

## 9G Construct the Suffix Array of a String

---

### Suffix Array Construction Problem

Construct the suffix array of a string.

**Input:** A string *Text*.

**Output:** SUFFIXARRAY(*Text*).

```
7 $  
1 ANANAS$  
3 ANAS$  
5 AS$  
0 BANANAS$  
2 NANAS$  
4 NAS$  
6 S$
```

---

### Formatting

**Input:** A string *Text*.

**Output:** A space-separated list of integers corresponding to SUFFIXARRAY(*Text*).

### Constraints

- The length of *Text* will be between 1 and  $10^3$ .

## Test Cases

### Case 1

**Description:** The sample dataset is not actually run on your code.

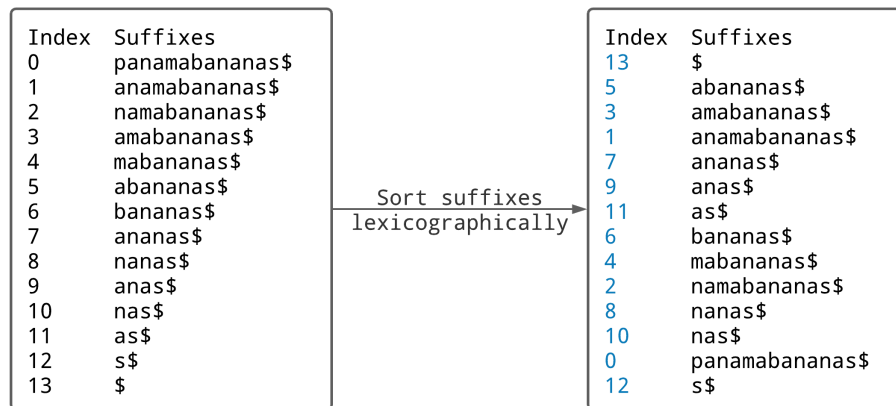
**Input:**

panamabananas

**Output:**

13 5 3 1 7 9 11 6 4 2 8 10 0 12

**Figure:**



Shown above is a general (and inefficient) construction of the suffix array of the input string *panamabananas*. We first generate all suffixes of *Text* before sorting the suffixes lexicographically and outputting the indices representing the sorted suffixes as the complete suffix array of *Text*.

### Case 2

---

**Description:** There are repeats in *Text*.

**Input:**

AATCAATC

**Output:**

8 4 0 5 1 6 2 7 3

### Case 3

---

**Description:** There are no repeats in *Text*.

**Input:**

ATCG

**Output:**

4 0 2 3 1

### Case 4

---

**Description:** Large regions of *Text* being a single character or short tandem repeat (STR).

**Input:**

AAACA

**Output:**

5 4 0 1 2 3

### Case 5

---

**Description:** Many different characters in one pattern.

**Input:**

ABCFED

**Output:**

6 0 1 2 5 4 3

### Case 6

---

**Description:** A larger dataset of the same size as that provided by the randomized autograder. Check input/output folders for this dataset.