## **Melting and Casting in R:**

One of the most interesting aspects of R programming is about changing the shape of the data to get a desired shape. Melting and casting in R, are the functions that can be used efficiently to <u>reshape</u> the data. The functions used to do this are called **melt()** and **cast()**.

## **Melt Function in R:**

The melt function is used to convert data from wide format to long format. It is in reshape 2 package .We will use the inbuilt data in R to understand how melt and cast function works.

- 1 library(MASS)
- 2 library(reshape2)
- 3 library(reshape)
- 4 print(head(ships,n=10))

This will print first 10 values of the inbuilt ships data

typ	e	year peri	iod s	service incide	nts
1	A	60	60	127	0
2	A	60	75	63	0
3	A	65	60	1095	3
4	A	65	75	1095	4
5	A	70	60	1512	6
6	A	70	75	3353	18
7	A	75	60	0	0
8	A	75	75	2244	11
9	В	60	60	44882	39
10	В	60	75	17176	29

Now lets keep type and year as constant(id variable) and melt (stack) the other three variables namely period, service and incidents.

```
1 shipdata<-(head(ships,n=10))
```

- 2 molten.ships <- melt(shipdata, id = c("type","year"))
- 3 print(molten.ships)

\_

As the result **type** and **year** column are kept constant. Columns named period, service and incidents are stacked under the column named **variable** and their values are stacked under the column named **value**. The result of melt function is shown below

type	year	variable	<u>value</u>
<u>1 A</u>	60	period	60
2 A	60	period	<u>75</u>
3 A	65	period	60
4 A	65	period	<u>75</u>
<u>5 A</u>	70_	period	60
6 A	70	period	<u>75</u>
7 A	75	period	60
8 A	75	<u>period</u>	75
9 B	60	<u>period</u>	<u>60</u>
10 B	60	<u>period</u>	<u>75</u>
11 A	60	service	127
12 A	60	service	63
13 A	65	service	1095
14 A	<u>65</u>	service	1095
15 A	<u>70</u>	service	<u>1512</u>
16 A	<u>70</u>	service	3353
17 A	75	service	0
18 A	75	service	2244
19 B	60	service	44882
<u>20 B</u>	60	service	17176
21 A	60	incident	
22 A	60	incident	
23 A	65	incident	<u>s 3</u>

24 A	65	incidents	4
25 A	70	incidents	6
26 A	70	incidents	18
27 A	75	incidents	0
28 A	75	incidents	11
29 B	60	incidents	39
30 B	60	incidents	29

## **Cast Function in R:**

The dcast function is used to convert data from long format to wide format. It is in reshape 2 package. First argument is data to be used. The second argument is a formula where the left hand remains as columns and right side specifies the columns that should become row names

- 1 recasted.ship <- dcast(molten.ships, type+year~variable,sum)
- print(recasted.ship)

As the result cast function sums up the different variables for each **type** and **year** and those variables are casted back as columns and result is shown below.

typ	<u>e</u>	year p	eriod	service incid	<u>lents</u>
1	A	60	135	190	0
2	A	65	135	2190	7
3	A	70	135	4865	24
4	A	75	135	2244	11
5	В	60	135	62058	68

For example **Type** A **year** 60 has two periods 60 and 75. This is summed up and result 135 is recorded under the column name **period** with the help of **cast** function.