

20. Sort an array of 0's 1's and 2's

75. Sort Colors

Hint

Medium



14.2K

512



Companies

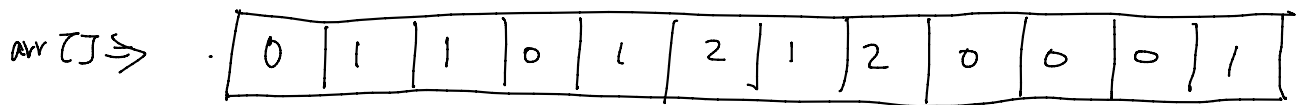
Given an array `nums` with `n` objects colored red, white, or blue, sort them **in-place** so that objects of the same color are adjacent, with the colors in the order red, white, and blue.

We will use the integers `0`, `1`, and `2` to represent the color red, white, and blue, respectively.

You must solve this problem without using the library's sort function.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [2,0,2,1,1,0]`
Output: `[0,0,1,1,2,2]`

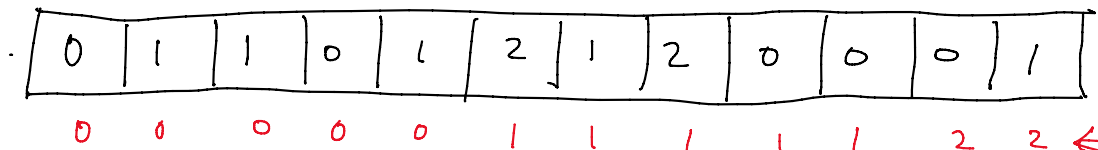


Brute force

a Sorting Algorithm

T.C $\Rightarrow O(N \log N)$ S.C $\Rightarrow O(N)$

Optimal Approach (Counting Sort)



\rightarrow Linear traverse the array

\rightarrow count the no of '0', '1', '2'

\rightarrow Run the loop for the 5 times insert '0',

0 \rightarrow 5

1 \rightarrow 5

2 \rightarrow 2

→ Run the loop for the 5 times insert '0',
 again 5 times insert '1', again 2 times insert '2'. 2 → 2

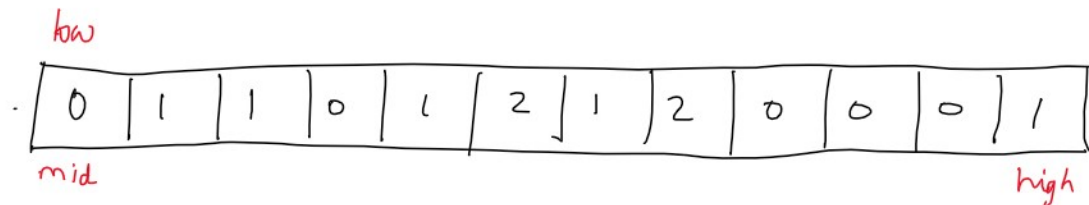
$$T.C \Rightarrow O(2N)$$

3rd Approach

Dutch National Flag Algorithm

→ Consider three pointer → low
→ mid
→ high

→ Place the low, mid at the start and high at the last-



→ This algorithm is based on the fact:

$$[0 \dots low-1] \Rightarrow 0 \quad (\text{left side})$$

$$[high+1 \dots n] \Rightarrow 2 \quad (\text{right side})$$

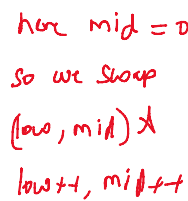
→ will move mid pointer unless mid until the mid pointer cross the high pointer

→ While moving the mid pointer we will have 3 checks

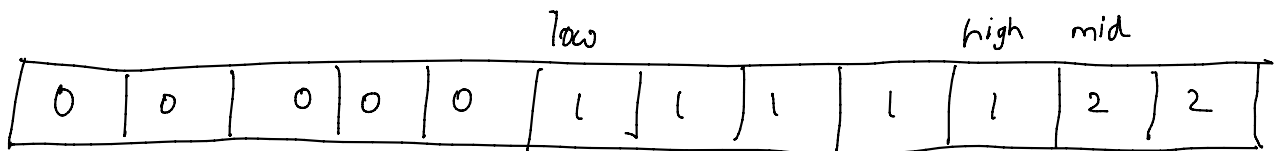
0 swap ($a[\text{low}]$, $a[\text{mid}]$)
low++, mid++

1 mid + +

2 swap (a[mid], a[high])
high--



as mid = 2
swap (mid, high)
& high --



$$a[0 \dots low - 1] \Rightarrow 0 \checkmark$$

$a[\text{low} \dots \text{mid}-1] \Rightarrow 1 \checkmark$

$$a[hig+1 \dots] \Rightarrow 2^L$$

T.C $\Rightarrow O(n)$ S.C $\Rightarrow O(1)$

It work in one pass

It work in one pass

```
1 class Solution {
2 public:
3     void sortColors(vector<int>& nums) {
4         int low = 0;
5         int mid = 0;
6         int high = nums.size() - 1;
7
8         while(mid <= high){
9             switch(nums[mid]){
10
11                 //if the element is 0
12                 case 0:
13                     swap(nums[low++], nums[mid++]);
14                     break;
15
16                 // if the element is 1
17                 case 1:
18                     mid++;
19                     break;
20
21                 // if the element is 2
22                 case 2:
23                     swap(nums[mid], nums[high--]);
24                     break;
25             }
26         }
27     }
28 };
```