Preprocessing: Cleaning Data

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# **Preprocessing: Cleaning Data**

There are numerous osteps that can be taken to help put all text on equal footing, many of which involve the comparatively simple ideas of substitution or removal. They are, however, no less important to the overall process. These include:

- · set all characters to lowercase
- remove punctuation (generally part of tokenization, but still worth keeping in mind at this stage, even as confirmation)
- remove numbers (or convert numbers to textual representations)
- strip white space (also generally part of tokenization)
- remove default stop words (general English stop words)

## **Import Data**

I've included an excerpt from Amazon Fine Food Reviews in the Data Folder as well! This file is called Amazon Reviews.csv.

I have reduced it into a smaller one called Food Review.csv

```
In [1]: import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('Food_Review.csv')
```

jupyter and pandas display is a good resource to help use jupyters display with pandas to the fullest.

```
In [2]: df.head(2)

Out[2]: Summary Text

O Good Quality Dog Food I have bought several of the Vitality canned d...

1 Not as Advertised Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanut...

In [3]: df['Text'].head(3)
```

```
0 I have bought several of the Vitality canned d...
Out[3]:
             Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanut...
             This is a confection that has been around a fe...
        Name: Text, dtype: object
In [4]: #for automatic linebreaks and multi-line cells.
        pd.set option('display.max colwidth', -1)
        C:\Users\rebec\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_25740\1423554688.py:2: FutureWarning: Pas
        sing a negative integer is deprecated in version 1.0 and will not be supported in fut
        ure version. Instead, use None to not limit the column width.
          pd.set_option('display.max_colwidth', -1)
        #suppress all warnings with this
In [5]:
        import warnings
        warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [6]: df['Text'].head(3)
             I have bought several of the Vitality canned dog food products and have found th
Out[6]:
        em all to be of good quality. The product looks more like a stew than a processed mea
        t and it smells better. My Labrador is finicky and she appreciates this product bette
        r than most.
             Product arrived labeled as Jumbo Salted Peanuts...the peanuts were actually smal
        1 sized unsalted. Not sure if this was an error or if the vendor intended to represen
        t the product as "Jumbo".
             This is a confection that has been around a few centuries. It is a light, pillo
        wy citrus gelatin with nuts - in this case Filberts. And it is cut into tiny squares
        and then liberally coated with powdered sugar. And it is a tiny mouthful of heaven.
        Not too chewy, and very flavorful. I highly recommend this yummy treat. If you are
        familiar with the story of C.S. Lewis' "The Lion, The Witch, and The Wardrobe" - this
        is the treat that seduces Edmund into selling out his Brother and Sisters to the Witc
        h.
        Name: Text, dtype: object
```

## **Breaking a Large String Into Smaller Strings**

A big task for preparing string data is breaking the string into smaller substrings. In ths notebook we'll focus on breaking our Amazon Fine Food Reviews excerpt into individual words, then we'll look into trying to make individual sentences. Our goal by the end of this notebook is to be able to take in our excerpt and return a word count pandas dataframe.

### **Individual Words**

```
str.split() .
```

The split function inherent to all str objects in python allows you to take a string and break it into a list of substrings based on the input it is given.

```
In [7]: df['Text'].head(2).str.split()
```

Out[7]: 0 [I, have, bought, several, of, the, Vitality, canned, dog, food, products, and, have, found, them, all, to, be, of, good, quality., The, product, looks, more, like, a, stew, than, a, processed, meat, and, it, smells, better., My, Labrador, is, finick y, and, she, appreciates, this, product, better, than, most.]

1 [Product, arrived, labeled, as, Jumbo, Salted, Peanuts...the, peanuts, were, act ually, small, sized, unsalted., Not, sure, if, this, was, an, error, or, if, the, ven dor, intended, to, represent, the, product, as, "Jumbo".]



Since we want words, let's first lower ervery word in our dataframe.

this is accomplished by using .str.lower()

Name: Text, dtype: object

The str.lower() method will take all A-Z characters in the string and turn them into their corresponding a-z form.

```
In [8]: "THE Ohio State University".lower()
Out[8]: 'the ohio state university'
In [10]: # We Lower all srings
df['Text_clean'] = df['Text'].str.lower()
In [11]: df['Text_clean'].head(1)
```

Out[11]: 0 i have bought several of the vitality canned dog food products and have found the em all to be of good quality. the product looks more like a stew than a processed meat and it smells better. my labrador is finicky and she appreciates this product better than most.

Name: Text\_clean, dtype: object

str.replace() We can replace any specified substring within a string with another specified substring using str.replace(). This can help us eliminate the pesky punctuation.

```
In [12]:
         ### Some substrings we'll want to remove are:
         ## , ",", ".", "!", "?", "\'", '\"', "-", "(", ")"
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_clean'].replace(",","")
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace(".","")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("!","")
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("?"]
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("\'","")
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace('\"',"")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("-"," ")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("(","")
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace(")","")
         #Here we clean the content by removing all the punctuation,
In [13]:
         df['Text clean'] = df['Text clean'].str.replace('[^\w\s]','')
In [14]: df['Text clean'].head(1)
```

Out[14]: 0 i have bought several of the vitality canned dog food products and have found the em all to be of good quality the product looks more like a stew than a processed meat and it smells better my labrador is finicky and she appreciates this product better than most Name: Text clean, dtype: object

### To convert Digit into numbers

Import re library, make sure your column is of type string, and use (?<!\S)\d+(?!\S) to match sequences of digits that are between start/end of string and whitespace chars. If you want to only match whole entries that are all digits, you may use ^\d+\$ regex.

```
In [16]:
         def f(row):
             return num2words(row['Text_clean'])
In [17]: import re
         import num2words
         import inflect
          p = inflect.engine()
         ModuleNotFoundError
                                                    Traceback (most recent call last)
         Input In [17], in <cell line: 2>()
               1 import re
          ----> 2 import num2words
               3 import inflect
               4 p = inflect.engine()
         ModuleNotFoundError: No module named 'num2words'
         #Here we clean the content by removing all the numbers
In [18]:
         df['Text_nonumber'] = df['Text_clean'].str.replace('\d+', '')
```

# Here we clean the content convert Digit into numbers

 $df['Text\_convnumber'] = df.iloc[:,3].astype(str).apply(lambda row: re.sub(r'(^\d+\$)', lambda x: p.number\_to\_words(x.group()), row))$ 

df['Text\_convnumber'] = df['Text\_clean'].apply(num2words)

```
In [19]: # picked some arbitrary rows to review.
df[['Text_clean','Text_nonumber']][16:20]
```

i love eating them and they are good for watching to and looking at movies it is not too sweet i like to transfer them to a zip lock baggie so they stay fresh so i can take my time eating them i love eating them and they are good for watching tv and looking at movies it is not too sweet i like to transfer them to a zip lock baggie so they stay fresh so i can take my time eating them

i am very satisfied with my twizzler purchase i shared

17 these with others and we have all enjoyed them i will

definitely be ordering more

i am very satisfied with my twizzler purchase i shared these with others and we have all enjoyed them i will definitely be ordering more

twizzlers strawberry my childhood favorite candy made in lancaster pennsylvania by y s candies inc one of the oldest confectionery firms in the united states now a subsidiary of the hershey company the company was established in 1845 as young and smylie they also make apple licorice twists green color and blue raspberry licorice twists i like them allbr br i keep it in a dry cool place because is not recommended it to put it in the fridge according to the guinness book of records the longest licorice twist ever made measured 1200 feet 370 m and weighted 100 pounds 45 kg and was made by y s candies inc this recordbreaking twist became a guinness world record on july 19 1998 this product is kosher thank you

twizzlers strawberry my childhood favorite candy made in lancaster pennsylvania by y s candies inc one of the oldest confectionery firms in the united states now a subsidiary of the hershey company the company was established in as young and smylie they also make apple licorice twists green color and blue raspberry licorice twists i like them allbr br i keep it in a dry cool place because is not recommended it to put it in the fridge according to the guinness book of records the longest licorice twist ever made measured feet m and weighted pounds kg and was made by y s candies inc this recordbreaking twist became a guinness world record on july this product is kosher thank

candy was delivered very fast and was purchased at 19 a reasonable price i was home bound and unable to get to a store so this was perfect for me candy was delivered very fast and was purchased at a reasonable price i was home bound and unable to get to a store so this was perfect for me

In [20]: df['Text\_clean'].head(1)

16

18

Out[20]: 0 i have bought several of the vitality canned dog food products and have found the em all to be of good quality the product looks more like a stew than a processed meat and it smells better my labrador is finicky and she appreciates this product better than most

Name: Text\_clean, dtype: object

In [21]: #Here we clean the content by removing all the white space,
 df['Text\_clean'] = df['Text\_clean'].str.strip()

In [22]: df['Text\_clean'].head(1)

Out[22]: 0 i have bought several of the vitality canned dog food products and have found the em all to be of good quality the product looks more like a stew than a processed meat and it smells better my labrador is finicky and she appreciates this product better than most

Name: Text\_clean, dtype: object

In [23]: df['words'] = df.Text\_clean.str.strip().str.split('[\W\_]+')

In [24]: df['words'].head(1)

Out[24]: 0 [i, have, bought, several, of, the, vitality, canned, dog, food, products, and, have, found, them, all, to, be, of, good, quality, the, product, looks, more, like, a, stew, than, a, processed, meat, and, it, smells, better, my, labrador, is, finick y, and, she, appreciates, this, product, better, than, most]

Name: words, dtype: object

In [25]: #pd.set\_option('display.max\_colwidth', -1) # Setting this so we can see the full conte
# picked some arbitrary rows to review.
df[['Text\_clean','words']][16:20]

Out[25]: Text\_clean words

i love eating them and they are good for watching to and looking at movies it is not too sweet i like to transfer them to a zip lock baggie so they stay fresh so i can take my time eating them

[i, love, eating, them, and, they, are, good, for, watching, tv, and, looking, at, movies, it, is, not, too, sweet, i, like, to, transfer, them, to, a, zip, lock, baggie, so, they, stay, fresh, so, i, can, take, my, time, eating, them]

i am very satisfied with my twizzler purchase i shared these with others and we have all enjoyed them i will definitely be ordering more

17

18

19

[i, am, very, satisfied, with, my, twizzler, purchase, i, shared, these, with, others, and, we, have, all, enjoyed, them, i, will, definitely, be, ordering, more]

twizzlers strawberry my childhood favorite candy made in lancaster pennsylvania by y s candies inc one of the oldest confectionery firms in the united states now a subsidiary of the hershey company the company was established in 1845 as young and smylie they also make apple licorice twists green color and blue raspberry licorice twists i like them allbr br i keep it in a dry cool place because is not recommended it to put it in the fridge according to the guinness book of records the longest licorice twist ever made measured 1200 feet 370 m and weighted 100 pounds 45 kg and was made by y s candies inc this recordbreaking twist became a guinness world record on july 19 1998 this product is kosher thank you

[twizzlers, strawberry, my, childhood, favorite, candy, made, in, lancaster, pennsylvania, by, y, s, candies, inc, one, of, the, oldest, confectionery, firms, in, the, united, states, now, a, subsidiary, of, the, hershey, company, the, company, was, established, in, 1845, as, young, and, smylie, they, also, make, apple, licorice, twists, green, color, and, blue, raspberry, licorice, twists, i, like, them, allbr, br, i, keep, it, in, a, dry, cool, place, because, is, not, recommended, it, to, put, it, in, the, fridge, according, to, the, guinness, book, of, records, the, longest, licorice, twist, ever, made, measured, 1200, feet, 370, m, and, weighted, 100, ...]

candy was delivered very fast and was purchased at a reasonable price i was home bound and unable to get to a store so this was perfect for me

[candy, was, delivered, very, fast, and, was, purchased, at, a, reasonable, price, i, was, home, bound, and, unable, to, get, to, a, store, so, this, was, perfect, for, me]

### **Getting Word Counts**

Now that we have a list of the words used in the text we can write a quick loop to make a word count dataframe.

```
In [26]: words_list = df['Text_clean'].tolist()
    raw_text = ''.join(words_list)

In [27]: all_words = raw_text.split()

In [28]: type(words_list)

Out[28]: list

In [29]: all_words[:10]
```

```
['i',
Out[29]:
           'have',
          'bought',
          'several',
           'of',
           'the',
          'vitality',
           'canned',
           'dog',
          'food']
         ### We'll make a temporary dictionary to hold the words
In [30]:
         ### Dictionaries are quite useful for word counts
         word_dict = {}
          ## For each word in the text
          for word in all_words:
              # if the word wasn't already in the dictionary
              if word not in word_dict.keys():
                 # add it
                 word_dict[word] = 1
              # otherwise
              else:
                  # add 1 to the existing count
                 word_dict[word] = word_dict[word] + 1
          ## NOTE In the future we could write this as a function
          ## then anytime we want a word count we just need to call the
          ## function!
          # Let's examine the dictionary
         word_dict
```

```
{'i': 1978,
Out[30]:
           'have': 571,
           'bought': 83,
           'several': 28,
           'of': 1329,
           'the': 3099,
           'vitality': 1,
           'canned': 9,
           'dog': 46,
           'food': 208,
           'products': 41,
           'and': 2096,
           'found': 92,
           'them': 378,
           'all': 271,
           'to': 1517,
           'be': 279,
           'good': 303,
           'quality': 71,
           'product': 189,
           'looks': 16,
           'more': 176,
           'like': 407,
           'a': 1901,
           'stew': 2,
           'than': 199,
           'processed': 4,
           'meat': 16,
           'it': 1229,
           'smells': 4,
           'better': 116,
           'my': 603,
           'labrador': 1,
           'is': 1138,
           'finicky': 3,
           'she': 69,
           'appreciates': 1,
           'this': 859,
           'mostproduct': 1,
           'arrived': 29,
           'labeled': 2,
           'as': 433,
           'jumbo': 1,
           'salted': 10,
           'peanutsthe': 1,
           'peanuts': 11,
           'were': 197,
           'actually': 48,
           'small': 56,
           'sized': 12,
           'unsalted': 10,
           'not': 471,
           'sure': 53,
           'if': 234,
           'was': 467,
           'an': 137,
           'error': 2,
           'or': 290,
           'vendor': 4,
           'intended': 1,
```

```
'represent': 1,
'jumbothis': 1,
'confection': 1,
'that': 609,
'has': 209,
'been': 103,
'around': 35,
'few': 48,
'centuries': 1,
'light': 27,
'pillowy': 1,
'citrus': 4,
'gelatin': 1,
'with': 564,
'nuts': 5,
'in': 888,
'case': 53,
'filberts': 1,
'cut': 28,
'into': 35,
'tiny': 15,
'squares': 3,
'then': 81,
'liberally': 1,
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'sugar': 125,
'mouthful': 2,
'heaven': 2,
'too': 164,
'chewy': 7,
'very': 267,
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'highly': 37,
'recommend': 67,
'yummy': 14,
'treat': 18,
'you': 546,
'are': 690,
'familiar': 3,
'story': 3,
'cs': 1,
'lewis': 1,
'lion': 1,
'witch': 1,
'wardrobe': 2,
'seduces': 1,
'edmund': 1,
'selling': 9,
'out': 169,
'his': 38,
'brother': 3,
'sisters': 3,
'witchif': 1,
'looking': 57,
'for': 858,
'secret': 3,
'ingredient': 11,
'robitussin': 1,
'believe': 23,
```

```
'got': 56,
'addition': 9,
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'made': 64,
'some': 167,
'cherry': 10,
'soda': 18,
'flavor': 259,
'medicinalgreat': 1,
'taffy': 9,
'at': 300,
'great': 260,
'price': 124,
'there': 125,
'wide': 2,
'assortment': 2,
'delivery': 19,
'quick': 17,
'your': 123,
'lover': 5,
'deali': 1,
'wild': 2,
'hair': 2,
'five': 8,
'pound': 8,
'bag': 178,
'enjoyable': 4,
'many': 82,
'flavors': 87,
'watermelon': 6,
'melon': 1,
'peppermint': 4,
'grape': 7,
'etc': 13,
'only': 137,
'complaint': 3,
'bit': 68,
'much': 142,
'redblack': 1,
'licoriceflavored': 1,
'pieces': 29,
'just': 248,
'particular': 8,
'favorites': 9,
'between': 10,
'me': 166,
'kids': 16,
'husband': 26,
'lasted': 4,
'two': 56,
'weeks': 13,
'would': 149,
'brand': 125,
'delightful': 5,
'treatthis': 1,
'saltwater': 1,
```

```
'had': 221,
'soft': 18,
'each': 41,
'candy': 22,
'individually': 4,
'wrapped': 8,
'well': 94,
'none': 12,
'candies': 6,
'stuck': 9,
'together': 18,
'did': 69,
'happen': 5,
'expensive': 34,
'version': 19,
'fralingers': 1,
'served': 7,
'beachthemed': 1,
'party': 10,
'everyone': 21,
'loved': 40,
'itthis': 8,
'so': 386,
'amazing': 26,
'definitely': 48,
'buying': 33,
'satisfyingright': 1,
'now': 112,
'im': 113,
'mostly': 11,
'sprouting': 1,
'cats': 33,
'can': 197,
'eat': 110,
'grass': 2,
'they': 554,
'love': 212,
'rotate': 1,
'wheatgrass': 1,
'rye': 1,
'toothis': 3,
'healthy': 30,
'their': 116,
'digestion': 2,
'also': 143,
'puppies': 3,
'eats': 10,
'her': 51,
'required': 1,
'amount': 38,
'every': 67,
'feedingi': 1,
'dont': 164,
'know': 84,
'its': 247,
'cactus': 2,
'tequila': 5,
'unique': 17,
'combination': 19,
'ingredients': 62,
```

```
'but': 546,
'flavour': 15,
'hot': 79,
'sauce': 45,
'makes': 42,
'one': 253,
'kind': 32,
'we': 226,
'picked': 8,
'up': 131,
'bottle': 34,
'once': 36,
'on': 409,
'trip': 4,
'brought': 9,
'back': 44,
'home': 31,
'us': 35,
'totally': 9,
'blown': 2,
'away': 32,
'when': 201,
'realized': 7,
'simply': 8,
'couldnt': 27,
'find': 122,
'anywhere': 11,
'our': 100,
'city': 4,
'bummedbr': 2,
'br': 449,
'because': 137,
'magic': 3,
'internet': 5,
'ecstatic': 2,
'itbr': 15,
'saucei': 4,
'mean': 12,
'really': 160,
'want': 65,
'tastelessly': 2,
'burns': 3,
'throat': 2,
'grab': 7,
'picante': 2,
'gourmet': 13,
'de': 4,
'inclan': 2,
'realize': 6,
'taste': 269,
'will': 203,
'never': 62,
'use': 140,
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'thank': 22,
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'incredible': 4,
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```

```
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'proteinrich': 1,
'no': 159,
'byproduct': 1,
'higher': 14,
'where': 31,
'skinny': 2,
'boy': 4,
'jump': 1,
'sits': 2,
'going': 43,
'stale': 13,
'both': 36,
'go': 61,
'losing': 1,
'about': 154,
'ounce': 16,
'weekmy': 1,
'happily': 2,
'eating': 61,
'felidae': 12,
'platinum': 3,
'years': 43,
'new': 45,
'shape': 8,
'different': 46,
'tried': 107,
'first': 86,
'bowls': 3,
'sit': 2,
'full': 36,
'kitties': 2,
'touch': 7,
'ive': 115,
'noticed': 9,
'similar': 12,
'reviews': 23,
'related': 3,
'formula': 10,
'changes': 4,
'past': 16,
'unfortunately': 21,
'need': 48,
'eatgood': 1,
'these': 486,
'came': 44,
'securely': 2,
'packed': 9,
'fresh': 65,
'delicious': 63,
'twizzlersthe': 1,
'strawberry': 23,
```

```
'twizzlers': 5,
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'pleasure': 4,
'six': 11,
'pounds': 9,
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'daughter': 26,
'loves': 52,
'shipment': 9,
'hit': 12,
'spot': 3,
'exactly': 18,
'what': 109,
'expectsix': 1,
'packages': 2,
'twizzlersi': 1,
'watching': 3,
'tv': 2,
'movies': 1,
'sweet': 79,
'transfer': 1,
'zip': 3,
'lock': 1,
'baggie': 1,
'stay': 15,
'take': 47,
'time': 137,
'themi': 5,
'am': 109,
'satisfied': 6,
'twizzler': 1,
'purchase': 27,
'shared': 5,
'others': 21,
'enjoyed': 15,
'ordering': 26,
'moretwizzlers': 1,
'childhood': 2,
'favorite': 79,
'lancaster': 1,
'pennsylvania': 1,
'by': 120,
'y': 2,
's': 2,
'inc': 5,
'oldest': 3,
'confectionery': 2,
'firms': 1,
'united': 7,
'states': 8,
'subsidiary': 1,
'hershey': 4,
'company': 34,
'established': 1,
'1845': 1,
'young': 3,
'smylie': 1,
'make': 104,
```

```
'apple': 15,
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'twists': 2,
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'color': 23,
'blue': 11,
'raspberry': 3,
'allbr': 5,
'keep': 41,
'dry': 23,
'cool': 5,
'place': 14,
'recommended': 10,
'fridge': 7,
'according': 4,
'guinness': 2,
'book': 5,
'records': 1,
'longest': 1,
'twist': 5,
'ever': 81,
'measured': 1,
'1200': 1,
'feet': 1,
'370': 1,
'm': 2,
'weighted': 1,
'100': 19,
'45': 5,
'kg': 1,
'recordbreaking': 1,
'became': 7,
'world': 13,
'record': 2,
'july': 1,
'19': 3,
'1998': 1,
'kosher': 1,
'youcandy': 1,
'delivered': 12,
'fast': 23,
'purchased': 37,
'reasonable': 6,
'bound': 1,
'unable': 4,
'get': 148,
'store': 64,
'perfect': 52,
'memy': 1,
'addict': 5,
'weve': 12,
'times': 16,
'from': 212,
'amazon': 114,
'government': 1,
'employees': 2,
'living': 6,
'overseas': 2,
'cant': 52,
'country': 9,
```

```
'assigned': 1,
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```
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```

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           'contents': 5,
           'planters': 1,
           'whose': 5,
           'crying': 1,
           'running': 8,
           'returnbr': 1,
           'shaken': 1,
           'ensure': 3,
           'spices': 15,
           'evenly': 1,
           ...}
         # Now import pandas
In [31]:
          import pandas as pd
In [32]: print(pd.__version__)
         1.4.2
In [33]: # Now make the dataframe
          # Note .count() is a native method for a dataframe object
          # this is why I used times used instead!
          pa_word_counts = pd.DataFrame({'word':list(word_dict.keys()),
                                          'times_used':list(word_dict.values())})
In [34]: pa_word_counts.sort_values('times_used',ascending=False).head(25)
```

'ass': 2,

	word	times_used	
5	the	3099	
11	and	2096	
0	i	1978	
23	а	1901	
15	to	1517	
4	of	1329	
28	it	1229	
33	is	1138	
75	in	888	
37	this	859	
115	for	858	
98	are	690	
63	that	609	
31	my	603	
1	have	571	
73	with	564	
215	they	554	
97	you	546	
240	but	546	
3401	chips	537	
352	these	486	
51	not	471	
54	was	467	
270	br	449	
41	as	433	

#### Great!

As a note, you might think it's silly that we care about how many times the word the is used. Hold onto that thought for the next notebook(s).

### **Practice**

Okay I've been talking a lot, now is your time to practice. I've included an excerpt from IMDB Dataset of 50K Movie Reviews in the Data Folder as well! This file is called IMDB Dataset.csv.

I have reduced it into a smaller one called Movie\_Review.csv

You're job is to produce a word count dataframe using what we learned above. This should take 5-10 minutes.

```
# import libraries, adjust settings
In [68]:
          import pandas as pd
          import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
          panda.set option('display.max colwidth', -1)
          import re
In [70]: # read in data
         df = pd.read csv('Movie Review.csv')
         # split strings
         df['review'].head(2).str.split()
          # make strings lowercase
          df['Text clean'] = df['review'].str.lower()
         # remove punctuation strings
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_clean'].replace(",","")
         df['Text cleaned'] = df['Text cleaned'].replace(".","")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("!"
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("?","")
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("\'","")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace('\"',"")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("-"," ")
          df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace("(","")
         df['Text_cleaned'] = df['Text_cleaned'].replace(")","")
          # remove punctuation from strings
         df['Text_clean'] = df['Text_clean'].str.replace('[^\w\s]','')
          # convert digits to strings
         def f(row):
             return num2words(row['Text clean'])
         df['Text_nonumber'] = df['Text_clean'].str.replace('\d+', '')
          # remove whitespace
         df['Text clean'] = df['Text clean'].str.strip()
         # split words
         df['words'] = df.Text_clean.str.strip().str.split('[\W_]+')
In [71]: # constructing word count dataframe
         words_list = df['Text_clean'].tolist()
          raw_text = ''.join(words_list)
         all_words = raw_text.split()
         # constructing word count dictionary
         word dict = {}
          for word in all_words:
             # if the word wasn't already in the dictionary
             if word not in word_dict.keys():
                  # add it
                 word dict[word] = 1
             # otherwise
             else:
```

ut[73]:		word	times_used
	2	the	13302
	37	and	6401
	49	а	6306
	1	of	5884
	60	to	5290
	22	is	4042
	43	in	3675
	117	i	2929
	21	this	2916
	67	it	2857
	7	that	2607
	28	br	2302
	34	was	1916
	20	as	1766
	26	with	1761
	51	for	1698
	359	movie	1674
	145	but	1601
	371	film	1451
	78	on	1326
	179	you	1299
	48	not	1209
	238	his	1181
	18	are	1171
	88	have	1076

Okay so we've seen how useful of the box str methods can be, but as was the case with punctuation clean up, they have their weaknesses as well.

For another example of why we might want fancier tools we'll do another quick practice.

Try to take the excerpt of Harry Potter and the Prisoner of Azkaban and break it into unique sentences. Let's take 5 minutes on this.

```
In [ ]: ## Code here
In [ ]: ## Code here
In [ ]: ## Code here
```

- What Happened?
- What are some issues you ran into?

## **Conclusions**

While some of you probably were already quite familiar with using str methods, it's good to review. Sometimes when cleaning data you'll want something quick and easy to code, and using some of the techniques we'll learn in the following notebooks may be a bit of overkill.

```
In [ ]:
```