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Reg. No:

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VELAGAPUDI RAMAKRISHNA

SIDDHARTHA ENGINEERING COLLEGE

(AUTONOMOUS)

II/IV B.Tech. DEGREE EXAMINATION, March, 2022

Third Semester

INFORMATION TECHNOLOGY

20IT3305 OPERATING SYSTEMS

Time: 3 hours

Max. Marks: 70

Part-A is compulsory

Answer One Question from each Unit of Part - B

Answer to any single question or its part shall be written at one place only

PART-A

10 x 1 = 10M

1.
 - a. List different states of a process.
 - b. Specify the difference between preemptive and non-preemptive scheduling.
 - c. List the necessary conditions for a deadlock to occur.
 - d. What is meant by busy waiting in semaphores?
 - e. List the file access methods in file system.
 - f. What is the process of synchronization?
 - g. Differentiate between boot control block and volume control block.
 - h. Write the causes of thrashing.
 - i. List the file allocation methods.
 - j. What is meant by safe mode in deadlock?

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PART-B

4 x 15 = 60M

UNIT-I

2. a. What is a System call? Explain in detail about the system call sequence to copy the contents of one file to another file. **8M**
- b. What are the advantages of inter-process communication? How communication takes place in a shared-memory environment? Explain. **7M**

(or)

3. a. What is Thread? Explain multithreading operating system models with advantages and disadvantages. **8M**
- b. Describe the differences among long-term, short-term and medium-term schedulers. **7M**

UNIT-II

4. a. Assume the following workload in a system: **8M**

Process	Arrival Time	Burst Time
P1	5	5
P2	4	6
P3	3	7
P4	1	9
P5	2	2
P6	6	3

Draw a Gantt chart illustrating the execution of these jobs using Round Robin scheduling algorithm and also calculate the average waiting time and average turnaround time.

4. b. Write Peterson's algorithm for 2-process synchronization to critical section problem and discuss briefly. 7M

(or)

5. a. What is semaphore? Explain its implementation as wait () and signal () for providing process synchronization. 9M
- b. Write a Short notes of the following 6M
- CPU scheduler
 - CPU I/O burst cycle
 - Dispatcher

UNIT-III

6. a. Consider the reference string: 10M
7, 0, 1, 2, 0, 3, 0, 4, 2, 3, 0, 3, 2, 1, 2, 0, 1, 7, 0, 1 for a memory with three frames. Trace FIFO, optimal, and LRU page replacement algorithms.
- b. Write short notes on 5M
- i) Resource allocation graph.
 - ii) Issues that arise by resource pre-emption in deadlock recovery.

(or)

7. a. Consider the following snapshot at time T_0 : 10M

	Allocation			Max			Available		
	A	B	C	A	B	C	A	B	C
P0	0	1	0	7	5	3	3	3	2
P1	2	0	0	3	2	2			
P2	3	0	2	9	0	2			
P3	2	1	1	2	2	2			
P4	0	0	2	4	3	3			

Using deadlock detection algorithm, verify whether there is a safe sequence? If exists, specify the safe sequence.

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7. b. Discuss demand paging with a neat diagram. **5M**

UNIT-IV

8. a. Discuss the different file allocation methods with suitable example. **8M**
b. Write short note on file attributes, file operations and its types. **7M**

(or)

9. a. Suppose the head of a moving head disk with 200 tracks, numbered 0 to 199, is currently serving a request at track 143. If the queue of requests is kept in FIFO order: 86, 147, 91, 177, 94, 150, 102, 175, 130. Find the total head movement to satisfy these requests using SSTF disk scheduling algorithm? Represent in a neat diagram. **9M**
b. Explain briefly about RAID levels and its selection. **6M**

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