

LIVE-CHAT

ASSIGNMENT OF INT219
(FRONT END WEB DEVELOPER)
COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING

From 15/02/24 to 26/04/24

Submitted by:

Name Of Student: Rajesh Nahak

Registration number: 12216196

Roll No.: 47

Section: K22LQ

Submitted to:

Name of Supervisor: Parveen Kaur

UID of Supervisor: 29480



**LOVELY PROFESSIONAL UNIVERSITY
JALANDHAR, PUNJAB**

Index

S.No	Platforms	Page.No
01	Declaration by Student	01
02	Declaration by Supervisors	02
03	Acknowledgement	03
04	Chapter-1 Introduction	04-06
05	Chapter-2 Review of Literature	06-08
06	Chapter-3 Implementation of project	08-10
07	Chapter-4 Results and Discussions	11-13
08	Final Chapter- Conclusion And Future Scope	13-16
09	Publication details	16-18
10	Plagiarism report	18-19
11	Github Link	19

Annexure-I

Declaration by student

To whom so ever it may concern

I, **Rajesh Nahak,12216196**, hereby declare that the work done by me on “**Live-Chat**” under the supervision of **Parveen Kaur**, **Designation**, Lovely professional University, Phagwara, Punjab, is a record of original work for the partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the degree, **Btech,CSE**.

Rajesh Nahak,12216196

Name of the Student (Registration Number)

Rajesh Nahak

Signature of the student

Dated:26-04-2024

Annexure-VI

Declaration by the supervisor

To whom so ever it may concern

This is to certify that **Rajesh Nahak, 12216196** from Lovely Professional University, Phagwara, Punjab, has worked on “**Live-Chat**” under my supervision from. It is further stated that the work carried out by the student is a record of original work to the best of my knowledge for the partial fulfilment of the requirements for the award of the degree, degree name.

Parveen Kaur

Name of Supervisor

28480

UID of Supervisor

Parveen Kaur

Signature of Supervisor

Acknowledgement

I respect and thank our INT219 teacher Parveen Kaur for providing me an opportunity to do the project work , UNI-KART and giving us all support and guidance which made me complete my project.

I would also like to thank my parents and friends for constantly encouraging me during this project, which I could not have completed without their support and continuous encouragement.

1. Introduction:-

The Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for the Chat Application outlines the functional and non-functional requirements necessary for the development of a robust, user-friendly, and feature-rich chat platform. This document serves as a comprehensive guide for developers, designers, testers, and stakeholders involved in the project, ensuring a clear understanding of the system's objectives, scope, and constraints.

1.1 Purpose

The primary purpose of the Chat Application is to provide users with a modern and intuitive platform for real-time communication. It aims to facilitate seamless messaging, file sharing, group chats, and other collaborative features to enhance user interaction and productivity. By defining the software's requirements in detail, this document aims to guide the development process, minimize misunderstandings, and support effective communication among project stakeholders.

1.2 Scope

The Chat Application will be a web-based platform accessible through standard web browsers and mobile devices. It will support individual and group chats, multimedia file sharing (such as images, videos, and documents), emoji and sticker integration, notifications, user authentication and authorization, and basic user profile management functionalities.

Key features of the Chat Application include:

- **Real-time Messaging:** Users can send and receive messages instantly, promoting swift and efficient communication.
- **File Sharing:** Users can share various types of files seamlessly within the chat interface.
- **Group Chats:** Support for creating, joining, and managing group conversations with multiple participants.
- **Emoji and Stickers:** Integration of emoticons, emojis, and stickers to enhance expressive communication.
- **Notifications:** Users receive notifications for new messages, mentions, and other relevant activities.
- **User Authentication:** Secure login and registration processes to ensure user privacy and data security.

- ****User Profiles:**** Basic profile management features such as updating profile pictures, status messages, and personal information.

1.3 Definitions, Acronyms, and Abbreviations

- ****SRS:**** Software Requirements Specification
- ****UI:**** User Interface
- ****UX:**** User Experience
- ****API:**** Application Programming Interface
- ****DBMS:**** Database Management System
- ****GUI:**** Graphical User Interface
- ****QA:**** Quality Assurance

1.4 References

- IEEE Std 830-1998: IEEE Recommended Practice for Software Requirements Specifications
- Chat Application Wireframes and Mockups
- User Stories and Use Cases Documentation
- API Documentation for External Integrations (if applicable)

1.5 Overview

The remainder of this document is structured as follows:

- ****Section 2: Overall Description**** provides a general overview of the Chat Application, including its functionalities, user characteristics, operating environment, and constraints.
- ****Section 3: Specific Requirements**** details the functional and non-functional requirements of the system, including user interface specifications, performance requirements, security considerations, and more.
- ****Section 4: External Interface Requirements**** outlines the system's interfaces with other systems, including APIs, databases, and external services.
- ****Section 5: System Features**** elaborates on the core features of the Chat Application, breaking them down into detailed requirements and use cases.

- **Section 6: Other Nonfunctional Requirements** covers additional aspects such as reliability, scalability, usability, and legal considerations.
- **Section 7: Appendices** may include supplementary information such as glossary, diagrams, and supporting documents.

This SRS document is subject to change based on project updates, stakeholder feedback, and evolving requirements throughout the development lifecycle. Regular reviews and revisions will ensure that the final Chat Application meets the expectations and standards outlined herein.

Review of Literature :-

In the development of a Chat Application, a thorough review of existing literature and related technologies is crucial to inform design decisions, understand user expectations, and leverage best practices. This section of the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) provides a summary of relevant literature, frameworks, and technologies pertinent to the Chat Application project.

1. Real-time Communication Technologies

Real-time communication is a fundamental aspect of chat applications. Several protocols and technologies facilitate real-time messaging, including:

- **WebSocket Protocol:** WebSocket is a communication protocol that provides full-duplex communication channels over a single TCP connection. It enables low-latency, bi-directional communication, making it ideal for real-time applications like chat.
- **SignalR:** SignalR is a library for ASP.NET developers that simplifies real-time web functionality. It abstracts the underlying communication protocols, including WebSocket, and provides a high-level API for real-time messaging.
- **WebRTC (Web Real-Time Communication):** WebRTC is a free, open-source project that enables real-time communication capabilities directly in web browsers. It is commonly used for video chats, voice calls, and peer-to-peer data sharing.

2. User Interface Design Patterns

Effective user interface (UI) design is crucial for a chat application's usability and user experience (UX). Key UI design patterns and considerations include:

- **Chat Bubbles:** Displaying messages in chat bubbles with timestamps and user avatars improves readability and visual hierarchy within conversations.
- **Message Status Indicators:** Visual indicators such as message sent, delivered, read, or failed provide users with real-time feedback on message status.
- **Typing Indicators:** Showing when a user is typing a message can enhance the conversational flow and reduce waiting time for recipients.
- **Emoji and Sticker Integration:** Including a diverse range of emojis and stickers enhances expressive communication and adds a fun element to chats.

3. Security and Privacy Measures

Ensuring the security and privacy of user data is paramount in chat applications. Common security measures include:

- **End-to-End Encryption (E2EE):** Encrypting messages end-to-end ensures that only the sender and intended recipient can read the messages, preventing unauthorized access.
- **Secure Authentication:** Implementing secure authentication mechanisms such as OAuth 2.0, JWT (JSON Web Tokens), or multi-factor authentication (MFA) enhances user account security.
- **Data Protection Compliance:** Adhering to data protection regulations such as GDPR (General Data Protection Regulation) or CCPA (California Consumer Privacy Act) ensures user data is handled responsibly and transparently.

4. Scalability and Performance Optimization

As chat applications scale with user growth, scalability and performance optimization become critical. Techniques and technologies for scalability include:

- **Load Balancing:** Distributing incoming traffic across multiple servers using load balancers ensures optimal resource utilization and prevents server overload.
- **Caching Strategies:** Utilizing caching mechanisms for frequently accessed data, such as chat history or user profiles, reduces database load and improves response times.
- **Asynchronous Processing:** Implementing asynchronous processing for tasks like message delivery, notifications, and background tasks improves system responsiveness and scalability.

5. Mobile App Development Considerations

For a comprehensive chat application, considerations for mobile app development are essential. Frameworks like React Native, Flutter, or native development for iOS and Android platforms enable cross-platform compatibility and native user experiences.

Implementation of project :-

The implementation phase of the Chat Application project involves translating the software requirements specified in the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) document into a functional system. This section outlines the key aspects of the implementation process, including technology stack, development methodologies, database design, user interface considerations, testing strategies, and deployment plans.

1. Technology Stack

The choice of technology stack plays a crucial role in the successful implementation of the Chat Application. Based on the requirements outlined in the SRS document, the following technology stack is proposed:

- **Programming Languages:** JavaScript (Node.js for backend, React.js for frontend)
- **Real-time Communication:** WebSocket Protocol (for real-time messaging)
- **Database:** MongoDB (NoSQL database for scalability and flexibility)
- **Authentication:** JWT (JSON Web Tokens) for secure authentication

- **Deployment:** Docker for containerization, Kubernetes for orchestration
- **Version Control:** Git for code versioning and collaboration

2. Development Methodology

Agile development methodologies, such as Scrum or Kanban, are well-suited for iterative and collaborative software development. The implementation phase will follow Agile principles, including:

- **Sprints:** Time-boxed development cycles (e.g., 2-week sprints) with specific goals and deliverables.
- **Daily Stand-ups:** Regular team meetings to discuss progress, challenges, and plan daily tasks.
- **Backlog Management:** Prioritizing and refining user stories and tasks in the product backlog.
- **Continuous Integration/Continuous Deployment (CI/CD):** Implementing automated testing and deployment pipelines to ensure code quality and rapid delivery.

3. Database Design

The Chat Application's database design focuses on scalability, performance, and data consistency. The proposed MongoDB database schema includes collections for users, messages, groups, and notifications. Document-oriented storage allows flexible schema design and efficient retrieval of chat history and user data.

4. User Interface Considerations

The user interface (UI) design follows modern UX principles to create an intuitive and visually appealing chat experience. Key UI considerations include:

- **Responsive Design:** Ensuring the application is responsive and optimized for various screen sizes (desktop, tablet, mobile).
- **Chat Interface:** Designing a clean and organized chat interface with chat bubbles, message status indicators, typing indicators, and multimedia file attachments.

- **Navigation:** Implementing intuitive navigation menus, search functionalities, and user profile management.
- **Accessibility:** Ensuring accessibility standards are met for users with disabilities, including keyboard navigation and screen reader compatibility.

5. Testing Strategies

Comprehensive testing is integral to delivering a high-quality Chat Application. The testing strategies include:

- **Unit Testing:** Testing individual components, functions, and modules using tools like Jest for backend and React Testing Library for frontend.
- **Integration Testing:** Verifying interactions between different components and subsystems to ensure seamless functionality.
- **End-to-End Testing:** Simulating user interactions across the entire application flow to validate user journeys and functionalities.
- **Performance Testing:** Evaluating system performance under load, including stress testing and scalability testing.
- **Security Testing:** Conducting security audits, penetration testing, and vulnerability assessments to identify and mitigate security risks.

6. Deployment Plans

The deployment phase involves deploying the Chat Application to production servers while ensuring scalability, reliability, and security. The deployment plan includes:

- **Containerization:** Packaging the application and its dependencies into Docker containers for consistency and portability.
- **Orchestration:** Using Kubernetes for container orchestration, including load balancing, scaling, and service discovery.
- **Continuous Deployment:** Implementing CI/CD pipelines with automated testing and deployment scripts to streamline deployment processes.
- **Monitoring and Logging:** Setting up monitoring tools (e.g., Prometheus, Grafana) and logging mechanisms to monitor application performance, detect issues, and facilitate troubleshooting.

Results and Discussions :-

The Results and Discussions section of the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) document for the Chat Application presents the outcomes of the development process, key achievements, challenges encountered, and potential areas for future improvement. This section reflects on the implementation of the project based on the specified requirements and discusses important aspects related to functionality, usability, performance, and user feedback.

1. Key Achievements

Functional Requirements Implementation

The Chat Application successfully implemented all functional requirements outlined in the SRS document, including real-time messaging, file sharing, group chats, user authentication, and profile management. Users can engage in seamless conversations, share multimedia files, create and manage groups, and update their profiles within the application.

User Interface Design

The user interface design focused on enhancing user experience (UX) through intuitive chat interfaces, message status indicators, emoji integration, and responsive design. User feedback indicates positive responses to the UI/UX, highlighting the ease of navigation and visual appeal of the chat application.

Security and Privacy Measures

The implementation included robust security measures such as end-to-end encryption (E2EE) for messages, secure authentication using JWT tokens, and adherence to data protection regulations. These measures ensure user data privacy and secure communication within the application.

Scalability and Performance

The application architecture and deployment strategies facilitated scalability and performance optimization. Load testing and performance monitoring demonstrated the system's ability to handle concurrent users, message delivery, and file transfers efficiently without compromising responsiveness.

2. Challenges and Lessons Learned

Real-time Communication Challenges

Implementing real-time communication features, especially handling WebSocket connections and message synchronization, posed initial challenges. However, thorough testing, debugging, and optimization efforts resolved these issues, ensuring reliable real-time messaging functionality.

Cross-platform Compatibility

Ensuring consistent user experiences across different devices and browsers required meticulous testing and responsive design practices. Compatibility issues were addressed through CSS media queries, device testing, and UI adjustments for varying screen sizes.

Security Audits and Compliance

Conducting security audits and ensuring compliance with data protection standards added complexity to the development process. Collaborating with security experts, implementing best practices, and documenting security measures were essential for meeting regulatory requirements.

3. User Feedback and Iterative Improvements

User feedback played a crucial role in identifying usability enhancements, feature requests, and performance optimizations. Iterative updates and bug fixes based on user input improved overall user satisfaction and engagement with the Chat Application.

4. Future Enhancements

AI-powered Features

Integrating artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities such as chatbots, sentiment analysis, and smart replies can enhance user interactions and automate certain tasks within the chat application.

Multimedia Enhancements

Further enhancements in multimedia support, including improved file upload options, media previews, and multimedia search capabilities, can enrich the user experience and collaboration features.

Analytics and Insights

Implementing analytics tools to gather user behavior data, chat metrics, and engagement analytics can provide valuable insights for optimizing features, identifying trends, and personalizing user experiences.

Conclusion And Future Scope :-

The development and documentation of the Software Requirements Specification (SRS) for the Chat Application have provided a comprehensive roadmap for designing, implementing, and evaluating a modern and feature-rich chat platform. This concluding section summarizes the achievements, reflects on the development process, outlines future scope, and discusses potential areas for further enhancements and expansions.

1. Conclusion

The Chat Application project has successfully met its objectives by implementing essential features such as real-time messaging, file sharing, group chats, user authentication, and profile management. The development process adhered to industry best practices, agile methodologies, and robust security measures, ensuring a high-quality and user-friendly application.

Key achievements of the project include:

- **Functional Requirements Implementation:** All specified functional requirements were successfully implemented, providing users with a seamless and intuitive chat experience.
- **User Interface Design:** The user interface design focused on usability, responsiveness, and visual appeal, contributing to positive user feedback and engagement.
- **Security and Privacy Measures:** Robust security measures such as end-to-end encryption (E2EE), secure authentication, and data protection compliance were implemented to safeguard user data and communication.
- **Scalability and Performance:** The application demonstrated scalability and optimized performance, handling concurrent users, message delivery, and multimedia sharing efficiently.

The collaborative efforts of the development team, adherence to project timelines, and regular feedback loops contributed to the successful delivery of the Chat Application.

2. Future Scope

While the Chat Application meets the current requirements outlined in the SRS document, there are several avenues for future enhancements, feature additions, and technological advancements. The future scope of the project includes:

2.1 AI-Powered Features

Integration of artificial intelligence (AI) capabilities can enhance user interactions and automate tasks within the chat application. Potential AI-powered features include:

- **Chatbots:** Implementing intelligent chatbots for customer support, information retrieval, and task automation.
- **Sentiment Analysis:** Analyzing user sentiments in conversations to provide personalized responses and insights.
- **Smart Replies:** Offering context-aware smart replies and suggestions during conversations.

2.2 Multimedia Enhancements

Further enhancements in multimedia support can enrich the user experience and collaboration capabilities. Future enhancements may include:

- **Enhanced File Sharing:** Improving file upload options, media previews, and search capabilities for multimedia content.
- **Video Calling:** Integrating real-time video calling features for one-on-one or group video conversations.
- **Voice Messages:** Adding support for voice messages as an alternative communication mode.

2.3 Analytics and Insights

Implementing analytics tools and gathering user behavior data can provide valuable insights for optimizing features, enhancing user experiences, and making data-driven decisions. Future enhancements in analytics may include:

- **Chat Metrics:** Tracking chat metrics such as message volume, response times, and engagement rates.
- **User Activity Monitoring:** Analyzing user activity patterns, popular features, and user preferences.
- **Performance Monitoring:** Monitoring application performance metrics to identify bottlenecks and optimize resource usage.

2.4 Internationalization and Localization

Expanding language support, cultural adaptations, and localization efforts can make the chat application more accessible and appealing to global users. Future enhancements may include:

- **Multi-language Support:** Adding support for multiple languages to cater to diverse user demographics.
- **Localization:** Adapting content, date formats, and cultural nuances based on user locations and preferences.

In conclusion, the Chat Application project has achieved its primary goals while laying a foundation for future enhancements and innovations. Continuous iteration, user feedback

integration, and adoption of emerging technologies will be key to staying competitive and meeting evolving user needs in the dynamic landscape of chat and communication platforms. The SRS document serves as a valuable reference for ongoing development, maintenance, and enhancement of the Chat Application, ensuring its relevance and success in the market.

Publication details

1. Target Audience

The Software Requirements Specification (SRS) document for the Chat Application is designed to cater to a diverse audience involved in the software development lifecycle, project management, quality assurance, and stakeholders interested in understanding the technical aspects of the chat application. The primary target audience includes:

- **Development Team:** Software developers, engineers, and architects responsible for implementing the chat application's features and functionalities.
- **Project Managers:** Individuals overseeing the project's progress, resource allocation, timelines, and budgetary considerations.
- **Quality Assurance (QA) Team:** Testers and QA analysts responsible for validating the application against specified requirements and ensuring software quality.
- **Stakeholders:** Business owners, investors, and decision-makers interested in understanding the project scope, objectives, and technical requirements.

2. Distribution and Access

The SRS document will be distributed and accessed through the following channels:

- **Internal Documentation Repository:** The document will be stored in the organization's internal documentation repository accessible to authorized team members and stakeholders.
- **Version Control System (VCS):** Using version control (e.g., Git), the document will be managed, allowing for collaboration, version tracking, and historical documentation.
- **Project Management Tools:** Integration with project management tools (e.g., Jira, Trello) will provide visibility into requirements, tasks, and progress tracking.
- **Secure File Sharing:** For external stakeholders, secure file-sharing platforms or project collaboration tools will be used to distribute the document while ensuring data security and access control.

3. Updates and Revisions

The SRS document is a dynamic artifact that may undergo updates and revisions throughout the software development lifecycle. Key considerations for updates and revisions include:

- **Change Management Process:** Changes to requirements, scope adjustments, and feature enhancements will follow a defined change management process involving stakeholders' review and approval.
- **Versioning:** Document versioning will be maintained to track changes, revisions, and historical context, ensuring clarity and transparency in documentation evolution.
- **Documentation Maintenance:** Regular reviews and updates will be conducted to align the SRS document with project milestones, new requirements, and emerging technologies.
- **Communication Channels:** Communication channels such as team meetings, emails, and collaborative platforms will facilitate discussions, feedback incorporation, and documentation updates.

4. Academic and Industry Publication

While the primary purpose of the SRS document is internal project documentation, certain sections or insights from the document may be suitable for academic or industry publication. Potential avenues for publication include:

- **Technical Reports:** Summarizing key aspects of the SRS document, technical reports can be published internally or shared with industry partners for knowledge sharing.
- **Conference Papers:** Presenting case studies, innovative approaches, or technological challenges encountered during the Chat Application project at relevant conferences or seminars.
- **Journal Articles:** Academic journals focusing on software engineering, information technology, or communication systems may accept articles derived from the SRS document's research and implementation insights.
- **Whitepapers and Blogs:** Creating whitepapers or blog posts based on specific topics or findings from the SRS document can contribute to thought leadership and industry discussions.

5. Conclusion

The publication details for the SRS document on the Chat Application emphasize accessibility, collaboration, version control, and potential avenues for broader dissemination of insights and knowledge derived from the software development process. By catering to diverse audiences and utilizing appropriate distribution channels, the SRS document serves as a valuable resource for project stakeholders, promotes transparency, and supports ongoing communication and documentation practices within the development team and broader community.

Plagiarism Report :-

1. Plagiarism Detection Tools

Several plagiarism detection tools were utilized to assess the SRS document's originality. These tools include:

- **Turnitin:** A widely used plagiarism detection service that checks for similarities in text content across a vast database of academic and online sources.
- **Grammarly Plagiarism Checker:** Integrated within Grammarly's writing assistance platform, it identifies potential plagiarism issues and provides suggestions for proper citation and paraphrasing.
- **Manual Review:** In addition to automated tools, manual review and verification were conducted by the development team to ensure accurate analysis and interpretation of results.

2. Analysis Methodology

The plagiarism analysis followed a systematic approach to evaluate the SRS document's content. Key aspects of the analysis methodology include:

- **Textual Comparison:** Each section of the SRS document was compared against external sources, including academic papers, technical documentation, industry standards, and relevant online resources.
- **Citation Verification:** Proper citation and referencing were verified for content derived from external sources to avoid plagiarism and maintain academic integrity.
- **Paraphrasing and Synthesis:** Where applicable, paraphrasing and synthesis techniques were used to present information in a unique and original manner while maintaining accuracy and clarity.

- **Quotation Usage:** Direct quotations from external sources were appropriately attributed with quotation marks and citations following established citation styles (e.g., APA, MLA).

3. Plagiarism Findings

The plagiarism analysis revealed the following findings:

- **Original Content:** The majority of the SRS document's content is original and developed specifically for the Chat Application project, including requirements, system architecture, design specifications, and implementation details.
- **Proper Referencing:** External sources referenced within the document, such as industry standards, best practices, and academic research, were properly cited and attributed in accordance with citation guidelines.
- **Limited Similarities:** Minimal similarities were detected in certain sections where common industry terminology, standard practices, or conceptual frameworks were discussed. These instances were either properly cited or represented common knowledge in the field.

4. Ethical Considerations

The development team acknowledges the importance of academic integrity, ethical writing practices, and respecting intellectual property rights. The SRS document's content was created with a focus on originality, critical analysis, and responsible use of external sources.

Github Link:-

Reference :-

1. ChatGpt
2. Google
3. Github
4. Angular

Github Link :- <https://github.com/rjsnhk/INT219-LIVE-CHAT>