Complete 8086 instruction set

Quick reference:

| | CMPSB | | | | MOV | | |
|-------------|--------------|---------------------------|-------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| <u>AAA</u> | CMPSW | <u>JAE</u> | <u>JNBE</u> | <u>JPO</u> | MOVSB | <u>RCR</u> | SCASB |
| <u>AAD</u> | <u>CWD</u> | <u>JB</u> | <u>JNC</u> | <u>JS</u> | MOVSW | <u>REP</u> | SCASW |
| <u>AAM</u> | DAA | <u>JBE</u> | <u>JNE</u> | \overline{JZ} | <u>MUL</u> | <u>REPE</u> | <u>SHL</u> |
| <u>AAS</u> | <u>DAS</u> | <u>JC</u> | <u>JNG</u> | <u>LAHF</u> | <u>NEG</u> | <u>REPNE</u> | <u>SHR</u> |
| <u>ADC</u> | <u>DEC</u> | <u>JCXZ</u> | <u>JNGE</u> | <u>LDS</u> | NOP | <u>REPNZ</u> | <u>STC</u> |
| <u>ADD</u> | <u>DIV</u> | <u>JE</u> | <u>JNL</u> | <u>LEA</u> | NOT | <u>REPZ</u> | <u>STD</u> |
| <u>AND</u> | <u>HLT</u> | <u>JG</u> | <u>JNLE</u> | <u>LES</u> | <u>OR</u> | <u>RET</u> | <u>STI</u> |
| <u>CALL</u> | <u>IDIV</u> | <u>JGE</u> | <u>JNO</u> | <u>LODSB</u> | <u>OUT</u> | <u>RETF</u> | STOSB |
| CBW | <u>IMUL</u> | $\underline{\mathrm{JL}}$ | <u>JNP</u> | LODSW | <u>POP</u> | <u>ROL</u> | STOSW |
| <u>CLC</u> | <u>IN</u> | <u>JLE</u> | <u>JNS</u> | <u>LOOP</u> | <u>POPA</u> | <u>ROR</u> | <u>SUB</u> |
| <u>CLD</u> | <u>INC</u> | <u>JMP</u> | <u>JNZ</u> | LOOPE | <u>POPF</u> | <u>SAHF</u> | <u>TEST</u> |
| <u>CLI</u> | <u>INT</u> | <u>JNA</u> | <u>JO</u> | LOOPNE | <u>PUSH</u> | <u>SAL</u> | XCHG |
| <u>CMC</u> | <u>INTO</u> | <u>JNAE</u> | <u>JP</u> | LOOPNZ | PUSHA | <u>SAR</u> | XLATB |
| <u>CMP</u> | <u>IRET</u> | <u>JNB</u> | <u>JPE</u> | LOOPZ | PUSHF | <u>SBB</u> | XOR |
| | <u>JA</u> | | | | <u>RCL</u> | | |

Operand types:

REG: AX, BX, CX, DX, AH, AL, BL, BH, CH, CL, DH, DL, DI, SI, BP, SP.

SREG: DS, ES, SS, and only as second operand: CS.

memory: [BX], [BX+SI+7], variable, etc...(see <u>Memory Access</u>).

immediate: 5, -24, 3Fh, 10001101b, etc...

Notes:

• When two operands are required for an instruction they are separated by comma. For example:

REG, memory

• When there are two operands, both operands must have the same size (except shift and rotate instructions). For example:

AL, DL DX, AX m1 DB? AL, m1 m2 DW?

AX, m²

• Some instructions allow several operand combinations. For example:

memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, REG REG, SREG

• Some examples contain macros, so it is advisable to use **Shift + F8** hot key to *Step Over* (to make macro code execute at maximum speed set **step delay** to zero), otherwise emulator will step through each instruction of a macro. Here is an example that uses PRINTN macro:

include 'emu8086.inc'
ORG 100h
MOV AL, 1
MOV BL, 2
PRINTN 'Hello World!' ; macro.
MOV CL, 3
PRINTN 'Welcome!' ; macro.
RET

These marks are used to show the state of the flags:

- **1** instruction sets this flag to **1**.
- $\boldsymbol{0}$ instruction sets this flag to $\boldsymbol{0}.$
- **r** flag value depends on result of the instruction.
- ? flag value is undefined (maybe 1 or 0).

Some instructions generate exactly the same machine code, so disassembler may have a problem decoding to your original code. This is especially important for Conditional Jump instructions (see "Program Flow Control" in Tutorials for more information).

Instructions in alphabetical order:

| Instruction | Operands | Description |
|-------------|-------------|------------------------------|
| AAA | No operands | ASCII Adjust after Addition. |

| /4/2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|---------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| | | Corrects result in AH and AL after addition when working with BCD values. |
| | | It works according to the following Algorithm: |
| | | if low nibble of $AL > 9$ or $AF = 1$ then: |
| | | AL = AL + 6 AH = AH + 1 AF = 1 CF = 1 |
| | | else |
| | | • AF = 0 • CF = 0 |
| | | in both cases: clear the high nibble of AL. |
| | | Example: |
| | | MOV AX, 15 ; AH = 00, AL = 0Fh AAA ; AH = 01, AL = 05 RET |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | ASCII Adjust before Division. Prepares two BCD values for division. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | • AL = (AH * 10) + AL • AH = 0 |
| AAD | No operands | Example: |
| | | MOV AX, 0105h ; AH = 01, AL = 05 AAD ; AH = 00, AL = 0Fh (15) RET |
| | | CZSOPA ?rr?r? |
| | | |
| AAM | No operands | ASCII Adjust after Multiplication. Corrects the result of multiplication of two BCD values. |
| ns://ihwyatt.com/253/emu/ | 8086 instruction set html | |

10/4/2020

8086 instructions Algorithm: • AH = AL / 10• AL = remainder Example: MOV AL, 15; AL = 0Fh AH = 01, AL = 05AAM **RET** |C|Z|S|O|P|A? r r ? r



ASCII Adjust after Subtraction. Corrects result in AH and AL after subtraction when working with BCD values.

Algorithm:

if low nibble of AL > 9 or AF = 1 then:

- AL = AL 6
- AH = AH 1
- $\bullet \quad AF = 1$
- CF = 1

else

- **AAS** No operands
- AF = 0
- CF = 0

in both cases:

clear the high nibble of AL.

Example:

MOV AX, 02FFh; AH = 02, AL = 0FFh

AAS ; AH = 01, AL = 09

RET

| C | \overline{Z} | S | О | P | A |
|---|----------------|---|---|---|---|
| r | ? | ? | ? | ? | r |



ADC

REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate

Add with Carry.

Algorithm:

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|------|---|---|
| | | operand1 = operand1 + operand2 + CF |
| | | Example: |
| | | STC ; set CF = 1 MOV AL, 5 ; AL = 5 ADC AL, 1 ; AL = 7 RET CZSOPA rrrrr |
| | | |
| | | Add. |
| | | Algorithm: operand1 = operand1 + operand2 |
| | REG, memory memory, REG | Example: |
| ADD | REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate | MOV AL, 5 ; AL = 5 ADD AL, -3 ; AL = 2 RET |
| | | |
| | | Logical AND between all bits of two |
| | | operands. Result is stored in operand1. |
| | REG, memory memory, REG | These rules apply: |
| | | 1 AND 1 = 1 1 AND 0 = 0 0 AND 1 = 0 0 AND 0 = 0 |
| AND | REG, REG memory, immediate | Example: |
| | REG, immediate | MOV AL, 'a' ; AL = 01100001b AND AL, 11011111b ; AL = 01000001b ('A') RET |
| | | |
| | | |
| CALL | procedure name | Transfers control to procedure, return |

| Example: ORG 100h ; for COM file. CALL p1 ADD AX, 1 RET ; return to OS. p1 PROC ; procedure declaration. MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. p1 ENDP CZSOPA unchanged Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AX, 0 ; AY = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 00FFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | label 4-byte address | address is (IP) is pushed to stack. <i>4-byte</i> address may be entered in this form: 1234h:5678h, first value is a segment second value is an offset (this is a far call, so CS is also pushed to stack). |
|---|-----|-------------------------|---|
| CALL pl ADD AX, 1 RET ; return to OS. pl PROC ; procedure declaration. MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. pl ENDP CZSOPA Innchanged Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) clse • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AX, 0 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA Innchanged | | | Example: |
| ADD AX, 1 RET ; return to OS. p1 PROC ; procedure declaration. MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. p1 ENDP CZSOPA unchanged Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | ORG 100h; for COM file. |
| RET ; return to OS. p1 PROC ; procedure declaration. MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. p1 ENDP CZSOPA unchanged Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AX, 0 ; AY = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 00FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | CALL p1 |
| PI PROC ; procedure declaration. MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. p1 ENDP CZSOPA unchanged Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | ADD AX, 1 |
| MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. p1 ENDP CZSOPA unchanged Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) clse • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | RET ; return to OS. |
| Convert byte into word. Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 CBW No operands Example: MOV AX, 0; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | MOV AX, 1234h RET ; return to caller. |
| Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | |
| Algorithm: if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | |
| if high bit of AL = 1 then: • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET C Z S O P A unchanged | | | Convert byte into word. |
| • AH = 255 (0FFh) else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | Algorithm: |
| else • AH = 0 Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | if high bit of AL = 1 then: |
| CBW No operands Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | • AH = 255 (0FFh) |
| CBW No operands Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | else |
| Example: MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | • AH = 0 |
| MOV AX, 0 ; AH = 0, AL = 0 MOV AL, -5 ; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW ; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | CBW | No operands | |
| MOV AL, -5; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) RET CZSOPA unchanged | | | |
| unchanged | | | MOV AL, -5; AX = 000FBh (251) CBW; AX = 0FFFBh (-5) |
| | | | |
| CLC No operands Clear Carry flag | | | unchanged |
| CLC No operands Clear Carry flag | | | |
| | CLC | No operands | Clear Carry flag. |

| 202 | 20 | | 8086 instructions |
|-----|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|---|
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | CF = 0 |
| | | | |
| | CLD | No operands | Clear Direction flag. SI and DI will be incremented by chain instructions: CMPSB, CMPSW, LODSB, LODSW, MOVSB, MOVSW, STOSB, STOSW. Algorithm: $DF = 0$ |
| | | | |
| | | | Clear Interrupt enable flag. This disables hardware interrupts. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | CLI | No operands | IF = 0 |
| | | , | |
| | | | |
| | | | Complement Carry flag. Inverts value of CF. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | CMC | No operands | if $CF = 1$ then $CF = 0$ if $CF = 0$ then $CF = 1$ |
| | | | |
| | CMP | REG, memory | Compare. |
| | | memory, REG REG, REG | Algorithm: |
| | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | |

| 4/20 | | memory, immediate REG, immediate | operand1 - operand2 result is not stored anywhere, flags are set (OF, SF, ZF, AF, PF, CF) according to result. Example: MOV AL, 5 MOV BL, 5 CMP AL, BL; AL = 5, ZF = 1 (so equal!) RET CZSOPA rrrrrrr |
|------|-------|----------------------------------|---|
| | CMPSB | No operands | Compare bytes: ES:[DI] from DS:[SI]. Algorithm: • DS:[SI] - ES:[DI] • set flags according to result: OF, SF, ZF, AF, PF, CF • if DF = 0 then |
| | CMPSW | No operands | Compare words: ES:[DI] from DS:[SI]. Algorithm: • DS:[SI] - ES:[DI] • set flags according to result: OF, SF, ZF, AF, PF, CF • if DF = 0 then • SI = SI + 2 • DI = DI + 2 else • SI = SI - 2 |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| | | o DI = DI - 2 |
| | | example: open cmpsw.asm from c:\emu8086\examples |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Convert Word to Double word. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if high bit of $AX = 1$ then: |
| | | • DX = 65535 (0FFFFh) |
| | | else |
| | | • DX = 0 |
| CWD | No operands | Example: |
| | | MOV DX, 0 ; DX = 0 MOV AX, 0 ; AX = 0 MOV AX, -5 ; DX AX = 00000h:0FFFBh CWD ; DX AX = 0FFFFh:0FFFBh RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | |
| DAA | No operands | Decimal adjust After Addition. Corrects the result of addition of two packed BCD values. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if low nibble of $AL > 9$ or $AF = 1$ then: |
| | | • AL = AL + 6 • AF = 1 |
| | | if AL > 9Fh or CF = 1 then: |
| | | • AL = AL + 60h • CF = 1 |
| | | Example: |
| ∷//jbwyatt.com/253/emu/8 | 086 instruction set html | ıı · |

| 020 | | 8086 instructions |
|-----|-------------|--|
| | | MOV AL, 0Fh; AL = 0Fh (15) DAA; AL = 15h RET CZSOPA rrrrrr |
| DAS | No operands | Decimal adjust After Subtraction. Corrects the result of subtraction of two packed BCD values. Algorithm: if low nibble of AL > 9 or AF = 1 then: • AL = AL - 6 • AF = 1 if AL > 9Fh or CF = 1 then: • AL = AL - 60h • CF = 1 Example: MOV AL, 0FFh; AL = 0FFh (-1) DAS; AL = 99h, CF = 1 RET CZSOPA rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr |
| DEC | REG memory | Decrement. Algorithm: operand = operand - 1 Example: MOV AL, 255; AL = 0FFh (255 or -1) DEC AL; AL = 0FEh (254 or -2) RET ZSOPA rrrrr CF - unchanged! |

| 1 | DIV | REG memory | Unsigned divide. Algorithm: when operand is a byte : AL = AX / operand AH = remainder (modulus) when operand is a word : AX = (DX AX) / operand DX = remainder (modulus) Example: MOV AX, 203 ; AX = 00CBh MOV BL, 4 DIV BL ; AL = 50 (32h), AH = 3 RET CZSOPA ?????? |
|---|------|-------------|---|
| | HLT | No operands | Halt the System. Example: MOV AX, 5 HLT CZSOPA unchanged |
| | IDIV | REG memory | Signed divide. Algorithm: when operand is a byte : AL = AX / operand AH = remainder (modulus) when operand is a word : AX = (DX AX) / operand DX = remainder (modulus) Example: MOV AX, -203; AX = 0FF35h MOV BL, 4 IDIV BL ; AL = -50 (0CEh), AH = -3 (0FDh) RET |

| J20 II | 11 | 8086 Instructions |
|-----------|-----------------------|---|
| | | |
| | | Signed multiply. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | when operand is a byte : $AX = AL * operand$. |
| | | when operand is a word : $(DX AX) = AX * operand$. |
| IMUL | REG memory | Example: |
| | | MOV AL, -2 MOV BL, -4 IMUL BL ; AX = 8 RET |
| | | CZSOPA r??r?? CF=OF=0 when result fits into operand of IMUL. |
| | AL, im.byte | Input from port into AL or AX . Second operand is a port number. If required to access port number over 255 - DX register should be used. Example: |
| IN | AL, DX AX, im.byte | IN AX, 4; get status of traffic lights. IN AL, 7; get status of stepper-motor. |
| | AX, DX | CZSOPA |
| | | unchanged |
| INC | REG memory | Increment. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | operand = operand + 1 |
| | | Example: |
| | | MOV AL, 4 INC AL ; AL = 5 RET |

| 020 | | 8086 instructions | |
|------|----------------|--|---|
| | | ZSOPA rrrr CF - unchanged! | 1 |
| INT | immediate byte | Interrupt numbered by immediate byte (0255). Algorithm: Push to stack: | |
| INTO | No operands | Interrupt 4 if Overflow flag is 1. Algorithm: if OF = 1 then INT 4 Example: ; -5 - 127 = -132 (not in -128127) ; the result of SUB is wrong (124), ; so OF = 1 is set: MOV AL, -5 SUB AL, 127 ; AL = 7Ch (124) INTO ; process error. RET | |
| IRET | No operands | Interrupt Return. Algorithm: | |
| | | Pop from stack: | |

| ۷. | 20 | | 8086 instructions |
|------|-----|-------|--|
| | | | ○ IP ○ CS ○ flags register CZSOPA popped |
| | JA | label | Short Jump if first operand is Above second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if (CF = 0) and (ZF = 0) then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 250 CMP AL, 5 JA label1 PRINT 'AL is not above 5' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL is above 5' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| //// | JAE | label | Short Jump if first operand is Above or Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if CF = 0 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 5 CMP AL, 5 JAE label1 PRINT 'AL is not above or equal to 5' JMP exit label1: |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|------|---|---|
| | | PRINT 'AL is above or equal to 5' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| ЈВ | label | Short Jump if first operand is Below second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if CF = 1 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 1 CMP AL, 5 JB label1 PRINT 'AL is not below 5' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL is below 5' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| JBE | label 53/emu/8086 instruction set.html | Short Jump if first operand is Below or Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if CF = 1 or ZF = 1 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 5 CMP AL, 5 JBE label1 PRINT 'AL is not below or equal to 5' JMP exit label1: |

| | | PRINT 'AL is below or equal to 5' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged | |
|------|-------|--|--|
| | | Short Jump if Carry flag is set to 1. Algorithm: if CF = 1 then jump | |
| JC | label | include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 255 ADD AL, 1 JC label1 PRINT 'no carry.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'has carry.' exit: RET | |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged | 1 |
| JCXZ | label | Short Jump if CX register is 0. | |
| | | Algorithm: | |
| | | if $CX = 0$ then jump | |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV CX, 0 JCXZ label1 PRINT 'CX is not zero.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'CX is zero.' exit: RET | |
| | | | Short Jump if Carry flag is set to 1. Algorithm: if CF = 1 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 255 ADD AL, 1 JC label1 PRINT' 'no carry.' JMP exit label1: PRINT' has carry.' exit: RET CZSOP A unchanged JCXZ label Short Jump if CX register is 0. Algorithm: if CX = 0 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV CX, 0 JCXZ label1 PRINT'CX is not zero.' JMP exit label1: PRINT'CX is rot zero.' JMP exit label1: PRINT'CX is zero.' exit: |

| 020 | | 8086 instructions |
|------------------|------------------------------|--|
| | | unchanged |
| | | Short Jump if first operand is Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed/Unsigned. Algorithm: |
| | | if ZF = 1 then jump |
| | | Example: |
| JE | label | include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 5 CMP AL, 5 JE label1 |
| | | PRINT 'AL is not equal to 5.' JMP exit |
| | | label1: PRINT 'AL is equal to 5.' |
| | | exit: RET |
| | | CZSOPA |
| | | unchanged |
| | | |
| JG | label | Short Jump if first operand is Greater then second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if $(ZF = 0)$ and $(SF = OF)$ then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 5 |
| | | CMP AL, -5 JG label1 PRINT 'AL is not greater -5.' |
| | | JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL is greater -5.' |
| | | exit: RET |
| | | CZSOPA |
| bwyatt.com/253/e | mu/8086 instruction set.html | |

|)20 | | 8086 instructions |
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| | | unchanged |
| | | Short Jump if first operand is Greater or Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if SF = OF then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| JGE | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 |
| JGL | | CMP AL, -5 JGE label1 |
| | | PRINT 'AL < -5' |
| | | JMP exit label1: |
| | | PRINT 'AL \geq = -5' |
| | | exit: RET |
| | | |
| | | unchanged |
| | | |
| JL | label | Short Jump if first operand is Less then second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if SF <> OF then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | ORG 100h MOV AL, -2 |
| | | CMP AL, 5 JL label1 |
| | | PRINT'AL>=5.' |
| | | JMP exit label1: |
| | | PRINT 'AL < 5.' exit: |
| | | RET |
| | | |
| bwvatt.com/253/em | u/8086 instruction set.html | |

| 20 | | 8086 instructions |
|------------------|------------------------------|---|
| | | unchanged |
| | | Short Jump if first operand is Less or Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. Algorithm: |
| | | |
| | | if SF \Leftrightarrow OF or ZF = 1 then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h |
| JLE | label | MOV AL, -2 |
| | | CMP AL, 5 JLE label1 |
| | | PRINT 'AL > 5.' JMP exit |
| | | label1: |
| | | PRINT 'AL <= 5.' exit: |
| | | RET |
| | | CZSOPA |
| | | unchanged |
| | | |
| JMP | label 4-byte address | Unconditional Jump. Transfers control to another part of the program. <i>4-byte address</i> may be entered in this form: 1234h:5678h, first value is a segment second value is an offset. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | always jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 5 |
| | | JMP label1 ; jump over 2 lines! PRINT 'Not Jumped!' |
| | | MOV AL, 0 label1: |
| | | PRINT 'Got Here!' RET |
| | | |
| wyatt.com/253/er | mu/8086 instruction set.html | |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|------|-------|---|
| | | C Z S O P A unchanged |
| JNA | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Above second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if CF = 1 or ZF = 1 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 CMP AL, 5 JNA label1 PRINT 'AL is above 5.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL is not above 5.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| JNAE | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Above and Not Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if CF = 1 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 CMP AL, 5 JNAE label1 PRINT 'AL >= 5.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL < 5.' |

| 20 | | 8086 Instructions |
|------|-------|--|
| | | exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| JNB | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Below second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if CF = 0 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 7 CMP AL, 5 JNB label1 PRINT 'AL < 5.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL >= 5.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| JNBE | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Below and Not Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Unsigned. Algorithm: if (CF = 0) and (ZF = 0) then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 7 CMP AL, 5 JNBE label1 PRINT 'AL <= 5.' JMP exit |

| 2020 | | 8086 Instructions |
|------|-------|---|
| | | label1: PRINT 'AL > 5.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | Short Jump if Carry flag is set to 0. Algorithm: |
| JNC | label | if CF = 0 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 ADD AL, 3 JNC label1 PRINT 'has carry.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'no carry.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| JNE | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed/Unsigned. Algorithm: if ZF = 0 then jump Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 CMP AL, 3 JNE label1 PRINT 'AL = 3.' JMP exit |

| 202 | 0 | | 8086 instructions |
|-----|-------|-------|---|
| | | | label1: PRINT 'Al <> 3.' exit: RET |
| | | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | | |
| | | | Short Jump if first operand is Not Greater then second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | if $(ZF = 1)$ and $(SF \Leftrightarrow OF)$ then jump |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | JNG | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 CMP AL, 3 JNG label1 PRINT 'AL > 3.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'Al <= 3.' |
| | | | exit: RET |
| | | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | | |
| | JNGE | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Greater and Not Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | if SF <> OF then jump |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 CMP AL, 3 JNGE label1 |
| | (050/ | | I II |

| 202 | 20 | | 8086 instructions |
|---------------|---------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| | | | PRINT 'AL >= 3.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'Al < 3.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | | Short Jump if first operand is Not Less then second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | if SF = OF then jump |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | JNL | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 CMP AL, -3 JNL label1 PRINT 'AL < -3.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'Al >= -3.' exit: RET |
| | | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | JNLE | label | Short Jump if first operand is Not Less and Not Equal to second operand (as set by CMP instruction). Signed. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | if $(SF = OF)$ and $(ZF = 0)$ then jump |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 2 |
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| 4/202 | 72020 8086 Instructions | | | |
|-------|-------------------------|-------|--|--|
| | | | CMP AL, -3 JNLE label1 PRINT 'AL <= -3.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'Al > -3.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged | |
| | | | Short Jump if Not Overflow. Algorithm: | |
| | | | Algorithm. | |
| | | | if OF = 0 then jump | |
| | | | Example: | |
| | | | ; -5 - 2 = -7 (inside -128127) ; the result of SUB is correct, ; so OF = 0: | |
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' | |
| | JNO | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, -5 SUB AL, 2; AL = 0F9h (-7) JNO label1 PRINT 'overflow!' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'no overflow.' exit: RET | |
| | | | unchanged | |
| | | | | |
| | JNP | label | Short Jump if No Parity (odd). Only 8 low bits of result are checked. Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. | |
| | | | Algorithm: | |
| | | | if PF = 0 then jump | |
| | | | Example: | |
| | l l | ı | | |

| 4/20 | /2U2U 8086 INSTRUCTIONS | | | |
|------|-------------------------|-------|---|--|
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' | |
| | | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 00000111b ; AL = 7 OR AL, 0 ; just set flags. JNP label1 PRINT 'parity even.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'parity odd.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged | |
| | | | Short Jump if Not Signed (if positive). Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. | |
| | | | Algorithm: | |
| | | | if SF = 0 then jump | |
| | | | Example: include 'emu8086.inc' | |
| | JNS | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, 00000111b ; AL = 7 OR AL, 0 ; just set flags. JNS label1 PRINT 'signed.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'not signed.' exit: RET | |
| | | | CZSOPA unchanged | |
| | JNZ | label | Short Jump if Not Zero (not equal). Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. | |
| | | | Algorithm: | |
| | | | if ZF = 0 then jump | |
| | | ' | " | |

| | | Example: |
|----|-------|--|
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 00000111b ; AL = 7 OR AL, 0 ; just set flags. JNZ label1 PRINT 'zero.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'not zero.' exit: RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | Short Jump if Overflow. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if OF = 1 then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | ; -5 - 127 = -132 (not in -128127) ; the result of SUB is wrong (124), ; so OF = 1 is set: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| JO | label | org 100h MOV AL, -5 SUB AL, 127; AL = 7Ch (124) JO label1 PRINT 'no overflow.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'overflow!' exit: RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| JP | label | Short Jump if Parity (even). Only 8 low bits of result are checked. Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|-------|-------|--|
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | if PF = 1 then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 00000101b ; AL = 5 OR AL, 0 ; just set flags. JP label1 PRINT 'parity odd.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'parity even.' exit: RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | Short Jump if Parity Even. Only 8 low bits of result are checked. Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. Algorithm: |
| | | if PF = 1 then jump |
| | | Example: |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| JPE 1 | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, 00000101b ; AL = 5 OR AL, 0 ; just set flags. JPE label1 PRINT 'parity odd.' JMP exit |
| | | label1: PRINT 'parity even.' exit: RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | |
| JPO | label | Short Jump if Parity Odd. Only 8 low bits of result are checked. Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, |

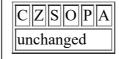
| | | TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. | |
|----|-------|---|----|
| | | Algorithm: | |
| | | if PF = 0 then jump | |
| | | Example: | |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' | |
| | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 00000111b; AL = 7 OR AL, 0; just set flags. JPO label1 PRINT 'parity even.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'parity odd.' exit: RET | |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged | 1 |
| | | Short Jump if Signed (if negative). Set CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. | by |
| | | Algorithm: | |
| | | if SF = 1 then jump | |
| | | Example: | |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' | |
| JS | label | ORG 100h MOV AL, 10000000b; AL = -128 OR AL, 0; just set flags. JS label1 PRINT 'not signed.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'signed.' exit: RET | |

| 1 /202 | 20 | | 8086 Instructions |
|-------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|---|
| | JZ | label | Short Jump if Zero (equal). Set by CMP, SUB, ADD, TEST, AND, OR, XOR instructions. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | if ZF = 1 then jump |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | | ORG 100h MOV AL, 5 CMP AL, 5 JZ label1 PRINT 'AL is not equal to 5.' JMP exit label1: PRINT 'AL is equal to 5.' exit: RET |
| | | | unchanged |
| | | | |
| | | | Load AH from 8 low bits of Flags register. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | AH = flags register |
| | LAHF | No operands | AH bit: 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 [SF] [ZF] [0] [AF] [0] [PF] [1] [CF] |
| | | | bits 1, 3, 5 are reserved. |
| | | | CZSOPA |
| | | | unchanged |
| | | | |
| | LDS | REG, memory | Load memory double word into word register and DS. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | REG = first word DS = second word |
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| 5 //ir | wyau com/zb3/emu/80 | oo Jusiiliciion sei nimi | |

| | | | Example: |
|-----|-----|-------------|--|
| | | | ORG 100h |
| | | | LDS AX, m |
| | | | RET |
| | | | m DW 1234h DW 5678h |
| | | | END |
| | | | AX is set to 1234h, DS is set to 5678h. |
| | | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | | <u>unenanged</u> |
| | LEA | REG, memory | Load Effective Address. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | • REG = address of memory (offset) |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | MOV BX, 35h MOV DI, 12h LEA SI, [BX+DI] ; SI = 35h + 12h = 47h |
| - 1 | | | |

Note: The integrated 8086 assembler automatically replaces **LEA** with a more efficient **MOV** where possible. For example:

```
\begin{array}{ll} \text{org 100h} \\ \text{LEA AX}, \, m & ; \, \text{AX} = \text{offset of m} \\ \text{RET} \\ \text{m dw 1234h} \\ \text{END} \end{array}
```





| <u> </u> | | |
|----------|-------------|---|
| LES | REG, memory | Load memory double word into word register and ES. Algorithm: REG = first word ES = second word Example: ORG 100h LES AX, m RET M DW 1234h DW 5678h END AX is set to 1234h, ES is set to 5678h. CZSOPA unchanged |
| LODSB | No operands | Load byte at DS:[SI] into AL. Update SI. Algorithm: • AL = DS:[SI] • if DF = 0 then • SI = SI + 1 else • SI = SI - 1 Example: ORG 100h LEA SI, a1 MOV CX, 5 MOV AH, 0Eh m: LODSB INT 10h LOOP m |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|-------|-------------|--|
| | | RET al DB 'H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o' CZSOPA unchanged |
| LODSW | No operands | Load word at DS:[SI] into AX. Update SI. Algorithm: • AX = DS:[SI] • if DF = 0 then • SI = SI + 2 else • SI = SI - 2 Example: ORG 100h LEA SI, al MOV CX, 5 REP LODSW ; finally there will be 555h in AX. RET al dw 111h, 222h, 333h, 444h, 555h CZSOPA unchanged |
| LOOP | label | Decrease CX, jump to label if CX not zero. Algorithm: • CX = CX - 1 • if CX <> 0 then • jump else • no jump, continue Example: include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|--------------------|----------------------------|--|
| | | MOV CX, 5 label1: PRINTN 'loop!' LOOP label1 RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | Decrease CX, jump to label if CX not zero and Equal (ZF = 1). |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | CX = CX - 1 if (CX <> 0) and (ZF = 1) then jump else no jump, continue |
| | | Example: |
| LOOPE | label | ; Loop until result fits into AL alone, ; or 5 times. The result will be over 255 ; on third loop (100+100+100), ; so loop will exit. |
| | | include 'emu8086.inc' |
| | | ORG 100h MOV AX, 0 MOV CX, 5 label1: PUTC '*' ADD AX, 100 CMP AH, 0 LOOPE label1 RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | |
| LOOPNE | label | Decrease CX, jump to label if CX not zero and Not Equal (ZF = 0). |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | CX = CX - 1 if (CX <> 0) and (ZF = 0) then jump |
| ιρωγαπ.com/253/emu | /8086 instruction set.html | |

else o no jump, continue Example: ; Loop until '7' is found, ; or 5 times. include 'emu8086.inc' ORG 100h MOV SI, 0 MOV CX, 5 label1: PUTC '*' MOV AL, v1[SI] INC SI ; next byte (SI=SI+1). CMP AL, 7 LOOPNE label1 RET v1 db 9, 8, 7, 6, 5 CZSOPA unchanged **LOOPNZ** label Decrease CX, jump to label if CX not zero

and ZF = 0.

Algorithm:

- $\bullet \quad \mathbf{CX} = \mathbf{CX} 1$
- if (CX <> 0) and (ZF = 0) then
 - jump
 - else
 - o no jump, continue

Example:

- ; Loop until '7' is found,
- ; or 5 times.

include 'emu8086.inc'

ORG 100h

MOV SI, 0

MOV CX, 5

label1:

PUTC '*'

MOV AL, v1[SI]

INC SI ; next byte (SI=SI+1).

CMP AL, 7

LOOPNZ label1

RET

v1 db 9, 8, 7, 6, 5





| | Decrease CX, jump to label if CX not zero and $ZF = 1$. |
|--|--|
| | Algorithm: |

- CX = CX 1
- if (CX <> 0) and (ZF = 1) thenjumpelse
 - o no jump, continue

Example:

; Loop until result fits into AL alone, ; or 5 times. The result will be over 255 ; on third loop (100+100+100), ; so loop will exit.

include 'emu8086.inc'

MOV AX, 0 MOV CX, 5 label1: PUTC '*' ADD AX, 100 CMP AH, 0 LOOPZ label1 RET

ORG 100h





MOV

REG, memory
memory, REG
REG, REG
memory, immediate
REG, immediate

label

LOOPZ

SREG, memory memory, SREG REG, SREG SREG, REG Copy operand2 to operand1.

The MOV instruction <u>cannot</u>:

- set the value of the CS and IP registers.
- copy value of one segment register to another segment register (should copy to general register first).
- copy immediate value to segment register (should copy to general register first).

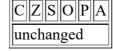
Algorithm: operand1 = operand2Example: **ORG** 100h MOV AX, 0B800h; set AX = B800h (VGA memory). MOV DS, AX ; copy value of AX to DS. MOV CL, 'A' ; CL = 41h (ASCII code). MOV CH, 01011111b; CL = color attribute. BX = position on screen.MOV BX, 15Eh ; w.[0B800h:015Eh] = CX. MOV [BX], CX **RET** ; returns to operating system. unchanged **MOVSB** No operands Copy byte at DS:[SI] to ES:[DI]. Update SI and DI. Algorithm: • ES:[DI] = DS:[SI] • if DF = 0 then $\circ SI = SI + 1$ • DI = DI + 1else \circ SI = SI - 1 \circ DI = DI - 1 Example:

ORG 100h

CLD LEA SI, a1 LEA DI, a2 MOV CX, 5 REP MOVSB

RET

a1 DB 1,2,3,4,5 a2 DB 5 DUP(0)





| | II | |
|-------|---------------|---|
| | | Copy word at DS:[SI] to ES:[DI]. Update SI and DI. Algorithm: |
| | | • ES:[DI] = DS:[SI] • if DF = 0 then • SI = SI + 2 • DI = DI + 2 else • SI = SI - 2 • DI = DI - 2 |
| MOVSW | No operands | Example: ORG 100h |
| | nto operanas | CLD LEA SI, a1 LEA DI, a2 MOV CX, 5 REP MOVSW |
| | | RET |
| | | a1 DW 1,2,3,4,5 a2 DW 5 DUP(0) |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | |
| MUL | REG memory | Unsigned multiply. Algorithm: |
| | | when operand is a byte : AX = AL * operand. |
| | | when operand is a word : $(DX AX) = AX * operand.$ |
| | | Example: |
| | | MOV AL, 200 ; AL = 0C8h MOV BL, 4 MUL BL ; AX = 0320h (800) RET |
| | | CZSOPA |

| 0 | | 8086 instructions |
|-----|-------------|--|
| | | CF=OF=0 when high section of the result is zero. |
| | | Negate. Makes operand negative (two's complement). |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | Invert all bits of the operandAdd 1 to inverted operand |
| NEG | REG | Example: |
| | memory | MOV AL, 5 ; AL = 05h NEG AL ; AL = 0FBh (-5) NEG AL ; AL = 05h (5) RET |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | No Operation. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | Do nothing |
| | | Example: |
| NOP | No operands | ; do nothing, 3 times: |
| | | NOP NOP |
| | | RET |
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| | | <u>unichanged</u> |
| NOT | REG | Invert each bit of the operand. |
| | memory | Algorithm: |
| | | if bit is 1 turn it to 0. if bit is 0 turn it to 1. |
| | | Example: |
| | | MOV AL, 00011011b NOT AL ; AL = 11100100b |

| 0 | | 8086 instructions |
|-----|---|---|
| | | CZSOPA unchanged |
| OR | REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate | Logical OR between all bits of two operands. Result is stored in first operand. These rules apply: 1 OR 1 = 1 1 OR 0 = 1 0 OR 1 = 1 0 OR 0 = 0 Example: MOV AL, 'A' ; AL = 01000001b OR AL, 001000000b ; AL = 01100001b ('a') RET CZSOPA Or r Or ? |
| OUT | im.byte, AL im.byte, AX DX, AL DX, AX | Output from AL or AX to port. First operand is a port number. If required to access port number over 255 - DX register should be used. Example: MOV AX, 0FFFh; Turn on all OUT 4, AX; traffic lights. MOV AL, 100b; Turn on the third OUT 7, AL; magnet of the stepper-motor. CZSOPA unchanged |
| POP | REG SREG memory | Get 16 bit value from the stack. Algorithm: • operand = SS:[SP] (top of the stack) • SP = SP + 2 |

| /2020 | | 8086 Instructions |
|-------|-------------|--|
| | | Example: MOV AX, 1234h PUSH AX POP DX ; DX = 1234h RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| POPA | No operands | Pop all general purpose registers DI, SI, BP, SP, BX, DX, CX, AX from the stack. SP value is ignored, it is Popped but not set to SP register). Note: this instruction works only on 80186 CPU and later! Algorithm: POP DI POP SI POP BP POP XX (SP value ignored) POP BX POP DX POP CX POP AX CZSOPA unchanged |
| POPF | No operands | Get flags register from the stack. Algorithm: • flags = SS:[SP] (top of the stack) • SP = SP + 2 CZSOPA popped |
| PUSH | REG SREG | Store 16 bit value in the stack. Note: PUSH immediate works only on |

| /4/2020 | | | 8086 Instructions |
|---------|------|---------------------|---|
| | | memory immediate | 80186 CPU and later! |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | SP = SP - 2 SS:[SP] (top of the stack) = operand |
| | | | Example: MOV AX, 1234h PUSH AX POP DX ; DX = 1234h RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| P | USHA | No operands | Push all general purpose registers AX, CX, DX, BX, SP, BP, SI, DI in the stack. Original value of SP register (before PUSHA) is used. Note: this instruction works only on 80186 CPU and later! Algorithm: PUSH AX PUSH CX PUSH DX PUSH BX PUSH BB PUSH BP PUSH BP PUSH BI PUSH DI CZSOPA unchanged |
| P | USHF | No operands | Store flags register in the stack. Algorithm: |
| | | | • SP = SP - 2 • SS:[SP] (top of the stack) = flags |

|) | | 8086 instructions |
|-----|--|--|
| | | unchanged |
| RCL | memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, CL REG, CL | Rotate operand1 left through Carry Flag. The number of rotates is set by operand2. When immediate is greater then 1, assembler generates several RCL xx , 1 instructions because 8086 has machine code only for this instruction (the same principle works for all other shift/rotate instructions). Algorithm: shift all bits left, the bit that goes off is set to CF and previous value of CF is inserted to the rightmost position. |
| | | Example: STC ; set carry (CF=1). MOV AL, 1Ch ; AL = 00011100b RCL AL, 1 ; AL = 00111001b, CF=0. |
| | | RET CO r OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |
| RCR | memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, CL REG, CL | Rotate operand1 right through Carry Flag. The number of rotates is set by operand2. Algorithm: |
| | | shift all bits right, the bit that goes off is set to CF and previous value of CF is inserted to the leftmost position. |
| | | Example: STC ; set carry (CF=1). MOV AL, 1Ch ; AL = 00011100b RCR AL, 1 ; AL = 10001110b, CF=0. RET |
| | | CO r r OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |

| REP | chain instruction | Repeat following MOVSB, MOVSW, LODSB, LODSW, STOSB, STOSW instructions CX times. Algorithm: check_cx: if CX <> 0 then do following chain instruction CX = CX - 1 go back to check_cx else exit from REP cycle |
|-------|-------------------|--|
| | | |
| REPE | chain instruction | Repeat following CMPSB, CMPSW, SCASB, SCASW instructions while ZF = 1 (result is Equal), maximum CX times. Algorithm: check_cx: if CX <> 0 then • do following chain instruction • CX = CX - 1 • if ZF = 1 then: |
| REPNE | chain instruction | Repeat following CMPSB, CMPSW, SCASB, SCASW instructions while ZF = 0 (result is |

| 120 | П | 8086 Instructions |
|-------|-------------------|---|
| | | Not Equal), maximum CX times. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | check_cx: |
| | | \parallel if CX \Leftrightarrow 0 then |
| | | • do following chain instruction • CX = CX - 1 • if ZF = 0 then: • go back to check_cx else • exit from REPNE cycle else • exit from REPNE cycle |
| REPNZ | chain instruction | Repeat following CMPSB, CMPSW, SCASB, SCASW instructions while ZF = 0 (result is Not Zero), maximum CX times. Algorithm: check_cx: if CX <> 0 then • do following chain instruction • CX = CX - 1 • if ZF = 0 then: |
| REPZ | chain instruction | Repeat following CMPSB, CMPSW, SCASB, SCASW instructions while ZF = 1 (result is Zero), maximum CX times. Algorithm: |

| | II. | II |
|------|-------------------------------------|--|
| | | check_cx: if CX <> 0 then • do following chain instruction • CX = CX - 1 • if ZF = 1 then: • go back to check_cx else • exit from REPZ cycle else • exit from REPZ cycle |
| RET | No operands or even immediate | Return from near procedure. Algorithm: Pop from stack: IP if immediate operand is present: SP = SP + operand Example: ORG 100h; for COM file. CALL p1 ADD AX, 1 RET; return to OS. p1 PROC; procedure declaration. MOV AX, 1234h RET; return to caller. p1 ENDP CZSOPA unchanged |
| RETF | No operands or even immediate | Return from Far procedure. Algorithm: |

| 2020 | | 8086 instructions |
|------|--|---|
| | | Pop from stack: IP CS if immediate operand is present: SP = SP + operand CZSOPA unchanged |
| ROL | memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, CL REG, CL | Rotate operand1 left. The number of rotates is set by operand2. Algorithm: shift all bits left, the bit that goes off is set to CF and the same bit is inserted to the right-most position. Example: MOV AL, 1Ch ; AL = 00011100b ROL AL, 1 ; AL = 00111000b, CF=0. RET CO F OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |
| ROR | memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, CL REG, CL | Rotate operand1 right. The number of rotates is set by operand2. Algorithm: shift all bits right, the bit that goes off is set to CF and the same bit is inserted to the left-most position. Example: MOV AL, 1Ch ; AL = 00011100b ROR AL, 1 ; AL = 00001110b, CF=0. RET CO r r OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |
| SAHF | No operands | Store AH register into low 8 bits of Flags register. |

| | II I | 1 |
|-----|--|--|
| | | Algorithm: |
| | | flags register = AH |
| | | AH bit: 7 6 5 4 3 2 1 0 [SF] [ZF] [0] [AF] [0] [PF] [1] [CF] |
| | | bits 1, 3, 5 are reserved. |
| | | |
| | | |
| | | Shift Arithmetic operand1 Left. The number of shifts is set by operand2. |
| | | Algorithm: |
| | memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, CL REG, CL | Shift all bits left, the bit that goes off is set to CF. Zero bit is inserted to the right-most position. |
| SAL | | Example: |
| | | MOV AL, 0E0h ; AL = 11100000b SAL AL, 1 ; AL = 11000000b, CF=1. RET |
| | | |
| | | OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |
| SAR | memory, immediate REG, immediate | Shift Arithmetic operand1 Right. The number of shifts is set by operand2. |
| | memory, CL REG, CL | Algorithm: |
| | | Shift all bits right, the bit that goes off is set to CF. The sign bit that is inserted to the left-most position has the same value as before shift. |
| | | Example: |
| | | MOV AL, 0E0h ; AL = 11100000b SAR AL, 1 ; AL = 11110000b, CF=0. |
| | | MOV BL, 4Ch ; BL = 01001100b SAR BL, 1 ; BL = 00100110b, CF=0. |

| .020 .II | 1 | I | П |
|-------------|---|---|---|
| | | RET CO r OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. | 1 |
| SBB | REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate | Subtract with Borrow. Algorithm: operand1 = operand1 - operand2 - CF Example: STC MOV AL, 5 SBB AL, 3 ; AL = 5 - 3 - 1 = 1 RET CZSOPA r r r r r | |
| SCASB | No operands | Compare bytes: AL from ES:[DI]. Algorithm: • AL - ES:[DI] • set flags according to result: OF, SF, ZF, AF, PF, CF • if DF = 0 then • DI = DI + 1 else • DI = DI - 1 | |
| SCASW | No operands | Compare words: AX from ES:[DI]. Algorithm: • AX - ES:[DI] • set flags according to result: OF, SF, ZF, AF, PF, CF • if DF = 0 then | |

| 20 | 2U | | 8080 Instructions |
|----|-----|--|--|
| | | | o DI = DI + 2 else o DI = DI - 2 |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| | | memory, immediate | Shift operand1 Left. The number of shifts is set by operand2. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | | | Shift all bits left, the bit that goes off is set to CF. Zero bit is inserted to the right-most position. |
| | SHL | REG, immediate | Example: |
| | SHL | memory, CL REG, CL memory, immediate REG, immediate memory, CL REG, CL | MOV AL, 11100000b SHL AL, 1; AL = 11000000b, CF=1. |
| | | | RET |
| | | | CO r r OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |
| | | | Shift operand1 Right. The number of shifts is set by operand2. |
| | SHR | | Algorithm: |
| | | | Shift all bits right, the bit that goes off is set to CF. Zero bit is inserted to the left-most position. |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | MOV AL, 00000111b SHR AL, 1; AL = 00000011b, CF=1. |
| | | | RET |
| | | | CO r r OF=0 if first operand keeps original sign. |
| | STC | No operands | Set Carry flag. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | · | | |

| | 8086 instructions |
|-------------|--|
| | CF = 1 |
| | |
| | |
| No operands | Set Direction flag. SI and DI will be decremented by chain instructions: CMPSB, CMPSW, LODSB, LODSW, MOVSB, MOVSW, STOSB, STOSW. |
| | Algorithm: |
| | DF = 1 |
| | D |
| | |
| | |
| | Set Interrupt enable flag. This enables hardware interrupts. |
| | Algorithm: |
| No operands | IF = 1 |
| | |
| | |
| | |
| No operands | Store byte in AL into ES:[DI]. Update DI. |
| | Algorithm: |
| | ES:[DI] = AL if DF = 0 then DI = DI + 1 else DI = DI - 1 |
| | Example: |
| | |
| | ORG 100h |
| | lo operands |

| 202 | | | 8080 Instructions |
|-----|--|--------------------------------|--|
| | | | REP STOSB |
| | | | RET |
| | | | a1 DB 5 dup(0) |
| | | | CZSOPA |
| | | | unchanged |
| | | | |
| | | | Store word in AX into ES:[DI]. Update DI. |
| | | | Algorithm: |
| | STOSW | No operands | ES:[DI] = AX if DF = 0 then DI = DI + 2 else DI = DI - 2 |
| | | | ORG 100h LEA DI, a1 |
| | | | MOV AX, 1234h MOV CX, 5 |
| | | | REP STOSW |
| | | | RET |
| | | | a1 DW 5 dup(0) |
| | | | CZSOPA |
| | | | unchanged |
| | | | |
| | SUB REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate | | Subtract. |
| | | REG, REG | Algorithm: |
| | | operand1 = operand1 - operand2 | |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | MOV AL, 5 SUB AL, 1 ; AL = 4 |
| | | | RET |
| | | | |

| 020 | | 8086 instructions |
|-------|---|--|
| | | |
| TEST | REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate | Logical AND between all bits of two operands for flags only. These flags are effected: ZF, SF, PF. Result is not stored anywhere. These rules apply: 1 AND 1 = 1 1 AND 0 = 0 0 AND 1 = 0 0 AND 0 = 0 Example: MOV AL, 00000101b TEST AL, 1 ; ZF = 0. TEST AL, 10b ; ZF = 1. |
| | | RET CZSOP Orror |
| XCHG | REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG | Exchange values of two operands. Algorithm: operand1 <-> operand2 Example: MOV AL, 5 MOV AH, 2 XCHG AL, AH; AL = 2, AH = 5 |
| | | XCHG AL, AH; AL = 5, AH = 2 RET CZSOPA unchanged |
| XLATB | No operands | Translate byte from table. Copy value of memory byte at DS:[BX + unsigned AL] to AL register. |
| | | Algorithm: |

| 4/20 | 20 | | 8086 instructions |
|------|-----|---|---|
| | | | AL = DS:[BX + unsigned AL] Example: |
| | | | ORG 100h LEA BX, dat MOV AL, 2 XLATB ; AL = 33h RET dat DB 11h, 22h, 33h, 44h, 55h CZSOPA |
| | | | unchanged |
| | XOR | REG, memory memory, REG REG, REG memory, immediate REG, immediate | Logical XOR (Exclusive OR) between all bits of two operands. Result is stored in first operand. |
| | | | These rules apply: |
| | | | 1 XOR 1 = 0 1 XOR 0 = 1 0 XOR 1 = 1 0 XOR 0 = 0 |
| | | | Example: |
| | | | MOV AL, 00000111b XOR AL, 00000010b ; AL = 00000101b RET |
| | | | |

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