumed are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date, irrespective of the extent of any NCI.

The Group recognises separately the contingent liabilities of the acquirers as part of allocating the cost of a business combination where their fair values can be measured reliably. Where the fair values cannot be measured reliably, the resulting effect will be reflected in the goodwill arising from the acquisitions.

Subsequent to the initial recognition, the Group measures the contingent liabilities that are recognised separately at the date of acquisition at the higher of the amount that would be recognised in accordance with the provisions of MFRS 137 “Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets” and the amount initially recognised less, when appropriate, cumulative amortisation recognised in accordance with MFRS 118 “Revenue”.

(q) Share capital

(i) Classification

Ordinary share with discretionary dividends are classified as equity. Other shares are classified as equity and/or liability according to the economic substance of the particular instrument.

Distribution to holders of a financial instrument classified as an equity instrument is charged directly to equity.

(ii) Share issue expenses

Incremental external costs directly attributable to the issuance of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax from the proceeds.

(iii) Dividends to shareholders of the Company

Dividend distribution to the Company’s shareholders is recognised as a liability in the period they are approved by the Board of Directors except for the final and special dividends which are subject to approval by the Company’s shareholders.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(r) Leases

A lease is an agreement whereby the lessor conveys to the lessee in return for a payment, or series of payments, the right to use an asset for an agreed period of time.

Accounting by lessee

(i) Finance leases

Leases of PPE where the Group assumes substantially all the benefits and risks of ownership are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised at the inception of the lease at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset and the present value of the minimum lease payments. Each lease payment is allocated between the liability and finance charges so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the balance outstanding. The corresponding rental obligations, net of finance charges, are included in payables. The interest element of the finance lease is charged to the profit or loss over the lease period, so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability for each period.

PPE acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the estimated useful life of the asset, in accordance with the annual rates stated in Note 3(c)(ii) to the financial statements. Where there is no reasonable certainty that the ownership will be transferred to the Group, the asset is depreciated over the shorter of the lease term or its estimated useful life.

Initial direct costs incurred by the Group in negotiating and arranging finance leases are added to the carrying amount of the leased assets and recognised as an expense in profit or loss over the lease term on the same basis as the lease expense.

(ii) Operating leases

Leases of assets where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the lease period.

Accounting by lessor

(i) Finance leases

When assets are leased out under a finance lease, the present value of the lease payments is recognised as a receivable. The difference between the gross receivable and the present value of the receivable is recognised as unearned finance income. Lease income is recognised over the term of the lease using the net investment method so as to reflect a constant periodic rate of return.

(ii) Operating leases

When assets are leased out under an operating lease, the asset is included in the statements of financial position based on the nature of the asset. Lease income is recognised over the term for the lease on a straight-line basis.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(s) Income recognition

The Group's operating revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of products and rendering of services net of returns, duties, sales discounts and sales taxes paid, after eliminating sales within the Group. The Group's and the Company's operating revenues are recognised or accrued at the time of the provision of the products or services.

(i) Mobile and interconnect services revenue

Revenue from mobile telephony services are recognised based on actual traffic volume, net of rebates or discounts.

Revenue from sales of prepaid starter packs and prepaid phone cards are deferred (as disclosed as deferred revenue in trade and other payables) and recognised as revenue based on the actual use of the cards, net of service tax and discounts. Any amounts not recognised are deferred, after which such amounts will be recognised as revenue.

Revenue from interconnection with other operators is recognised on the basis of actual recorded call traffic.

(ii) Lease of passive infrastructure

Income from lease of passive infrastructure is recognised on an accrual basis based on prices agreed with customers.

(iii) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method. When a receivable is impaired, the Group and the Company reduce the carrying amount to its recoverable amount, being the estimated future cash flow discounted at the original effective interest rate of the instrument, and continues unwinding the discount as interest income. Interest income on impaired loans is recognised using original effective interest rate.

(iv) Dividend income

Dividend income from investment in subsidiaries, joint ventures, associates and other investments is recognised when a right to receive payment is established. This applies even if they are paid out of pre-acquisition profits. However, the investment may need to be tested for impairment as a consequence.

(v) Technical and management services fees

Technical and management services fees comprise of fees for provision of support services to certain subsidiaries, which are recognised on an accrual basis.

(vi) Other revenues

All other revenues are recognised net of rebates or discounts upon the rendering of services or sale of products, when the transfers of risks and rewards have been completed.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(t) Employee benefits

(i) Short term employee benefits

Wages, salaries, paid annual leave, bonuses and non-monetary benefits are accrued in the period in which the associated services are rendered by employees of the Group and the Company.

(ii) Contribution to Employees Provident Fund (“EPF”)

The Group’s and the Company’s contributions to EPF are charged to the profit or loss in the period to which they relate. Once the contributions have been paid, the Group and the Company have no further payment obligations. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(iii) Termination benefits

Termination benefits are payable whenever an employee’s employment is terminated before the normal retirement date or whenever an employee accepts voluntary redundancy in exchange for these benefits. The Group and the Company recognise termination benefits when it is demonstrably committed to either terminate the employment of current employees according to a detailed formal plan without possibility of withdrawal or to provide termination benefits that is within the scope of MFRS 137 and involves the payment of termination benefits. In the case of an offer made to encourage voluntary redundancy, the termination benefits are measured based on the number of employees expected to accept the offer. Benefits falling due more than twelve (12) months after the end of the reporting period are discounted to present value.

(iv) Share-based compensation

The Group and the Company operate an equity-settled and share-based compensation plan for its employees which are Employee Share Option Scheme (“ESOS”) and Restricted Share Plan (“RSP”) [“Axiata Share Scheme”].

Employee services received in exchange for the grant of the share options and/or restricted shares awards (“RSA”) are recognised as an expense in the profit or loss over the vesting period of the grant, with a corresponding increase in equity.

The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the share options and/or RSA granted:

- including any market performance conditions;
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- excluding the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(t) Employee benefits (continued)

(iv) Share-based compensation (continued)

Non-market vesting conditions are included in the assumptions about the number of options and/or RSA that are expected to vest. At the end of reporting period, the Group and the Company revise its estimates of the number of share options and/or RSA that are expected to vest. It recognises the impact of the revision of original estimates, if any, in the profit or loss, with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

When RSA is vested, the fair value is credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium with corresponding debit to ESOS and RSA reserve.

Recharges made by the Company in respect of options and/or RSA granted to subsidiaries are accounted for as amounts due from subsidiaries.

(v) Post-employment benefit obligations

The Group operates various defined benefit plans in accordance with local conditions and practices in the countries in which it operates. The plans are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or trustee-administrated funds, determined by periodic actuarial calculations. A defined benefit plan is a pension plan that is not a defined contribution plan. Defined benefit plans define an amount of pension benefit that an employee will receive on retirement, usually dependent on one or more factors such as age, years of service and compensation.

The Group determines the present value of the defined benefit obligation and the fair value of any plan assets with sufficient regularity such that the amounts recognised in the financial statements do not differ materially from the amounts that would be determined at the end of the reporting period. The liability recognised in the statement of financial position in respect of defined benefit pension plans is the present value of the defined obligation at the end of the reporting period less the fair value of plan assets, together with adjustments for actuarial gains/losses and unrecognised past-service costs.

The defined benefit obligation is calculated annually by independent actuaries using projected unit credit method. The present value of the defined benefit obligation is determined by discounting the estimated future cash flows using interest rates of high-quality corporate bonds that are denominated in the currency in which the benefits will be paid, and that have terms to maturity approximately to the terms of related pension obligation. In countries where there is no deep market in such bonds, the market rates on government bonds are used.

Remeasurement, comprising actuarial gains and losses arising from experience adjustments and changes in actuarial assumptions, are charged or credited to equity in other comprehensive income in the period in which they arise and will not be reclassified to profit or loss.

Past-service costs are recognised immediately in income statement.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(u) Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue comprises:

- (i) The unutilised balance of airtime and access fee in respect of prepaid cards sold to customers. Such revenue amounts are recognised as revenue upon utilisation of airtime and activation of access right by the customer.
- (ii) The value of advance billings made to customers in respect of the rental of fibre optic network. Such amounts are recognised as revenue systematically over the period covered by the advance billings.

(v) Indefeasible right of use (“IRU”)

The Group has entered into certain IRU agreements with its customers. An IRU is a right to use a specified amount of capacity for a specific time period that cannot be revoked or voided. Such agreements are accounted for either as lease or service transactions.

Those IRU agreements that provide the lessee with exclusive right to the purchased capacity and limit the purchased capacity to a specified fibre are accounted as lease transactions. Other IRUs are accounted for as service contracts.

IRU agreements that transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee are classified as sale-type leases. All other IRU leases are classified as operating leases.

(w) Foreign currencies

(i) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates. The consolidated financial statements are presented in RM, which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

(ii) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are remeasured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities (inclusive of advances to subsidiaries treated as quasi-investments) denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the net profit for the financial year, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges and qualifying net investment hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings are presented in the profit or loss within 'finance cost'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'foreign exchange gains/(losses)'.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(w) Foreign currencies (continued)

(ii) Transactions and balances (continued)

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as AFS are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the securities and other changes in the carrying amount of the securities. Translation differences related to changes in amortised cost are recognised in the profit or loss for the financial year, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

(iii) Group companies (Consolidated financial statements)

The results and financial position of all the Group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statements of financial position;
- income and expenses for each statements of comprehensive income are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the rate on the dates of the transactions); and
- all resulting exchange differences are recognised as a separate component of other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisitions of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate. Exchange differences arising are recognised in other comprehensive income.

On consolidation, exchange differences arising from the translation of the net investment in foreign operations are taken to other comprehensive income.

On the disposal of a foreign operation (that is, a disposal of the Group's entire interest in a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, a disposal involving loss of joint control over a joint venture that includes a foreign operation, or a disposal involving loss of significant influence over an associate that includes a foreign operation), all of the exchange differences relating to that foreign operation recognised in consolidated other comprehensive income and accumulated in the separate component of equity are reclassified to consolidated profit or loss. In the case of a partial disposal that does not result in the Group losing control over a subsidiary that includes a foreign operation, the proportionate share of accumulated exchange differences are re-attributed to NCIs and are not recognised in consolidated profit or loss. For all other partial disposals (that is, reductions in the Group's ownership interest in associates or joint ventures that do not result in the Group losing significant influence or joint control) the proportionate share of the accumulated exchange difference is reclassified to consolidated profit or loss.

3. Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

(x) Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision maker. The Chief Operating Decision maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Board of Directors that makes strategic decisions.

(y) Non-current assets (or disposal groups) held-for-sale

Non-current assets (or disposal groups) are classified as assets held-for-sale when their carrying amount is to be recovered principally through a sale transaction and a sale is considered as highly probable. They are stated at the lower of carrying amount and FVLCS.

(z) Government grants

As a Universal Service Provider (“USP”), the Group is entitled to claim certain qualified expenses from the relevant authorities in relation to USP projects. The claim qualifies as a government grant and is recognised at fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are recognised in the profit or loss over the period necessary to match them with the costs they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to the purchase of assets are included in non-current liabilities as deferred income and are credited to the profit or loss on the straight line basis over the expected life of the related assets.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Directors and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

(a) Critical judgements in applying the Group’s and Company’s accounting policies

In determining and applying accounting policies, judgement is often required in respect of items where the choice of specific policy could materially affect the reported results and financial position of the Group and the Company. The following accounting policies require subjective judgements, often as a result of the need to make estimates about the effect of matters that are inherently uncertain.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

(a) Critical judgements in applying the Group's and Company's accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets – Acquired telecommunication licences with allocated spectrum rights

The Group has applied judgement in determining the treatment of the annual fees payable over ten (10) years in respect of a 3G spectrum license granted to a foreign subsidiary. The annual fee is charged to the profit or loss when incurred based on management's judgement that future annual fees will no longer be payable upon the decision by the subsidiary to return the license. The Group considers the prepaid annual payment to be usage fees based on interpretation of the license conditions, written confirmation from the Directorate General of Post and Telecommunication, Indonesia and current financial year assessment of 3G operations. The prepaid annual fees are therefore not considered part of the acquisition cost of the license.

Should the regulations and conditions with regards to the payment of the annual fees be amended in the future with the consequence that payment of the remaining outstanding annual fees cannot be avoided upon the subsidiary surrendering the license, the Group will recognise an intangible asset and a corresponding liability at the present value of the remaining annual fees at that point in time.

Intangible assets – Estimated useful life of telecommunication licenses with allocated spectrum rights

The telecommunication licenses with allocated spectrum rights acquired by a subsidiary via business combination during the financial year are not subject to amortisation and are tested annually for impairment as the Group is of the opinion that the licenses can be renewed in perpetuity at negligible cost and the associated spectrum rights, similar to land, have an indefinite economic useful life. The estimated indefinite economic useful life reflects the Group's expectation of the period over which the Group will continuously recover the benefits from the licenses.

(b) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. The Group, and to a large extent the activities, are governed by the legal, regulatory and business environment in the countries which the Group operates in and which the Group has investments in. The business of the Group is subject to a number of risks, many of which are beyond the Group's control.

The main risks relating to the Group's business are as follows:

- Increasing competition in the countries the Group operates in
- Challenges in expanding business in certain emerging markets
- Political, regulatory and social developments in the region the Group operates in
- Significant expansion of capital investments required
- Increasing substitution for traditional voice and data market

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

(b) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Group's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next year are mentioned below.

(i) Impairment assessment of goodwill

The Group tests goodwill for impairment annually in accordance with its accounting policy and whenever events or change in circumstances indicate that this is necessary within the financial year. Recoverable amount is measured at the higher of the FVLCS for that asset and its VIU.

The recoverable amounts of certain CGUs have been determined based on VIU calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates. The calculations are inherently judgemental and susceptible to change from period to period because they require the Group to make assumptions about revenue growth, exchange rates, an appropriate discount rate and terminal growth rate.

The assumptions used, results and sensitivity of the impairment assessment of goodwill are disclosed in Note 24 to the financial statements.

(ii) Impairment assessment of PPE and investments

The Group and the Company assess impairment of the assets or CGUs mentioned above whenever the events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of an asset or CGU may not be recoverable i.e. the carrying amount of the asset is more than the recoverable amount. Recoverable amount is measured at the higher of the FVLCS for that asset or CGU and its VIU.

Projected future cash flows used in impairment testing of the assets or CGUs mentioned above are based on Group's and Company's estimates calculated based on historical, sector and industry trends, general market and economic conditions, changes in technology and other available information.

The recoverable amounts of the asset or CGUs have been determined based on VIU calculations. These calculations require the use of estimates. The calculations are inherently judgemental and susceptible to change from period to period because they require the Group and the Company to make assumptions about revenue growth, exchange rates, an appropriate discount rate and terminal growth rate.

The assumption used and results of the impairment assessment of investment in an associate are disclosed in Note 28 to the financial statements.

(iii) Estimated useful lives of PPE

The Group reviews the estimated useful lives of PPE based on factors such as business plan and strategies, expected level of usage and future technological developments at the end of each reporting period. Future results of operations could be materially affected by changes in these estimates brought about by changes in the factors mentioned. A reduction in the estimated useful lives of PPE would increase the recorded depreciation charge and decrease the PPE balance.

The impact of the review of the useful lives of PPE is disclosed in Note 25 to the financial statements.

4. Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgements (continued)

(b) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions (continued)

(iv) Taxation

Income taxes

The Group and the Company are subject to income tax in numerous jurisdictions. Judgement is involved in determining the group-wide provision for income taxes. There are certain transactions and computations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. The Group and the Company recognise liabilities for tax matters based on estimates of whether additional taxes will be due. If the final outcome of these tax matters result in a difference in the amounts initially recognised, such differences will impact the income tax and/or deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which temporary differences can be utilised. This involves judgement regarding future financial performance of a particular entity in which the deferred tax asset has been recognised.

(v) Contingent liabilities

Determination of the treatment of contingent liabilities is based on the Group's view of the expected outcome of contingencies after consulting legal counsel for litigation cases and internal and external experts of the Group for matters in the ordinary course of business. Please refer to Note 28 and Note 35(d) to the financial statements for legal proceedings that the Group is involved in as at the end of each reporting period.

(vi) Fair value of derivatives and other financial instruments

Certain financial instruments such as investments, derivative financial instruments and certain elements of borrowings are carried on the statement of financial position at fair value, with changes in fair value reflected in the profit or loss.

Fair values are estimated by reference in part to published price quotations and in part by using valuation techniques. The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group and the Company use its judgement to select a variety of methods and make assumptions that are mainly based on market conditions existing at the end of each financial reporting period.

(vii) Provision for dismantling, removal or restoration

Fair value estimates of provision for dismantling, removal or restoration generally involve discounted future cash flows, and periodic accretion of such liabilities due to the passage of time is recorded as finance cost. The significant assumptions used in estimating the provision are: timing of assets removals; cost of assets removals; expected inflation rates; and the weighted average cost of capital. There can be no assurances that actual costs and the probability of incurring obligations will not differ from these estimates.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests

(a) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests during the financial year

(i) Incorporation of Axiata Digital Services Sdn Bhd (“ADS”)

On 29 January 2014, the Company incorporated ADS, a private company limited by shares, under the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia with an authorised share capital of RM0.4 million divided into 400,000 ordinary shares of which its issued and paid-up share capital is RM2. ADS is an investment holding company.

The incorporation of ADS has no significant impact to the Group during the financial year.

(ii) Dilution of equity interest in Glasswool Holdings Limited (“Glasswool”)

On 13 December 2013, Axiata Investments (Cambodia) Limited (“AIC”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company entered into a Co-operation Agreement with Glasswool Holdings Limited (“Glasswool”) and Southern Coast Ventures Inc. (“SCV”). In accordance with the Co-operation Agreement, Glasswool shall issue to SCV the following additional ordinary shares in Glasswool subject to no material adverse event as defined in the Co-operation Agreement having occurred prior to the First, Second and Third anniversary from 19 February 2013 as below:

- i) 58 Ordinary Shares following the First Completion Date;
- ii) 60 Ordinary Shares following the Second Completion Date; and
- iii) 64 Ordinary Shares following the Third Completion Date.

On 3 March 2014, Glasswool issued 58 ordinary shares to SCV. Effectively, the Group’s equity interest in Glasswool decreased from 90.00% to 87.46% and the Group increased RM3.0 million and RM12.7 million of its consolidated retained earnings and non-controlling interests respectively.

(iii) Acquisition of Axis Telekom Indonesia (“Axis”)

On 26 September 2013, PT XL Axiata Tbk (“XL”) entered into a conditional sale and purchase agreement (“SPA”) with Saudi Telecom Company (“STC”) and Teleglobal Investments B.V. (“Teleglobal”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of STC, to purchase (or procure the purchase of) 95.00% shares in Axis. XL had also been granted a right to acquire the remaining 5.00% of the shares in Axis which was exercised in April 2014. The value of transaction was USD865.0 million whereby USD100.0* would be used for the payment of 95.00% of Axis shares to Teleglobal and the remaining amount of RM2,836.6 million (USD865.0 million) was for the payment of Axis’s indebtedness by XL. The acquisition was completed on 19 March 2014 and Axis was merged with XL on 8 April 2014.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(a) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests during the financial year (continued)

(iii) Acquisition of Axis Telekom Indonesia (“Axis”) (continued)

With acquisition and merger, XL expects to strengthen its position as the second strongest operator in telecommunications industry and the increase of XL’s spectrum on 1,800 MHz will improve service quality to subscribers and expectedly increase XL’s business performance and market share in the industry in the future.

The following summarises the consideration paid for Axis, the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities assumed at the acquisition date.

| | Note | RM’000 |
|--|------|-------------|
| Net purchase consideration in cash | | * |
| Details of the net assets acquired are as follows: | | |
| PPE | 25 | 1,057,181 |
| Intangible assets | | 1,735,246 |
| Other assets | | 288,390 |
| Cash and bank balances | | 6,400 |
| Indemnification assets | | 287,318 |
| Other liabilities | | (2,180,373) |
| Borrowings | 34 | (2,836,552) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | | (121,997) |
| Total net liabilities acquired | | (1,764,387) |
| Goodwill on acquisition | | 1,764,387 |
| | | - |

The goodwill on acquisition is subject to finalisation of Purchase Price Allocation exercise within twelve (12) months from the date of acquisition of Axis.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(a) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests during the financial year (continued)

(iii) Acquisition of Axis Telekom Indonesia (“Axis”) (continued)

The goodwill arising from the acquisition is attributable to economies of scale expected from combining the operations of XL and Axis.

Indemnification assets of RM287.3 million (IDR994.2 billion) represents bank guarantee provided by the previous majority shareholders of Axis to XL to cover all potential claims from the tax assessment issued by the tax office related to Axis's value added tax underpayment, which had been provided for as liabilities of Axis assumed in business combination.

Following the merger of Axis business with XL, the result of Axis has been combined with XL. Had Axis been consolidated from 1 January 2014, consolidated proforma revenue and profit after tax of the Group are RM18,859.1 million and RM1,176.7 million respectively.

Acquisition related costs of RM87.3 million (IDR316.1 billion) have been charged to the consolidated other operating costs during the financial year.

(iv) Treasury shares transaction of XL

On 26 February 2014, XL bought back its issued and paid-up ordinary share of 231,114,140 (treasury shares) at a buy back price of IDR5,280 per ordinary share from its former shareholders who disapproved the Merger Plan of XL and Axis as disclosed in Note 5(a)(iii) to the financial statements for a net consideration of RM339.7 million which was subsequently paid by XL on 21 April 2014. As a result, the Group's effective equity interest in XL increased from 66.48% to 68.34%. Accordingly, the Group reduced RM152.5 million and RM187.2 million of the consolidated retained earnings and non-controlling interests respectively.

Subsequently on 30 September 2014, XL resold the entire treasury shares in open market for a total net consideration of RM354.4 million. Accordingly, the Group's effective equity interest in XL decreased from 68.34% to 66.48% and the Group increased RM170.4 million and RM184.0 million of its consolidated retained earnings and non-controlling interests respectively.

(v) Disposal of Samart i-Mobile Public Company Limited (“SIM”)

On 2 July 2014, the Company entered into an agreement with Samart Corporation Public Company Limited to dispose of its entire shareholding in SIM representing 24.08% of the total issued and paid-up share capital of SIM for a total net consideration of RM262.8 million. The disposal was completed on 30 July 2014 and a gain on disposal amounting to RM116.7 million was recognised during the financial year.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(a) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests during the financial year (continued)

(vi) Dilution of equity interest in Idea Cellular Limited (“Idea”)

From 1 January 2014 to 10 June 2014, the Group's equity interest in Idea decreased from 19.90% to 19.89% following the issuance of new ordinary shares under Idea's ESOS.

On 11 June 2014, Idea issued 223,880,597 ordinary shares under the Qualified Institutions Placement exercise. On 24 July 2014, Idea further issued 51,838,540 ordinary shares with par value of INR10.00 each at an exercise price of INR144.68 per ordinary share to Axiata investments 2 (India) Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Group under Preferential Issuance. As a result, the Group's effective equity interest in Idea diluted from 19.89% to 19.80%.

From 25 July 2014 until 31 December 2014, the Group's equity interest in Idea further decreased from 19.80% to 19.79% (from 1 January 2013 to 31 December 2013: 19.93% to 19.90%) following the issuance of new ordinary shares under Idea's ESOS.

The Group recognised a loss on dilution of equity interest amounting to RM29.7 million (2013: RM4.0 million) during the financial year.

(vii) Acquisitions of equity interest in Digital Commerce Lanka (Pvt) Ltd (“Digital”)

On 10 December 2012, Dialog entered into an Investment Agreement (“IA”) for the acquisition of 26.00% equity interest in Digital for a purchase consideration of RM4.9 million (SLR205.6 million). Effectively, Digital became an associate of the Group.

Alongside with the IA, Dialog had also entered into a shareholders' agreement with the shareholders of Digital to provide opportunities to increase its equity interest in Digital by Dialog in the future.

On 26 August 2014, Dialog further increased its equity interest in Digital from 28.32% to 42.48% (2013: 26.00% to 28.32%).

The acquisition has no significant financial impact to the Group.

(viii) Acquisition of equity interest in Celcom Planet Sdn Bhd (“Celcom Planet”)

On 17 October 2014, Celcom through its wholly-owned subsidiary, Celcom Intelligence Sdn Bhd (“Celcom Intelligence”) and SK Planet Global Holdings Pte Ltd (“SK Planet”), incorporated a joint venture entity with a shareholding ratio of 51 (SK Planet): 49 (Celcom Intelligence), namely Celcom Planet for the purpose of pursuing e-Commerce opportunities in Malaysia. Effectively, Celcom Planet became an associate of the Group.

The incorporation of Celcom Planet has no significant impact to the Group during the financial year.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(a) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests during the financial year (continued)

(ix) Dilution of equity interest in Dialog

In line with the expiry of ESOS scheme of Dialog on 25 October 2014 as disclosed in Note 14(b) to the financial statements, a total 158.6 million ordinary shares were partially exercised by the employee of Dialog and the remaining were sold to market. Accordingly, the Group's equity interest in Dialog decreased from 84.97% to 83.32% and the Group increased RM24.3 million and RM25.6 million of its consolidated retained earnings and non-controlling interests respectively.

(x) Incorporation of Digital Holdings Lanka (Private) Limited ("DHL")

On 24 November 2014, Dialog incorporated DHL, a private company limited by shares, under the Companies Act, No.7 of 2007 in Sri Lanka with a stated capital of LKR10. The nature of business to be carried by DHL is as an investment holding company.

The incorporation of DHL has no significant impact to the Group during the financial year.

(xi) Incorporation of Axiata Digital Advertising Sdn Bhd ("ADA")

On 26 November 2014, the Group incorporated ADA, a private company limited by shares, under the Companies Act, 1965 with an authorised share capital of RM0.4 million divided into 400,000 ordinary shares of which its issued and paid-up share capital is RM2. The nature of business to be carried out by ADA is as an investment holding company.

The incorporation of ADA has no significant impact to the Group during the financial year.

(xii) Acquisition of equity interest in Merchantrade Asia Sdn Bhd ("Merchantrade")

On 20 November 2013, Celcom entered into a Shareholders' Agreement ("SA") and Share Subscription Agreement ("SSA") with Merchantrade and The Persons Described In Schedule 2 of both SA and SSA, namely Ramasamy a/l K. Veeran, Ravindra a/l Vamathevan, Ursine Holdings Sdn Bhd, Sumitomo Corporation and Sumitomo Corporation Asia & Oceania Pte Ltd (formerly known as Sumitomo Corporation Asia Pte Ltd) to boost the existing MVNO business and leverage on Merchantrade's remittance business. Under the terms of the SSA, Celcom is to subscribe 20.00% equity interest in Merchantrade via subscription of new ordinary shares to be issued by Merchantrade with the required investment of RM20.0 million.

The acquisition of 20.00% equity interest in Merchantrade was completed on 8 December 2014. Effectively Merchantrade became a joint venture of the Group.

The acquisition has no significant impact to the Group during the financial year.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(a) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests during the financial year (continued)

(xiii) Incorporation of edotco Investments (Labuan) Limited (“e.co Labuan”)

On 15 December 2014, the Group incorporated e.co Labuan, a private company limited by shares, under the Labuan Companies Act, 1990 with an issued and paid-up share capital of USD1,000 divided into 1,000 ordinary shares. The nature of business to be carried by e.co Labuan is as an investment holding company.

The incorporation of e.co Labuan has no significant impact to the Group during the financial year.

(xiv) Dilution of equity interest in M1 Limited (“M1”)

During the financial year, the equity interest in M1, held through Axiata Investments (Singapore) Limited (“AIS”), a wholly-owned subsidiary of the Company decreased from 28.74% to 28.50% (2013: 29.06% to 28.74%) following the issuance of the shares under M1’s ESOS scheme. The Group recognised a loss on dilution of equity interest amounting to RM13.6 million (2013: RM15.2 million) during the financial year.

(b) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests in the previous financial year

(i) Disposal of 49.00% equity interest in Mobile Telecommunication Company of Esfahan (“MTCE”)

On 18 May 2011, the Group entered into a Sale and Purchase Agreement (“SPA”) with Telecommunication Company of Esfahan on the disposal of its entire shareholding in MTCE representing 49.00% of the total issued and paid-up share capital in MTCE. The disposal of MTCE was completed on 2 January 2013.

The disposal of MTCE had no significant financial impact to the Group in the previous financial year.

(ii) Acquisition of Glasswool by AIC

On 13 December 2012, the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, AIC have entered into a SPA with Timeturns Holdings Limited for the acquisition of the entire ordinary shares in issue of Glasswool, which became the owner of the entire ordinary shares in issue of Smart Axiata Co., Ltd (“Smart”) in Cambodia upon completion of the acquisition of Smart.

Subsequently, it was the Group’s intention to merge the operations of Hello Axiata Company Limited (“Hello”) and Smart as one combined entity. The acquisition was settled via a combination of cash considerations and a 10.00% stake in a combined entity to be held by the remaining partner. On 19 February 2013, the acquisition and the transfer of Hello’s telecommunication business and assets were completed and Smart became a 90.00% owned subsidiary of the Group effectively.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(b) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests in the previous financial year (continued)

(ii) Acquisition of Glasswool by AIC (continued)

The following summarises the consideration paid for Smart, the fair value of assets acquired, liabilities assumed and NCI at the acquisition date.

| | Note | RM'000 |
|---|------|----------|
| Net purchase consideration in cash | | 483,290 |
| Fair value of 10.00% of Hello's identifiable net assets and business transferred to Smart | | 16,621 |
| Purchase consideration | | 499,911 |
| Details of the net assets acquired are as follows: | | |
| PPE | 25 | 174,776 |
| Intangible assets | | 278,565 |
| Inventories | | 2,326 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 16,245 |
| Cash and bank balances | | 33,136 |
| Deferred tax liability | | (55,680) |
| Trade and other payables | | (82,658) |
| Total net assets | | 366,710 |
| Less: NCI | | (36,671) |
| Total net assets acquired | | 330,039 |
| Goodwill on acquisition | | 169,872 |
| | | 499,911 |

The goodwill arising from the acquisition is attributable to economies of scale.

In conjunction with the transfer of Hello's telecommunication business and assets on 19 January 2013, Hello disposed of 10.00% equity interest to NCI of Smart as summarised below:

| | RM'000 |
|-------------------------------------|----------|
| Consideration received from NCI | 16,621 |
| Carrying amount of NCI disposed off | (15,939) |
| Increase in parent's equity | 682 |

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(b) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests in the previous financial year (continued)

(ii) Acquisition of Glasswool by AIC (continued)

Acquisition related costs of RM8.8 million have been charged to the consolidated other operating costs in the previous financial year.

The impact of acquisition of Smart, had it occurred on 1 January 2013, was not material to the consolidated financial statements.

(iii) Acquisition of Sky Television and Radio Network (Private) Limited ("Sky TV")

Dialog Broadband Networks (Private) Limited ("DBN"), a wholly-owned subsidiary of Dialog Axiata PLC ("Dialog") had, on 13 May 2013, completed the acquisition of the entire ordinary shares in issue of Sky TV at a consideration of RM19.0 million (SLR800.0 million). Subsequently the amalgamation of Sky TV with DBN was completed on 3 July 2013. As a consequence of the amalgamation, Sky TV ceased to exist as a corporate entity from the date of amalgamation and all its assets, liabilities and operations were accordingly succeeded by DBN.

The acquisition of Sky TV was concluded as an acquisition of asset and had no significant financial impact to the Group in the previous financial year.

(iv) Incorporation of PT XL Planet Digital ("Planet Digital")

On 16 May 2013, XL entered into an agreement with SK Planet Co Ltd ("SKP") and SK Planet Global Holdings Pte Ltd ("SKGH") whereby SKP and XL agreed to enter into a joint venture arrangement by incorporating a new limited liability company namely Planet Digital. SKGH and XL were to contribute IDR equivalent of RM59.3 million (USD18.3 million) each for the initial share capital and respectively hold 50.00% of the total share capital of Planet Digital. Planet Digital was incorporated under Deed of establishment No.9 dated 8 July 2013. Effectively, Planet Digital became a joint venture of the Group.

The incorporation of Planet Digital had no significant financial impact to the Group in the previous financial year.

(v) Divestment by Celcom Axiata Berhad ("Celcom") of its wholly-owned subsidiary, Celcom Childcare Sdn Bhd ("Celcom Childcare")

Celcom had, on 29 August 2012, completed the incorporation of Celcom Childcare, a private company limited by shares, under the Companies Act, 1965.

On 11 June 2013, Celcom entered into a Share Sale Agreement with Early Impression Sdn Bhd ("Early Impression") on the divestment of its entire shareholding in Celcom Childcare for a cash consideration of RM0.2 million. The disposal of Celcom Childcare to Early Impression was completed on 18 October 2013.

The above had no significant financial impact to the Group in the previous financial year.

5. Incorporations, Acquisitions, Mergers, Disposals and Dilutions of Interests (continued)

(b) Incorporation, acquisitions, merger, disposal and dilutions of interests in the previous financial year (continued)

(vi) Acquisition of additional equity interest in Robi Axiata Limited (“Robi”)

In the previous financial year, the Registrar of Joint Stock Companies and Firms of Bangladesh approved the new allotment of shares by Robi with the date of allotment on 28 July 2013. The new allotment was satisfied via the capitalisation of RM1,035.4 million (USD321.0 million) convertible shareholder's advance by Axiata Investments (Labuan) Limited (“AIL”). Accordingly, the Group's equity interest increased from 70.00% to 91.59%. The Group recorded an increase in retained earnings arising from the transaction with NCI amounting to RM51.8 million in the previous financial year.

(vii) Dilution of equity interest in Samart I-Mobile Public Company Limited (“SIM”)

In the previous financial year, the Group's equity interest in SIM, decreased from 24.40% to 24.08% following the issuance of new ordinary shares under SIM's warrant. The Group recognised a loss on dilution of equity interest amounting to RM1.9 million in the previous financial year.

(viii) Dilution of equity interest in XL

In the previous financial year, the Group's equity interest in XL, decreased from 66.55% to 66.48% following the issuance of new ordinary shares under XL's shares-based compensation plan as disclosed in Note 14(c) to the financial statements.

The Group recognised a gain on dilution amounting to RM6.2 million in retained earnings and RM8.1 million in NCI respectively in the previous financial year.

6. Operating Revenue

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Mobile services | 15,714,485 | 15,391,568 | - | - |
| Interconnect services | 1,317,165 | 1,352,899 | - | - |
| Dividend income: | | | | |
| – Malaysia | - | - | 2,945,333 | 2,301,815 |
| – Overseas | - | - | 6,393 | 8,056 |
| Lease of passive infrastructure | 258,580 | 308,769 | - | - |
| Technical and management services fees | - | - | 42,821 | 49,577 |
| Others* | 1,421,547 | 1,317,605 | - | - |
| Total | 18,711,777 | 18,370,841 | 2,994,547 | 2,359,448 |

* Others include revenue from leased services, pay television transmission, sale of devices and other data services.

7(a). Depreciation, Impairment and Amortisation

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Depreciation of: | | | | | |
| - PPE | 25 | 3,289,155 | 3,078,359 | 5,049 | 3,662 |
| - PPE of non-current assets classified as held-for-sale | | - | 17,869 | - | - |
| Reversal of impairment of PPE | 25 | (32,734) | (9,554) | - | - |
| Impairment of: | | | | | |
| - Investment in a subsidiary | | - | - | - | 39,982 |
| - PPE | 25 | 26,101 | 21,288 | - | - |
| Write off of PPE | 25 | 21,957 | 60,524 | 1 | 333 |
| Amortisation of: | | | | | |
| - intangible assets | 24 | 366,860 | 264,909 | - | - |
| - intangible assets of non-current assets classified as held-for-sale | | - | 882 | - | - |
| Others | | 279 | 1,053 | - | - |
| Total | | 3,671,618 | 3,435,330 | 5,050 | 43,977 |

**Notes to the
Financial Statements**
For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

7(b). Other Operating Costs

| | | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Impairment of: | | | | | |
| - trade and other receivables | 32 | 77,870 | 110,904 | - | - |
| - trade and other receivables of non-current assets classified as held-for-sale | | - | 1,821 | - | - |
| Business license fees | | 803,866 | 577,302 | - | - |
| Charges and commissions | | 74,190 | 80,155 | 45 | 244 |
| Cost of SIM and recharge cards | | 109,741 | 107,047 | - | - |
| Revenue sharing outpayment | | 587,284 | 376,837 | - | - |
| Leased circuit charges | | 212,986 | 202,677 | - | - |
| Maintenance | | 1,185,442 | 1,077,581 | 8,280 | 1,090 |
| Professional fees | | 256,645 | 203,051 | 37,984 | 51,039 |
| Rental-land and buildings | | 1,009,590 | 933,479 | 4,632 | 4,538 |
| Rental-equipment | | 196,898 | 166,275 | 286 | 233 |
| Rental-others | | 67,066 | 55,832 | 7 | 21 |
| Roaming costs | | 212,861 | 246,110 | - | - |
| Supplies and inventories | | 354,309 | 340,554 | 495 | 455 |
| Transportation and travelling | | 77,370 | 76,461 | 7,727 | 7,678 |
| USP/Obligation contribution | | 458,405 | 480,853 | - | - |
| Utilities | | 289,078 | 256,335 | 535 | 446 |
| Others ¹ | | 497,314 | 522,644 | 25,740 | 29,161 |
| Total | | 6,470,915 | 5,815,918 | 85,731 | 94,905 |

7(b). Other Operating Costs (continued)

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| ¹ Others include: | | | | |
| Audit fees: | | | | |
| - PricewaterhouseCoopers Malaysia ("PwCM") | 2,834 | 2,685 | 1,608 | 1,551 |
| - Member firm of PwC International Limited ("PwCI")* | 3,348 | 2,408 | - | - |
| - Others | 45 | 35 | - | - |
| Audit related fees ⁽ⁱ⁾ : | | | | |
| - PwCM and PwCI | 6,137 | 4,512 | 2,386 | 3,323 |
| | 12,364 | 9,640 | 3,994 | 4,874 |
| Other fees paid to PwCM and PwCI: | | | | |
| - Tax and tax related services ⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ | 1,880 | 1,368 | 1,136 | 969 |
| - Other non-audit services ⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ | 6,043 | 3,995 | 2,434 | 3,110 |
| | 20,287 | 15,003 | 7,564 | 8,953 |

* Separate and independent legal entity from PwCM.

⁽ⁱ⁾ Fees incurred in connection with performance of quarterly reviews, review of purchase price allocation, agreed-upon procedures and regulatory compliance.

⁽ⁱⁱ⁾ Fees incurred for assisting the Group in connection with tax compliance and advisory services.

⁽ⁱⁱⁱ⁾ Fees incurred primarily in relation to due diligences on potential acquisitions, project management and other advisory services.

In order to maintain the independence of the external auditors, the Audit Committee has determined policies as to what non-audit services can be provided by external auditors of the Group and the approval processes related to them. Under these policies and guidelines, non-audit services can be offered by external auditors of the Group if there are clear efficiencies and value-added benefits to the Group.

7(c). Staff Costs (including remuneration of Executive Directors of the Company)

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Staff costs excluding Directors: | | | | | |
| - salaries, allowances, overtime and bonus | | 984,442 | 877,407 | 66,351 | 55,329 |
| - termination benefits | | 8,774 | 28,055 | - | - |
| - contribution to EPF | | 77,524 | 68,417 | 8,379 | 9,918 |
| - other staff benefits | | 144,866 | 154,083 | 7,864 | 8,029 |
| - ESOS and RSA expenses | 14(a) | 90,031 | 78,698 | 20,401 | 16,385 |
| - Share based compensation expense of a subsidiary | 14(c) | 8,864 | 10,973 | - | - |
| Remuneration of Executive Directors of the Company | 7(d) | 8,217 | 9,310 | 8,217 | 9,310 |
| | | 1,322,718 | 1,226,943 | 111,212 | 98,971 |

7(d). Directors' Remuneration

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|-------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Remuneration of Executive Directors of the Company: | | | | | |
| - salaries, allowances and bonus | | 5,578 | 6,160 | 5,578 | 6,160 |
| - contribution to EPF | | 1,060 | 1,170 | 1,060 | 1,170 |
| - ESOS and RSA expenses | 14(a) | 1,579 | 1,980 | 1,579 | 1,980 |
| | | 8,217 | 9,310 | 8,217 | 9,310 |
| Remuneration of Non- Executive Directors of the Company: | | | | | |
| - fees and allowances | | 2,875 | 2,592 | 2,453 | 2,287 |
| | | 11,092 | 11,902 | 10,670 | 11,597 |

Estimated money value of benefits of Directors amounting to RM643,486 (2013: RM544,026) for the Group and the Company.

8. Other (Losses)/Gains – Net

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Finance assets at fair value through profit or loss | 6 | - | - | - |
| Derivative financial instruments: | | | | |
| - Forward foreign currency contracts ("FFC") | (34,960) | 59,577 | (5,765) | - |
| - CCIRS | 8,798 | 161,883 | - | - |
| - Interest rate swap contracts ("IRS") | (24,432) | (17,812) | - | - |
| - Warrants in an associate | 4,560 | - | - | - |
| - Call spread options | 4,275 | - | - | - |
| Total | (41,753) | 203,648 | (5,765) | - |

9. Other Operating Income

| | | Group | | Company | |
|----------------------------------|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Gain on disposal of PPE | | 98,202 | 13,977 | 1 | 174 |
| Gain on disposal of an associate | 5(a)(v) | 116,670 | - | 137,483 | - |
| Bad debts recovered | | 7,493 | 13,358 | - | - |
| Others | | 30,292 | 20,546 | 1,140 | 766 |
| Total | | 252,657 | 47,881 | 138,624 | 940 |

10. Finance (Cost)/Income

| Note | Group | | Company | |
|--|------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Finance income | | | | |
| Islamic Financial Instruments | 87,618 | 158,546 | 41,282 | 77,832 |
| Other deposits, cash and bank balances | 110,376 | 102,750 | 35,449 | 4,788 |
| | 197,994 | 261,296 | 76,731 | 82,620 |
| Finance cost | | | | |
| Other borrowings | (537,870) | (489,033) | (49,636) | (11,171) |
| Profit on Islamic Private Debt Securities | (207,548) | (216,645) | - | - |
| Finance (expense)/income on CCIRS: | | | | |
| - fair value hedge | (3,902) | (19,755) | (3,902) | (19,755) |
| - net investment hedge | 2,861 | 4,704 | - | - |
| Finance cost excluding net foreign exchange losses on financing activities | (746,459) | (720,729) | (53,538) | (30,926) |
| Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains on: | | | | |
| - financing activities | (131,435) | (416,368) | 6,125 | (58,250) |
| - fair value hedge | (6,125) | 58,250 | (6,125) | 58,250 |
| Net foreign exchange losses on financing activities | (137,560) | (358,118) | - | - |
| Total finance cost | (884,019) | (1,078,847) | (53,538) | (30,926) |
| Net finance (cost)/income | (686,025) | (817,551) | 23,193 | 51,694 |

11. Taxation and Zakat

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Current taxation: | | | | | |
| - Malaysian income tax | | 678,607 | 330,865 | - | |
| - Overseas taxation | | 184,943 | 310,151 | 3,261 | 26 |
| | | 863,550 | 641,016 | 3,261 | 26 |
| Deferred taxation | 23 | (94,405) | 144,946 | - | - |
| Total taxation | | 769,145 | 785,962 | 3,261 | 26 |
| Zakat | | 898 | 8,500 | - | - |
| Taxation and zakat | | 770,043 | 794,462 | 3,261 | 26 |
| Current taxation: | | | | | |
| Malaysia | | | | | |
| Income tax: | | | | | |
| - Current year | | 670,290 | 478,484 | - | - |
| - Under/(Over) accrual in previous financial years | | 8,317 | (147,619) | - | - |
| | | 678,607 | 330,865 | - | - |
| Overseas | | | | | |
| Income tax: | | | | | |
| - Current year | | 184,943 | 298,968 | 3,261 | 26 |
| - Under accrual in previous financial years | | - | 11,183 | - | - |
| | | 184,943 | 310,151 | 3,261 | 26 |
| Deferred taxation: | | | | | |
| - Net origination of temporary differences | 23 | (94,405) | 144,946 | - | - |
| Total taxation | | 769,145 | 785,962 | 3,261 | 26 |
| Zakat | | 898 | 8,500 | - | - |
| Total taxation and zakat | | 770,043 | 794,462 | 3,261 | 26 |

The current income tax is calculated at the statutory tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%) of the estimated assessable profit for the financial year.

11. Taxation and Zakat (continued)

Numerical reconciliation between taxation and the product of accounting profit multiplied by the Malaysian tax rate:

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Profit before taxation | 3,114,456 | 3,533,039 | 3,469,212 | 2,556,875 |
| Taxation calculated at the applicable Malaysian tax rate of 25% (2013: 25%) | 778,614 | 883,260 | 867,303 | 639,219 |
| Tax effects of: | | | | |
| - income not subject to tax | (126,386) | (76,431) | (916,720) | (675,911) |
| - share of results of associates | (101,803) | (67,706) | - | - |
| - share of results of joint ventures | 6,248 | (1,332) | - | - |
| - different tax rates in other countries | 70,533 | 78,714 | 1,923 | (1,960) |
| - change in statutory tax rate | (1,359) | (14,000) | - | - |
| - tax incentive | - | (105,797) | - | - |
| - utilisation of previously unrecognised tax losses | (10,133) | (9,482) | - | - |
| - unrecognised tax losses | 20,756 | 18,142 | 17,444 | 17,118 |
| - expenses not deductible for tax purposes | 124,358 | 217,030 | 25,811 | 16,169 |
| - group relief | - | - | 7,500 | 5,391 |
| - under/(over) accrual of income tax | 8,317 | (136,436) | - | - |
| - zakat | 898 | 8,500 | - | - |
| Total taxation and zakat | 770,043 | 794,462 | 3,261 | 26 |

Included in the taxation of the Group are tax savings amounting to RM7.5 million (2013: RM5.4 million) due to Group Relief which allow companies with tax losses to surrender those losses to profit-making companies within the Group in the same year of assessment as provided under the taxation law of Malaysia.

12. Earnings Per Share

(a) Basic earnings per share ("EPS")

Basic EPS of the Group is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to owners of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares of the Company in issue during the financial year.

| | Group | |
|---|------------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000) | 2,348,665 | 2,550,021 |
| Weighted average number of shares in issue ('000) | 8,563,235 | 8,527,631 |
| Basic EPS (sen) | 27.4 | 29.9 |

(b) Diluted earnings per share

For the diluted EPS calculation, the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue is adjusted to assume conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has share options and RSA granted to employees under the Axiata Share Scheme as disclosed in Note 14(a) to the financial statements which are dilutive potential ordinary shares and is assumed to have been converted into ordinary shares.

In respect of share options over the ordinary shares and RSA of the Company, a calculation is performed to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The calculation serves to determine the unexercised share options and RSA outstanding for the purpose of computing the dilution. No adjustment is made to profit attributable to owners of the Company for the share options and RSA calculation.

| | Group | |
|--|------------------|-----------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| Profit attributable to owners of the Company (RM'000) | 2,348,665 | 2,550,021 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue ('000) | 8,563,235 | 8,527,631 |
| Adjusted for ESOS and RSA ('000) | 63,756 | 55,325 |
| Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purpose of computing diluted EPS ('000) | 8,626,991 | 8,582,956 |
| Diluted EPS (sen) | 27.2 | 29.7 |

13. Share Capital

| | Group and Company | | | |
|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| | 2014 | | 2013 | |
| | No. of shares '000 | Nominal value RM'000 | No. of shares '000 | Nominal value RM'000 |
| Ordinary shares of RM1 each: | | | | |
| Authorised: | | | | |
| At the beginning/end of the financial year | 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 | 12,000,000 |
| Issued and paid-up: | | | | |
| At the beginning of the financial year | 8,540,663 | 8,540,663 | 8,508,209 | 8,508,209 |
| Issuance of new ordinary shares under Axiata Share Scheme: | | | | |
| (a) Performance-Based ESOS at exercise price per ordinary share of: | | | | |
| – RM1.81 | 2,759 | 2,759 | 3,706 | 3,706 |
| – RM3.15 | 482 | 482 | 1,021 | 1,021 |
| – RM3.45 | 5,754 | 5,754 | 14,059 | 14,059 |
| – RM5.07 | 23,659 | 23,659 | 13,190 | 13,190 |
| (b) RSA issued | 8,700 | 8,700 | 478 | 478 |
| At the end of the financial year | 8,582,017 | 8,582,017 | 8,540,663 | 8,540,663 |

The above mentioned ordinary shares rank pari-passu in all respects with the existing ordinary shares of the Company.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"]

The Performance-Based ESOS of the Company was approved by its shareholders at an Extraordinary General Meeting ("EGM") held on 24 March 2009 and implemented on 16 April 2009.

On 1 June 2011, the Company's shareholders had, at the Nineteenth (19th) Annual General Meeting ("AGM") of the Company, approved the amendments to the Bye-Laws of the ESOS to include a RSP. Accordingly, the existing Performance-Based ESOS was renamed as Axiata Share Scheme.

Effective from 15 July 2011, the Company implemented the Axiata Share Scheme and started to offer eligible employees the entitlement to receive Restricted Share Awards under the RSP ("RSA") in the Company on 18 July 2011 instead of ESOS.

The total number of the Performance-Based ESOS granted, percentage exercisable and the vesting period is as follows:

| ESOS | Grant date | Vesting date | Options over the Company's shares | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | | | % of options exercisable ¹ | Number of options granted | Exercise price RM |
| Grant 1(a), 2009 | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 16 April 2009 | 15 April 2011 | 50 | 34,555,750 | 1.81 |
| Tranche 2 | 16 April 2009 | 15 April 2012 | 50 | 34,555,750 | 1.81 |
| Grant 1(b), 2010 ² | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 18 January 2010 | 17 January 2012 | 50 | 2,088,050 | 3.15 |
| Tranche 2 | 18 January 2010 | 17 January 2013 | 50 | 2,088,050 | 3.15 |
| Grant 2, 2010 | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 24 February 2010 | 23 February 2012 | 50 | 24,688,750 | 3.45 |
| Tranche 2 | 24 February 2010 | 23 February 2013 | 50 | 24,688,750 | 3.45 |
| Grant 3(a), 2011 | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 23 February 2011 | 22 February 2013 | 50 | 32,121,450 | 5.07 |
| Tranche 2 | 23 February 2011 | 22 February 2014 | 50 | 32,121,450 | 5.07 |

¹ The ESOS/RSA granted shall become exercisable/vested only upon the fulfilment of certain performance criteria for the Company and individuals.

² The grant was made to newly hired employees who did not receive the main cycle grants and have been confirmed as at reporting date.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The total number of RSA granted, percentage of shares to be vested and the vesting period is as follows:

| RSA | Reference date | Vesting date | Entitlement over the Company’s shares | | |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|--------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| | | | % of shares to be vested ¹ | Number of shares granted ³ | Reference price ⁵ RM |
| Grant 3(b), 2011⁴ | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 18 July 2011 | 18 July 2013 | 50 | 243,350 | 5.03 |
| Tranche 2 | 18 July 2011 | 18 July 2014 | 50-100 | 526,450 | 5.03 |
| Grant 3(c), 2011⁴ | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 30 Nov 2011 | 30 Nov 2013 | 50 | 23,700 | 5.10 |
| Tranche 2 | 30 Nov 2011 | 30 Nov 2014 | 50-100 | 183,600 | 5.10 |
| Grant 4(a), 2012 | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 30 Mar 2012 | 30 Mar 2014 | 50 | 6,890,050 | 5.20 |
| Tranche 2 | 30 Mar 2012 | 30 Mar 2015 | 50-100 | 10,603,550 | 5.20 |
| Grant 4(b), 2012⁴ | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 31 July 2012 | 31 July 2014 | 50 | 122,150 | 5.86 |
| Tranche 2 | 31 July 2012 | 31 July 2015 | 50-100 | 444,350 | 5.86 |
| Grant 4(c), 2012⁴ | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 30 Nov 2012 | 30 Nov 2014 | 50 | 131,400 | 5.92 |
| Tranche 2 | 30 Nov 2012 | 30 Nov 2015 | 50-100 | 252,500 | 5.92 |
| Grant 5(a), 2013 | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 20 Feb 2013 | 20 Feb 2015 | 50 | 6,585,950 | 6.27 |
| Tranche 2 | 20 Feb 2013 | 20 Feb 2016 | 50-100 | 10,374,750 | 6.27 |
| Grant 5(b), 2013⁴ | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 15 Aug 2013 | 15 Aug 2015 | 50 | 268,100 | 6.90 |
| Tranche 2 | 15 Aug 2013 | 15 Aug 2016 | 50-100 | 440,500 | 6.90 |
| Grant 6(a), 2014 | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 15 Feb 2014 | 15 Feb 2016 | 50 | 6,790,450 | 6.55 |
| Tranche 2 | 15 Feb 2014 | 15 Feb 2017 | 50-100 | 10,466,650 | 6.55 |
| Grant 6(b), 2014⁴ | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 15 Aug 2014 | 15 Aug 2016 | 50 | 121,950 | 6.95 |
| Tranche 2 | 15 Aug 2014 | 15 Aug 2017 | 50-100 | 406,650 | 6.95 |

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP [“Axiata Share Scheme”] (continued)

- ³ Senior and top management can only vest the RSA at the end of the third (3rd) year or contract period whichever is earlier. Number of shares originally granted are excluding the multiplier effects to be offered to management upon fulfilment of certain performance conditions on the day of vesting.
- ⁴ The grant was made to newly hired employees who did not receive the main cycle grant and have been confirmed as at reporting dates.
- ⁵ Refers to the price at reference date for the purpose of granting the number of shares to the employees.

The salient terms and conditions of the Axiata Share Scheme are as follows:

(i) Maximum number of new ordinary shares of the Company available under the Axiata Share Scheme

The maximum amount of shares which may be:

- (a) Offered for subscription and allotted on the exercise of the total amount of Share Options under this Axiata Share Scheme; and
- (b) Allotted upon the vesting of RSA under a RSP, (collectively referred to as “Aggregate”) shall not be more than 7% of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company at any point of time during the duration of this Axiata Share Scheme.

If the Company undertakes a share buy-back exercise or any other corporate proposal resulting in the total number of the Company's shares issued and/or to be issued under the Axiata Share Scheme exceeding 7% of the Company's issued and fully paid-up ordinary share capital, all shares under the Axiata Share Scheme offered and/or granted prior to the said variation of the issued and paid-up ordinary share capital of the Company shall remain valid and exercisable in accordance with the provisions of this Axiata Share Scheme as if that reduction had not occurred.

(ii) Basis of allocation and maximum allowable allotment

The total number of new ordinary shares of the Company that can be offered and allotted to any Eligible Employees (as defined in the Bye-Laws in relation to the Axiata Share Scheme shall be at the absolute discretion of the Board or the Axiata Share Scheme Committee that has been established to administer the Axiata Share Scheme from time to time) after taking into consideration such criteria as may be determined by the Board or the Axiata Share Scheme Committee in its/their absolute discretion.

Further, not more than 50% of the Company's new ordinary shares made available under the Axiata Share Scheme shall be allocated, in aggregate, to Eligible Employees who are Executive Directors of the Company or any corporation within the Group or who are in senior management. In addition, not more than 10% of the Company's new ordinary shares available under the Axiata Share Scheme will be allocated to any individual Eligible Employee who, either singly or collectively through persons connected with the Eligible Employees, holds 20% or more of the Company's issued and fully paid-up share capital.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

(iii) Eligibility

Any employee of the Group (other than subsidiaries which are dormant) shall be eligible to participate in the Axiata Share Scheme if the employee, as at the dates of the respective offers of options:

- (a) has attained the age of eighteen (18) years;
- (b) has entered into a full-term contract of employment with, and is on the payroll of, a corporation within the Group and whose service has been confirmed;
- (c) is not a non-executive or independent Director of the Company; and
- (d) fulfils any other criteria as may be set by the Board or the Axiata Share Scheme Committee in its absolute discretion.

Eligibility under the Axiata Share Scheme does not confer on any Eligible Employee any claim, right to participate in, or any other right whatsoever under the Axiata Share Scheme, and an Eligible Employee does not acquire or have any right over, or in connection with, any Share Option or the RSA under this Axiata Share Scheme unless an Offer has been made by the Board to that Eligible Employee and that Eligible Employee has accepted the Offer in accordance with the terms of the Offer and the Bye-Laws governing the Axiata Share Scheme.

(iv) Option price and RSA reference price

The subscription price payable for each of the Company's shares upon exercise of options is the five (5) day volume weighted average market price of the Company's shares immediately preceding the date of the Offer and is not lower than the nominal value of the Company's shares.

The reference price at which the Grantees shall be allotted new Shares pursuant to a RSA will be based on the fair value of the shares on the date of offer, but shall not in any event be lower than the nominal value of the ordinary shares.

(v) Duration of the Axiata Share Scheme

The Axiata Share Scheme shall be in force for a period of eight (8) years from the effective date of implementation of the ESOS and RSP, being a date of full compliance with the relevant requirements of the Main Market Listing Requirements of Bursa Malaysia Securities Berhad ("Bursa Securities") in relation to the initial Long Term Performance Based Share Option Scheme. All Share Options, whether or not exercisable, shall forthwith lapse upon the expiry of the Scheme. All unvested Shares under the RSA which are not vested shall forthwith lapse upon the expiry of the Scheme on 15 April 2017.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP [“Axiata Share Scheme”] (continued)

(vi) Retention period

The new ordinary shares of the Company allotted and issued pursuant to the exercise of any Share Option or upon the vesting of RSA under the Axiata Share Scheme will not be subject to any retention period.

(vii) Ranking of the new shares to be issued under the Axiata Share Scheme

The Company’s new shares to be issued pursuant to Axiata Share Scheme shall, upon allotment and issuance, rank pari-passu in all respects with the existing issued shares of the Company except that they shall not be entitled to any dividend, right, allotment and/or other distribution in respect of which the entitlement date is before the date of allotment of such new ordinary shares.

Eligible Employees who are residents in Malaysia and who have been granted share options have the option to elect whether to exercise the options by way of:

- (i) Selling Flexibility; or
- (ii) To directly subscribe for shares.

Whichever option once selected shall be applicable to the exercise of the Share Options for the full duration of the Axiata Share Scheme unless otherwise determined by the Board in their sole discretion but subject always to the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the terms of the Selling Flexibility.

Eligible Employees who are not residents in Malaysia and who have been granted Share Options shall exercise their Share Options by way of Selling Flexibility for the full duration of the Axiata Share Scheme but subject always to the provisions of the Bye-Laws and the terms of the Selling Flexibility for Foreign Guarantees.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The movement during the financial year and its comparative in the number of options over the new ordinary shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group and the Company are entitled to, is as follows:

| Group | Exercise price RM | At 1 January 2014 | Adjusted | Exercised | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2014 | Fair value at grant date RM |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Grant 1(a), 2009 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 1.81 | 1,495,111 | - | (477,461) | (1,050) | 1,016,600 | 0.54 |
| Tranche 2 | 1.81 | 6,650,294 | - | (2,281,789) | (111,100) | 4,257,405 | 0.57 |
| | | 8,145,405 | - | (2,759,250) | (112,150) | 5,274,005 | |
| Grant 1(b), 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.15 | 208,300 | 61,100 | (175,750) | (13,250) | 80,400 | 0.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.15 | 501,049 | 61,100 | (306,599) | (46,050) | 209,500 | 0.98 |
| | | 709,349 | 122,200 | (482,349) | (59,300) | 289,900 | |
| Grant 2, 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.45 | 5,216,632 | - | (1,598,700) | (5,650) | 3,612,282 | 1.09 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.45 | 9,656,216 | - | (4,155,600) | (94,250) | 5,406,366 | 1.15 |
| | | 14,872,848 | - | (5,754,300) | (99,900) | 9,018,648 | |
| Grant 3, 2011 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.07 | 16,372,090 | - | (6,632,250) | (28,550) | 9,711,290 | 1.05 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.07 | 28,750,900 | - | (17,026,450) | (127,600) | 11,596,850 | 1.10 |
| | | 45,122,990 | - | (23,658,700) | (156,150) | 21,308,140 | |
| Total | | 68,850,592 | 122,200 | (32,654,599) | (427,500) | 35,890,693 | |

The related weighted average share price at the time of exercise was RM4.48 (2013: RM4.29).

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The movement during the financial year and its comparative in the number of options over the new ordinary shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group and the Company are entitled to, is as follows: (continued)

| Group | Exercise price RM | At 1 January 2013 | Granted | Exercised | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2013 | Fair value at grant date RM |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|---------|--------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Grant 1(a), 2009 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 1.81 | 2,139,777 | - | (638,966) | (5,700) | 1,495,111 | 0.54 |
| Tranche 2 | 1.81 | 9,726,274 | - | (3,067,530) | (8,450) | 6,650,294 | 0.57 |
| | | 11,866,051 | - | (3,706,496) | (14,150) | 8,145,405 | |
| Grant 1(b), 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.15 | 495,450 | - | (244,100) | (43,050) | 208,300 | 0.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.15 | 1,324,250 | - | (777,051) | (46,150) | 501,049 | 0.98 |
| | | 1,819,700 | - | (1,021,151) | (89,200) | 709,349 | |
| Grant 2, 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.45 | 7,650,438 | - | (2,367,056) | (66,750) | 5,216,632 | 1.09 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.45 | 21,493,025 | - | (11,692,109) | (144,700) | 9,656,216 | 1.15 |
| | | 29,143,463 | - | (14,059,165) | (211,450) | 14,872,848 | |
| Grant 3, 2011 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.07 | 29,803,690 | - | (13,189,700) | (241,900) | 16,372,090 | 1.05 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.07 | 29,802,750 | - | - | (1,051,850) | 28,750,900 | 1.10 |
| | | 59,606,440 | - | (13,189,700) | (1,293,750) | 45,122,990 | |
| Total | | 102,435,654 | - | (31,976,512) | (1,608,550) | 68,850,592 | |

The related weighted average share price at the time of exercise was RM4.29 (2012: RM5.47).

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The movement during the financial year and its comparative in the number of options over the new ordinary shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group and the Company are entitled to, is as follows: (continued)

| Company | Exercise price RM | At 1 January 2014 | Adjusted ⁶ | Exercised | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2014 | Fair value at grant date RM |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Grant 1(a), 2009 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 1.81 | 1,034,400 | - | (177,050) | - | 857,350 | 0.54 |
| Tranche 2 | 1.81 | 1,595,200 | - | (219,550) | - | 1,375,650 | 0.57 |
| | | 2,629,600 | - | (396,600) | - | 2,233,000 | |
| Grant 1(b), 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.15 | 102,300 | - | (86,150) | - | 16,150 | 0.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.15 | 224,949 | - | (93,199) | - | 131,750 | 0.98 |
| | | 327,249 | - | (179,349) | - | 147,900 | |
| Grant 2, 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.45 | 1,656,675 | - | (243,150) | - | 1,413,525 | 1.09 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.45 | 2,401,625 | - | (253,700) | - | 2,147,925 | 1.15 |
| | | 4,058,300 | - | (496,850) | - | 3,561,450 | |
| Grant 3, 2011 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.07 | 2,783,450 | - | (469,600) | - | 2,313,850 | 1.05 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.07 | 3,282,450 | - | (607,200) | - | 2,675,250 | 1.10 |
| | | 6,065,900 | - | (1,076,800) | - | 4,989,100 | |
| Total | | 13,081,049 | - | (2,149,599) | - | 10,931,450 | |

⁶ Adjusted due to the transfer of staff between entities in the Group.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The movement during the financial year and its comparative in the number of options over the new ordinary shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group and the Company are entitled to, is as follows: (continued)

| Company | Exercise price RM | At 1 January 2013 | Adjusted ⁶ | Exercised | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2013 | Fair value at grant date RM |
|-------------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------|-------------|----------------------|---------------------------|---|
| Grant 1(a), 2009 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 1.81 | 1,215,650 | - | (181,250) | - | 1,034,400 | 0.54 |
| Tranche 2 | 1.81 | 1,808,350 | - | (213,150) | - | 1,595,200 | 0.57 |
| | | 3,024,000 | - | (394,400) | - | 2,629,600 | |
| Grant 1(b), 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.15 | 177,000 | - | (74,700) | - | 102,300 | 0.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.15 | 515,900 | - | (290,951) | - | 224,949 | 0.98 |
| | | 692,900 | - | (365,651) | - | 327,249 | |
| Grant 2, 2010 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 3.45 | 1,986,875 | - | (330,200) | - | 1,656,675 | 1.09 |
| Tranche 2 | 3.45 | 2,977,825 | - | (576,200) | - | 2,401,625 | 1.15 |
| | | 4,964,700 | - | (906,400) | - | 4,058,300 | |
| Grant 3, 2011 | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.07 | 3,532,550 | - | (749,100) | - | 2,783,450 | 1.05 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.07 | 3,532,550 | (30,850) | - | (219,250) | 3,282,450 | 1.10 |
| | | 7,065,100 | (30,850) | (749,100) | (219,250) | 6,065,900 | |
| Total | | 15,746,700 | (30,850) | (2,415,551) | (219,250) | 13,081,049 | |

⁶ Adjusted due to the transfer of staff between entities in the Group.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The movement during the financial year in the number of RSA shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group are entitled to, is as follows:

| Group | Closing price at grant date | At 1 January 2014 | Granted | Adjusted ⁷ | Vested | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2014 | Fair value at grant date |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Grant 3(b), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.03 | 16,150 | - | - | (9,200) | (6,950) | - | 4.21 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.03 | 454,700 | - | 320,800 | (744,350) | (11,150) | 20,000 | 3.90 |
| | | 470,850 | - | 320,800 | (753,550) | (18,100) | 20,000 | |
| Grant 3(c), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.10 | 3,100 | - | - | (3,100) | - | - | 4.15 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.10 | 155,550 | - | 264,000 | (409,400) | (6,200) | 3,950 | 3.74 |
| | | 158,650 | - | 264,000 | (412,500) | (6,200) | 3,950 | |
| Grant 4(a), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.39 | 6,529,100 | - | 595,900 | (6,983,400) | (47,000) | 94,600 | 4.39 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.39 | 10,075,500 | - | 23,500 | (176,000) | (131,100) | 9,791,900 | 4.26 |
| | | 16,604,600 | - | 619,400 | (7,159,400) | (178,100) | 9,886,500 | |
| Grant 4(b), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.00 | 122,150 | - | - | (94,750) | (3,050) | 24,350 | 4.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.00 | 444,350 | - | (12,600) | (21,400) | (7,350) | 403,000 | 4.69 |
| | | 566,500 | - | (12,600) | (116,150) | (10,400) | 427,350 | |
| Grant 4(c), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.19 | 131,400 | - | - | (97,600) | (17,600) | 16,200 | 4.46 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.19 | 252,500 | - | - | - | (17,600) | 234,900 | 4.11 |
| | | 383,900 | - | - | (97,600) | (35,200) | 251,100 | |
| Grant 5(a), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.60 | 6,428,250 | - | - | - | (100,700) | 6,327,550 | 4.76 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.60 | 10,192,250 | - | (18,400) | (118,500) | (237,300) | 9,818,050 | 4.28 |
| | | 16,620,500 | - | (18,400) | (118,500) | (338,000) | 16,145,600 | |
| Grant 5(b), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.90 | 261,500 | - | - | - | (29,050) | 232,450 | 4.88 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.90 | 433,900 | - | (50,400) | (26,900) | (55,350) | 301,250 | 4.10 |
| | | 695,400 | - | (50,400) | (26,900) | (84,400) | 533,700 | |
| Grant 6(a), 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.69 | - | 6,790,450 | - | - | (251,500) | 6,538,950 | 4.77 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.69 | - | 10,466,650 | (66,600) | (14,800) | (459,300) | 9,925,950 | 4.20 |
| | | - | 17,257,100 | (66,600) | (14,800) | (710,800) | 16,464,900 | |
| Grant 6(b), 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.94 | - | 121,950 | - | - | (750) | 121,200 | 4.72 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.94 | - | 406,650 | - | - | (750) | 405,900 | 3.97 |
| | | - | 528,600 | - | - | (1,500) | 527,100 | |
| Total | | 35,500,400 | 17,785,700 | 1,056,200 | (8,699,400) | (1,382,700) | 44,260,200 | |

⁷ Adjusted refer to the additional number of shares vested to the senior management due to multiplier effects or pro-rated shares offered at the time of vesting.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP [“Axiata Share Scheme”] (continued)

The movement during the financial year in the number of RSA shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group are entitled to, is as follows: (continued)

| Group | Closing price at grant date | At 1 January 2013 | Granted | Adjusted ⁷ | Vested | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2013 | Fair value at grant date |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Grant 3(b), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.03 | 222,000 | - | - | (201,800) | (4,050) | 16,150 | 4.21 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.03 | 480,500 | - | 14,600 | (30,400) | (10,000) | 454,700 | 3.90 |
| | | 702,500 | - | 14,600 | (232,200) | (14,050) | 470,850 | |
| Grant 3(c), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.10 | 19,700 | - | - | (16,600) | - | 3,100 | 4.15 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.10 | 159,500 | - | - | (3,950) | - | 155,550 | 3.74 |
| | | 179,200 | - | - | (20,550) | - | 158,650 | |
| Grant 4(a), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.39 | 6,721,250 | - | 42,600 | (63,900) | (170,850) | 6,529,100 | 4.39 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.39 | 10,331,550 | - | 107,600 | (161,400) | (202,250) | 10,075,500 | 4.26 |
| | | 17,052,800 | - | 150,200 | (225,300) | (373,100) | 16,604,600 | |
| Grant 4(b), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.00 | 122,150 | - | - | - | - | 122,150 | 4.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.00 | 444,350 | - | - | - | - | 444,350 | 4.69 |
| | | 566,500 | - | - | - | - | 566,500 | |
| Grant 4(c), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.19 | 131,400 | - | - | - | - | 131,400 | 4.46 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.19 | 252,500 | - | - | - | - | 252,500 | 4.11 |
| | | 383,900 | - | - | - | - | 383,900 | |
| Grant 5(a), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.60 | - | 6,585,950 | - | - | (157,700) | 6,428,250 | 4.76 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.60 | - | 10,374,750 | - | - | (182,500) | 10,192,250 | 4.28 |
| | | - | 16,960,700 | - | - | (340,200) | 16,620,500 | |
| Grant 5(b), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.90 | - | 268,100 | - | - | (6,600) | 261,500 | 4.88 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.90 | - | 440,500 | - | - | (6,600) | 433,900 | 4.10 |
| | | - | 708,600 | - | - | (13,200) | 695,400 | |
| Total | | 18,884,900 | 17,669,300 | 164,800 | (478,050) | (740,550) | 35,500,400 | |

⁷ Adjusted refer to the additional number of shares vested to the senior management due to multiplier effects or pro-rated shares offered at the time of vesting.

**Notes to the
Financial Statements**
For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The movement during the financial year in the number of RSA shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group are entitled to, is as follows: (continued)

| Company | Closing price at grant date | At 1 January 2014 | Granted | Adjusted ⁷ | Vested | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2014 | Fair value at grant date |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Grant 3(b), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.03 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.21 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.03 | 226,600 | - | 297,100 | (519,500) | (4,200) | - | 3.90 |
| | | 226,600 | - | 297,100 | (519,500) | (4,200) | - | |
| Grant 3(c), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.10 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4.15 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.10 | 136,450 | - | 264,000 | (400,450) | - | - | 3.74 |
| | | 136,450 | - | 264,000 | (400,450) | - | - | |
| Grant 4(a), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.39 | 487,050 | - | 595,900 | (1,075,150) | (7,800) | - | 4.39 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.39 | 2,240,450 | - | 23,500 | (176,000) | (2,200) | 2,085,750 | 4.26 |
| | | 2,727,500 | - | 619,400 | (1,251,150) | (10,000) | 2,085,750 | |
| Grant 4(b), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.00 | 7,500 | - | - | (7,500) | - | - | 4.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.00 | 281,900 | - | (12,600) | (21,400) | (4,300) | 243,600 | 4.69 |
| | | 289,400 | - | (12,600) | (28,900) | (4,300) | 243,600 | |
| Grant 4(c), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.19 | 14,850 | - | - | (14,850) | - | - | 4.46 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.19 | 118,450 | - | - | - | - | 118,450 | 4.11 |
| | | 133,300 | - | - | (14,850) | - | 118,450 | |
| Grant 5(a), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.60 | 349,850 | - | (22,350) | - | (47,650) | 279,850 | 4.76 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.60 | 2,243,750 | - | (40,750) | (118,500) | (47,650) | 2,036,850 | 4.28 |
| | | 2,593,600 | - | (63,100) | (118,500) | (95,300) | 2,316,700 | |
| Grant 5(b), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.90 | 51,950 | - | - | - | (2,250) | 49,700 | 4.88 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.90 | 192,750 | - | (50,400) | (26,900) | (28,550) | 86,900 | 4.10 |
| | | 244,700 | - | (50,400) | (26,900) | (30,800) | 136,600 | |
| Grant 6(a), 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.69 | - | 708,100 | 6,900 | - | (46,150) | 668,850 | 4.77 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.69 | - | 2,667,500 | 34,200 | - | (61,250) | 2,640,450 | 4.20 |
| | | - | 3,375,600 | 41,100 | - | (107,400) | 3,309,300 | |
| Grant 6(b), 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.94 | - | 79,550 | - | - | - | 79,550 | 4.72 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.94 | - | 298,750 | - | - | - | 298,750 | 3.97 |
| | | - | 378,300 | - | - | - | 378,300 | |
| Total | | 6,351,550 | 3,753,900 | 1,095,500 | (2,360,250) | (252,000) | 8,588,700 | |

⁷ Adjusted refer to the additional number of shares vested to the senior management due to multiplier effects or pro-rated shares offered at the time of vesting.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP [“Axiata Share Scheme”] (continued)

The movement during the financial year in the number of RSA shares of RM1 each of the Company, in which the employees of the Group are entitled to, is as follows: (continued)

| Company | Closing price at grant date | At 1 January 2013 | Granted | Adjusted ⁷ | Vested | Lapsed/ forfeited | At 31 December 2013 | Fair value at grant date |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-----------|-----------------------|-----------|-------------------|---------------------|--------------------------|
| Grant 3(b), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.03 | 4,300 | - | - | (4,300) | - | - | 4.21 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.03 | 242,400 | - | 14,600 | (30,400) | - | 226,600 | 3.90 |
| | | 246,700 | - | 14,600 | (34,700) | - | 226,600 | |
| Grant 3(c), 2011 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.10 | 4,550 | - | - | (4,550) | - | - | 4.15 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.10 | 136,450 | - | - | - | - | 136,450 | 3.74 |
| | | 141,000 | - | - | (4,550) | - | 136,450 | |
| Grant 4(a), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 5.39 | 508,350 | - | 42,600 | (63,900) | - | 487,050 | 4.39 |
| Tranche 2 | 5.39 | 2,294,250 | - | 107,600 | (161,400) | - | 2,240,450 | 4.26 |
| | | 2,802,600 | - | 150,200 | (225,300) | - | 2,727,500 | |
| Grant 4(b), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.00 | 7,500 | - | - | - | - | 7,500 | 4.93 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.00 | 281,900 | - | - | - | - | 281,900 | 4.69 |
| | | 289,400 | - | - | - | - | 289,400 | |
| Grant 4(c), 2012 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.19 | 14,850 | - | - | - | - | 14,850 | 4.46 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.19 | 118,450 | - | - | - | - | 118,450 | 4.11 |
| | | 133,300 | - | - | - | - | 133,300 | |
| Grant 5(a), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.60 | - | 349,850 | - | - | - | 349,850 | 4.76 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.60 | - | 2,243,750 | - | - | - | 2,243,750 | 4.28 |
| | | - | 2,593,600 | - | - | - | 2,593,600 | |
| Grant 5(b), 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Tranche 1 | 6.90 | - | 51,950 | - | - | - | 51,950 | 4.88 |
| Tranche 2 | 6.90 | - | 192,750 | - | - | - | 192,750 | 4.10 |
| | | - | 244,700 | - | - | - | 244,700 | |
| Total | | 3,613,000 | 2,838,300 | 164,800 | (264,550) | - | 6,351,550 | |

⁷ Adjusted refer to the additional number of shares vested to the senior management due to multiplier effects or pro-rated shares offered at the time of vesting.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The fair value of the Performance-based ESOS granted in which MFRS 2 applies, were determined using the Black-Scholes valuation model. The significant inputs in the model are as follows:

| | Options over the Company's shares | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------|------------|
| | Grant 1(a) | Grant 1(b) | Grant 2 | Grant 3(a) |
| Exercise price | RM1.81 | RM3.15 | RM3.45 | RM5.07 |
| Option expected term: | | | | |
| - Tranche 1 | 5.0 years | 4.5 years | 4.5 years | 4.0 years |
| - Tranche 2 | 5.5 years | 5.0 years | 5.0 years | 4.5 years |
| Weighted average share price at grant date | RM1.81 | RM3.15 | RM3.45 | RM5.07 |
| Expected dividend yield | 1% | 1% | 1% | 2% |
| Risk free interest rates (Yield of Malaysian Government securities) | 3.0%-3.7% | 3.0%-3.7% | 3.0%-3.9% | 3.3%-3.6% |
| Expected volatility | 31.3% ⁸ | 31.1% ⁸ | 34.4% | 24.7% |

⁸ The expected volatility rate of the Company's options was derived after considering the pattern and level of historical volatility of entities in the same industry since the Company did not have sufficient information on historical volatility as it was only listed on the Bursa Securities on 28 April 2008.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The fair value of the RSA granted in which MFRS 2 applies, were determined using the Monte Carlo valuation model. The significant inputs in the model are as follows:

| | Entitlement over the Company's shares | | | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Grant 3 (b) | Grant 3 (c) | Grant 4 (a) | Grant 4 (b) | Grant 4 (c) |
| Reference price | RM5.03 | RM5.10 | RM5.20 | RM5.86 | RM5.92 |
| Valuation at grant date* | 18 Jul 2011 | 30 Nov 2011 | 16 Apr 2012 | 17 Aug 2012 | 10 Dec 2012 |
| Vesting date: | | | | | |
| - Tranche 1 | 18 Jul 2013 | 30 Nov 2013 | 30 Mar 2014 | 31 Jul 2014 | 30 Nov 2014 |
| - Tranche 2 | 18 Jul 2014 | 30 Nov 2014 | 30 Mar 2015 | 31 Jul 2015 | 30 Nov 2015 |
| Closing share price at grant date* | RM5.03 | RM5.10 | RM5.39 | RM6.00 | RM6.19 |
| Expected dividend yield | 2.54% | 3.12% | 4.23% | 4.06% | 4.15% |
| Risk free interest rates (Yield of Malaysian Government Securities) | 3.19%-3.32% | 2.92%-3.23% | 3.09%-3.18% | 2.97%-3.04% | 3.00%-3.08% |
| Expected volatility [#] | 19.9% | 18.7% | 27.5% | 19.2% | 18.6% |

[#] The expected volatility rate of the Company's RSA was derived using 520 days historical volatility due to availability of data with more data points to increase the credibility of assumptions.

* Grant date refers to the date where majority of employees accepted the offer.

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(a) Performance-Based ESOS and RSP ["Axiata Share Scheme"] (continued)

The fair value of the RSA granted in which MFRS 2 applies, were determined using the Monte Carlo valuation model. The significant inputs in the model are as follows: (continued)

| | Entitlement over the Company's shares | | | |
|--|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| | Grant 5 (a) | Grant 5 (b) | Grant 6 (a) | Grant 6 (b) |
| Reference price | RM6.27 | RM6.90 | RM6.55 | RM6.95 |
| Valuation at grant date* | 29 Mar 2013 | 15 Aug 2013 | 07 Apr 2014 | 02 Sep 2014 |
| Vesting date: | | | | |
| – Tranche 1 | 20 Feb 2015 | 15 Aug 2015 | 15 Feb 2016 | 15 Aug 2016 |
| – Tranche 2 | 20 Feb 2016 | 15 Aug 2016 | 15 Feb 2017 | 15 Aug 2017 |
| Closing share price at grant date* | RM6.60 | RM6.90 | RM6.69 | RM6.94 |
| Expected dividend yield | 4.58% | 4.20% | 3.79% | 3.89% |
| Risk free interest rates (Yield of Malaysian Government Securities) | 2.88%-3.09% | 3.17%-3.36% | 3.00%-3.38% | 3.46% |
| Expected volatility# | 18.7% | 17.4% | 16.5% | 15.8% |

The expected volatility rate of the Company's RSA was derived using 520 days historical volatility due to availability of data with more data points to increase the credibility of assumptions.

* Grant date refers to the date where majority of employees accepted the offer.

The amounts recognised in the financial statements as disclosed in Note 7(c) and 7(d) to the financial statements for all employees (including Directors) arising from the Performance-Based ESOS and RSA are summarised as below:

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Equity settlement arrangement: | | | | |
| – Options and RSA granted to employees under the Scheme | 91,610 | 80,678 | 21,980 | 18,365 |

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(b) ESOS of Dialog

On 11 July 2005, the Board of Directors of Dialog resolved and issued 199,892,741 ordinary shares of Dialog at the Initial Public Offering ("IPO") price of SLR twelve (12) to an ESOS Trust, being 2.7% of the issued share capital of Dialog.

Of the total ESOS shares that were transferred to the ESOS Trust, 88,841,218 shares (44.4%) were granted at the point of the IPO. The balance 111,051,523 shares (56.6%) shall be allocated to employees as an on-going performance incentive. The ESOS Trust entitlement via the rights issue was 15,452,020 shares. From the total entitlement, 5,668,600 shares were sold in the stock market. On the Trustees' approval, the remaining rights entitlement amounting to 9,783,420 shares was exercised by the ESOS Trust.

The principal features of ESOS are as follows:

- (i) The eligibility for participation in ESOS is at the discretion of the ESOS Committee appointed by the Board of Directors of Dialog;
- (ii) Except the existing tranche, the exercise price of the ESOS shares will be based on the five (5) days weighted average market price of Dialog's shares immediately preceding the offer date for options, with the ESOS Committee having the discretion to set an exercise price up to 10% lower than that derived weighted average market price; and
- (iii) Options are conditional on an employee satisfying the following:
 - has attained the age of eighteen (18) years;
 - is employed full-time by and on the payroll of a company within Dialog Group; and
 - has been in the employment of Dialog Group for a period of at least one (1) year of continuous service prior to and up to the offer date, including service during the probation period.

The total number of share options granted in relation to Tranche 0 was 88,649,600. As at 31 December 2014, 51,330,449 options have been exercised and a total of 11,562,301 options have been forfeited. 226,800 options were exercised by the employees during the financial year.

An alternative employee share scheme which was approved by the shareholders of Dialog has been introduced by Dialog and further, taking into consideration the provisions introduced by the Colombo Stock Exchange in the rules applicable to established employee shares schemes, the ESOS Committee resolved that no further tranches would be granted to employees under the existing ESOS Trust and further resolved to dispose the remaining shares in ESOS Trust with the view of concluding the scheme on 25 October 2014. Accordingly, 158,345,662 shares including unallocated shares and the unexercised share options which were surrendered by the eligible employees to the ESOS Trust were disposed in the open market during the month of October 2014, at a price of SLR12.50 per share.

There was no share-based compensation expense recognised during the financial year (2013: nil).

14. Employee Share Option and Share Scheme (continued)

(c) Share-based compensation plan of XL

In April 2010, the Nomination and Remuneration Committee of XL approved a share-based compensation plan for certain employees under which XL's shares are to be given as a compensation for services provided by the employees with no cash consideration. Members of the Board of Directors and certain employees of XL who have been employed during the performance year and met certain criteria are eligible to participate in the program.

Under the program, on each end of fourth (4th) month subsequent to completion of the performance year, XL issues shares to the eligible employees upon XL achieving specific performance target and the employees satisfying certain performance conditions and remain in the employment at the share issuance date. Shares issued by XL vest in two (2) equal proportions and will become employees' rights if the employees remain in employment for two (2) years and three (3) years as of respective share issuance date.

The program was approved in the EGM of Shareholders on 14 April 2011. The execution of the program covers performance year 2011 up to 2015 with grant cycles divided into six (6) periods.

Total share-based compensation expense recognised in the consolidated profit or loss for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 was RM8.9 million (2013: RM11.0 million) as disclosed in Note 7(c) to the financial statements.

15. Reserves

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|---|------|------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Distributable | | | | | |
| Retained earnings | (a) | 9,831,649 | 9,322,760 | 6,536,768 | 4,955,812 |
| Non-distributable | | | | | |
| Capital contribution reserve | (b) | 16,598 | 16,598 | 16,598 | 16,598 |
| Merger reserve | (c) | 346,774 | 346,774 | - | - |
| Hedging reserve | (d) | (131,518) | (152,277) | - | - |
| ESOS and RSA reserve | (e) | 176,628 | 155,298 | 176,628 | 155,298 |
| Actuarial reserve | | (9,934) | (790) | - | - |
| Currency translation differences arising from translation of: | | | | | |
| - subsidiaries | | (313,905) | (675,117) | - | - |
| - associates | | (152,571) | (155,400) | - | - |
| | | (466,476) | (830,517) | - | - |
| Total | | 9,763,721 | 8,857,846 | 6,729,994 | 5,127,708 |

15. Reserves (continued)

- (a) The Company has tax exempt income accounts as at 31 December 2014 amounting to approximately RM171.5 million (2013: RM165.1 million) available for distribution as tax exempt dividends to shareholders subject to the availability of retained profits. The tax exempt income accounts are subject to agreement by the Inland Revenue Board. The remaining retained profits can be distributed as tax exempt dividends under the single tier tax system.
- (b) The Group's and the Company's capital contribution reserve relates to the ESOS of Telekom Malaysia Berhad, former holding company, which were made available to the employees of the Group and the Company.
- (c) The Group's merger reserve relates to the credit difference arising from the business combination accounted under the predecessor method of accounting upon completion of the Group's restructuring exercise on 25 April 2008.
- (d) The Group's hedging reserve relates to the net investment hedge and cash flow hedge arising from an effective hedge as disclosed in Note 19(f) and Note 19(h) to the financial statements.
- (e) The Group's and the Company's ESOS and RSA reserve relates to the Axiata Share Scheme of the Company, which were made available to the employees of the Group and the Company as disclosed in Note 14(a) to the financial statements.

16. Borrowings

| | | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|--|------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Group | Note | W.A.R.F % | Non- current RM'000 | Current RM'000 | Total RM'000 | W.A.R.F % | Non- current RM'000 | Current RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Overseas | | | | | | | | | |
| Secured: | | | | | | | | | |
| - Borrowings from financial institutions | (a) | 3.20 | 290,515 | 128,413 | 418,928 | 3.35 | 279,846 | 114,931 | 394,777 |
| - Other borrowings | | - | - | - | - | 2.69 | - | 88,559 | 88,559 |
| Unsecured: | | | | | | | | | |
| - Borrowings from financial institutions | | 4.48 | 6,078,186 | 1,097,270 | 7,175,456 | 5.90 | 4,477,554 | 741,436 | 5,218,990 |
| - Other borrowings | | 1.88 | - | 168,554 | 168,554 | 1.94 | 158,872 | 160,709 | 319,581 |
| - Bank overdrafts | 33 | 1.48 | - | 54,404 | 54,404 | 9.24 | - | 18,759 | 18,759 |
| | | 4.34 | 6,368,701 | 1,448,641 | 7,817,342 | 5.48 | 4,916,272 | 1,124,394 | 6,040,666 |

- W.A.R.F.-Weighted Average Rate of Finance as at reporting date

16. Borrowings (continued)

| | | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|--|------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------------|-----------------|
| | Note | W.A.R.F % | Non- current RM'000 | Current RM'000 | Total RM'000 | W.A.R.F % | Non- current RM'000 | Current RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | | | |
| Malaysia | | | | | | | | | |
| Unsecured: | | | | | | | | | |
| - Notes | (b) | 5.37 | 1,050,021 | - | 1,050,021 | 5.38 | 987,453 | - | 987,453 |
| - Borrowings from financial institutions | (c) | - | - | - | - | 1.37 | 828,333 | 12,350 | 840,683 |
| - Sukuk | (d) | 3.77 | 4,525,972 | 500,000 | 5,025,972 | 3.77 | 5,020,329 | 547,244 | 5,567,573 |
| | | 4.04 | 5,575,993 | 500,000 | 6,075,993 | 3.71 | 6,836,115 | 559,594 | 7,395,709 |
| Total | | 4.21 | 11,944,694 | 1,948,641 | 13,893,335 | 4.51 | 11,752,387 | 1,683,988 | 13,436,375 |
| Company | | | | | | | | | |
| Unsecured: | | | | | | | | | |
| - Borrowings from financial institutions | (c) | - | - | - | - | 1.31 | 823,333 | 1,901 | 825,234 |

- (a) Secured by way of fixed charge on certain PPE and deposits with financial institutions of the Company and certain subsidiaries, as disclosed in Note 25(a) and Note 33 to the financial statements respectively.
- (b) The USD300.0 million Guaranteed Notes ("Notes") will mature on 28 April 2020, and is guaranteed by the Company. The Notes, which were issued at 99.94%, carry a coupon rate of 5.375% per annum ("p.a.") (payable semi-annually in arrears) and have a tenure of 10 years from the date of issuance.
- (c) On 28 April 2014, the Group early redeemed a USD250.0 million borrowing amounting to RM800.7 million which would mature on 28 April 2015.

16. Borrowings (continued)

- (d) Sukuk of the Group consist of a Multi-Currency Sukuk Programme and a Sukuk Murabahah Programme issued as follows:

(i) Multi-Currency Sukuk

The Group established a Multi-Currency Sukuk Programme involving the issuance of up to USD1.5 billion (or its equivalent in other currencies based on Islamic Principle). On 11 September 2012, the Group successfully priced the issuance CNY denominated 1.0 billion Sukuk pursuant to the Sukuk Programme. The Sukuk, which was issued at par, carries a coupon rate of 3.75% p.a. (payable semi-annually in arrears) and has tenure of two (2) years from the date of issuance.

On 19 September 2012, the Sukuk was listed and quoted on Bursa Malaysia (under the Exempt Regime) and on the Singapore Exchange Securities Trading Limited. On 18 September 2014, the Group fully settled the Sukuk.

(ii) Sukuk Murabahah

On 14 August 2012, the Group established a Sukuk Murabahah Programme of up to RM5.0 billion in nominal value. RM3.0 billion of the Sukuk Murabahah was successfully priced via a book building process with the remaining RM2.0 billion privately allocated to strategic investors.

The details of the Sukuk Murabahah are as follow:

| | Contractual interest rate¹ % | Maturity date | Amount RM'million |
|----------|--|----------------------|------------------------------|
| Series 1 | 3.45 | 28 Aug 2015 | 500 |
| Series 2 | 3.60 | 29 Aug 2017 | 1,000 |
| Series 3 | 3.75 | 29 Aug 2019 | 1,500 |
| Series 4 | 3.90 | 28 Aug 2020 | 1,200 |
| Series 5 | 4.05 | 27 Aug 2021 | 400 |
| Series 6 | 4.20 | 29 Aug 2022 | 400 |
| | | | 5,000 |

¹ payable semi-annually

- (e) The borrowings of the Group are subject to certain covenants. The covenants require that certain ratios (Debts over Assets, Earnings before interest, tax, depreciation and amortisation ("EBITDA") to Borrowing/ Finance Costs and Debts to EBITDA) to be met. The Group is in compliance with the covenants of its borrowings at each reporting date.
- (f) The floating interest rate borrowings of the Group are RM7,817.3 million (2013: RM6,881.3 million) as at the reporting date.

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16. Borrowings (continued)

The currency profile of the borrowings of the Group is as follows:

| Group | 2014 | | | | | | 2013 | | | | | |
|-------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Functional currency | | | | | | Functional currency | | | | | |
| | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| CNY | - | - | - | - | - | - | 547,244 | - | - | - | - | 547,244 |
| RM | 5,025,972 | - | - | - | - | 5,025,972 | 5,035,781 | - | - | - | - | 5,035,781 |
| USD | 1,050,021 | 3,771,673 | 473,955 | 394,406 | 244,949 | 5,935,004 | 1,812,686 | 1,503,061 | 438,675 | 461,278 | 230,586 | 4,446,286 |
| IDR | - | 2,839,199 | - | - | - | 2,839,199 | - | 3,346,512 | - | - | - | 3,346,512 |
| SLR | - | - | 53,256 | - | - | 53,256 | - | - | 10,399 | - | - | 10,399 |
| BDT | - | - | - | 14,115 | - | 14,115 | - | - | - | 22,058 | - | 22,058 |
| PKR | - | - | - | - | 25,789 | 25,789 | - | - | - | - | 28,095 | 28,095 |
| Total | 6,075,993 | 6,610,872 | 527,211 | 408,521 | 270,738 | 13,893,335 | 7,395,711 | 4,849,573 | 449,074 | 483,336 | 258,681 | 13,436,375 |

USD : United State Dollars
IDR : Indonesian Rupiah
SLR : Sri Lankan Rupee
BDT : Bangladeshi Taka
CNY : Chinese Yuan Renminbi
PKR : Pakistani Rupee

The borrowing of the Company was denominated in USD.

16. Borrowings (continued)

The carrying amounts and fair value of the Group's and the Company's non-current borrowings are as follows:

| | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|
| | Carrying amount RM'000 | Fair value RM'000 | Carrying amount RM'000 | Fair value RM'000 |
| Group | | | | |
| Overseas: | | | | |
| – Borrowings ¹ | 6,368,701 | 6,368,701 | 4,916,272 | 4,916,272 |
| Malaysia: | | | | |
| – Borrowings ¹ | - | - | 828,333 | 828,333 |
| – Notes ² | 1,050,021 | 1,185,509 | 987,453 | 1,060,677 |
| – Sukuks ¹ | 4,525,972 | 4,918,294 | 5,020,329 | 4,950,175 |
| | 5,575,993 | 6,103,803 | 6,836,115 | 6,839,185 |
| | 11,944,694 | 12,472,504 | 11,752,387 | 11,755,457 |
| Company | | | | |
| Malaysia: | | | | |
| – Borrowing ¹ | - | - | 823,333 | 823,333 |

¹ The fair value of borrowings and sukuks are calculated based on cash flows discounted using a rate based on the borrowing rate which ranges from 1.04% to 12.13% (2013: 0.65% to 13.15%) p.a. and are within level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

² The fair value of Notes is based on quoted price in an active market and is within level 1 of the fair value hierarchy.

The fair value of current borrowings approximates their carrying amount, as the impact of discounting is not significant.

**Notes to the
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17. Financial Instruments by Category

| Group | Note | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|------------------------------------|------|----------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|----------------------|-----------------|--------|-----------|
| | | Loan and receivables | Assets at FVTPL | AFS | Total | Loan and receivables | Assets at FVTPL | AFS | Total |
| | | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | | | | |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | - | 167,765 | - | 167,765 | - | 238,560 | - | 238,560 |
| Long term receivables | 29 | 94,638 | - | - | 94,638 | 97,533 | - | - | 97,533 |
| Available-for-sale financial asset | | - | - | 1,118 | 1,118 | - | - | 141 | 141 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 1,593,732 | - | - | 1,593,732 | 1,514,476 | - | - | 1,514,476 |
| Financial assets at FVTPL | | - | 14 | - | 14 | - | 8 | - | 8 |
| Deposits, cash and bank balances | 33 | 5,115,570 | - | - | 5,115,570 | 6,432,918 | - | - | 6,432,918 |
| Total | | 6,803,940 | 167,779 | 1,118 | 6,972,837 | 8,044,927 | 238,568 | 141 | 8,283,636 |

| | Note | 2014 | | | 2013 | | |
|--|------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|------------|
| | | Liabilities at FVTPL | Other financial liabilities | Total | Liabilities at FVTPL | Other financial liabilities | Total |
| | | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 16 | - | 13,893,335 | 13,893,335 | - | 13,436,375 | 13,436,375 |
| Derivative financial instruments | 19 | 26,227 | - | 26,227 | 109,384 | - | 109,384 |
| Trade and other payables excluding statutory liabilities | | - | 6,344,612 | 6,344,612 | - | 4,487,311 | 4,487,311 |
| Total | | 26,227 | 20,237,947 | 20,264,174 | 109,384 | 17,923,686 | 18,033,070 |

17. Financial Instruments by Category (continued)

| Company | Note | 2014 | | 2013 | | |
|-----------------------------------|------|------------------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| | | Loans and receivables RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Asset at FVTPL RM'000 | Loans and receivables RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Financial assets | | | | | | |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | 31 | 2,158,977 | 2,158,977 | - | 572,163 | 572,163 |
| Derivatives financial instruments | 19 | - | - | 14,588 | - | 14,588 |
| Trade and other receivables | | 6,924 | 6,924 | - | 25,561 | 25,561 |
| Deposits, cash and bank balances | 33 | 172,563 | 172,563 | - | 1,991,480 | 1,991,480 |
| Total | | 2,338,464 | 2,338,464 | 14,588 | 2,589,204 | 2,603,792 |
| | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| | Note | 2014 | | 2013 | | |
| | | Other financial liabilities RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Liability at FVTPL RM'000 | Other financial liabilities RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Financial liabilities | | | | | | |
| Borrowings | 16 | - | - | - | 825,234 | 825,234 |
| Trade and other payables | 21 | 80,646 | 80,646 | - | 78,834 | 78,834 |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries | 31 | 1,162,472 | 1,162,472 | - | 680,949 | 680,949 |
| Total | | 1,243,118 | 1,243,118 | - | 1,585,017 | 1,585,017 |

18. Credit Quality of Financial Assets

| | | 2014 | Group 2013 |
|--|------|----------------|---------------|
| | Note | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Trade receivables | | | |
| Counterparties with external credit ratings* | | | |
| A | | 31 | 5,712 |
| A+ | | 6,212 | - |
| A- | | 17,606 | 5,867 |
| A-2 | | 80,393 | 54,029 |
| A-1 | | 1,094 | - |
| A-1+ | | - | 596 |
| B | | 816 | 1,484 |
| BB | | 697 | - |
| BB+ | | 26,053 | 20,397 |
| BBB+ | | 3,015 | - |
| BBB- | | 6,354 | - |
| DRSK | | 77,028 | 90,227 |
| NR | | 8,513 | 28,559 |
| WR | | 1,906 | 2,295 |
| WD | | 528 | 2,683 |
| P1 | | 16,560 | - |
| Others | | 508 | 1,816 |
| | | 247,314 | 213,665 |
| Counterparties without external credit ratings | | | |
| Group 1 | | 422,237 | 467,552 |
| Group 2 | | 137,892 | 343,422 |
| Group 3 | | 131,096 | 90,613 |
| | | 691,225 | 901,587 |
| Total | 32 | 938,539 | 1,115,252 |

* Credit rating by Standard & Poor's, Moody's, Fitch, Bloomberg and other local credit rating agencies.

18. Credit Quality of Financial Assets (continued)

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Deposits, cash and bank balances | | | | | |
| A-1 | | 72,954 | 143,626 | - | - |
| A-1+ | | 25,631 | 23,622 | - | - |
| A-1*- | | 59,818 | - | - | - |
| A2 | | 2,473 | 1,398 | - | - |
| A3 | | 69,313 | 114,815 | - | - |
| A-2 | | 2,091,212 | 2,697,012 | 1,582 | 201,174 |
| A+ | | 54,722 | - | - | - |
| AA- | | 67,216 | - | - | - |
| B | | 426,127 | 12,306 | - | - |
| NR | | 713,538 | 334,387 | - | - |
| P1 | | 410,103 | 2,125,716 | 59,183 | 1,255,932 |
| P-1 | | 70,001 | 530,014 | 70,001 | 530,014 |
| P-2 | | 82,333 | 51,322 | 40,332 | - |
| WD | | 340,004 | 40,866 | - | - |
| WR | | 89,212 | 113,509 | - | - |
| idA+ | | 112,708 | 40,782 | - | - |
| Others | | 29,175 | 39,757 | - | 2,887 |
| Without external credit ratings | | 399,030 | 163,786 | 1,465 | 1,473 |
| Total | 33 | 5,115,570 | 6,432,918 | 172,563 | 1,991,480 |
| AFS financial asset | | | | | |
| Without external credit ratings | | 1,118 | 141 | - | - |
| Derivative financial instrument assets | | | | | |
| A-1 | | 87,699 | 115,244 | - | 14,588 |
| A-1+ | | 5,594 | 10,468 | - | - |
| A-2 | | 66,130 | 20,935 | - | - |
| P-2 | | - | 88,130 | - | - |
| Without external credit ratings | | 8,342 | 3,783 | - | - |
| Total | 19 | 167,765 | 238,560 | - | 14,588 |

18. Credit Quality of Financial Assets (continued)

| | | | Company |
|--------------------------------------|------|------------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries | | | |
| Group 2 | 31 | 2,158,977 | 572,163 |

Group 1 - new customers/related parties [less than six (6) months]

Group 2 - existing customers/related parties [more than six (6) months] with no defaults in the past

Group 3 - existing customers/related parties [more than six (6) months] with some defaults in the past. All defaults were fully recovered.

None of the loans to related parties is past due but not impaired.

19. Derivative Financial Instruments

| | | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | Note | Assets RM'000 | Liabilities RM'000 | Assets RM'000 | Assets RM'000 |
| Non-current | | | | | |
| <i>Non-hedging derivative financial instruments:</i> | | | | | |
| - FFC (a) | | - | - | - | - |
| - CCIRS (b) | | 119,973 | - | - | - |
| - IRS (c) | | - | (7,709) | - | - |
| - Call spread options (d) | | 5,594 | (1,241) | - | - |
| - Convertible warrants in an associate (e) | | 8,343 | - | - | - |
| | | 133,910 | (8,950) | - | - |
| <i>Derivative designated as hedging instruments:</i> | | | | | |
| - CCIRS (f),(g) | | - | (11,992) | - | 14,588 |
| - IRS (h) | | - | (1,734) | - | - |
| | | 133,910 | (22,676) | - | 14,588 |
| Current | | | | | |
| <i>Non-hedging derivative financial instruments:</i> | | | | | |
| - FFC (a) | | 33,855 | (822) | - | - |
| - CCIRS (b) | | - | - | - | - |
| - IRS (c) | | - | (2,729) | - | - |
| | | 33,855 | (3,551) | - | - |
| Total | | 167,765 | (26,227) | - | 14,588 |

19. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

Non-hedging derivatives are classified as current/non-current assets or liabilities. The full fair value of a hedging derivative is classified as a non-current asset or liability if the remaining maturity of the hedged item is more than twelve (12) months and, as a current asset or liability, if the maturity of the hedged items is less than twelve (12) months.

Non-hedging derivatives financial instruments

(a) Forward foreign contracts

The information relating to the derivative financial instruments of a subsidiary of the Group as at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Counterparties | Notional amount USD' million | Strike rate full amount 1 USD:IDR | Period | Premium p.a. |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|---|-----------------|
| Standard Chartered Bank ("SCB") | 29.5 | 9,000-9,725 | 18 September 2009- 29 September 2015 | 2.25%-5.26% |
| J.P. Morgan Securities (S.E.A.) Ltd | 9.1 | 9,000 | 31 December 2009- 29 September 2015 | 3.45% |
| SCB | 9.6 | 12,245 | 8 January 2014- 29 September 2015 | 8.30%-8.35% |

The premiums on the forward foreign currency contracts will be paid semi-annually.

(b) Cross currency interest rate swaps

The information relating to the derivative financial instruments of certain subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Counter-parties | Notional amount USD' million | Period | Swap amount IDR' billion | Exchange period | Fixed interest rate paid | Exchange rate per 1USD: | Interest rate received |
|--|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|
| The Bank of Tokyo Mitsubishi UFJ, Ltd ("BTMU") | 99.0 | 25 March 2013- 24 March 2016 | 961.8 | Quarterly | 6.93% | IDR9,715 | 3 months' LIBOR + 0.8% margin |
| SCB | 50.0 | 13 June 2013- 13 June 2018 | 495.9 | Quarterly | 7.60% | IDR9,918 | Fixed rate 2.3% |

19. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

Non-hedging derivatives financial instruments (continued)

(c) Interest rate swaps

The information relating to the derivative financial instruments of a subsidiary of the Group as at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Counterparties | Notional amount USD' million | Period | Exchange period | Fixed interest rate paid | Floating interest received |
|----------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| SCB | 48.2 | 11 February 2009- 1 October 2015 | Semi-annually | 2.323%- 2.575% | 6 months' LIBOR |
| BTMU | 90.0 | 28 August 2013- 28 August 2016 | Quarterly | 2.19% | 3 months' LIBOR |
| BTMU | 100.0 | 17 March 2014- 17 March 2017 | Quarterly | 2.25% | 3 months' LIBOR |

(d) Call spread options

The information relating to the derivative financial instruments of a subsidiary of the Group as at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Counterparties | Notional amount USD' million | Period | Strike/cap rate 1USD: | Premium per annum | Start of optional termination date |
|---|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|
| Bank of America Merrill Lynch – Singapore | 100.0 | 29 May 2014- 9 January 2019 | IDR11,580- IDR14,580 | 3.33% | 9 October 2015 |
| DBS Bank Ltd. | 200.0 | 30 May 2014- 14 March 2019 | IDR11,600- IDR14,600 | 3.22% | 17 March 2015 |

(e) Convertible warrants in an associate

Sacofa Sdn Bhd (“Sacofa”), an associate company of the Group undertook a refinancing exercise which entails amongst others, the issuance of up to RM400.0 million Islamic Medium Term Notes, the issuance of up to RM50.0 million Islamic Commercial Paper and the 64.2 million bonus issue of warrants on the entitlement basis of one (1) free warrant for every one (1) existing Sacofa ordinary share held.

| Counterparty | Underlying number of shares | Period | Strike price |
|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Sacofa | 12,834,327 | 28 January 2009- 25 January 2019 | RM1.50/share + any adjustments |

19. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

Derivative designated as hedging instrument

(f) Net investment hedge – Cross currency interest rate swaps

The underlying debt instrument for the CCIRS is the Group's Notes as disclosed in Note 16(b) to the financial statements. The hedge is designed to hedge against foreign currency and interest rate risks.

The information relating to the derivatives of a subsidiary of the Company as at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Notional amount USD' million | Notional amount SGD' million | Period | Exchange period | Floating interest rate paid | Floating interest rate received | Fair value liabilities 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|----------------|
| 300.0 | 421.3 | 28 October 2010- 28 April 2020 | Semi-annually | 4.315%- 4.350% on SGD notional | 5.375% on USD notional | 11,992 | 95,257 |

The payment of the Group's SGD notional amounts of USD300.0 million is designated as a hedge of net investment in the Group's investment in its associate. The hedge has been fully effective from inception and for the financial year.

The Group recognised a loss of RM95.4 million (2013: loss of RM35.3 million) in other comprehensive income after reclassification of an unrealised foreign exchange loss of RM47.4 million (2013: loss of RM69.9 million) on the underlying Notes from the profit or loss to other comprehensive income.

The fair value changes of the derivative are attributable to future exchange rates and interest rate movements.

(g) Fair value hedge – Cross currency interest rate swap

The CCIRS is used to hedge fair value risk arising from a floating rate borrowing of the Group and the Company. The hedge is designed to hedge against foreign currency and interest rate risks.

The information relating to the derivative as at 31 December 2013 is as follows:

| Notional amount USD' million | Notional amount RM' million | Period | Exchange period | Floating interest rate paid | Floating interest rate received | Fair value asset 2013 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|------------------------------------|
| 250.0 | 800.7 | 6 May 2010- 26 April 2015 | Quarterly | 3 months' KLIBOR + 0.64% p.a. on RM notional | 3 months' LIBOR + 1.05% p.a. on USD notional | 14,588 |

19. Derivative Financial Instruments (continued)

Derivative designated as hedging instrument (continued)

(g) Fair value hedge – Cross currency interest rate swap (continued)

During the financial year, the Group and the Company early redeemed the derivative on 28 April 2014 as disclosed in Note 16 (c) to the financial statement.

The Group and the Company considered the CCIRS as an effective hedging instrument as the floating rate borrowing and the CCIRS have identical terms.

The Group and the Company recognised a loss of RM2.0 million (2013: gain of RM59.7 million) arising from fair value changes of a derivative of which RM6.1 million (2013: RM58.3 million) was adjusted against the unrealised foreign exchange gain/(loss) of the underlying borrowing in the profit or loss of the Group and the Company. A fair value loss on fair value hedge of RM4.1 million (2013: loss of RM1.5 million) was recognised resulting from the fair value change of the underlying borrowing.

The fair value changes of the derivative were attributable to future exchange rates and interest rate movements.

(h) Cash flow hedge – Interest rate swap

The IRS is used to hedge cash flow risk arising from a floating rate borrowing of a subsidiary. The hedge is designed to hedge against interest rate risks.

The information relating to the derivative as at 31 December 2014 is as follows:

| Notional amount USD' million | Period | Exchange period | Fixed interest rate paid | Floating interest rate received | Fair value 2014 RM'000 |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| 120.7 | 13 January 2014– 29 July 2018 | Quarterly | 2.6075% p.a. | 3 months' LIBOR + 1.45% p.a. | 1,734 |

The fair value changes of the derivative are attributable to interest rate movements.

20. Deferred Income

| | Group | |
|------------------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At 1 January | 271,585 | 247,188 |
| Received during the financial year | 30,741 | 61,599 |
| Released to profit or loss | (49,563) | (38,219) |
| Currency translation differences | 1,541 | 1,017 |
| At 31 December | 254,304 | 271,585 |

The deferred income relates to the government grants received by subsidiaries for the purchase of certain qualifying assets.

21. Trade and Other Payables

| | | Group | | Company | |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Non-current: | | | | | |
| Defined benefits plans | (a) | 95,982 | 63,085 | - | - |
| Deferred gain on sale and lease back assets | | 1,153,666 | - | - | - |
| Finance lease payables | (b) | 539,810 | - | - | - |
| Other payables | | 4,433 | 9,034 | - | - |
| Total non-current | | 1,793,891 | 72,119 | - | - |
| Current: | | | | | |
| Trade payables | | 1,438,957 | 1,138,488 | - | - |
| Accrued expenses | | 2,302,989 | 1,516,868 | 32,584 | 38,606 |
| Deferred revenue | | 993,400 | 778,113 | - | - |
| Deferred gain on sale and lease back assets | | 128,531 | - | - | - |
| Customer deposits | | 79,476 | 76,758 | - | - |
| Business license payable | | 86,951 | 122,071 | - | - |
| Payroll liabilities | | 252,531 | 245,867 | 25,956 | 27,594 |
| Other accruals | | 155,334 | 414,920 | - | - |
| Other payables | | 2,892,872 | 1,670,858 | 22,106 | 12,634 |
| Spectrum license fees | | - | 144,862 | - | - |
| Finance lease payables | (b) | 43,580 | - | - | - |
| Total current | | 8,374,621 | 6,108,805 | 80,646 | 78,834 |
| Total trade and other payables | | 10,168,512 | 6,180,924 | 80,646 | 78,834 |

21. Trade and Other Payables (continued)

(a) Defined benefits plans

The Group operates defined benefits plans in Indonesia and Sri Lanka respectively. The defined benefit plans of the Group recognised in the consolidated statements of financial position is as follows:

| | Group | |
|------------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Present value of obligations | 95,982 | 63,085 |

The movement in present value of obligations of the defined benefit plans is as follows:

| | Group | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| At 1 January | 63,085 | 68,417 |
| Charge to profit or loss: | | |
| - current service cost | 10,222 | 8,036 |
| - interest costs | 7,125 | 5,407 |
| - past service cost | (160) | (176) |
| | 17,187 | 13,267 |
| Benefit paid | (5,887) | (2,005) |
| Settlement loss | 4,151 | - |
| Charge to other comprehensive income: | | |
| - actuarial reserve | 14,806 | (7,676) |
| Currency translation differences | 2,640 | (8,918) |
| At 31 December | 95,982 | 63,085 |

Present value of the defined benefits obligation of the Group is calculated annually by independent actuaries using the projected unit credit method. The principal actuarial valuation assumption used was as follows:

| | Group | |
|------------------------------|------------------|-------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | % | % |
| Discount rate (p.a.) | 8.5-9.6 | 9.5-11.9 |
| Salary increment rate (p.a.) | 10.0-12.0 | 10.0-12.0 |

21. Trade and Other Payables (continued)

(b) Finance lease payables are payables related to the sale and lease back of tower assets of a subsidiary

Details of the lease payables according to the maturity schedule are as follows:

| | Group 2014 RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Within one (1) year | 43,580 |
| Between one (1) and five (5) years | 221,205 |
| More than five (5) years | 318,605 |
| Finance lease payables | 583,390 |

The currency profile of trade and other payables is as follows:

| | 2014 | | | | | | 2013 | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Functional currency | | | | | | Functional currency | | | | | |
| | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RM | 2,895,603 | 595 | - | - | - | 2,896,198 | 2,765,144 | - | - | - | - | 2,765,144 |
| USD | 89,707 | 509,063 | 18,252 | 473,814 | 219,027 | 1,309,863 | 75,207 | 503,355 | 59,703 | 100,879 | 173,600 | 912,744 |
| IDR | - | 4,293,942 | - | - | - | 4,293,942 | - | 800,874 | - | - | - | 800,874 |
| SLR | - | - | 693,551 | - | - | 693,551 | - | - | 608,942 | - | - | 608,942 |
| BDT | - | - | - | 693,656 | - | 693,656 | - | - | - | 893,698 | - | 893,698 |
| SDR* | 161,182 | - | - | - | - | 161,182 | 94,621 | - | - | - | - | 94,621 |
| Others | 19 | 442 | - | 1,063 | 118,596 | 120,120 | 1,507 | 761 | - | - | 102,633 | 104,901 |
| Total | 3,146,511 | 4,804,042 | 711,803 | 1,168,533 | 337,623 | 10,168,512 | 2,936,479 | 1,304,990 | 668,645 | 994,577 | 276,233 | 6,180,924 |
| Company | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RM | 68,018 | - | - | - | - | 68,018 | 70,471 | - | - | - | - | 70,471 |
| USD | 11,610 | - | - | - | - | 11,610 | 6,857 | - | - | - | - | 6,857 |
| IDR | 3 | - | - | - | - | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Others | 1,015 | - | - | - | - | 1,015 | 1,506 | - | - | - | - | 1,506 |
| Total | 80,646 | - | - | - | - | 80,646 | 78,834 | - | - | - | - | 78,834 |

* SDR: Special Drawing Rights

Credit terms of trade and other payables for the Group and the Company vary from 30 to 90 days (2013: 7 to 90 days) depending on the terms of the contracts respectively.

22. Provision for Liabilities

| | Group | |
|------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At 1 January | 293,102 | 338,948 |
| Provision for the financial year | 20,138 | 4,512 |
| Accretion of interest | 5,188 | 13,622 |
| Currency translation differences | 7,845 | (14,024) |
| | 326,273 | 343,058 |
| Reclassification to other payables | - | (48,873) |
| Utilised during the financial year | (31,268) | (1,083) |
| At 31 December | 295,005 | 293,102 |

The provision for liabilities relates to provision for dismantling costs of existing telecommunication network and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies in Note 3(o) to the financial statements.

23. Deferred Taxation

Deferred tax assets and liabilities of the Group are offsetted when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred taxes related to the same tax authority. The following amounts, determined after appropriate offsetting, are shown in the statements of financial position:

| | Group | |
|------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Deferred tax assets | (275,225) | (241,955) |
| Deferred tax liabilities | 1,700,087 | 1,578,687 |
| Net deferred tax liabilities | 1,424,862 | 1,336,732 |

23. Deferred Taxation (continued)

The movement in net deferred tax liabilities of the Group during the financial year is as follows:

| | | Group | |
|---|------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| At 1 January | | 1,336,732 | 1,154,423 |
| (Credit)/charge to profit or loss: | | | |
| - PPE | | (42,975) | 71,760 |
| - tax losses | | (123,515) | 3,533 |
| - provision and others | | 72,085 | 69,653 |
| | 11 | (94,405) | 144,946 |
| Acquisition of subsidiaries | | 125,381 | 55,680 |
| (Credit)/debit to other comprehensive income: | | | |
| - actuarial reserve | | (2,459) | 2,083 |
| Currency translation differences | | 59,613 | (32,758) |
| Transferred to liabilities directly associated with non-current assets classified as held-for-sale | | - | 12,358 |
| At 31 December | | 1,424,862 | 1,336,732 |

Breakdown of cumulative balances by each type of temporary differences of the Group:

| | Group | |
|-----------------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Deferred tax assets: | | |
| - PPE and intangible assets | 25,131 | 14,202 |
| - Tax losses | 130,023 | 29,362 |
| - Provision and others | 605,886 | 356,235 |
| Before offsetting | 761,040 | 399,799 |
| Offsetting | (485,815) | (157,844) |
| After offsetting | 275,225 | 241,955 |
| Deferred tax liabilities: | | |
| - PPE and intangible assets | 2,185,902 | 1,736,510 |
| - Others | - | 21 |
| Before offsetting | 2,185,902 | 1,736,531 |
| Offsetting | (485,815) | (157,844) |
| After offsetting | 1,700,087 | 1,578,687 |

23. Deferred Taxation (continued)

The amounts of deductible temporary differences and unutilised tax losses for which no deferred tax asset is recognised in the statements of financial position are as follow:

| | Group | | Company | |
|----------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Deductible temporary differences | 137,424 | 104,477 | 51,260 | 44,419 |
| Unutilised tax losses | 267,402 | 184,379 | 94,586 | 24,809 |
| | 404,826 | 288,856 | 145,846 | 69,228 |
| Tax effect | 101,207 | 72,214 | 36,462 | 17,307 |

The benefits of these tax losses and credit will only be obtained if the Company or the relevant subsidiaries derive future assessable income of a nature and amount sufficient for the benefits to be utilised. The unutilised tax losses have no expiry date.

24. Intangible Assets

| | | Group | | | |
|--|-------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Note | Goodwill RM'000 | Licenses RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Net book value | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | | 7,648,517 | 1,892,903 | 7,134 | 9,548,554 |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary | | 1,746,458 | 1,758,553 | - | 3,505,011 |
| Additions | | - | 9,138 | 91,020 | 100,158 |
| Reclassification | | 5,647 | (5,647) | - | - |
| Amortisation | 7(a) | - | (318,852) | (48,008) | (366,860) |
| Currency translation differences | | (28,663) | 57,506 | - | 28,843 |
| At 31 December 2014 | | 9,371,959 | 3,393,601 | 50,146 | 12,815,706 |
| At 1 January 2013 | | 7,452,633 | 928,548 | 11,333 | 8,392,514 |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary | | 179,019 | 278,565 | - | 457,584 |
| Additions | | - | 730,973 | 117,265 | 848,238 |
| Amortisation | 7(a) | - | (143,445) | (121,464) | (264,909) |
| Currency translation differences | | 16,865 | 75,915 | - | 92,780 |
| Reclassification from PPE | 25 | - | 19,825 | - | 19,825 |
| Reclassification from non-current assets classified as held-for-sale | | - | 2,522 | - | 2,522 |
| At 31 December 2013 | | 7,648,517 | 1,892,903 | 7,134 | 9,548,554 |

24. Intangible Assets (continued)

| | | Group | | | |
|-------------------------------|------|--------------------|--------------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Note | Goodwill RM'000 | Licenses RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| At 31 December 2014 | | | | | |
| Cost | | 9,449,456 | 4,148,927 | 299,825 | 13,898,208 |
| Accumulated amortisation | | - | (755,326) | (249,679) | (1,005,005) |
| Accumulated impairment losses | | (77,497) | - | - | (77,497) |
| Net book value | | 9,371,959 | 3,393,601 | 50,146 | 12,815,706 |
| At 31 December 2013 | | | | | |
| Cost | | 7,726,014 | 2,285,146 | 208,805 | 10,219,965 |
| Accumulated amortisation | | - | (392,243) | (201,671) | (593,914) |
| Accumulated impairment losses | | (77,497) | - | - | (77,497) |
| Net book value | | 7,648,517 | 1,892,903 | 7,134 | 9,548,554 |

The remaining amortisation period of acquired telecommunication licenses with allocated spectrum rights range from four (4) years to twenty nine years (29) years (2013: five (5) years to thirty years (30) years).

Impairment tests for goodwill

The Group undertakes an annual test for impairment of its CGUs identified according to operating segment.

The following CGUs, being the lowest level of asset for which the management monitors the goodwill of the Group:

| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|-----------|----------------|----------------|
| Malaysia | 4,031,110 | 4,031,110 |
| Indonesia | 4,930,348 | 3,214,803 |
| Sri Lanka | 234,706 | 223,930 |
| Cambodia | 175,795 | 178,674 |
| Total | 9,371,959 | 7,648,517 |

24. Intangible Assets (continued)

Key assumptions used in the VIU

The recoverable amount of the Malaysia's, Indonesia's, Sri Lanka's and Cambodia's CGU including goodwill in this test is determined based on VIU calculation. Malaysia's, Indonesia's and Cambodia's CGU consist of mobile business meanwhile Sri Lanka's CGUs consist of fixed telecommunication business (consist of fixed telephone, data and infrastructure) and television business respectively.

The VIU calculation apply a discounted cash flow model using cash flow projections based on forecasts and projections approved by the management covering:

- a three (3) year period for the mobile business in Malaysia and Indonesia;
- a five (5) year period for mobile business in Cambodia, and
- a ten (10) years period for the fixed telecommunication and television business in Sri Lanka due to the long term nature and intensive capital required in the initial phase of the business.

These forecasts and projections reflect the management's expectation of revenue growth, operating costs and margins based on past experience and future outlook of the CGUs, consistent with internal measurements and monitoring and external sources of information.

Cash flows beyond third (3rd) year for the mobile business in Malaysia and Indonesia, fifth (5th) year for the mobile business in Cambodia, meanwhile tenth (10th) for fixed telecommunication business and television business in Sri Lanka are extrapolated in perpetuity using estimated terminal growth rate which takes into consideration the current Gross Domestic Product, inflation and average growth rate for the telecommunication industry. These rates have been determined with regards to project growth rates for the market in which the CGUs participates and are not expected to exceed the long term average growth rates for this market.

Pre-tax adjusted discount rate applied to the cash flow forecasts are derived from the CGU pre-tax plus a reasonable risk premium at the date of the assessment of the respective CGU to reflect the risk of the CGU.

The following assumptions have been applied in the VIU calculations:

| | Cambodia | | Malaysia | | Sri Lanka | | Indonesia |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 | 2014* |
| Pre-tax adjusted discount rate | 16.7% | 16.7% | 10.9% | 10.6% | 14.6% | 14.0% | 14.8% |
| Terminal growth rate | 2.0% | 2.0% | - | - | 3.0% | 3.0% | 2.1% |
| Revenue growth rate | 6.0% to 10.6% over 5 years | 2.7% to 19.5% over 5 years | 3.0% to 5.0% over 3 years | 3.0% to 4.8% over 3 years | 1.9% to 10.7% over 10 years | 2.2% to 10.3% over 10 years | 10.0% to 14.2% over 3 years |

24. Intangible Assets (continued)

Key assumptions used in the VIU (continued)

Based on the above test, the Malaysia, Indonesia, Sri Lanka and Cambodia CGUs' goodwill are not impaired as the recoverable amounts exceeds the carrying amounts included in the financial statements.

The Group's review includes an impact assessment of changes in key assumptions. Based on the sensitivity analysis performed, the Directors concluded that no reasonable change in the base case assumptions would cause the carrying amounts of the CGUs to exceed its recoverable amounts.

* The recoverable amount was based on FVLCS in the previous financial year.

25. Property, Plant and Equipment

| Group | Note | Land RM'000 | Buildings RM'000 | Telecom- munication network equipment RM'000 | Movable plant and equipment RM'000 | Computer support systems RM'000 | Capital work-in progress RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|----------------|---------------------|--|---|--|--|-----------------|
| Net book value | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | | 443,225 | 141,870 | 13,845,900 | 307,888 | 677,545 | 1,690,280 | 17,106,708 |
| Additions | | 55,970 | 4,466 | 3,286,597 | 121,463 | 384,062 | 164,144 | 4,016,702 |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary | 5(a)(iii) | - | 1,064 | 1,046,399 | 37 | 9,473 | 208 | 1,057,181 |
| Sale and lease back assets | | - | - | 513,470 | - | - | - | 513,470 |
| Disposal | | - | (279) | (7,169) | (4,667) | (68) | - | (12,183) |
| Written off | 7(a) | - | - | (14,663) | (13) | (5) | (7,276) | (21,957) |
| Depreciation | 7(a) | (94,276) | (19,196) | (2,674,658) | (101,951) | (399,074) | - | (3,289,155) |
| Impairment | 7(a) | - | - | - | - | - | (26,101) | (26,101) |
| Reversal of impairment | 7(a) | | | 15,976 | 265 | | 16,493 | 32,734 |
| Currency translation differences | | 16,033 | 4,643 | 470,297 | (2,950) | 8,222 | 59,843 | 556,088 |
| At 31 December 2014 | | 420,952 | 132,568 | 16,482,149 | 320,072 | 680,155 | 1,897,591 | 19,933,487 |

25. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

| Group | Note | Land RM'000 | Buildings RM'000 | Telecom- munication network equipment RM'000 | Movable plant and equipment RM'000 | Computer support systems RM'000 | Capital work-in progress RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|----------|------------------|---------------------|--|---|--|--|---------------------|
| Net book value | | | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | | 503,190 | 136,125 | 13,847,302 | 228,267 | 527,197 | 1,668,277 | 16,910,358 |
| Additions | | 89,865 | 29,687 | 3,113,501 | 93,540 | 540,223 | 126,339 | 3,993,155 |
| Acquisition of a subsidiary | 5(b)(ii) | - | 2,403 | 132,126 | 14,311 | - | 25,936 | 174,776 |
| Disposal | | (3,262) | (623) | (31,670) | (1,142) | (289) | - | (36,986) |
| Written off | 7(a) | - | - | (56,196) | (3,993) | (5) | (330) | (60,524) |
| Depreciation | 7(a) | (92,646) | (20,147) | (2,545,894) | (72,882) | (346,790) | - | (3,078,359) |
| Impairment | 7(a) | - | - | (997) | - | - | (20,291) | (21,288) |
| Reversal of impairment | 7(a) | - | - | 9,152 | 402 | - | - | 9,554 |
| Currency translation differences | | (58,020) | (5,575) | (811,719) | 8,115 | (22,966) | (119,139) | (1,009,304) |
| Reclassification from non-current assets held-for-sale | | 4,098 | - | 190,295 | 41,270 | - | 9,488 | 245,151 |
| Reclassification to intangible assets | 24 | - | - | - | - | (19,825) | - | (19,825) |
| At 31 December 2013 | | 443,225 | 141,870 | 13,845,900 | 307,888 | 677,545 | 1,690,280 | 17,106,708 |
| At 31 December 2014 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | | 1,002,274 | 342,342 | 33,953,871 | 983,482 | 2,915,670 | 1,963,220 | 41,160,859 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (574,257) | (182,617) | (17,093,503) | (656,856) | (2,224,275) | - | (20,731,508) |
| Accumulated impairment losses | | (7,065) | (27,157) | (378,219) | (6,554) | (11,240) | (65,629) | (495,864) |
| Net book value | | 420,952 | 132,568 | 16,482,149 | 320,072 | 680,155 | 1,897,591 | 19,933,487 |
| At 31 December 2013 | | | | | | | | |
| Cost | | 910,559 | 332,798 | 29,590,363 | 870,046 | 2,486,089 | 1,762,617 | 35,952,472 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (460,269) | (163,860) | (15,276,003) | (555,408) | (1,797,332) | - | (18,252,872) |
| Accumulated impairment losses | | (7,065) | (27,068) | (468,460) | (6,750) | (11,212) | (72,337) | (592,892) |
| Net book value | | 443,225 | 141,870 | 13,845,900 | 307,888 | 677,545 | 1,690,280 | 17,106,708 |

25. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

- (a) Net book value of PPE of certain subsidiaries pledged as security for borrowings (Note 16(a) to the financial statements) are as follows:

| | Group | |
|-----------------------------|------------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Telecommunication network | 2,583,709 | 2,081,655 |
| Movable plant and equipment | 132,560 | 87,816 |
| Computer support systems | 4,133 | 3,114 |
| Land | 9,046 | 5,620 |
| Buildings | 4,843 | 16,911 |
| | 2,734,291 | 2,195,116 |

- (b) There had been a change in the expected pattern of consumptions of future economic benefits embodied in certain telecommunication network equipment of subsidiaries within the Group due to assets replacement plans. The revision was accounted for as a change in accounting estimate and has increased the depreciation charge during the financial year by the Group by RM31.3 million (2013: RM124.3 million).
- (c) XL owns land located throughout Indonesia with Building Use Rights (*Hak Guna Bangunan* or "HGB") for periods of 20-29 years (2013: 20-29 years) which will expire between 2015 and 2043 (2013: 2014 and 2043).

As at 31 December 2014, there are 117 locations (2013: 124 locations) with a total book value of RM20.5 million (2013: RM25.5 million) and for which HGB certificates are in the process.

- (d) The Group's carrying amount of land including:

| | Group | |
|----------------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Freehold | 37,881 | 31,123 |
| Short term leasehold | 23,666 | 70,341 |
| Long term leasehold | 359,406 | 341,761 |
| | 420,953 | 443,225 |

- (e) On 23 December 2014, XL completed the disposal of 3,500 of its telecommunication towers to PT Solusi Tunas Pratama Tbk ("STP") for a total gross consideration of RM1,573.6 million (IDR5.6 trillion). The transaction above involved a sale and lease back of 3,312 tower assets from STP and is amortised over a ten (10) year leased period.

25. Property, Plant and Equipment (continued)

| | | Movable plant and equipment | | | | |
|--------------------------|------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------|
| Company | Note | Office equipment RM'000 | Furniture and fitting RM'000 | Mobile equipment RM'000 | Motor vehicle RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Net book value | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2014 | | 9,249 | 4,612 | 219 | 627 | 14,707 |
| Additions | | 7,136 | 380 | 5 | - | 7,521 |
| Written-off | 7(a) | (1) | - | - | - | (1) |
| Disposal | | (59) | - | (2) | - | (61) |
| Depreciation | 7(a) | (3,849) | (1,003) | (64) | (133) | (5,049) |
| At 31 December 2014 | | 12,476 | 3,989 | 158 | 494 | 17,117 |
| | | | | | | |
| At 1 January 2013 | | 6,322 | 4,706 | 259 | 138 | 11,425 |
| Additions | | 5,764 | 844 | 25 | 665 | 7,298 |
| Written-off | 7(a) | (333) | - | - | - | (333) |
| Disposal | | (10) | - | - | (11) | (21) |
| Depreciation | 7(a) | (2,494) | (938) | (65) | (165) | (3,662) |
| At 31 December 2013 | | 9,249 | 4,612 | 219 | 627 | 14,707 |
| | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2014 | | | | | | |
| Cost | | 25,464 | 9,171 | 636 | 672 | 35,943 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (12,988) | (5,182) | (478) | (178) | (18,826) |
| Net book value | | 12,476 | 3,989 | 158 | 494 | 17,117 |
| | | | | | | |
| At 31 December 2013 | | | | | | |
| Cost | | 18,420 | 8,791 | 634 | 673 | 28,518 |
| Accumulated depreciation | | (9,171) | (4,179) | (415) | (46) | (13,811) |
| Net book value | | 9,249 | 4,612 | 219 | 627 | 14,707 |

26. Subsidiaries

| Company | 2014 | | | 2013 | | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| | Malaysia RM'000 | Overseas RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Malaysia RM'000 | Overseas RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Unquoted shares, at cost | 6,455,086 | 182,925 | 6,638,011 | 5,177,486 | 182,925 | 5,360,411 |
| Accumulated impairment losses | (3,996) | (181,851) | (185,847) | (3,996) | (181,851) | (185,847) |
| | 6,451,090 | 1,074 | 6,452,164 | 5,173,490 | 1,074 | 5,174,564 |
| Advances to subsidiaries treated as quasi-investment | 3,703,691 | 7,662,907 | 11,366,598 | 3,883,925 | 6,894,885 | 10,778,810 |
| Accumulated impairment losses | - | (1,221,371) | (1,221,371) | - | (1,221,371) | (1,221,371) |
| | 3,703,691 | 6,441,536 | 10,145,227 | 3,883,925 | 5,673,514 | 9,557,439 |
| Total | 10,154,781 | 6,442,610 | 16,597,391 | 9,057,415 | 5,674,588 | 14,732,003 |

The Group's and the Company's equity interests in subsidiaries, their respective principal activities and countries of incorporation are listed in Note 39 to the financial statements.

(a) The currency profile of advances to subsidiaries treated as quasi-investment is as follows:

| | Company | |
|-----|-------------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| RM | 3,142,175 | 2,787,233 |
| USD | 7,003,052 | 6,770,206 |
| | 10,145,227 | 9,557,439 |

The advances are unsecured and are non-interest bearing with no fixed terms of repayment. The Company does not anticipate any repayment of the advances and are treated as an extension of its investments in subsidiaries.

26. Subsidiaries (continued)

(b) Non-controlling interests

The total non-controlling interest of the Group as at reporting date is RM1,813.3 million (2013: RM1,757.5 million), of which RM1,295.2 million (2013: RM1,351.9 million) is attributed to Indonesia and RM203.1 million (2013: RM152.2 million) is attributable to Sri Lanka. The remaining non-controlling interests of the Group are immaterial individually.

The information below is before inter-company eliminations.

- (i) The summarised statement of comprehensive income for the financial year ended 31 December are as follows:

| | Note | Indonesia | | Sri Lanka | |
|--|------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| (Loss)/Profit for the financial year | 37 | (249,188) | 309,690 | 159,690 | 127,181 |
| Other comprehensive income/(expense) | | 171,749 | (714,163) | 64,254 | 42,221 |
| Total comprehensive (expense)/income | | (77,439) | (404,473) | 223,944 | 169,402 |
| (Loss)/Profit for the financial year attributable to NCI | | (80,863) | 103,732 | 23,346 | 19,115 |
| Dividend paid to NCI | | 48,536 | 120,867 | 8,630 | 10,535 |

- (ii) The summarised statement of financial position as at 31 December are as follows:

| | Indonesia | | Sri Lanka | |
|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Non-current assets | 14,045,859 | 9,223,678 | 2,338,661 | 2,153,220 |
| Current assets | 3,688,870 | 1,634,225 | 593,119 | 415,936 |
| Non-current liabilities | (7,363,132) | (4,602,516) | (524,563) | (541,639) |
| Current liabilities | (6,472,272) | (2,141,415) | (1,226,408) | (1,055,812) |
| Net assets | 3,899,325 | 4,113,972 | 1,180,809 | 971,705 |

26. Subsidiaries (continued)

(b) Non-controlling interests (continued)

(iii) The summarised statement of cash flows for the financial year ended 31 December are as follows:

| | Indonesia | | Sri Lanka | |
|--|--------------------|----------------|------------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Net cash flow from operating activities | 502,540 | 1,697,344 | 580,561 | 472,047 |
| Net cash flow used in investing activities | (3,179,775) | (2,140,936) | (435,487) | (703,086) |
| Net cash flow from financing activities | 4,259,781 | 581,139 | 36,716 | 83,706 |
| Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalent | 1,582,546 | 137,547 | 181,790 | (147,333) |
| Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents | 14,915 | 4,524 | 15,232 | (1,335) |
| Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of financial year | 355,858 | 213,787 | 36,239 | 184,907 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end financial year | 1,953,319 | 355,858 | 233,261 | 36,239 |

27. Joint Ventures

| | Group | |
|---------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Unquoted investments | 80,503 | 58,504 |
| Share of post-acquisition reserves | (27,526) | (2,289) |
| Share of net assets of joint ventures | 52,977 | 56,215 |

27. Joint Ventures (continued)

The Group's share of revenue and profit/(loss) of joint ventures is as follows:

| | Group | |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Revenue | 140,603 | 91,234 |
| (Loss)/Profit for the financial year | (24,992) | 5,329 |

The Group's equity interests in the joint ventures and countries of incorporation are listed in Note 41 to the financial statements.

28. Associates

| Group | 2014 | | | 2013 | | |
|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Malaysia RM'000 | Overseas RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Malaysia RM'000 | Overseas RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Quoted investments | - | 8,762,053 | 8,762,053 | - | 8,492,325 | 8,492,325 |
| Unquoted investments | 78,705 | 9,456 | 88,161 | 25,669 | 6,809 | 32,478 |
| Share of post acquisition results and reserves | 38,635 | 494,132 | 532,767 | 29,374 | 320,189 | 349,563 |
| | 117,340 | 9,265,641 | 9,382,981 | 55,043 | 8,819,323 | 8,874,366 |
| Accumulated impairment losses | - | (1,085,035) | (1,085,035) | - | (1,085,035) | (1,085,035) |
| Currency translation differences | - | (793,939) | (793,939) | - | (790,209) | (790,209) |
| Share of net assets of associates | 117,340 | 7,386,667 | 7,504,007 | 55,043 | 6,944,079 | 6,999,122 |
| Company | | | | | | |
| Quoted investment: | | | | | | |
| At cost | - | - | - | - | 125,319 | 125,319 |

The Group's and the Company's equity interest in the associates, their respective principal activities and countries of incorporation are listed in Note 40 to the financial statements.

28. Associates (continued)

The summarised financial information presented in the financial statements (after adjusted for differences in accounting policies between the Group and the associates) of material associates of the Group are as follows:

- (a) The summarised statement of comprehensive income for the financial year ended 31 December are as follows:

| | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|--|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 |
| Revenue | 16,187,850 | 2,780,015 | 13,779,224 | 2,536,978 |
| Profit for the financial year | 1,228,293 | 509,614 | 548,533 | 463,523 |
| Group's share of profit for the financial year | 243,202 | 145,291 | 109,213 | 133,402 |
| Dividend received from associates | 15,026 | 145,289 | 10,235 | 98,714 |

The Group's share of profit of other immaterial associates is RM18.7 million (2013: RM28.2 million).

- (b) The summarised statement of financial position of material associates of the Group as at 31 December are as follow:

| | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|-------------------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 |
| Non-current assets | 25,748,778 | 2,121,347 | 20,232,592 | 1,912,887 |
| Current assets | 4,740,455 | 597,597 | 2,682,039 | 646,588 |
| Current liabilities | (5,102,495) | (726,163) | (4,329,156) | (609,472) |
| Non-current liabilities | (10,835,813) | (948,906) | (7,622,160) | (925,625) |
| | 14,550,925 | 1,043,875 | 10,963,315 | 1,024,378 |

- (c) The fair value of material associates of the Group as at 31 December are as follows:

| | 2014 | | 2013 | |
|------------|----------------|--------------|----------------|--------------|
| | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 |
| Fair value | 5,546,528 | 2,331,868 | 5,351,203 | 2,061,298 |

The fair value of quoted investments are within Level 2 of the fair value hierarchy.

28. Associates (continued)

The details of carrying amount of the associates of the Group after reconciled with summarised financial information of material associates are as follows:

| Group | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|---|----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|----------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Idea RM'000 | M1 RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Group's share of net assets | 2,881,083 | 297,609 | 114,765 | 3,293,457 | 2,182,796 | 294,816 | 130,231 | 2,607,843 |
| Goodwill | 3,916,898 | 1,141,799 | 9,236 | 5,067,933 | 4,000,253 | 1,152,612 | 69,868 | 5,222,733 |
| Accumulated impairment losses (net of currency translation differences) | (857,383) | - | - | (857,383) | (831,454) | - | - | (831,454) |
| At 31 December | 5,940,598 | 1,439,408 | 124,001 | 7,504,007 | 5,351,595 | 1,447,428 | 200,099 | 6,999,122 |

The share of contingent liabilities of an associate as at 31 December are as follows:

| Description | Potential exposure | |
|-------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2014 RM'million | 2013 RM'million |

| | | |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| 1. One-off excess spectrum charges | 1,161.7 | 1,122.2 |
|---|----------------|----------------|

On 8 January 2013, the local regulator, the Department of Telecommunications ("DoT") had issued demand notices towards one time spectrum charges:

- (a) for spectrum beyond 6.2 MHz in respective service areas for retrospective period from 1 July 2008 to 31 December 2012, amounting to INR3,691.3 million, and
- (b) for spectrum beyond 4.4 MHz in respective service areas effective 1 January 2013 till expiry of the period as per respective licenses amounting to INR17,443.7 million.

In the opinion of the Directors, inter-alia, the above demand amounts to alteration of financial terms of the licenses issued in the past. The Directors believe, based on independent legal opinion and its evaluation, it is not probable that the claim will materialise and therefore, pending outcome of this matter, no provision has been recognised.

28. Associates (continued)

List of contingent liabilities of an associate as at 31 December are as follows: (continued)

| Description | Potential exposure | |
|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2014 RM'million | 2013 RM'million |
| <p>2. Tax notice</p> <p>The Income Tax Department ("Tax Department") had issued a INR39.0 billion notice on an associate. The Tax Department alleged that the licenses, assets and liabilities transferred in between the companies in 2009 resulted in taxable capital gains which Idea and its subsidiary did not treat as taxable.</p> <p>In the opinion of the Directors, based on independent legal opinion and its evaluation, it is not probable that the claim will materialise and therefore, pending outcome of this matter, no provision has been recognised.</p> | 2,147.1 | 2,070.8 |
| <p>3. Revenue share license fee assessment</p> <p>During the financial year, the DoT has raised a demand notice to an associate for further payment of license fee in respect of years of assessment ("YA") 2007-2008 amounting to INR1.5 billion.</p> <p>In the same financial year, the associate received a demand cum Show cause notice for YA 2009 to YA 2012 amounting to INR14.0 billion. The associate has responded to DoT and challenged these demand cum show cause and stay has been granted by the High Court.</p> <p>In the opinion of the Directors, based on independent legal opinion and its evaluation, it is not probable that the claim will materialise and therefore, pending outcome of matters, no provision has been recognised.</p> | 853.3 | – |
| <p>4. Other taxes, custom duties and demands under adjudication, appeal or disputes</p> <p>As at 31 December 2014, other taxes, custom duties and demands under adjudication, appeal or disputes amounted to approximately INR49.3 billion (2013: INR32.4 billion).</p> <p>In the opinion of the Directors, based on independent legal opinion and its evaluation, it is not probable that the claim will materialise and therefore, pending outcome of matters, no provision has been recognised.</p> | 2,716.2 | 1,722.0 |
| Total exposure | 6,878.3 | 4,915.0 |
| Total exposure of the Group | 1,361.9 | 978.1 |

28. Associates (continued)

Impairment test

During the financial year, the Group had undertaken the test of impairment of its investment in Idea following an impairment indicator arising from the shortfall between the carrying value and adjusted market value. No additional impairment loss was required for the carrying amount of Idea as at 31 December 2014 as its recoverable amount was approximate to its carrying amount. The investment in Idea is defined as the Group's CGU.

Key assumptions used in the VIU

The recoverable amount was determined based on VIU calculation, which apply a discounted cash flow model based on the forecasts and projections approved by the management. These forecasts and projections reflect management's expectations based on the current assessment of market share, expectations of market growth and industry growth as benchmarked with external sources.

The key assumptions used in determining the VIU are:

| Assumptions | Basis of determination |
|--|---|
| Projection period | Five (5) years cash flow forecast is used. |
| Cost of equity | 13.90% was used in line with market analysis. |
| Terminal growth rate | Long term terminal growth rate is estimated to be 3.00% applied beyond the fifth (5 th) year cash flows to perpetuity. |
| Blended subscribers | Blended subscriber base ranged between 142.3 million in 2015 to 189.1 million in 2019. |
| Blended Earnings Before Interest, Tax, Depreciation and Amortisation ("EBITDA") margin | Ranging from 31.42% in 2016 to 35.90% in 2019. |
| Effective tax rate | 34.0%. |
| Capital expenditure | <p>The cash flow forecasts for capital expenditure are based on past experience and include the on-going capital expenditure required to continue to roll out networks in emerging markets to provide voice and data products and services and to meet the population coverage requirements of certain licenses of Idea.</p> <p>Capital expenditure forecasted excludes excess spectrum charges, which are currently being deliberated and highly uncertain. Capital expenditure forecasted includes assumption on the level of renewal fees to be paid for licenses expiring during the projection period.</p> |

Management believes that no reasonably possible change in any of the key assumptions would cause the carrying value of Idea to exceed its recoverable amount.

29. Long Term Receivables

| | 2014 RM'000 | Group 2013 RM'000 |
|---------------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Finance lease receivables | 91,956 | 97,471 |
| Others | 2,682 | 62 |
| | 94,638 | 97,533 |

Finance lease receivables are receivables related to the lease of fiber optic cable of a subsidiary.

Details of the lease receivables according to the maturity schedule are as follows:

| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | Group 2013 RM'000 |
|------------------------------------|------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Within one (1) year | | 21,113 | 20,073 |
| Between one (1) and five (5) years | | 74,165 | 78,896 |
| More than five (5) years | | 47,797 | 56,301 |
| | | 143,075 | 155,270 |
| Unearned finance lease income | | (39,261) | (47,728) |
| Finance lease receivables | | 103,814 | 107,542 |
| Classified as: | | | |
| - Current | 32 | 11,858 | 10,071 |
| - Non-current | | 91,956 | 97,471 |
| Finance lease receivables | | 103,814 | 107,542 |

30. Inventories

| | 2014 RM'000 | Group 2013 RM'000 |
|---------------------|----------------|-------------------------|
| Trading inventories | 79,533 | 62,805 |

Inventories mainly comprise of SIM cards, handsets and other consumables.

31. Amounts Due From/To Subsidiaries

The currency profiles of the amounts due from/to subsidiaries are as follows:

| | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|--------------------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | RM RM'000 | USD RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | Total RM'000 | RM RM'000 | USD RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Amounts due from subsidiaries: | | | | | | | | |
| - Non-current ¹ | - | 1,801,367 | - | 1,801,367 | - | 105,236 | - | 105,236 |
| - Current | 229,490 | 117,359 | 10,761 | 357,610 | 372,593 | 89,489 | 4,845 | 466,927 |
| | 229,490 | 1,918,726 | 10,761 | 2,158,977 | 372,593 | 194,725 | 4,845 | 572,163 |
| Amounts due to subsidiaries: | | | | | | | | |
| - Current ² | 1,109,145 | 53,327 | - | 1,162,472 | 176,378 | 504,571 | - | 680,949 |

¹ W.A.R.F. of 2.45% as at 31 December 2014 (2013: 3.85%) p.a..

² Amounts due to subsidiaries include an amount of RM41.7 million which bears interest at 3.05% (2013: Nil) p.a..

Except as disclosed otherwise above, amounts due from/to subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and have no fixed terms of repayment.

32. Trade and Other Receivables

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|--|------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Trade receivables | | 1,223,298 | 1,402,129 | - | - |
| Less: Provision for impairment | | (284,759) | (286,877) | - | - |
| | | 938,539 | 1,115,252 | - | - |
| Other receivables: | | | | | |
| Deposits | | 160,031 | 137,404 | - | - |
| Less: Provision for impairment | | (27,030) | (26,997) | - | - |
| | | 133,001 | 110,407 | - | - |
| Prepayments | | 1,294,603 | 873,855 | 951 | 643 |
| Staff loans | | 988 | 755 | - | - |
| Finance lease receivables | 29 | 11,858 | 10,071 | - | - |
| Other receivables | | 684,651 | 570,503 | 6,924 | 25,561 |
| Less: Provision for impairment | | (1,250) | (938) | - | - |
| | | 683,401 | 569,565 | 6,924 | 25,561 |
| Total other receivables after provision for impairment | | 2,123,851 | 1,564,653 | 7,875 | 26,204 |
| Total trade and other receivables after provision for impairment | | 3,062,390 | 2,679,905 | 7,875 | 26,204 |

**Notes to the
Financial Statements**
For The Financial Year Ended 31 December 2014

32. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

The currency profile of trade and other receivables after impairment as follows:

| | 2014 | | | | | | 2013 | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Functional currency | | | | | | Functional currency | | | | | |
| | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RM | 718,541 | - | - | - | - | 718,541 | 737,953 | - | - | - | - | 737,953 |
| USD | 5,008 | 191,041 | 86,143 | 549 | 97,212 | 379,953 | 7,696 | 198,915 | 113,855 | 304 | 89,054 | 409,824 |
| IDR | - | 1,472,170 | - | - | - | 1,472,170 | - | 1,057,728 | - | - | - | 1,057,728 |
| SLR | - | - | 192,956 | - | - | 192,956 | - | - | 187,269 | - | - | 187,269 |
| BDT | - | - | - | 226,938 | - | 226,938 | - | - | - | 236,650 | - | 236,650 |
| SDR | 41,399 | - | - | - | - | 41,399 | 15,583 | - | - | - | - | 15,583 |
| Others | 5,268 | 49 | - | - | 25,116 | 30,433 | 10,238 | 46 | - | - | 24,614 | 34,898 |
| Total | 770,216 | 1,663,260 | 279,099 | 227,487 | 122,328 | 3,062,390 | 771,470 | 1,256,689 | 301,124 | 236,954 | 113,668 | 2,679,905 |
| Company | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RM | 3,252 | - | - | - | - | 3,252 | 18,038 | - | - | - | - | 18,038 |
| USD | 4,546 | - | - | - | - | 4,546 | 8,166 | - | - | - | - | 8,166 |
| Others | 77 | - | - | - | - | 77 | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| Total | 7,875 | - | - | - | - | 7,875 | 26,204 | - | - | - | - | 26,204 |

32. Trade and Other Receivables (continued)

The movement of provision for impairment of trade and other receivables are as follows:

| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | Group 2013 RM'000 |
|--|------|-----------------|-------------------------|
| Trade receivables | | | |
| At 1 January | | 286,877 | 217,233 |
| Provision for impairment | 7(b) | 77,525 | 110,885 |
| Written off | | (93,346) | (48,206) |
| Reclassification from non-current assets classified as held-for-sale | | - | 3,706 |
| Currency translation differences | | 13,703 | 3,259 |
| At 31 December | | 284,759 | 286,877 |
| Other receivables | | | |
| At 1 January | | 27,935 | 28,328 |
| Provision for impairment | 7(b) | 345 | 19 |
| Written off | | - | (412) |
| At 31 December | | 28,280 | 27,935 |

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables approximate their fair value.

Trade receivables which are due as at the end of the reporting period are as follows:

| | Not past due | | Past due | | | | Total |
|------|----------------|--------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| | | Specifically impaired | Not specifically impaired | | | | |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | 0-3 months RM'000 | 3-6 months RM'000 | 6-12 months RM'000 | Over 12 months RM'000 | RM'000 |
| 2014 | 382,392 | 44,040 | 296,835 | 84,496 | 39,445 | 91,331 | 938,539 |
| 2013 | 329,733 | 86,905 | 293,633 | 150,706 | 128,092 | 126,183 | 1,115,252 |

The Group is not exposed to major concentration of credit risk due to the diverse customer base. In addition, credit risk is mitigated to a certain extent by cash deposits and bankers' guarantee obtained from customers. The Group considers the accumulated impairment losses of trade receivables at the end of the reporting period to be adequate to cover the potential financial loss.

Credit terms of trade receivables for the Group range from 5 to 90 days (2013: 7 to 90 days).

33. Deposits, Cash and Bank Balances

| | | Group | | Company | |
|---|-------|------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Deposits with licensed banks | | 2,141,254 | 825,240 | 70,001 | 25,368 |
| Deposits under Islamic principles | | 1,559,771 | 4,836,021 | 55,239 | 1,957,162 |
| Total deposits | | 3,701,025 | 5,661,261 | 125,240 | 1,982,530 |
| Cash and bank balances | | 1,414,545 | 771,657 | 47,323 | 8,950 |
| Total deposits, cash and bank balances | | 5,115,570 | 6,432,918 | 172,563 | 1,991,480 |
| Less: | | | | | |
| Deposits pledged | 16(a) | (12,689) | (3,165) | - | - |
| Deposit in Escrow Account | | (13,496) | - | - | - |
| Deposit on investment in a subsidiary | | (52,478) | (65,890) | - | - |
| Deposits maturing more than three (3) months | | (115,264) | (334,311) | - | (334,311) |
| Bank overdrafts | 16 | (54,404) | (18,759) | - | - |
| Total cash and cash equivalents at the end of the financial year | | 4,867,239 | 6,010,793 | 172,563 | 1,657,169 |

The deposits are placed mainly with a number of creditworthy financial institutions. There is no major concentration of deposits in any single financial institution. Maturity range of deposits is as follows:

| (In days) | From | Group To | Company To |
|---------------------------------------|-----------|-------------|---------------|
| Financial year ended 31 December 2014 | Overnight | 365 | 213 |
| Financial year ended 31 December 2013 | Overnight | 365 | 365 |

33. Deposits, Cash and Bank Balances (continued)

The currency profile of deposits, cash and bank balances is as follows:

| | 2014 | | | | | | 2013 | | | | | |
|----------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|---------------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|------------------|------------------|
| | Functional currency | | | | | | Functional currency | | | | | |
| | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 | RM RM'000 | IDR RM'000 | SLR RM'000 | BDT RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Group | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RM | 2,361,829 | - | - | - | - | 2,361,829 | 5,317,055 | - | - | - | - | 5,317,055 |
| USD | 112,687 | 41,054 | 51,589 | - | 178,091 | 383,421 | 282,130 | 20,023 | 5,670 | - | 102,681 | 410,504 |
| IDR | - | 1,924,954 | - | - | - | 1,924,954 | - | 338,864 | - | - | - | 338,864 |
| SLR | - | - | 236,078 | - | - | 236,078 | 2,694 | - | 40,969 | - | - | 43,663 |
| BDT | - | - | - | 119,728 | - | 119,728 | - | - | - | 201,911 | - | 201,911 |
| Others | 66,044 | - | - | - | 23,516 | 89,560 | 111,218 | - | - | - | 9,703 | 120,921 |
| Total | 2,540,560 | 1,966,008 | 287,667 | 119,728 | 201,607 | 5,115,570 | 5,713,097 | 358,887 | 46,639 | 201,911 | 112,384 | 6,432,918 |
| Company | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| RM | 76,214 | - | - | - | - | 76,214 | 1,959,640 | - | - | - | - | 1,959,640 |
| USD | 96,349 | - | - | - | - | 96,349 | 31,840 | - | - | - | - | 31,840 |
| Total | 172,563 | - | - | - | - | 172,563 | 1,991,480 | - | - | - | - | 1,991,480 |

34. Cash Flows From/(Used In) Operating, Investing and Financing Activities

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|---|------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Receipt from customers | | 18,835,637 | 17,665,841 | - | - |
| Payments to suppliers and employees | | (11,606,378) | (10,802,642) | (153,097) | (204,815) |
| Dividends received | | - | - | 2,945,333 | 2,301,815 |
| Dividends from associates | | - | - | 6,393 | 8,026 |
| Payment of finance costs | | (736,157) | (817,594) | (11,494) | (30,312) |
| Payment of zakat | | (898) | (8,500) | - | - |
| Payment of income taxes (net of refunds) | | (908,290) | (388,862) | (3,261) | (26) |
| Total cash flows from operating activities | | 5,583,914 | 5,648,243 | 2,783,874 | 2,074,688 |

34. Cash Flows From/(Used In) Operating, Investing and Financing Activities (continued)

| | Note | Group | | Company | |
|---|----------------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|
| | | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| Net proceeds from disposal of PPE | | 115,483 | 46,595 | 62 | 196 |
| Purchase of PPE | | (3,748,348) | (4,116,997) | (7,521) | (7,298) |
| Acquisition of intangible assets | | (254,360) | (877,590) | - | - |
| Investments in deposits maturing more than three (3) months | | 219,047 | (334,311) | 334,311 | (334,311) |
| Investment in subsidiaries | | 6,400 | (402,007) | - | - |
| Payment made in related to the acquisition of a subsidiary | 5(a)(iii) | (2,836,552) | - | - | - |
| Additional investments in associates | | (455,283) | (1,655) | - | (517) |
| Acquisition of a joint venture | | (20,000) | (59,326) | - | - |
| Interest received | | 197,994 | 261,193 | 76,487 | 73,545 |
| Net proceed from disposal of an associate | 5(a)(v) | 262,802 | - | 262,802 | - |
| Other investment | | (1,068) | - | - | - |
| Dividends received from associates | | 166,708 | 117,005 | - | - |
| Advances to employees | | (179) | (190) | - | - |
| Additional investment in subsidiaries | | - | - | (1,277,600) | - |
| Advances to subsidiaries treated as quasi-investments | | - | - | (178,948) | (707,428) |
| Advances to subsidiaries | | - | - | (1,910,725) | (158,902) |
| Advances from subsidiaries | | - | - | - | - |
| Repayments from subsidiaries | | - | - | 943,990 | 10,286 |
| Total cash flow used in investing activities | | (6,347,356) | (5,367,283) | (1,757,142) | (1,124,429) |
| Proceeds from borrowings | | 2,613,836 | 3,052,971 | - | - |
| Repayments of borrowings | | (2,133,311) | (2,192,888) | 14,587 | - |
| Repayment of Sukuk | | (509,306) | - | (825,630) | - |
| Repayment of finance lease creditors | | (103,254) | - | - | - |
| Net proceed from sale and leaseback assets | | 1,473,834 | - | - | - |
| Proceeds from issuance of shares under Axiata Share Scheme | | 146,883 | 125,236 | 146,883 | 125,236 |
| Share buy-back of a subsidiary | 5(a)(iv) | (339,736) | - | - | - |
| Treasury shares resold by subsidiaries | 5(a)(iv), (ix) | 404,282 | - | - | - |
| Share issue expenses | | (91) | (255) | (91) | (255) |
| Dividends paid to non-controlling interests | | (64,660) | (133,002) | - | - |
| Dividends paid to shareholders | 43 | (1,884,995) | (2,985,725) | (1,884,995) | (2,985,725) |
| Total cash flows used in financing activities | | (396,518) | (2,133,663) | (2,549,246) | (2,860,744) |

35. Contingencies and Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

| | Group | |
|--|------------------|------------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| PPE | | |
| Commitments in respect of expenditure: | | |
| - Approved and contracted for | 1,517,756 | 1,669,688 |
| - Approved but not contracted for | 706,185 | 2,109,050 |
| | 2,223,941 | 3,778,738 |

(b) Operating lease commitments

The Group entered into non-cancellable office and tower rental and lease of head office agreements with various terms and the total commitment are as follows:

| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|---|------------------|------------------|
| Payable with one (1) year | 320,262 | 190,188 |
| Payable more than one (1) year and no later than five (5) years | 792,591 | 637,712 |
| Payable more than five (5) years | 216,223 | 216,223 |
| Total | 1,329,076 | 1,044,123 |

The rental expenses related to the commitment for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 and 2013 amounted to RM362.2 million and RM183.8 million respectively.

(c) 3G annual fees commitment

XL has committed to pay annual fees within ten (10) years, as long as XL holds the 3G license. The amount of annual payment is based on the scheme of payment set out in Regulation No. 07/PER/M.KOMINFO/2/2006 of the Minister of Communication & Information and Decree No.323/KEP/M.KOMINFO/09/2010 of the Minister of Communication & Information. No penalty will be imposed in the event that XL returns the license.

35. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

(d) List of contingent liabilities of subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 December are as follows:

| Description | Potential exposure | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2014 RM'million | 2013 RM'million |
| <p>1. Celcom Trading Sdn Bhd [formerly known as Rego Multi-Trades Sdn Bhd] ("Celcom Trading") vs Aras Capital Sdn Bhd ("Aras Capital") and Tan Sri Dato' Tajudin Ramli ("TSDTR")</p> <p>In 2005, Celcom Trading, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Celcom, commenced proceedings against Aras Capital and TSDTR for amounts due to Celcom Trading pursuant to an investment agreement with Aras Capital and an indemnity letter given by TSDTR. TSDTR filed its defence and instituted a counterclaim against Celcom Trading, Celcom Resources Berhad [formerly known as Technology Resources Industries Berhad] ("Celcom Resources") and its directors to void and rescind the indemnity letter and claim damages.</p> <p>The Board of Directors, based on legal advice received, are of the view that it has good prospects of succeeding on the claim and successfully defending the counterclaim if the same were to proceed to trial.</p> | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| <p>2. VIP Engineering and Marketing Limited ("VIPER") vs Celcom Resources on TRI Telecommunications Tanzania ("Tritel")</p> <p>In December 2001, vide Civil Case No. 427 of 2001, VIPER claimed a sum of USD18.6 million from Celcom Resources as its share of loss of profits for the mismanagement of Tritel, a joint venture company between Celcom Resources and VIPER. In light of the winding-up order made against Tritel, Celcom Resources filed its claims of RM123.4 million with the liquidator of Tritel in July 2003.</p> <p>The Board of Directors, based on legal opinion received, are of the view that the allegations of mismanagement, are rhetorical and unsubstantiated. In view of the winding up proceedings, there is also a possibility that VIPER will not pursue its claim.</p> | 63.7 | 63.7 |

35. Contingencies and Commitments (continued)

(d) List of contingent liabilities of subsidiaries of the Group as at 31 December are as follows: (continued)

| Description | Potential exposure | |
|--|--------------------|--------------------|
| | 2014 RM'million | 2013 RM'million |
| <p>3. Claim on Robi by National Board of Revenue of Bangladesh ("NBR")</p> <p>The Large Tax Unit of NBR issued a show case letter dated 23 February 2012 to Robi demanding payment of supplementary duty and VAT levied on the issuance of a certain number of SIM cards to new customers of Robi on the pretext that the issuance was replacement purposes with regards to Robi's existing customers. The total demand amounted to BDT6,549.9 million.</p> <p>The Board of Directors, based on legal advice received, are of the view that it has good prospects of succeeding on the claim.</p> | 294.6 | 276.7 |
| <p>4. Robi's tax position</p> <p>Robi has claimed for SIM tax subsidy as a deductible expense in its tax provision computations for FY 2005 to 2014 (2013: FY 2005 to 2013). The National Board of Revenue has challenged this claim and regarded the SIM tax subsidy as non-deductible, on grounds that the subsidies are collectible from the customers and hence is not a 'business expense'. The case has been taken to the local court whereby the proceeding is still ongoing with no decision reached to-date.</p> <p>Based on legal opinion received, the Board of Directors are of the view that Robi has good prospects of succeeding on the claim.</p> | 269.2 | 238.8 |
| <p>5. Access Promotion Contribution ("APC") of Multinet Pakistan (Private) Limited ("Multinet")</p> <p>Multinet filed a suit during the financial year ended 31 December 2010 in the Honourable High Court of Sindh against the Federation of Pakistan, Pakistan Telecommunications Authority ("PTA"), Pakistan Telecommunication Company Limited ("PTCL") and the Universal Service Fund Company inter alia challenging the legality and enforcement of APC applicable on international incoming calls. Multinet has stopped paying APC to PTA from 30 September 2009. In the event a clawback is required, the estimated amount as per PTA monthly demand notice from January 2010 to December 2012 is PKR4.2 billion (2013: PKR4.2 billion).</p> <p>Based on legal opinion received, the Board of Directors are of the view that Multinet has good prospects of succeeding on the claim.</p> | 146.2 | 131.5 |
| Total exposure | 873.7 | 810.7 |

The Company does not have any contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2014 and 2013.

36. Significant Non-Cash Transactions

Significant non-cash transactions are as follows:

| | Group | |
|-------------------------|---------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Asset swap arrangements | – | 5,044 |
| Vesting of RSA | 37,228 | 2,213 |

37. Segmental Reporting

By key operating companies of the Group

Management has determined the operating segments based on the reports reviewed by the Board of Directors (Chief Operating decision maker).

The Board of Directors considers the business from a geographic perspective. The Group's operating companies operate in many countries as shown in Note 39 to the financial statements. Accordingly, the Group's operations by key operating companies are segmented into these main geographic segments: Malaysia, Indonesia, Bangladesh, Sri Lanka and Others. Others comprise of investment holding entities and other operating companies in other countries that contributed less than 10% of consolidated revenue.

The reportable segments derive their revenue primarily from the provision of mobile services, leasing of passive infrastructure, and others such as provision of interconnect services, leased services, pay television transmission services and provision of other data services. Revenue is based on the country in which the customers are located.

The Board of Directors assesses the performance of the operating segment, before its respective tax charge or tax credits, based on a measure of EBITDA. EBITDA is derived after operating revenue less other operating costs, domestic interconnect and international outpayment, marketing, advertising and promotion, and staff costs.

37. Segmental Reporting (continued)

| | Malaysia RM'000 | Indonesia RM'000 | Bangladesh RM'000 | Sri Lanka RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Consolidation adjustments/ eliminations RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-----------------|
| Financial year ended | | | | | | | |
| 31 December 2014 | | | | | | | |
| Operating revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Total operating revenue | 7,729,348 | 6,475,565 | 2,084,662 | 1,686,177 | 878,318 | - | 18,854,070 |
| Inter-segment* | (7,624) | (23,733) | (106) | (24,209) | (12,780) | (73,841) | (142,293) |
| External operating revenue | 7,721,724 | 6,451,832 | 2,084,556 | 1,661,968 | 865,538 | (73,841) | 18,711,777 |
| Results: | | | | | | | |
| EBITDA | 3,116,573 | 2,468,101 | 778,989 | 523,551 | 114,353 | (2,992) | 6,998,575 |
| Interest income | 109,057 | 55,509 | 16,952 | 5,098 | 138,847 | (127,469) | 197,994 |
| Interest expense | (198,761) | (456,290) | (23,243) | (19,954) | (178,240) | 130,029 | (746,459) |
| Depreciation of PPE | (667,926) | (1,843,129) | (321,717) | (308,481) | (185,516) | 37,614 | (3,289,155) |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | (52,052) | (170,994) | (101,831) | (25,605) | (4,626) | (11,752) | (366,860) |
| Joint ventures: | | | | | | | |
| - share of results (net of tax) | 3,075 | (28,067) | - | - | - | - | (24,992) |
| Associates: | | | | | | | |
| - share of results (net of tax) | 9,260 | - | - | (2,697) | 400,650 | - | 407,213 |
| - loss on dilution of equity interests | - | - | - | - | - | (43,284) | (43,284) |
| Impairment of PPE, net of reversal | (2,451) | (23,650) | 2,297 | 30,437 | - | - | 6,633 |
| Other non-cash income/(expenses) | 1,025,303 | (300,147) | 4,497 | (11,886) | 268,285 | (1,011,261) | (25,209) |
| Taxation | (601,288) | 49,479 | (170,503) | (30,773) | (79,655) | 62,697 | (770,043) |
| Segment profit/(loss) for the financial year | 2,740,790 | (249,188) | 185,441 | 159,690 | 474,098 | (966,418) | 2,344,413 |

* Inter-segment operating revenue has been eliminated in arriving at respective segment operating revenue. The inter-segment operating revenue was entered into in the normal course of business and at prices negotiated and agreed between the parties.

37. Segmental Reporting (continued)

| | Malaysia RM'000 | Indonesia RM'000 | Bangladesh RM'000 | Sri Lanka RM'000 | Others RM'000 | Consolidation adjustments/ eliminations RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|----------------------|---------------------|------------------|---|-----------------|
| Financial year ended 31 December 2013 | | | | | | | |
| Operating revenue: | | | | | | | |
| Total operating revenue | 8,018,256 | 6,443,313 | 1,822,587 | 1,543,578 | 676,243 | - | 18,503,977 |
| Inter-segment* | (7,263) | (34,477) | (490) | (27,308) | (24,259) | (39,339) | (133,136) |
| External operating revenue | 8,010,993 | 6,408,836 | 1,822,097 | 1,516,270 | 651,984 | (39,339) | 18,370,841 |
| Results: | | | | | | | |
| EBITDA | 3,452,035 | 2,712,361 | 633,769 | 484,439 | (8,403) | (3,078) | 7,271,123 |
| Interest income | 107,532 | 32,866 | 42,107 | 2,758 | 140,897 | (64,864) | 261,296 |
| Interest expense | (214,489) | (371,567) | (25,283) | (16,688) | (155,042) | 62,340 | (720,729) |
| Depreciation of PPE | (733,129) | (1,801,946) | (251,993) | (280,309) | (80,379) | 51,528 | (3,096,228) |
| Amortisation of intangible assets | (125,508) | (34,878) | (73,656) | (19,294) | (4,750) | (7,705) | (265,791) |
| Joint ventures: | | | | | | | |
| - share of results (net of tax) | (1,938) | 7,267 | - | - | - | - | 5,329 |
| Associates: | | | | | | | |
| - share of results (net of tax) | 5,681 | - | - | (720) | 265,862 | - | 270,823 |
| - loss on dilution of equity interests | - | - | - | - | - | (21,066) | (21,066) |
| Impairment of PPE (net of reversal) | (4,094) | (8,151) | (6,040) | 6,551 | - | - | (11,734) |
| Other non-cash income/(expenses) | 15,927 | (118,081) | 17,303 | (22,172) | (55,487) | 2,526 | (159,984) |
| Taxation | (419,526) | (108,181) | (186,743) | (27,384) | (45,408) | (7,220) | (794,462) |
| Segment profit for the financial year | 2,082,491 | 309,690 | 149,464 | 127,181 | 57,290 | 12,461 | 2,738,577 |

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies

- (a) Market risks consist of:
 - (i) foreign currency exchange risk – risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.
 - (ii) fair value interest rate risk – risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.
 - (iii) cash flow interest rate risk – risk that future cash flows associated with a financial instrument will fluctuate. In the case of a floating rate debt instrument, such fluctuations result in a change in the effective interest rate of the financial instrument, usually without a corresponding change in its fair value.
 - (iv) price risk – risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate as a result of changes in market prices, whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual instrument or its issuer or factors affecting all instrument traded in the market.
- (b) credit risk – risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge an obligation and cause the other party to incur a financial loss.
- (c) liquidity risk (funding risk) – risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in raising funds to meet commitments associated with financial instruments.

The Group's and the Company's overall financial risk management programme focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Group and the Company. Financial risk management is carried out through risk reviews, internal control systems, insurance programmes and adherence to the Group's and the Company's financial risk management policies. The Board of Directors regularly reviews these risks and approves the treasury policies, which covers the management of these risks. Hedging transactions are determined in the light of commercial commitments. Derivative financial instruments are mainly used to hedge underlying commercial exposures.

(a) Market risks

(i) Foreign currency exchange risk

Group

The foreign exchange risk of the Group predominately arises from borrowings denominated in foreign currencies. The main currency exposure from borrowings denominated in foreign currency is USD. The Group has cross currency interest rate swaps, forward foreign currency contracts and call spread options that are primarily used to hedge selected foreign currency borrowings to reduce the foreign currency exposures on these borrowings.

The Group has certain investment in foreign operations, whose net assets are exposed to foreign currency translation risk. Currency exposure arising from the net assets of the Group's foreign operation is managed primarily through borrowings denominated in the relevant foreign currency and also the use of cross currency swap.

As at 31 December 2014, if USD has strengthen/weakened by 10% against IDR, BDT, SLR and RM with all other variables held constant, this will result in foreign exchange losses/gains to the profit or loss of RM412.0 million for the Group on translation of USD denominated non-hedged borrowings.

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(a) Market risks (continued)

(i) Foreign currency exchange risk (continued)

Company

The foreign exchange risk of the Company predominately arises from advances to subsidiaries treated as quasi investment denominated in USD.

As at 31 December 2014, if USD has strengthen/weakened by 10% against RM with all other variables held constant, this will result in foreign exchange gains/losses to the profit or loss of RM659 million for the Company, on translation of USD denominated advances to subsidiaries treated as quasi investment.

(ii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

The Group and the Company have deposits, cash and bank balances including deposits placed with creditworthy licensed banks and financial institutions. The Group and the Company manage its interest rate risk by actively monitoring the yield curve trend and interest rate movement for the various deposits, cash and bank balances.

The Group's borrowings comprise borrowings from financial and non-financial institutions, Sukuk and Notes. The Group's interest rate risk objective is to manage an acceptable level of rate fluctuation on the interest expense. In order to achieve this objective, the Group targets a composition of fixed and floating borrowings based on assessment of its existing exposure and desirable interest rate profile. To obtain this composition, the Group uses hedging instruments such as interest rate swap contracts.

As at 31 December 2014, if interest rate on different foreign currencies denominated floating interest rates non-hedged borrowings had been lower/higher by 5% with all other variables held constant, this will result in a lower/higher interest expense of the Group amounting to RM15.0 million.

(iii) Price risk

The Group is exposed to equity securities price risk because of the investments held by the Group classified on the consolidated statement of financial position as AFS and FVTPL. The Group is not exposed to commodity price risk. No financial instruments or derivatives have been employed to hedge this risk, which is deemed as insignificant.

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(b) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from trade receivables, cash and cash equivalents and financial instruments used in hedging activities.

The Group has no significant concentration of credit risk due to its diverse customer base. Credit risk is managed through the application of credit assessment and approval, credit limit and monitoring procedures. Where appropriate, the Group obtains deposits or bank guarantees from customers.

The Group and the Company place its cash and cash equivalents with a number of creditworthy financial institutions. The Group's and the Company policy limit the concentration of financial exposure to any single financial institution.

All hedging instruments are executed with creditworthy financial institutions with a view to limiting the credit risk exposure of the Group and the Company. The Group and the Company, however, are exposed to credit-related losses in the event of non-performance by counterparties to financial derivative instruments, but do not expect any counterparties to fail to meet their obligations.

The maximum credit risk exposure of the financial assets of the Group and the Company are approximately their carrying amounts as at the end of the reporting period.

The credit quality of the financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired is shown in Note 18 to the financial statements.

The carrying amount of trade receivables that are past due is shown in Note 32 to the financial statements.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient liquid funds to meet its financial obligations.

In the management of liquidity risk, the Group and the Company monitor and maintain a level of cash and cash equivalents deemed adequate by the management to finance the Group's and the Company's operations and to mitigate the effects of fluctuations in cash flows. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying business, the Group and the Company aims at maintaining flexibility in funding by keeping both committed and uncommitted credit lines available.

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (continued)

The table below analyses the Group's and the Company's non-derivative financial liabilities and net settled derivative financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date. As amounts included in the table are contractual undiscounted cash flows, these amounts may not be reconciled to the amounts disclosed on the statement of financial position for borrowings and trade, other payables and derivative financial instruments.

| Group | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|---|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------|
| | Trade and other payables RM'000 | Borrowings RM'000 | Net settled derivative financial instruments RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Trade and other payables RM'000 | Borrowings RM'000 | Net settled derivative financial instruments RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Below 1 year | 6,344,612 | 2,583,840 | 13,176 | 8,941,628 | 4,487,311 | 2,325,058 | 6,119 | 6,818,488 |
| 1-2 years | - | 1,891,144 | 9,447 | 1,900,591 | - | 3,013,604 | 3,494 | 3,017,098 |
| 2-3 years | - | 3,986,081 | 3,453 | 3,989,534 | - | 1,650,851 | 1,220 | 1,652,071 |
| 3-4 years | - | 937,240 | 769 | 938,009 | - | 2,461,867 | - | 2,461,867 |
| 4-5 years | - | 2,803,243 | - | 2,803,243 | - | 867,378 | - | 867,378 |
| Over 5 years | - | 3,226,938 | - | 3,226,938 | - | 4,897,542 | - | 4,897,542 |
| Total contractual undiscounted cash flows | 6,344,612 | 15,428,486 | 26,845 | 21,799,943 | 4,487,311 | 15,216,300 | 10,833 | 19,714,444 |
| Total carrying amount | 6,344,612 | 13,893,335 | 12,172 | 20,250,119 | 4,487,311 | 13,436,375 | 14,127 | 17,937,813 |

| Company | 2014 | | | 2013 | | | |
|---|-----------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------------|-------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| | Other payables RM'000 | Amounts due to subsidiaries RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Other payables RM'000 | Borrowings RM'000 | Amounts due to subsidiaries RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Below 1 year | 80,646 | 1,162,472 | 1,243,118 | 78,834 | 20,002 | 680,949 | 779,785 |
| 1-2 years | - | - | - | - | 810,701 | - | 810,701 |
| Total contractual undiscounted cash flows | 80,646 | 1,162,472 | 1,243,118 | 78,834 | 830,703 | 680,949 | 1,590,486 |
| Total carrying amounts | 80,646 | 1,162,472 | 1,243,118 | 78,834 | 825,234 | 680,949 | 1,585,017 |

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(d) Capital risk management

The primary objective of the Group's capital risk management is to ensure that it maintains a strong credit rating and healthy capital ratios in order to support its business and maximise shareholder's value.

The Group manages its capital structure and makes adjustments to it, in light of changes in economic conditions. To maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may or may not make dividend payments to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares or other instruments.

Consistent with others in the industry, the Group monitors capital on the basis of the gearing ratios. This ratio is calculated as total borrowings over total equity. Total borrowings including non-current and current borrowings as shown in the consolidated statement of financial position. Total equity is calculated as 'equity' in the consolidated statement of financial position.

| | Note | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
|---------------|------|-------------------|----------------|
| Borrowings | 16 | 13,893,335 | 13,436,375 |
| Total equity | | 22,557,787 | 21,379,071 |
| Gearing ratio | | 0.62 | 0.63 |

The Group's capital management strategy was to obtain and maintain an investment grade credit rating.

(e) Fair value estimation

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identified assets or liabilities (Level 1).
- Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly [that is, as prices] or indirectly [that is, derived from prices] (Level 2).
- Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data [that is unobservable inputs] (Level 3).

The Group measured the financial instruments based on published price quotations (Level 1) and market approach valuation technique (Level 2) with inputs of valuation technique such as interest rates and yield curves observable at commonly quoted intervals; implied volatilities; and credit spreads that are observable direct or indirectly as at reporting date.

There were no transfers between Level 1 and Level 2 during the financial year.

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

The following table represents the fair value level of the financial assets and liabilities that are measured at fair value as at reporting date.

| Group | 2014 | | | | 2013 | | | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|------------------|
| | Level 1 RM'000 | Level 2 RM'000 | Level 3 RM'000 | Total RM'000 | Level 1 RM'000 | Level 2 RM'000 | Level 3 RM'000 | Total RM'000 |
| Assets | | | | | | | | |
| Financial assets at FVTPL: | | | | | | | | |
| - Trading securities | 14 | - | - | 14 | 8 | - | - | 8 |
| - Non-hedging derivatives | - | 167,765 | - | 167,765 | - | 223,972 | - | 223,972 |
| - Derivatives used for hedging | - | - | - | - | - | 14,588 | - | 14,588 |
| Financial assets at AFS: | | | | | | | | |
| - Equity securities | - | - | 1,118 | 1,118 | - | - | 141 | 141 |
| Total assets | 14 | 167,765 | 1,118 | 168,897 | 8 | 238,560 | 141 | 238,709 |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | | |
| Financial liabilities at FVTPL: | | | | | | | | |
| - Non-hedging derivatives | - | (12,501) | - | (12,501) | - | (14,127) | - | (14,127) |
| - Derivatives used for hedging | - | (13,726) | - | (13,726) | - | (95,257) | - | (95,257) |
| Total liabilities | - | (26,227) | - | (26,227) | - | (109,384) | - | (109,384) |
| Company | | | | | | | | |
| Financial asset at FVTPL: | | | | | | | | |
| - Derivatives used for hedging | - | - | - | - | - | 14,588 | - | 14,588 |

(i) Financial instruments in level 1

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets is based on quoted market prices at the reporting date. A market is regarded as active if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

38. Financial Risk Management Objectives and Policies (continued)

(e) Fair value estimation (continued)

(ii) Financial instruments in level 2

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise the use of observable market data where it is available and rely as little as possible on entity specific estimates. If all significant inputs required to fair value an instrument are observable, the instrument is included in level 2.

If one or more of the significant inputs is not based on observable market data, the instrument is included in Level 3.

Specific valuation techniques used to value financial instruments include:

- Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments;
- The fair value of cross currency interest rate swaps and interest rate swaps is calculated as the present value of the estimated future cash flows based on observable market curves; and
- The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange rates at the reporting date, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.

(iii) Financial instruments in level 3

The movement of the financial instruments in level 3 has no material impact to the results of the consolidated financial statements.

(f) Offsetting financial assets and financial liabilities

The following financial assets and financial liabilities are subject to offsetting, enforceable master netting arrangements and similar agreements.

| Group | Gross amounts RM'000 | Gross amounts of recognised (financial liabilities)/ financial assets set off RM'000 | Net amounts RM'000 |
|-------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------------|
| 2014 | | | |
| Trade receivables | 418,881 | (149,522) | 269,359 |
| Trade payables | (408,753) | 149,522 | (259,231) |
| 2013 | | | |
| Trade receivables | 321,839 | (110,611) | 211,228 |
| Trade payables | (277,601) | 164,114 | (113,487) |

39. List of Subsidiaries

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014:

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|---|--|---|--|--|--|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Axiata Investments (Labuan) Limited | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Federal Territory, Labuan, Malaysia |
| Axiata Investments 1 (India) Limited ¹ | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Mauritius |
| Axiata Management Services Sdn Bhd | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Provision of services under Axiata's Service Assurance Centre to telecommunication service providers | Malaysia |
| Celcom Axiata Berhad | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Telecommunication network capacity, infrastructure and services | Malaysia |
| Axiata Investments (Singapore) Limited | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Federal Territory, Labuan Malaysia |
| Axiata SPV1 (Labuan) Limited | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Financing | Federal Territory, Labuan, Malaysia |
| Axiata Foundation ⁴ | - | - | - | Develop and nurture talent pool and foster, develop and improve education | Malaysia |
| Axiata SPV2 Berhad | 100.00 | 100.00 | - | Financing | Malaysia |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|--|---|--|---|--|-------------------------------------|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| edotco Group Sdn Bhd | 100.00 | 100.00 | | - Investment holding and provision of technical and operations support services in the telecommunications and related industries in local and/or international markets | Malaysia |
| Axiata Investments (Cambodia) Limited | 100.00 | 100.00 | | - Investment holding | Federal Territory, Labuan, Malaysia |
| Axiata Digital Services Sdn Bhd | 100.00 | 100.00 | | - Investment holding | Malaysia |
| Hello Axiata Company Limited ¹ | 100.00 | 100.00 | | - Dormant | Cambodia |
| Subsidiaries held through Axiata Investments (Labuan) Limited | | | | | |
| Dialog Axiata PLC ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Telecommunication services, infrastructure and e-commerce | Sri Lanka |
| Axiata Investments (Mauritius) Limited ¹ | - | 100.00 | | - Dormant | Mauritius |
| Robi Axiata Limited ² | - | 91.59 | 8.41 | Mobile telecommunication services | Bangladesh |
| Axiata Lanka (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 100.00 | | - Property development and letting of property for commercial purposes | Sri Lanka |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Subsidiaries held through Axiata Investments (Labuan) Limited (continued) | | | | | |
| Multinet Pakistan (Private) Limited ² | – | 89.00 | 11.00 | Cable television services, information technology and multimedia services | Pakistan |
| Axiata Investments (Indonesia) Sdn Bhd | – | 100.00 | – | Investment holding | Malaysia |
| Subsidiary held through Axiata Investments (Indonesia) Sdn Bhd | | | | | |
| PT XL Axiata Tbk ¹ | – | 66.48 | 33.52 | Mobile telecommunication services | Indonesia |
| Subsidiaries held through PT XL Axiata Tbk | | | | | |
| Excelcomindo Finance Company BV ¹ | – | 66.48 | 33.52 | Financing | Netherlands |
| GSM One (L) Limited ¹ | – | 66.48 | 33.52 | Financing | Federal Territory, Labuan Malaysia |
| GSM Two (L) Limited ¹ | – | 66.48 | 33.52 | Financing | Federal Territory, Labuan Malaysia |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|--|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Subsidiaries held through Dialog Axiata PLC | | | | | |
| Dialog Broadband Networks (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Data and backbone, fixed wireless and transmission infrastructure | Sri Lanka |
| Dialog Television (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Television broadcasting generated services and direct-to-home satellite pay television services | Sri Lanka |
| Digital Holdings Lanka (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Investment holding | Sri Lanka |
| Subsidiaries held through Dialog Television (Private) Limited | | | | | |
| Communiq Broadband Network (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Dormant | Sri Lanka |
| Dialog Television Trading (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Trading of electronic consumer products | Sri Lanka |
| Subsidiary held through Dialog Broadband Networks (Private) Limited | | | | | |
| Telecard (Private) Limited ¹ | - | 83.32 | 16.68 | Dormant | Sri Lanka |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|---|--|---|--|---|---|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Subsidiary held through Robi Axiata Limited and edotco Group Sdn Bhd | | | | | |
| edotco Bangladesh Co. Ltd ² | - | 95.71 | 4.29 | Telecommunication infrastructure and services | Bangladesh |
| Subsidiary held through Axiata Investments 1 (India) Limited | | | | | |
| Axiata Investments 2 (India) Limited ¹ | - | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Mauritius |
| Subsidiary held through Axiata Investments (Cambodia) Limited | | | | | |
| Glasswool Holdings Limited | - | 87.46 | 12.54 | Investment holding | Federal Territory, Labuan, Malaysia |
| Subsidiaries held through Celcom Axiata Berhad | | | | | |
| Celcom Mobile Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Mobile communication, network and application services and content | Malaysia |
| Celcom Networks Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Network telecommunication, capacity and services | Malaysia |
| Celcom Properties Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Property investment | Malaysia |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|---|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Subsidiaries held through Celcom Axiata Berhad (continued) | | | | | |
| Escape Axiata Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Over-The-Top and other on demand content services | Malaysia |
| Celcom Retail Holding Sdn Bhd ³ | - | 100.00 | - | Strategic and business development, management, administrative, support services and investment holding | Malaysia |
| Celcom Intelligence Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Malaysia |
| Celcom Timur (Sabah) Sdn Bhd | - | 80.00 | 20.00 | Fibre optic transmission network services | Malaysia |
| Celcom eCommerce Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Electronic wallet services | Malaysia |
| Celcom Resources Berhad | - | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Malaysia |
| Subsidiary held through Celcom Retail Holding Sdn Bhd | | | | | |
| Celcom Retail Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Trading and distribution of communication devices and related products and managing retail stores | Malaysia |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non- controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Subsidiary held through Celcom Resources Berhad | | | | | |
| Celcom Trading Sdn Bhd ³ | - | 100.00 | - | Dealing in marketable securities | Malaysia |
| Subsidiary held through Glasswool Holdings Limited | | | | | |
| Smart Axiata Co., Ltd ¹ | - | 87.46 | 12.54 | Mobile telecommunication services | Cambodia |
| Subsidiary held through Smart Axiata Co., Ltd | | | | | |
| Edotco (Cambodia) Co., Ltd ¹ | - | 87.46 | 12.54 | Telecommunication infrastructure and services | Cambodia |
| Subsidiary held through Axiata Digital Services Sdn Bhd | | | | | |
| Axiata Digital Advertising Sdn Bhd | - | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Malaysia |

39. List of Subsidiaries (continued)

The Group had the following subsidiaries as at 31 December 2014: (continued)

| Name of company | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the parent | Proportion of ordinary shares directly held by the Group | Proportion of ordinary shares held by non-controlling interests | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|---|---|--|---|---|------------------------------------|
| | (%) | (%) | (%) | | |
| Subsidiaries held through edotco Group Sdn Bhd | | | | | |
| edotco Malaysia Sdn Bhd ⁵ | - | 100.00 | - | Telecommunication infrastructure and services | Malaysia |
| edotco Investments (Labuan) Limited | - | 100.00 | - | Investment holding | Federal Territory, Labuan Malaysia |

¹ Audited by a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited which is a separate and independent legal entity from PricewaterhouseCoopers Malaysia.

² Audited by a firm other than a member firm of PricewaterhouseCoopers International Limited.

³ Inactive as at 31 December 2014.

⁴ In accordance with IC 112-Consolidation: "Special Purpose Vehicles", AF is consolidated in the Group as the substance of the relationship between the Company and the special purpose entity indicates that the entity is controlled by the Company.

⁵ On 31 May 2014, Celcom Axiata Berhad disposed of edotco Malaysia Sdn Bhd to edotco Group Sdn Bhd under the group restructuring.

40. List of Associates

The investments in associates are as follows:

| Name of company | Group's effective shareholding | | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|---|--------------------------------|----------|---|------------------------------------|
| | 2014 (%) | 2013 (%) | | |
| Samart I-Mobile Public Company Limited ("SIM") ~ | - | 24.08 | Mobile phone distributor accessories, and bundled with content | Thailand |
| Associate held through Celcom Axiata Berhad | | | | |
| Sacofa Sdn Bhd | 15.12 | 15.12 | Telecommunication infrastructure and services | Malaysia |
| Associate held through Celcom Intelligence Sdn Bhd | | | | |
| Celcom Planet Sdn Bhd | 49.00 | - | e-commerce platform business | Malaysia |
| Associate held through Axiata Investments (Singapore) Limited | | | | |
| M1 Limited | 28.50 | 28.74 | Mobile telecommunication services, sales of telecommunication equipment and accessories | Singapore |
| Associate held through Axiata Investments 1 (India) Limited and Axiata Investments 2 (India) Limited | | | | |
| Idea Cellular Limited | 19.79 | 19.90 | Mobile telecommunication services | India |
| Associates held through Dialog Axiata PLC | | | | |
| Firstsource Dialog Solutions (Private) Limited | 21.66 | 22.09 | Information technology enabled services | Sri Lanka |
| Digital Commerce Lanka (Pvt) Ltd | 35.39 | 24.06 | e-commerce | Sri Lanka |

~ The disposal was completed during the financial year as disclosed in Note 5(a)(v) to the financial statements.

All associates have co-terminous financial year end with the Group except for Idea with financial year ended on 31 March.

41. List of Joint Ventures

The investments in joint ventures are as follows:

| Name of company | Group's effective shareholding | | Principal activities | Country and place of incorporation |
|--|--------------------------------|----------|--|------------------------------------|
| | 2014 (%) | 2013 (%) | | |
| Joint ventures held through Celcom Axiata Berhad | | | | |
| PLDT Malaysia Sdn Bhd | 49.00 | 49.00 | Mobile virtual network operator | Malaysia |
| Digital Milestone Sdn Bhd ¹ | 51.00 | 51.00 | Special purpose investment company | Malaysia |
| Tune Talk Sdn Bhd ("Tune Talk") ² | 35.00 | 35.00 | Mobile communication services | Malaysia |
| Merchantrade Asia Sdn Bhd ² | 20.00 | – | Provision of money service business, i.e. remittance and money changing and operator of mobile virtual network | Malaysia |
| Joint venture held through PT XL Axiata Tbk | | | | |
| PT XL Planet Digital | 33.24 | 33.24 | e-commerce | Indonesia |

¹ Winding up in progress.

² Assessment of the impact of MFRS 10 and MFRS 11 on Tune Talk and Merchantrade require Tune Talk and Merchantrade to be classified as joint venture. The reclassification has no significant impact to the Group.

42. Related Party Transactions

All related party transactions were entered into in the normal course of business and at prices available at negotiated terms. The names of these related parties, nature of these transactions and their total value have been set out in accordance with the provisions of MFRS 124: "Related Party Disclosure".

The Government of Malaysia and bodies controlled or jointly controlled by the Government of Malaysia are related parties of the Group. The Government of Malaysia has significant influence over the Group. The Group enters into transactions with many of these bodies, which includes but is not limited to:

- receiving telecommunications services, including interconnection revenue/charges
- purchasing of goods, including use of public utilities and amenities, and
- placing of bank deposits

The Group has established its procurement policies and approval processes for purchases of products and services, which do not depend on whether the counterparties are government-related entities or not.

The Group provides telecommunications services as part of its ordinary operations. The Group has collectively, but not individually significant transactions with Government-related entities. These telecommunication services are carried out on commercial terms that are negotiated and agreed upon between the parties.

Key management personnel are the persons who have authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Group or the Company either directly or indirectly. Key management personnel of the Group and the Company include the Senior Leadership Team who report directly to the Group Chief Executive Officer.

Whenever exist, related party transactions also includes transaction with entities that are controlled, joint ventures or significantly influenced directly by any key management personnel or their close family members.

In addition to related party transactions and balances mentioned elsewhere in the financial statements, set out below are significant related party transactions and balances which were carried out on terms and conditions negotiated amongst the related parties.

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| (a) Sale of goods and services associates: | | | | |
| - International roaming revenue | 15,715 | 17,739 | - | - |
| - Telecommunication services | 173,477 | 138,139 | - | - |
| | 189,192 | 155,878 | - | - |

42. Related Party Transactions (continued)

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 | 2014 RM'000 | 2013 RM'000 |
| (b) Purchase of goods and services associates: | | | | |
| - Interconnection charges | 13,245 | 15,141 | - | - |
| - Leaseline charges, maintenance and others | 64,663 | 51,900 | - | - |
| | 77,908 | 67,041 | - | - |
| (c) Intercompany service agreement with subsidiaries: | | | | |
| - Technical and management services | - | - | 42,821 | 49,577 |
| (d) Dividends received from subsidiaries/ associates | - | - | 2,951,726 | 2,309,871 |
| (e) Repayments/(Advances) from/(to) subsidiaries | | | | |
| - Advances | - | - | (1,910,725) | (158,902) |
| - Repayments | - | - | 943,990 | 10,286 |
| (f) Interest income/(expense) on advances (from)/to subsidiaries | | | | |
| - Interest income | - | - | 32,210 | 1,183 |
| - Interest expense | - | - | (41,652) | - |

The outstanding balances as at reporting date are disclosed in Note 26 and Note 31 to the financial statements.

42. Related Party Transactions (continued)

| | Group | | Company | |
|---|--------|--------|---------|--------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| (g) Key management compensation short term employee benefits: | | | | |
| - Salaries, allowances and bonus | 19,312 | 19,444 | 19,312 | 19,444 |
| - Ex-gratia payments | 1,000 | - | 1,000 | - |
| - Contribution to EPF | 2,629 | 2,400 | 2,629 | 2,400 |
| - Estimated money value of benefits | 51 | 246 | 51 | 246 |
| - Other staff benefits | 215 | 654 | 215 | 654 |
| Share-based compensation | | | | |
| - ESOS and RSA expenses | 5,497 | 5,236 | 5,497 | 5,236 |

Included in key management compensation is the Executive Directors' remuneration of the Company as disclosed in Note 7(c) to the financial statements.

43. Dividends

| Tax exempt dividend under single tier system | | | | | | |
|---|------------------------------------|--------------|---------|------------------------------------|--------------|--|
| 2014 | | | 2013 | | | |
| Type | Per ordinary share of RM1 each Sen | Total RM'000 | Type | Per ordinary share of RM1 each Sen | Total RM'000 | |
| In respect of financial year ended 31 December: | | | | | | |
| - 2012 | - | - | Final | 15 | 1,279,305 | |
| - 2012 | - | - | Special | 12 | 1,023,444 | |
| - 2013 | - | - | Interim | 8 | 682,976 | |
| - 2013 | Final | 14 | - | - | - | |
| - 2014 | Interim | 8 | - | - | - | |
| | | 22 | | 35 | 2,985,725 | |
| | | 1,884,995 | | | | |

The Board of Directors have recommended a final tax exempt dividend under the single tier system of 14 sen per ordinary share of RM1 each of the Company in respect of financial year ended 31 December 2014 amounting to a total of RM1,201.5 million, based on the issued and paid-up capital of the Company as at 31 December 2014. The proposed dividend is subject to approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming AGM.

44. Events After Reporting Period

(a) Acquisition of Adknowledge Asia Pacific Pte Ltd (“AAP”)

On 3 December 2014, ADA entered into a Subscription and Shareholders’ Agreement with Adknowledge International, Inc and AAP for the subscription by ADA of an 80.0% equity stake in AAP for a cash investment of up to USD9.0 million. The acquisition was completed on 19 January 2015 for a total cash consideration of RM19.5 million (USD5.5 million).

(b) Introduction of new taxes and levies in Sri Lanka

Interim budget was presented by the Government of Sri Lanka (“GoSL”) on 29 January 2015 and passed by the Parliament of Sri Lanka on 7 February 2015. The GoSL is yet to enact appropriate legislation bringing the interim budget proposals into force. Accordingly, the financial results of the Group for the financial year ended 31 December 2014 excluded impacts from the interim budget, since certainty with respect to applicability and/or quantum of impact is yet to be ascertained.

(c) Incorporation of Axiata SPV4 Sdn Bhd (“Axiata SPV4”)

On 30 January 2015, the Company incorporated Axiata SPV4, a private company limited by shares, under the Companies Act, 1965 in Malaysia with an authorised share capital of RM0.4 million divided into 400,000 ordinary shares of which it is issued and paid-up share capital is RM2. The nature of business to be carried by Axiata SPV4 is as an investment holding company.

Supplementary Information Disclosed Pursuant To Bursa Securities Listing Requirements

The following analysis of realised and unrealised retained profits/(accumulated losses) is prepared in accordance with Guidance on Special Matter No. 1, Determination of Realised and Unrealised Profits or Losses in the Context of Disclosure Pursuant to “Bursa Securities” Listing Requirements, as issued by the Malaysian Institute of Accountants whilst the disclosure is based on the prescribed format by the Bursa Securities.

| | Group | | Company | |
|--|--------------------|---------------|------------------|---------------|
| | 2014 | 2013 | 2014 | 2013 |
| | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 | RM'000 |
| Total retained profit/(accumulated losses): | | | | |
| - realised | 11,504,017 | 10,138,985 | 5,920,362 | 4,517,274 |
| - unrealised | (1,470,594) | (1,256,195) | 616,406 | 438,538 |
| | 10,033,423 | 8,882,790 | 6,536,768 | 4,955,812 |
| Total retained profit/(accumulated losses from joint ventures: | | | | |
| - realised | (21,239) | 3,752 | - | - |
| Total retained profit/(accumulated losses) from associates: | | | | |
| - realised | 1,437,757 | 1,136,282 | - | - |
| - unrealised | (182,708) | (180,891) | - | - |
| | 1,255,049 | 955,391 | - | - |
| | 11,267,233 | 9,841,933 | 6,536,768 | 4,955,812 |
| Less: consolidation adjustments | (1,435,584) | (519,173) | - | - |
| Total consolidated retained profits | 9,831,649 | 9,322,760 | 6,536,768 | 4,955,812 |

The disclosure above is solely for compliance with the directive issued by the Bursa Securities and should not be used for any other purpose.