

895. Maximum Frequency Stack

19 March 2022 08:26 AM

Design a stack-like data structure to push elements to the stack and pop the most frequent element from the stack.

Implement the `FreqStack` class:

- `FreqStack()` constructs an empty frequency stack.
- `void push(int val)` pushes an integer `val` onto the top of the stack.
- `int pop()` removes and returns the most frequent element in the stack.
 - If there is a tie for the most frequent element, the element closest to the stack's top is removed and returned.

Explanation

```
FreqStack freqStack = new FreqStack();
freqStack.push(5); // The stack is [5]
freqStack.push(7); // The stack is [5,7]
freqStack.push(5); // The stack is [5,7,5]
freqStack.push(7); // The stack is [5,7,5,7]
freqStack.push(4); // The stack is [5,7,5,7,4]
freqStack.push(5); // The stack is [5,7,5,7,4,5]
freqStack.pop();    // return 5, as 5 is the most frequent. The stack becomes [5,7,5,7,4].
freqStack.pop();    // return 7, as 5 and 7 is the most frequent, but 7 is closest to the top. The stack becomes [5,7,5,4].
freqStack.pop();    // return 5, as 5 is the most frequent. The stack becomes [5,7,4].
freqStack.pop();    // return 4, as 4, 5 and 7 is the most frequent, but 4 is closest to the top. The stack becomes [5,7].
```

Example 1:

Input

```
["FreqStack", "push", "push", "push", "push", "push", "push", "pop", "pop", "pop", "pop"]
[[], [5], [7], [5], [7], [4], [5], [], [], [], []]
```

Output

```
[null, null, null, null, null, null, null, 5, 7, 5, 4]
```

Normal Stack \Rightarrow LIFO

Here, max freq stack

$\text{push}(\text{val}) \Rightarrow \text{add}$

Here we pop max freq element

17
16
~~15~~ 2
15
~~10~~ 1
~~10~~ 3
10

\Rightarrow Here we pop 10

10, 15, so on...

if in case $\begin{matrix} 15 \\ 10 \end{matrix} >$ has 3 freq element, the one in top is need to remove

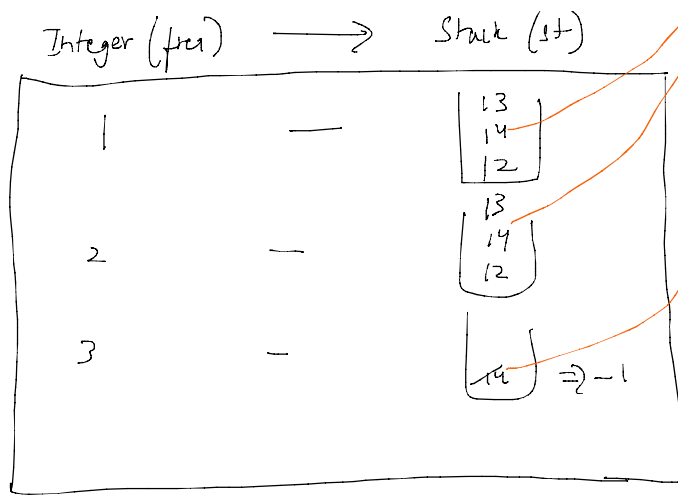
You can create hashmap of stack

Integer (freq) \longrightarrow Stack (st)

1 1 2 1

12, 14, 12, 13, 14, 14, 13

maxfreq = 6 / 2 3 2



max freq = 0 / 1 / 2 / 3 / 2

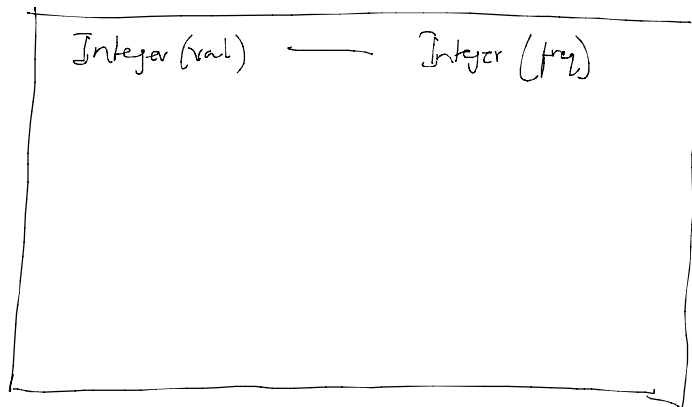
Ans \rightarrow

pop() \Rightarrow 14, 13,

\Rightarrow Once stack becomes empty mark it

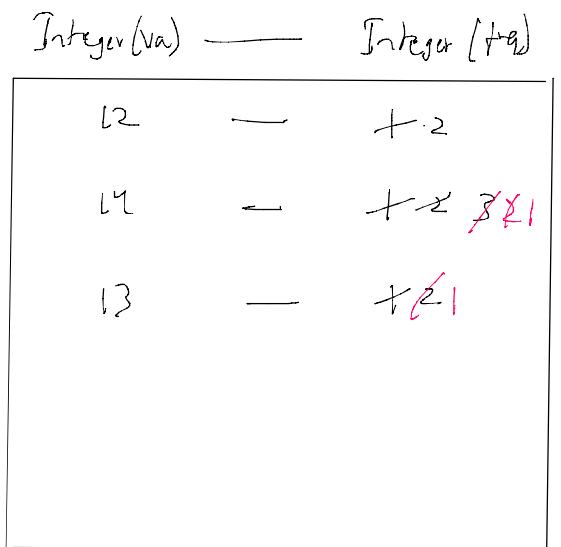
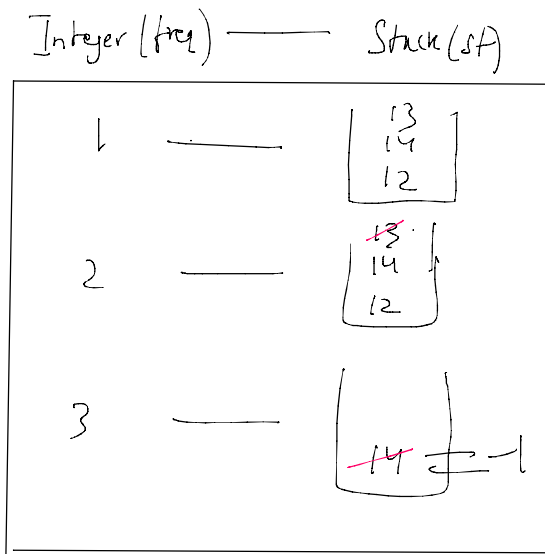
as -1, So max freq 3-1=2

we make hash map (to store in which stack)



Again dry run

12 14 12 13 14 13 14



max freq = 0 / 1 / 2 / 3 / 2

pop \Rightarrow 14 13 14

```

class FreqStack {

    HashMap<Integer, LinkedList<Integer>> st;
    HashMap<Integer, Integer> fmap;
    int maxFreq;

    public FreqStack(){
        st = new HashMap<>();
        fmap = new HashMap<>();
        maxFreq = 0;
    }

    public void push(int val){
        int cFreq = fmap.getOrDefault(val,0);
        cFreq++;
        fmap.put(val,cFreq);

        if(st.containsKey(cFreq)==false){
            st.put(cFreq, new LinkedList<Integer>());
        }

        st.get(cFreq).addFirst(val);
        maxFreq = Math.max(maxFreq, cFreq);
    }

    public int pop(){
        int ans = st.get(maxFreq).removeFirst();
        int cFreq = fmap.get(ans);
        cFreq--;
        fmap.put(ans, cFreq);

        if(st.get(maxFreq).size()==0){
            maxFreq--;
        }
        return ans;
    }
}

```