Experiment 04 - Cloud Computing

December 14, 2022

Aim

To understand networking components (VPC, Internet Gateway, Subnet and Route Tables) in AWS Cloud and implement Peering connection between VPC of two different regions.

Theory

- **VPC**: A virtual private cloud is an on-demand configurable pool of shared resources allocated within a public cloud environment, providing a certain level of isolation between the different organizations using the resources.
- **Subnet**: A subnetwork or subnet is a logical subdivision of an IP network. The practice of dividing a network into two or more networks is called subnetting.
- Route Table: A routing table, or routing information base, is a data table stored in a router or a network host that lists the routes to particular network destinations, and in some cases, metrics associated with those routes.
- Internet Gateway: An internet gateway is a horizontally scaled, redundant, and highly available VPC component that allows communication between your VPC and the internet. It supports IPv4 and IPv6 traffic. It does not cause availability risks or bandwidth constraints on your network traffic.
- **VPC Peering**: A VPC peering connection is a networking connection between two VPCs that enables you to route traffic between them using private IPv4 addresses or IPv6 addresses. Instances in either VPC can communicate with each other as if they are within the same network. The VPCs can be in different Regions (also known as an inter-Region VPC peering connection).

Results

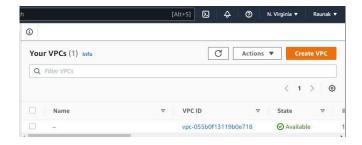


Figure 1: Start by creating a VPC in VPC section of AWS

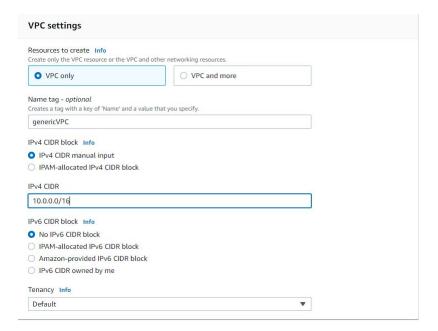


Figure 2: Name the VPC and select the CIDR as 10.0.0.0/16

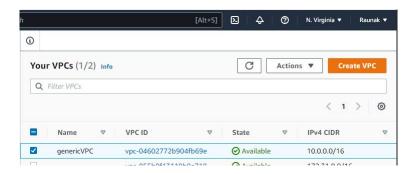


Figure 3: Successful creation of VPC under the name of generic VPC

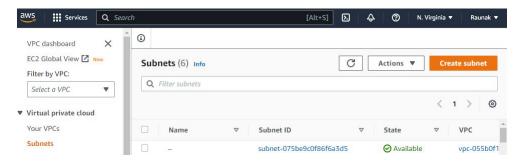


Figure 4: Select the create subnet option from Subnets situated in VPC section

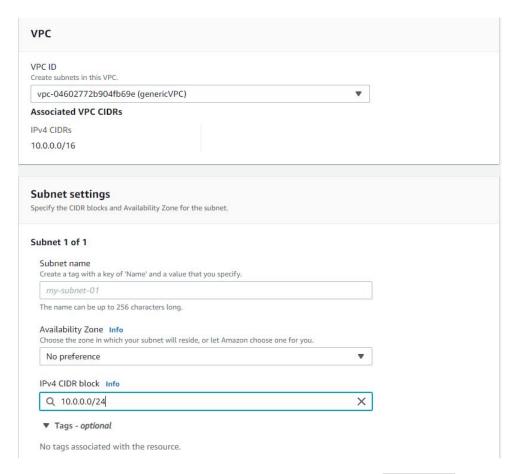


Figure 5: Select the created VPC and give CIDR block as 10.0.0.0/24

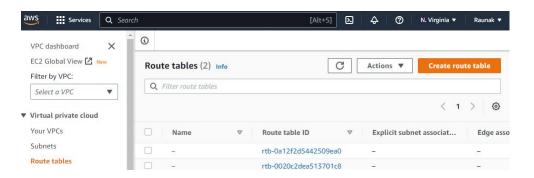


Figure 6: Go to Route Tables section from VPC main section and create a route table

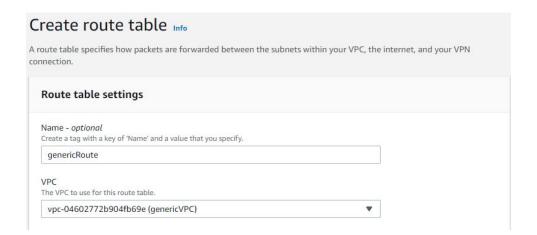


Figure 7: Name the route table and select the VPC that was created



Figure 8: Create an Internet Gateway from section of internet gateway under the VPC main section



Figure 9: Name the internet gateway whatever you wish

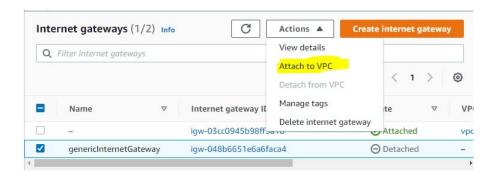


Figure 10: Attach the created internet gateway to VPC



Figure 11: Select the genericVPC which was created earlier and attach for completing the process

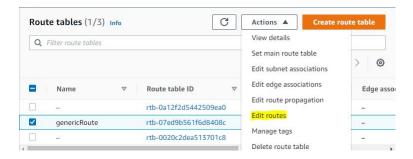


Figure 12: Edit the created route from route table section

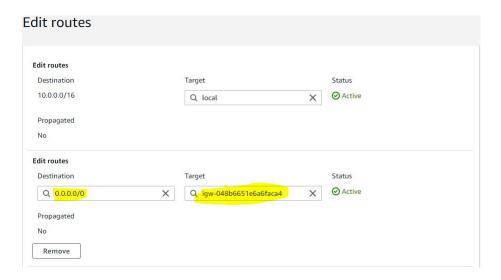


Figure 13: Add the internet gateway that was created after attaching to VPC

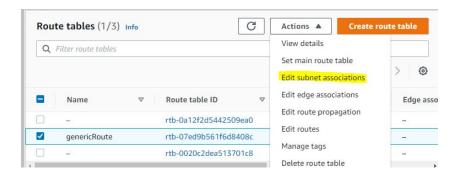


Figure 14: Edit the subnet associations of the created route

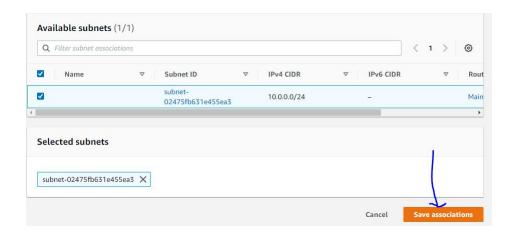


Figure 15: After selecting the created subnet save the association

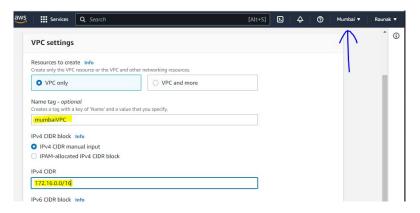


Figure 16: Create another VPC in different region and name it along with CIDR of 172.16.0.0/16. The region that I used for this experiment is Mumbai Asia

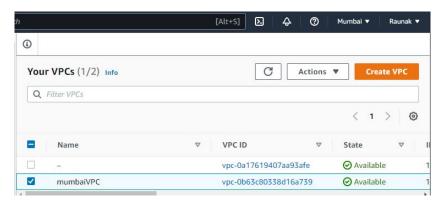


Figure 17: Successful creation of VPC in another region

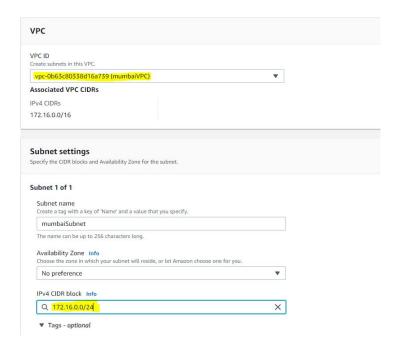


Figure 18: Create a subnet similarly for another region VPC and give the CIDR block as 172.16.0.0/24. The selected VPC should be VPC from same region as Mumbai is for my experiment

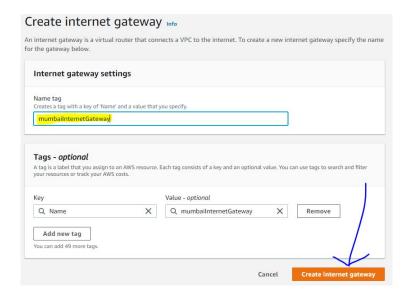


Figure 19: Create an internet gateway similarly in respective region

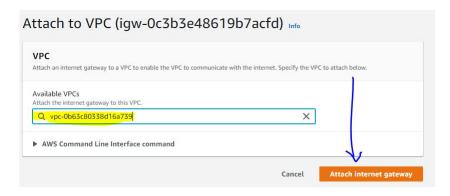


Figure 20: Attach the internet gateway to VPC created in same region



Figure 21: Route the table with its creation and attaching to respective region VPC

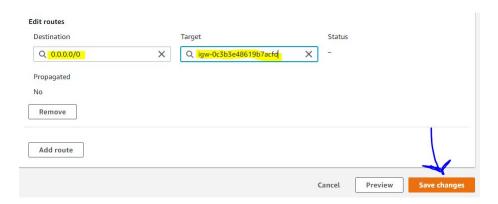


Figure 22: Add the internet gateway to designation route table of respective region

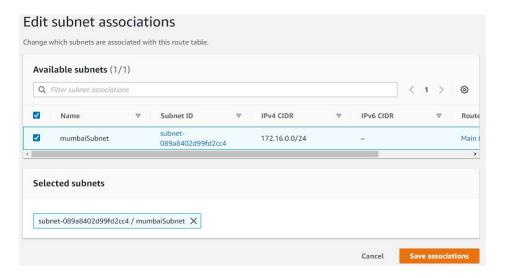


Figure 23: Associate the respective region subnet for the route table



Figure 24: Create an Instance in first region

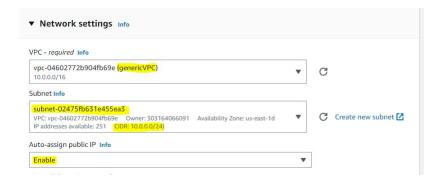


Figure 25: Select the VPC and subnet created earlier in Network settings. Also enable the auto-assign public IP $\,$

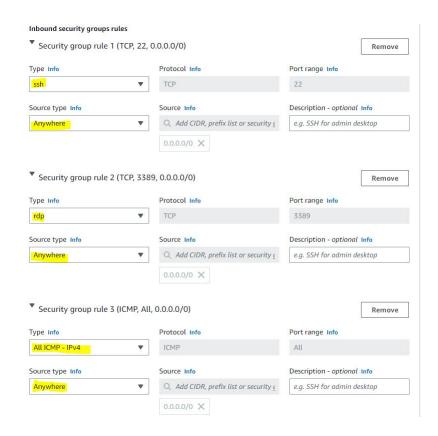


Figure 26: Add security groups for SSH, RDP, ICMP with $\ensuremath{\textit{Anywhere}}$ as a source type



Figure 27: Create one more instance in new region where another VPC was created

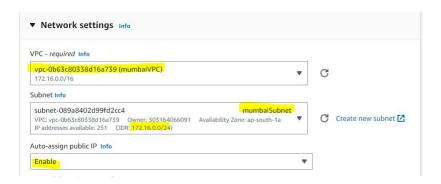


Figure 28: Provide the network settings with created region VPC and subnet along with enabling the auto-assign public IP feature

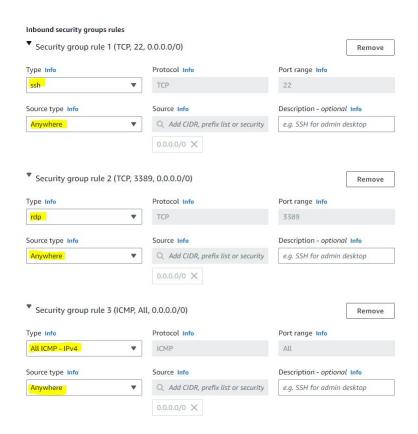


Figure 29: Provide the security groups for SSH, RDP and ICMP with Anywhere as the source type



Figure 30: Copy the private IP and VPC ID for the instance



Figure 31: Copy the private IP and VPC ID for the instance of other region too



Figure 32: Select peering connections service and create a peering connection

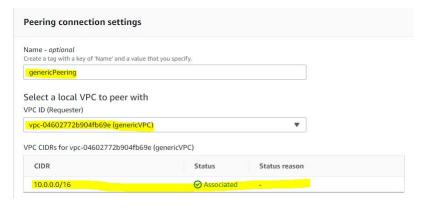


Figure 33: Mention the name of peering along with the VPC ID of the region in which the peering connection is made. In my case the copied Virginia VPC ID will be pasted because the peering connection is being made in Virginia itself

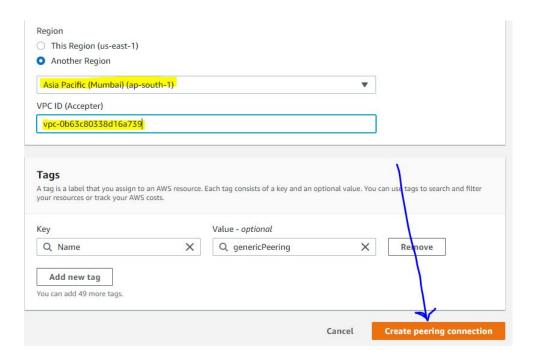


Figure 34: Mention the copied VPC of other region. In this example I created peering in Virginia and connecting it to Mumbai. So use the VPC ID of Mumbai region Instance $\frac{1}{2}$

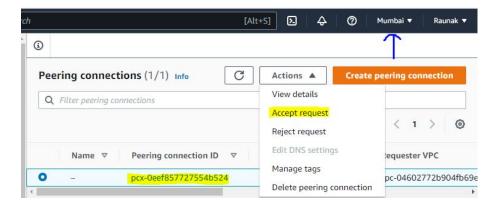


Figure 35: Head to another region and accept the peering connection request

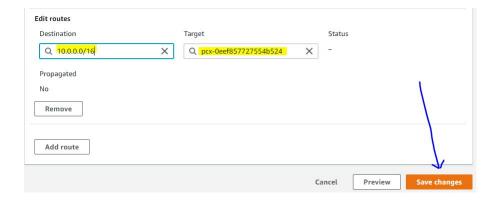


Figure 36: Edit the routes for peering connection in route table of respective region

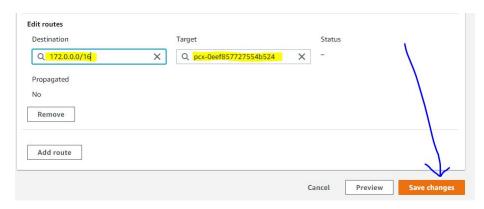


Figure 37: Edit the routes for peering connection in route table of respective region

Figure 38: Connect the instance and ping the other instance

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Figure 39: Connect the instance and ping the other instance

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Microsoft Windows [Version 10.0.19044.2364]
(c) Microsoft Corporation. All rights reserved.

C:\Users\Admin>ping 10.0.0.212

Pinging 10.0.0.212 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 10.0.0.212:
Packets: Sent = 1, Received = 0, Lost = 1 (100% loss),
Control-C
C:\Users\Admin>ping 172.16.0.197

Pinging 172.16.0.197 with 32 bytes of data:
Request timed out.

Ping statistics for 172.16.0.197:
Packets: Sent = 1, Received = 0, Lost = 1 (100% loss),
Control-C
CC
C:\Users\Admin>
```

Figure 40: To prove the connection is laid over a private network I even try pinging it through personalized system which in turns to be effectively working

Conclusion

This experiment is successful demonstration of creating 2 VPC in different regions along with instances and try to establish a private connection between the two. The premise of experiment touches upon many networking concepts engulfed in the cloud ecosystem that provides an implementation inclination through the provess of AWS flawlessly. The concepts covered which were shown as services were Subnet, Route Tables, Internet Gateway and Peering Connections respectively. The execution of successful experiment was done and result section does suffice it in a seamless manner.