# **Assignment 2**

## **BRI 509 Introduction to Brain Signal Processing**

	due date : 2020.4.27
Name :	
Studendt ID # :	
1. Explain the following terms (1 point).	
(a) Impulse response	
- meaning	
- convolution	
- CTFT	

(b) Harmonic functions in Fourier Series

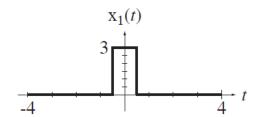
(d) How to approximate CTFT using DFT.

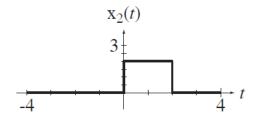
(e) Graph the CTFT of the cosine function  $\cos(2\pi f_0 t)$  and sine function  $\sin(2\pi f_0 t)$ 

### 2. Solve the following problems (2 points).

(a) Find the impulse response h[n] of the system described by the difference equation

$$5y[n] + 2y[n-1] - 3y[n-2] = x[n].$$





using 
$$c_x[k] = \frac{1}{T} \int_T x(t) e^{-j2\pi kt/T} dt$$
.

Table 6.4 More Fourier transform pairs

$$\delta(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} 1 \qquad \qquad 1 \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} \delta(f)$$

$$\operatorname{sgn}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} 1/j\pi f \qquad \qquad \operatorname{u}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} (1/2)\delta(f) + 1/j2\pi f$$

$$\operatorname{rect}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} \operatorname{sinc}(f) \qquad \qquad \operatorname{sinc}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} \operatorname{rect}(f)$$

$$\operatorname{tri}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} \operatorname{sinc}^2(f) \qquad \qquad \operatorname{sinc}^2(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} \operatorname{tri}(f)$$

$$\delta_{T_0}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} f_0 \delta_{f_0}(f), \ f_0 = 1/T_0 \qquad \qquad T_0 \delta_{T_0}(t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} \delta_{f_0}(f), \ T_0 = 1/f_0$$

$$\operatorname{cos}(2\pi f_0 t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} (1/2)[\delta(f - f_0) + \delta(f + f_0)] \qquad \operatorname{sin}(2\pi f_0 t) \stackrel{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftarrow} (j/2)[\delta(f + f_0) - \delta(f - f_0)]$$

(e) Find and graph the inverse DTFT of 
$$X(F) = \left[ rect \left( 50 \left( F - \frac{1}{4} \right) \right) + rect \left( 50 \left( F + \frac{1}{4} \right) \right) \right] * \delta_1(F)$$

#### **Table 7.5 More DTFT pairs**

$$\begin{split} & \delta[n] \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} 1 \\ & u[n] \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j2\pi F}} + (1/2)\delta_1(F), \qquad u[n] \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{1}{1 - e^{-j\Omega}} + \pi \delta_1(\Omega) \\ & \operatorname{sinc}(n/w) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} w \operatorname{rect}(wF) * \delta_1(F), \qquad \operatorname{sinc}(n/w) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} w \operatorname{rect}(w\Omega/2\pi) * \delta_{2\pi}(\Omega) \\ & \operatorname{tri}(n/w) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} w \operatorname{drcl}^2(F, w), \qquad \operatorname{tri}(n/w) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} w \operatorname{drcl}^2(\Omega/2\pi, w) \\ & 1 \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} \delta_1(F), \qquad 1 \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} 2\pi \delta_{2\pi}(\Omega) \\ & \delta_{N_0}[n] \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} (1/N_0)\delta_{1/N_0}(F), \qquad \delta_{N_0}[n] \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} (2\pi/N_0)\delta_{2\pi/N_0}(\Omega) \\ & \cos(2\pi F_0 n) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} (1/2) \left[\delta_1(F - F_0) + \delta_1(F + F_0)\right], \qquad \cos(\Omega_0 n) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} \pi \left[\delta_{2\pi}(\Omega - \Omega_0) + \delta_{2\pi}(\Omega + \Omega_0)\right] \\ & \sin(2\pi F_0 n) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} (j/2) \left[\delta_1(F + F_0) - \delta_1(F - F_0)\right], \qquad \sin(\Omega_0 n) \overset{\mathcal{F}}{\longleftrightarrow} j\pi \left[\delta_{2\pi}(\Omega + \Omega_0) - \delta_{2\pi}(\Omega - \Omega_0)\right] \\ & u[n - n_0] - u[n - n_1] \overset{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{e^{j2\pi F}}{e^{j2\pi F} - 1} (e^{-j2\pi n_0 F} - e^{-j2\pi n_1 F}) = \frac{e^{-j\pi F(n_0 + n_1)}}{e^{-j\pi F}} (n_1 - n_0) \operatorname{drcl}(F, n_1 - n_0) \\ & u[n - n_0] - u[n - n_1] \overset{\mathcal{Z}}{\longleftrightarrow} \frac{e^{j\Omega}}{e^{j\Omega} - 1} (e^{-jn_0\Omega} - e^{-jn_1\Omega}) = \frac{e^{-j\Omega(n_0 + n_1)/2}}{e^{-j\Omega/2}} (n_1 - n_0) \operatorname{drcl}(\Omega/2\pi, n_1 - n_0) \end{split}$$

#### 3. MATLAB coding (2 points).

(a) Using the DFT, find the approximate CTFT of

$$x(t) = \begin{cases} t(1-t), & 0 < t < 1 \\ 0, & otherwise \end{cases} = t(1-t)\text{rect}(t-1/2)$$

- (b) Graph the CTFT of 523.25/2Hz(C4), 587.33/2Hz(D4), 659.26/2Hz(E4), 698.46/2Hz(F4), 784/2Hz(G4), 440Hz(A4), 493.8Hz(B4), 523.25Hz(C5).
  - Source code

- Plots

- Make an MP3 file containing C4, D4, E4, F4, G4, A4, B4, C5.