

The Path to Coroutines

A Journey into Asynchronous Programming
in C++

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Introduction

- Asynchronous programming and its importance in modern software development.
 - Crucial in modern software development
 - Efficient non-blocking operation
 - Efficient utilization of platform resources
 - Improved responsiveness and resource utilization
 - Particularly valuable in scenarios involving I/O-bound operations
 - Handling multiple tasks simultaneously
 - Ensuring smooth user experiences
 - Better scalability
 - Improved overall system performance.
- Coroutines concept and their role in facilitating asynchronous programming in C++.
 - Structured approach
 - Functions that can be suspended and resumed
 - Code that looks synchronous but behaves asynchronously
 - More readable and maintainable code



Traditional Single-Flow Program

- Synchronous program
- Benefits
 - Simple
 - Easy to follow logic (Procedural)
 - Localized
 - Native exception handling
- Limitations
 - Blocking behavior
 - Inefficient



Misusing threads

- Multi-threaded program
- Benefits
 - Simple
 - Easy to follow logic (Procedural)
 - Localized
 - Native exception handling
 - Can serve multiple clients (semi-non-blocking)
- Drawbacks
 - Inefficient utilization of platform resources
 - Limited scalability
 - Measurable high latency for new connections



A Reactor with Active Objects

- Reactor using callbacks
- Benefits
 - Efficient utilization of platform resources
 - Non-blocking
 - Highly scalable
 - Lower latency for new connections (in comparison the thread only approach)
- Drawbacks
 - Requires objects
 - Non-localized storage (intermittent states needs to be kept throughout object lifetime)
 - Non-localized logic (the logic will be spreads over callbacks)
 - Handling exceptions is not straightforward
 - Hard to maintain



Coroutines

- Server using coroutines
- Benefits
 - Simple
 - Easy to follow logic (Procedural)
 - Localized
 - Native exception handling
 - Even more efficient utilization of platform resources (in comparison to the reactor pattern)
 - Non-blocking
 - Highly scalable
 - Lower latency for new connections (in comparison to the thread only approach)
- Drawbacks
 - Relatively new
 - Lack of coroutine support library in the standard library



Thank you for your time.