

**Ripped from some preso I did...**

Some day...

At some point...

Ryan (@rj\_chap)

# Disaster Recovery

- See [“Surviving a Ransomware Attack with Azure Site Recovery”](#)
- Setup Disaster Recovery Sites in Windows Admin Center
  - [Ability to replicate VMs](#) in another Azure region
- NEVER, EVER, EVER use “Planned Failover” for ransomware recovery
  - This option synchronizes the ransomed system – NOOOOO!!!!
- DISABLE replication to avoid overwriting snapshots
  - You may have ~24 hrs of backups in replication
- DO NOT check “Shut down and synchronize” when restoring
  - Basically the same as using “Planned Failover”



Prepare



Eradicate



Recovery

# Azure Backup

- [Azure Backup](#) documentation
- Ability to set a PIN for critical operations
  - See [8:55](#) here in this video from Microsoft Mechanics for PIN setup
  - Ransomware/malware that attempts to remove Azure backups will \*FAIL\*!!
- Integration with 3<sup>rd</sup> party providers (e.g. Commvault)
- Think about using Immutable Blob Storage
  - See 6:06 [here](#) in this awesome video from Azure Ninjas (watch the whole thing!)
  - “Write Once, Read Many” (WORM) containers
  - Data can be written into it, but the data *cannot be modified*
  - Sorry, not sorry, ransomware ☺

A blue wavy banner with the word "Prepare" in white text.

Prepare

A blue wavy banner with the word "Eradicate" in white text.

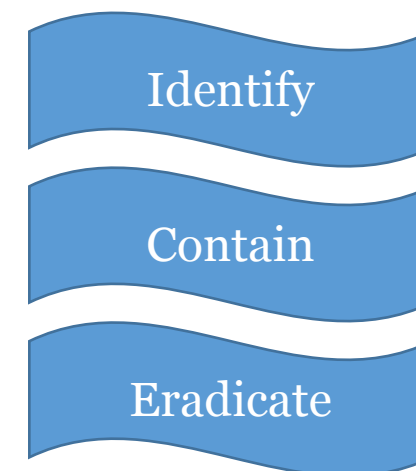
Eradicate

A blue wavy banner with the word "Recovery" in white text.

Recovery

# Ransomware is Running NOW!! cont.

- Your focus: Lateral movement activity
- Be on the lookout for common lateral movement activity
- Could be the Threat Actor, the ransomware, or both!
- Lookout for:
  - SMB, WMI, WinRM, and RDP
- See “[Inside Microsoft Threat Protection: Attack modeling for finding and stopping lateral movement](#)”



# Azure Security Center

- Security Center
  - Check out the [“Ransim” Ransomware Simulator](#) by KnowBe4
- To test your Security Center alerting:
  - Download, install, and run Ransim
  - Review Security Center reports
  - Did \*each\* of the sections trigger an alert?
- Your AV/EDR
  - Are they missing any alerts?
  - Can you adjust them to catch it?

KnowBe4 Ransim

KnowBe4  
Human error. Conquered.

Welcome to  
**KnowBe4 Ransim**

Ransomware is malicious code that covertly installs on a user's workstation and encrypts all files it can find on the hard disk, mapped and unmapped drives. KnowBe4's Ransomware Simulator shows you if your endpoint protection actually blocks ransomware.

[Check now](#)

**Scenarios** [Export to CSV](#)

| Name               | Status     | Description  | Encrypted Test Files Path                        |
|--------------------|------------|--|--|
| Archiver           | UNEXECUTED | Simply archives files using gzip algorithm. This scenario should not be blocked!   | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\20-Tests |
| Collaborator       | UNEXECUTED | Encrypts files similarly to a recent version of Critroni. However, it relies on different processes for file enumeration, movement and deletion. | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\19-Tests |
| CritroniVariant    | UNEXECUTED | Simulates the behavior of a recent version of Critroni ransomware.   | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\18-Tests |
| HollowInjector     | UNEXECUTED | Encrypts files by injecting the encryption code into a legitimate process using process hollowing.   | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\17-Tests |
| Injector           | UNEXECUTED | Encrypts files by injecting the encryption code into a legitimate process using a common approach.   | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\16-Tests |
| InsideCryptor      | UNEXECUTED | Encrypts files using strong encryption and overwrites most of the content of the original files with the encrypted data.                         | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\15-Tests |
| LockyVariant       | UNEXECUTED | Simulates the behavior of a recent version of Locky ransomware.  | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\14-Tests |
| Mover              | UNEXECUTED | Encrypts files in a different folder using strong encryption and safely deletes the original files.  | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\13-Tests |
| ReflectiveInjector | UNEXECUTED | Encrypts files by injecting the encryption code into a legitimate process using an advanced approach.  | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\12-Tests |
| Remover            | UNEXECUTED | Simply deletes files and does not create any file. This scenario should not be blocked!  | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\11-Tests |
| Replacer           | UNEXECUTED | Replaces the content of the original files. A real ransomware would show a message that fools users into thinking they can recover them.         | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\10-Tests |
| RigSimulator       | UNEXECUTED | Simulates a mining rig which uses the machine CPU to mine Monero.  | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\9-Tests  |
|                    | UNEXECUTED | Attempts to encrypt files in a folder subject to controlled folder   | C:\KnowBe4\RSSimulator\TestFolder\Tests\8-Tests  |

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# Azure Security Center cont.

- File Integrity Monitoring (FIM) can help detect ransomware running
  - Ransomware modifies/created files quickly
  - FIM is a key to identifying this type of activity
  - (External SIEMs can also monitor for file modifications btw)
- Security Center -> Advanced Cloud Defense -> File Integrity Monitoring
- [Narendra Sahu](#) has a great video detailing the setup
  - See 5:52 [here](#)



Identify

# Azure Security Center Response

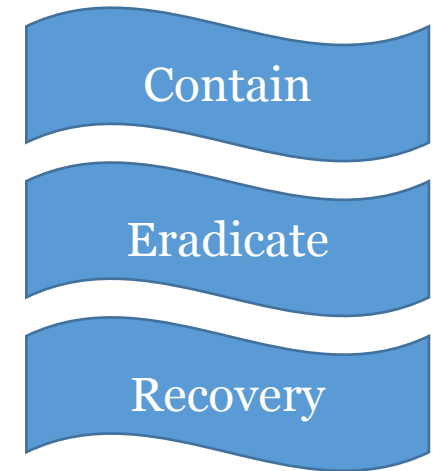
- [Response actions](#)
- [Collect investigation package](#)
  - A bunch of live response data
- [Isolate the machine\(s\)](#)
  - Speaks for itself ☺
- [Network isolation documentation](#)
  - If ransomware is spreading quickly, you may want to cut an entire network segment (or more)



40:00

# DFIR Tools in Azure

- Pulling forensic data in Azure can be... tricky...
- Built-in method digital forensic evidence harvesting:
  - General “[Computer forensics in Azure](#)” documentation
  - [Copy-VmDigitalEvidence runbook](#)
- Built-in memory capture:
  - Yeah, this method is LAME, as it requires pre-setup
  - If you don't pre-setup, you have to REBOOT the system to configure it
    - Purpose = defeated
  - See <https://heranonazure.wordpress.com/2018/09/26/created-a-dump-for-a-running-vm-in-azure>

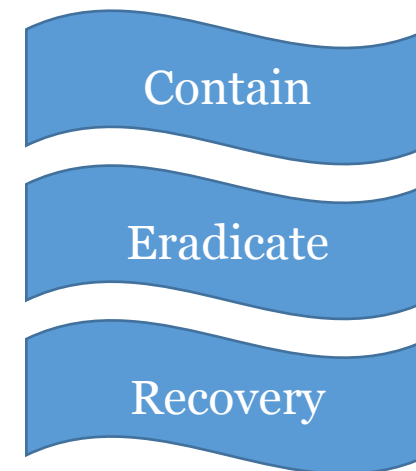
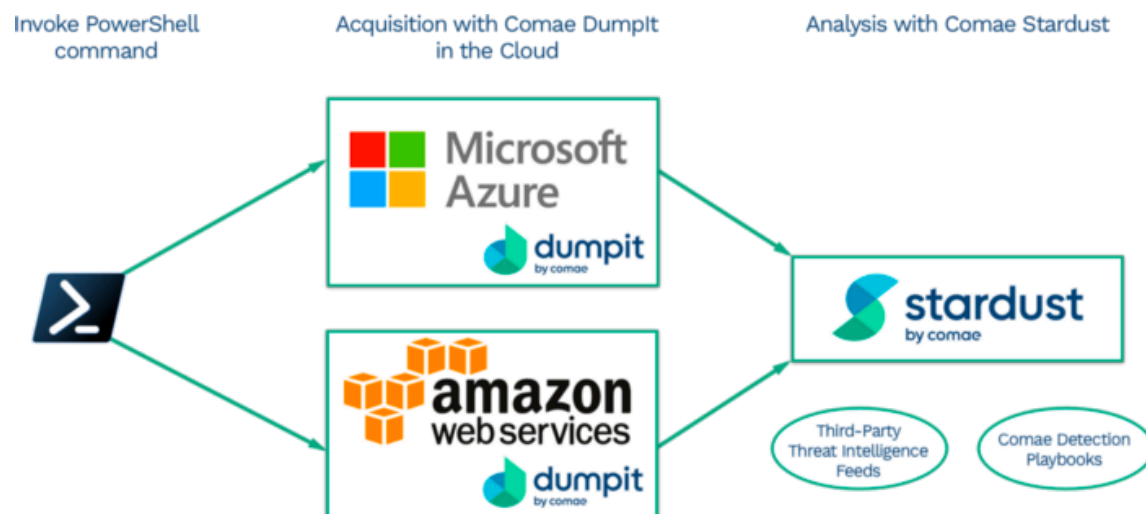


50:00



# DFIR Tools in Azure cont.

- Outside the built-in options, general DFIR tools do the job
- Memory capture tool recommended – DumpIt
  - See <https://zeltser.com/memory-acquisition-with-dumpit-for-dfir-2/>
  - [Tested to work with Azure](#), including for Linux VMs



- See also: Hal Pomeranz's [LMG script](#)