25 June 2022 09:51 AM

You are given two strings word1 and word2. Merge the strings by adding letters in alternating order, starting with word1. If a string is longer than the other, append the additional letters onto the end of the merged string.

Return the merged string.

Example 1:

```
Input: word1 = "abc", word2 = "pqr"
Output: "apbqcr"
Explanation: The merged string will be merged as so:
word1: a b c
word2: p q r
merged: a p b q c r
```

Example 2:

```
Input: word1 = "ab", word2 = "pqrs"
Output: "apbqrs"
Explanation: Notice that as word2 is longer, "rs" is appended
to the end.
word1: a b
word2: p q r s
merged: a p b q r s
```

Using two pointer

* Alternatively appeal the character from coord (and coord 2 to res.

```
T. ( ) o(m+n)
```

S. (=) o(n tn)

One Pointer:

Java

One Pointer

```
// One Pointer
class Solution {
   public String mergeAlternately(String w1, String w2) {
      StringBuilder res = new StringBuilder();
      for (int i = 0; i < w1.length() || i < w2.length(); ++i) {
        if (i < w1.length())
            res.append(w1.charAt(i));
        if (i < w2.length())
            res.append(w2.charAt(i));
      }
      return res.toString();
   }
}</pre>
```

Two Pointer

```
// Two Pointer
class Solution {
   public String mergeAlternately(String w1, String w2) {
      int n = w1.length(), m = w2.length(), i = 0, j = 0;
      StringBuilder res = new StringBuilder();
      while (i < n || j < m) {
        if (i < w1.length())
            res.append(w1.charAt(i++));
        if (j < w2.length())
            res.append(w2.charAt(j++));
      }
    return res.toString();
}</pre>
```