Quadrilateral Quality

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(a) Parametric Space $\pmb{\xi}=(\xi,\eta)$

(b) Physical Space $\mathbf{x} = (x, y)$

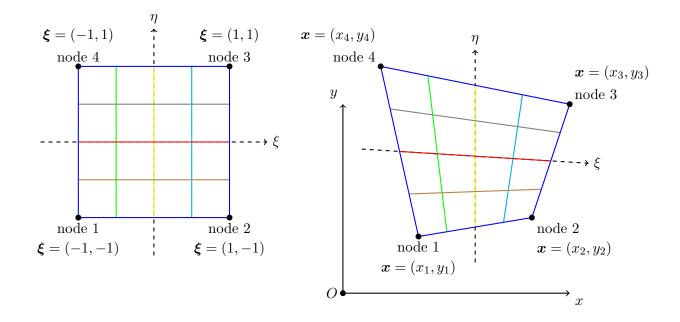


Figure 1: Parametric mapping $\boldsymbol{x} = f(\boldsymbol{\xi})$ from parametric space to physical space.

1 Isoparametric Mapping

Let the parametric mapping $f: \boldsymbol{\xi} \mapsto \boldsymbol{x}$ be defined as

$$x(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{a=1}^{4} N_a(\xi, \eta) x_a,$$
 (1)

$$y(\xi, \eta) = \sum_{a=1}^{4} N_a(\xi, \eta) y_a,$$
 (2)

where a nodal **shape function** is defined for each of the four nodes:

$$N_1(\xi,\eta) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \frac{1}{4}(1-\xi)(1-\eta),\tag{3}$$

$$N_2(\xi, \eta) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \frac{1}{4} (1 + \xi)(1 - \eta),$$
 (4)

$$N_3(\xi,\eta) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \frac{1}{4}(1+\xi)(1+\eta),\tag{5}$$

$$N_4(\xi, \eta) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \frac{1}{4} (1 - \xi)(1 + \eta).$$
 (6)

2 Jacobian

For the quadrilateral element, the Jacobian J is calculated as the partial matrix of derivatives of x = (x, y) with respect to $\xi = (\xi, \eta)$,

$$\boldsymbol{J}(\xi,\eta) \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial \boldsymbol{x}}{\partial \boldsymbol{\xi}} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} x_{,\xi} & x_{,\eta} \\ y_{,\xi} & y_{,\eta} \end{bmatrix}. \tag{7}$$

Substituting $x(\xi, \eta)$ and $y(\xi, \eta)$ with shape function equations (1)-(2) and expanding terms, the Jacobian takes the form

$$\mathbf{J}(\xi,\eta) = \frac{1}{4} \begin{bmatrix} -1+\eta & 1-\eta & 1+\eta & -1-\eta \\ -1+\xi & -1-\xi & 1+\xi & 1-\xi \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & y_1 \\ x_2 & y_2 \\ x_3 & y_3 \\ x_4 & y_4 \end{bmatrix}.$$
(8)

The determinant of the Jacobian, $det(\mathbf{J})$, can be found to be

$$\det(\boldsymbol{J}(\xi,\eta)) = c_0 + c_1 \xi + c_2 \eta, \tag{9}$$

where

$$c_0 = \frac{1}{8} \left[(x_1 - x_3)(y_2 - y_4) - (x_2 - x_4)(y_1 - y_3) \right], \tag{10}$$

$$c_1 = \frac{1}{8} \left[(x_3 - x_4)(y_1 - y_2) - (x_1 - x_2)(y_3 - y_4) \right], \tag{11}$$

$$c_2 = \frac{1}{8} \left[(x_2 - x_3)(y_1 - y_4) - (x_1 - x_4)(y_2 - y_3) \right]. \tag{12}$$

3 Quality

Important Metrics for Quadrilateral Elements¹ follow:

- Aspect ratio: Maximum edge length ratios at the quadrilateral center. Citation: Robinson 1987.²
- Jacobian metric: Minimum pointwise volume of local map at the four corners and center of quadrilateral. Dimension: L^2 . Full range: $(-\infty, \infty)$. Acceptable range: None. Citation: Knupp $2000.^3$
- Scaled Jacobian metric: For a linear element, the minimum Jacobian [at a point] divided by the lengths of the two edge vectors [connecting to that point]. Dimension: L^0 . Full range: [-1.0, 1.0]. Acceptable range [0.5, 1.0]. Citation: Knupp 2000, op. cit..

Following *The Verdict Geometry Quality Library* documentation,⁴ we compute the minimum Jacobian as the minimum of the four Jacobians computed at each vertex:⁵

$$J_{\min} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \min(J_1, J_2, J_3, J_4), \tag{13}$$

and the minimum scaled Jacobian as the minimum of the four Jacobians computed at each vertex divided lengths of the two element edges connected to that vertex⁶

$$\hat{J}_{\min} \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \min \left(\frac{J_1}{e_4 e_1}, \frac{J_2}{e_1 e_2}, \frac{J_3}{e_2 e_3}, \frac{J_4}{e_3 e_4} \right), \tag{14}$$

where the following edge lengths are defined:

$$e_1 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \parallel \boldsymbol{x}_2 - \boldsymbol{x}_1 \parallel, \tag{15}$$

$$e_2 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \parallel x_3 - x_2 \parallel, \tag{16}$$

$$e_3 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \parallel \boldsymbol{x}_4 - \boldsymbol{x}_3 \parallel, \tag{17}$$

$$e_4 \stackrel{\Delta}{=} \parallel x_1 - x_4 \parallel. \tag{18}$$

¹See Cubit or Coreform.

 $^{^2}$ Robinson J. CRE method of element testing and the Jacobian shape parameters. Engineering Computations. 1987 Feb 1.

³Knupp PM. Achieving finite element mesh quality via optimization of the Jacobian matrix norm and associated quantities. Part II—a framework for volume mesh optimization and the condition number of the Jacobian matrix. International Journal for numerical methods in engineering. 2000 Jul 20;48(8):1165-85. OSTI https://www.osti.gov/servlets/purl/5009.

⁴Knupp PM, Ernst CD, Thompson DC, Stimpson CJ, Pebay PP. The verdict geometric quality library. Sandia National Laboratories (SNL), Albuquerque, NM, and Livermore, CA (United States); 2006 Mar 1. OSTI https://www.osti.gov/servlets/purl/901967.

⁵Knupp 2006, op. cit. at 42.

 $^{^6}$ Knupp 2006, op. cit. at 51.