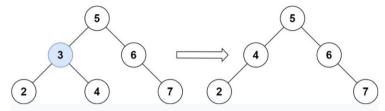
01 April 2022 08:56 PM

Given a root node reference of a BST and a key, delete the node with the given key in the BST. Return the root node reference (possibly updated) of the BST.

Basically, the deletion can be divided into two stages:

- 1. Search for a node to remove.
- 2. If the node is found, delete the node.

Example 1:



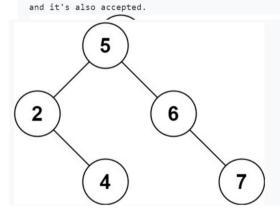
Input: root = [5,3,6,2,4,null,7], key = 3

Output: [5,4,6,2,null,null,7]

Explanation: Given key to delete is 3. So we find the node with

value 3 and delete it.

One valid answer is [5,4,6,2,null,null,7], shown in the above BST. Please notice that another valid answer is [5,2,6,null,4,null,7]



Example 2:

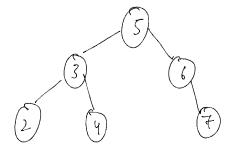
Input: root = [5,3,6,2,4,null,7], key = 0

Output: [5,3,6,2,4,null,7]

Explanation: The tree does not contain a node with value = 0.

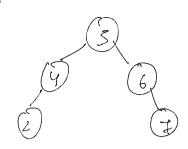
Example 3:

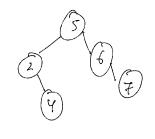
Input: root = [], key = 0
Output: []



node > 3



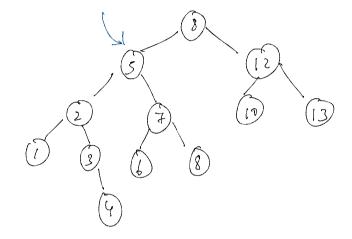


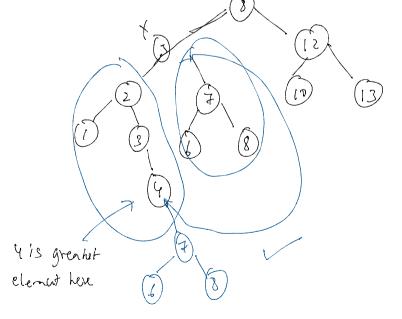


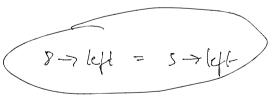
* Search rode if it there or not

* Delcking

node = 5



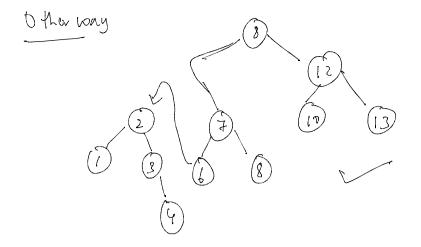




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```
class Solution {
   public TreeNode deleteNode(TreeNode root, int key) {
      if (root == null) {
          return null;
      }
      if (root.val == key) {
          return helper(root);
      }
      TreeNode dummy = root;
      while (root != null) {
          if (root.val > key) {
                if (root.left != null && root.left.val == key) {
                      root.left = helper(root.left);
                      break;
            } else {
                      root = root.left;
            }
}
```

```
} else {
                if (root.right != null && root.right.val == key) {
                    root.right = helper(root.right);
                    break;
                } else {
                    root = root.right;
           }
        }
        return dummy;
   }
   public TreeNode helper(TreeNode root) {
           if (root.left == null) {
                return root.right;
            } else if (root.right == null){
               return root.left;
            } else {
                TreeNode rightChild = root.right;
                TreeNode lastRight = findLastRight(root.left);
                lastRight.right = rightChild;
                return root.left;
            }
   }
    public TreeNode findLastRight(TreeNode root) {
        if (root.right == null) {
            return root;
        }
        return findLastRight(root.right);
    }
}
```