Import Library

```
import pandas as pd
import plotly.express as px
import plotly.graph_objects as go
from plotly.subplots import make_subplots
```

Reading The Dataset



Checking The Dataset Inforamation of Columns Data-Type

```
df.info()
```

```
</pr
    RangeIndex: 62 entries, 0 to 61
    Data columns (total 11 columns):
                           Non-Null Count Dtype
    # Column
    0
        Product Name
                           62 non-null
                                          object
        Product URL
                           62 non-null
    1
                                          object
        Brand
                           62 non-null
                                          object
                           62 non-null
                                          int64
    3
        Sale Price
    4
        Mrp
                           62 non-null
                                          int64
    5
        Discount Percentage 62 non-null
                                          int64
        Number Of Ratings
                           62 non-null
                                          int64
        Number Of Reviews
                           62 non-null
                                          int64
    8
        Upc
                           62 non-null
                                          object
        Star Rating
                                          float64
                           62 non-null
    10 Ram
                           62 non-null
                                          object
    dtypes: float64(1), int64(5), object(5)
    memory usage: 5.5+ KB
```

Checking The Name Of Columns In The Dataet

```
df.columns
```

Checking For Null Values

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
\overline{2}
                             0
         Product Name
                             0
          Product URL
                             0
             Brand
                             0
           Sale Price
                             0
              Mrp
                             0
      Discount Percentage
                             0
       Number Of Ratings
                             0
      Number Of Reviews
              Upc
                             0
           Star Rating
                             0
              Ram
                             0
     dtune int6/
```

df.duplicated().sum()

→ 0

Checking The Descriptive Statistics of Our Dataset

df.describe() \rightarrow Sale Price Mrp Discount Percentage Number Of Ratings Number Of Reviews Star Rating count 62.000000 62.000000 62.000000 62.000000 62.000000 62.000000 ıl. 1861.677419 80073.887097 88058 064516 9 951613 22420 403226 4 575806 mean 34310.446132 34728.825597 7.608079 33768.589550 2855.883830 0.059190 std 29999.000000 39900.000000 0.000000 542.000000 42.000000 4.500000 min 25% 49900.000000 54900.000000 6.000000 740.000000 64.000000 4.500000 50% 75900.000000 79900.000000 10.000000 2101.000000 180.000000 4.600000 43470.000000 3331 000000 117100.000000 120950 000000 14 000000 4 600000 75%

95909.000000

8161.000000

4.700000

29.000000

Which are Top 10 highest-rated iphone on flipkart in india?

149900.000000

140900.000000

max

```
high_rated = df.sort_values(by=['Star Rating'], ascending=False).head(10)
top_10_iPhones = high_rated['Product Name']
print(top_10_iPhones)
```

```
\overline{2}
    20
           APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 64 GB)
               APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Space Grey, 64 GB)
    17
          APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 256 GB)
    16
                      APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Gold, 64 GB)
    15
                     APPLE iPhone 11 Pro Max (Gold, 256 GB)
    14
                          APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB)
    0
    29
                            APPLE iPhone 12 (White, 128 GB)
    32
                 APPLE iPhone 12 Pro Max (Graphite, 128 GB)
    35
                            APPLE iPhone 12 (Black, 128 GB)
                             APPLE iPhone 12 (Blue, 128 GB)
    Name: Product Name, dtype: object
```

```
top_10_iPhones
```

 $figure=px.bar(high_rated, x=top_10_iPhones, y="Star Rating", title="Top 10 highest-rated iphone on flipkart in india", text=high_rated figure.show()$

Top 10 highest-rated iphone on flipkart in india



Observation: Five iPhone 11 Pro/Pro Max models (Midnight Green, Space Grey, Gold) share the highest star rating of 4.7 on Flipkart. Among these, the Apple iPhone 11 Pro Max (Midnight Green, 64 GB) has the highest number of ratings and reviews, indicating greater popularity or customer preference. All top 10 iPhones still maintain star ratings above 4.5 and a substantial number of ratings and reviews, highlighting overall positive reception

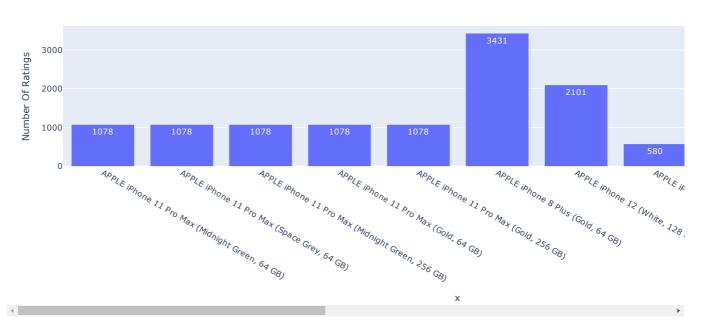
How Many Rating do-highest-rated iphones on flipkart have?

```
iphones=high_rated["Product Name"].value_counts()
label=iphones.index
counts=high_rated["Number Of Ratings"]

figure=px.bar(high_rated,x=label,y=counts,title="Number of ratings of highest rated iphones",text=counts)
figure.show()
```

₹

Number of ratings of highest rated iphones



Observation:

The bar chart displays the number of ratings for each of the top 10 highest-rated iPhones. APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB) has the highest number of ratings. All the top 10 iPhones have received a substantial number of ratings.

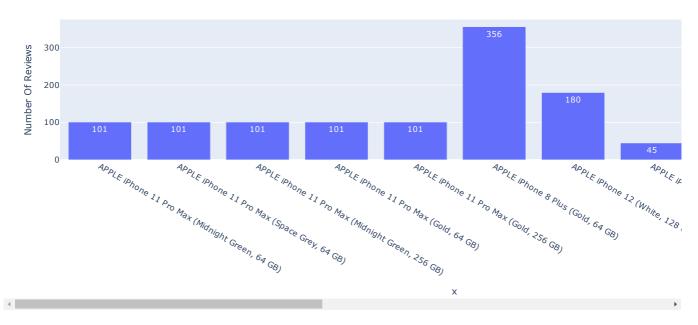
Which Iphone has the Highest number of Review on Flipkart?

```
iphones=high_rated["Product Name"].value_counts()
label=iphones.index
counts=high_rated["Number Of Reviews"]

figure=px.bar(high_rated,x=label,y=counts,title="Number of Reviews of highest Rated iphones",text=counts)
figure.show()
```



Number of Reviews of highest Rated iphones



Observation:

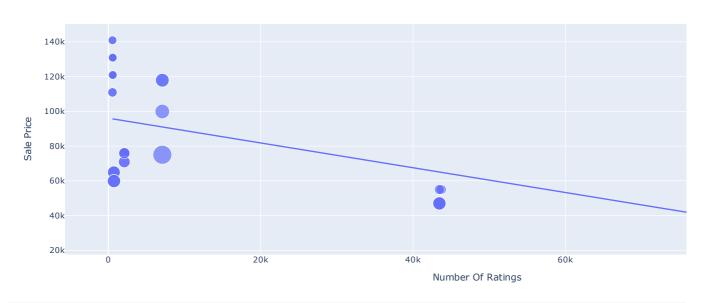
The bar chart shows the number of reviews for each of the top 10 highest-rated iPhones. APPLE iPhone 8 Plus (Gold, 64 GB) has the highest number of reviews. All the top 10 iPhones have a considerable number of reviews.

What is the Relationship between the Sales price of iphone and number of ratings on flipkart?

figure=px.scatter(df,x="Number Of Ratings",y="Sale Price",size="Discount Percentage",trendline='ols',title="Relationship between tl figure.show()



Relationship between the Sales price of iphone and number of ratings on flipkart



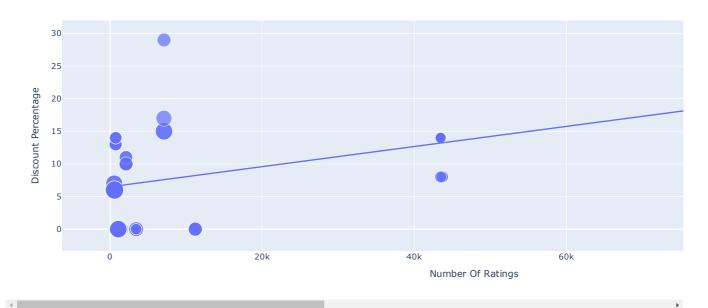
The scatter plot reveals a negative linear relationship between the sales price and the number of ratings. This indicates that iPhones with lower sales prices tend to have more ratings on Flipkart. This observation suggests that affordability plays a role in the purchase decisions of customers, leading to higher sales and more ratings for lower-priced iPhones.

What is Relationship between Discount Percentage and Number of Rating of Iphones on Flipkart?

figure=px.scatter(df,x="Number Of Ratings",y="Discount Percentage",size="Sale Price",trendline='ols',title="Relationship between tl figure.show()



Relationship between the Discount Percentage of iphone and Ratings on flipkart



Observation:

Product URL

Sale Price

Discount Percentage

Number Of Ratings

Number Of Reviews

Brand

Mrp

Upc

The scatter plot shows a negative linear relationship between the discount percentage and the number of ratings. This implies that iPhones with higher discount percentages tend to have fewer ratings. This observation suggests that customers may be more cautious about purchasing iPhones with very high discounts, possibly due to concerns about quality or authenticity, resulting in fewer ratings for such products.

can you Figure least Expensive and Most Expensive iphone in indian Market, along With all their Specification?

https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-12-pro-s...

```
least_expensive = df.loc[df['Sale Price'].idxmin()]
print("Least Expensive iPhone:")
print(least_expensive)
    Least Expensive iPhone:
                                               APPLE iPhone SE (White, 64 GB)
    Product Name
                            https://www.flipkart.com/apple-iphone-se-white...
    Product URL
    Brand
                                                                         Apple
    Sale Price
                                                                         29999
    Mrp
                                                                         39900
    Discount Percentage
                                                                            24
    Number Of Ratings
                                                                         95807
    Number Of Reviews
                                                                          8154
                                                              MOBFWQ6BGWDVGF3E
    Upc
    Star Rating
                                                                           4.5
                                                                          2 GB
    Ram
    Name: 52, dtype: object
most_expensive = df.loc[df['Sale Price'].idxmax()]
print("\nMost Expensive iPhone:")
print(most_expensive)
₹
    Most Expensive iPhone:
                                         APPLE iPhone 12 Pro (Silver, 512 GB)
    Product Name
```

Apple

140900 149900

MOBFWBYZ5UY6ZBVA

6

542

42

Star Rating 4.5 Ram 4.5

Name: 24, dtype: object

**** Thank You*****

Start coding or generate with AI.

Observations:

Price: The most expensive iPhone has a significantly higher original and sale price compared to the least expensive iPhone. Discount: The least expensive iPhone generally has a much higher discount percentage, indicating a greater price reduction. Ratings and Reviews: The most expensive iPhone often receives higher ratings and has more reviews, suggesting a potential correlation between price and perceived quality or popularity.