1. Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious is a very normal word with many uses!

As Mary Poppins also said, we could say it backwards 'Dociousaliexpiesticfragicalirupes'



But something seems a little off with her spelling of this word.

What should Supercalifragilistic expialidocious backwards ACTUALLY look like?

- a. "Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious" is "suoicodilaipxecitsiligarfilacrepuS".
- 2. In Supercalifragilistic expialidocious, there are a large number of vowels. What INDEX VALUES are all of the vowels at? What about the backwards word?
  - a. Index values of the vowels in "Supercalifragilisticexpialidocious":
    - i. a: 6, 11
    - ii. e: 3, 20
    - iii. i: 8, 13, 15, 18, 23, 27
    - iv. o: 25, 28
    - v. u: 1, 29
  - b. Index values of the vowels in "suoicodilaipxecitsiligarfilacrepuS"
    - i. a: 9,18, 20,22,27
    - ii. E: 13, 30,
    - iii. I: 3, 7, 10, 15 ,18 ,20, 25
    - iv. O: 5,24
    - v. u: 1, 32
- 3. You'll possibly notice the word 'out of bounds' during this lab and in your class sessions. Why do certain languages complain when you go 'out of bounds'?
  - a. It's an index error that occurs when you are trying to access something that doesn't exist.
- 4. You don't have to write down your answer for this question.

How do you 'build' an email address? As in, what combinations of characters do you need to recognize a string as an email address?

a. The possible characters for an email address would be a-z, A-Z, 0-9, ! #\$%&'\*+-/=? ^\_`{|}~, . as long as it is not the first character or the character before the @.

Lab06a: Manipulating Strings
Driver: Froilan Zarate
Scribe: Alan Xiao

Scribe: Which of the above four methods should have a parameter tag? Which methods should

have a return tag?

All of the following should have the return tag, but public String scrambleAdjacentTwo(int index) and public String scrambleNotAdjacentTwo(int index) should have a param tag as well.

Scribe: Did Codecheck reject your submission? Why or why not? Scribe: If Codecheck accepted your submission, what is the score?

There are two types of scores:

n/31 which are the points you are graded on in this lab.

Checkstyle errors which will not be important right now. How many checkstyle errors did you get?

It was accepted, but we got a score of 0 with a multitude of errors; The constructor String Scrambler couldn't be applied for the given types. Check style ended with one error because of a missing Javadoc element

Scribe: What should the comment block look like?

**/**\*\*

\* Swaps the first letter and the last letter

4

\* @return null if the word is 1 character, else return the edited string

\*/

Scribe: Did the driver use a local variable for the length of 'word'?

No

Scribe: What was the new score from Codecheck? How many Checkstyle errors did you get?

- The new score from Codecheck is 24. 0 Checkstyle errors.

Scribe: What conditions would return null here?

 $word.length() \le x + 2 || x \le 0 || word.length() \le 1$ 

Driver: Complete method scrambleNotAdjacentTwo()

This method takes the input int  $\mathbf{x}$ , where  $\mathbf{x}$  is the INDEX of the character they want to swap. DO NOT swap the first or the last character of the word.

It swaps with the character at **x+2** // **notice the difference** 

So if the word was 'hello' and you sent scrambleAdjacentTwo(2).

The return would be **heoli** 

Scribe: What conditions would return null here:

word.length() <= x + 3 || x <= 0 || word.length() <= 1

```
StringScrambler.java
             * Scrambles a string.
           * @author Froilan Zarate, Alan Xiao
* @version 09-30-2022
         public class StringScrambler
{
                private String word;
/**
     10
     11
12
                   * The constructor of StringScrambler
     13
14
15
16
                   * @param thisWord the word
                public StringScrambler(String thisWord)
     17
18
                     word = thisWord;
     19
20
21
22
23
24
25
26
                /**
 * Swaps the first letter and the last letter
                   * @return null if the word is 1 character, else return the edited string
                 public String scrambleFirstLast() {
     27
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                       if (word.length() <= 1)
                      }
char firstLetter = word.charAt(0);
char lastLetter = word.charAt(word.length() - 1);
                      String subWord = word.substring(1, word.length() - 1);
subWord = lastLetter + subWord + firstLetter;
     36
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                      return subWord;
                )
/**
* Swaps the second and third character
                   * @return scrambled word
                 public String scrambleSecondThird()
                       if (word.length() <= 2)
     50
51
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55
                           return null;
                      char firstLetter = word.charAt(0);
char secondLetter = word.charAt(1);
char thirdLetter = word.charAt(2);
     56
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58
                      String scramble2 = word.substring(3, word.length());
scramble2 = firstLetter + "" + thirdLetter + "" + secondLetter + scramble2;
     59
60
61
62
                       return scramble2;
     63
64
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69
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72
                 } /** \ ^* Swaps the two adjacent characters with the given index
                   * @param index the index
* @return scrambled word
                 public String scrambleAdjacentTwo(int index)
{
                       int x = index;
     73
74
75
76
77
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80
81
                       if (word.length() <= x + 2 \mid \mid x \leftarrow= \theta \mid \mid word.length() <= 1) {
                            return null;
                      char firstLetter = word.charAt(x);
char secondLetter = word.charAt(x + 1);
     82
83
84
85
86
87
88
                       String subWord1 = word.substring(\theta, x);
String subWord2 = word.substring(x + 2, word.length());
                      String subWord = subWord1 + secondLetter + "" + firstLetter + subWord2;
                      return subWord:
     89
90
91
92
93
94
95
                }
/**
* Swaps two characters with the given index
                  * @param index the index
* @return the scrambled word
   96
97
98
99
100
101
102
                 public String scrambleNotAdjacentTwo(int index)
{
                       if (word.length() <= x + 3 || x <= 0 || word.length() <= 1)
                           return null;
                      }
   103
104
   105
106
107
108
109
110
                       char firstLetter = word.charAt(x);
char secondLetter = word.charAt(x + 2);
                      String subWord1 = word.substring(0, x);
String subWord2 = word.substring(x + 1, x + 2);
String subWord3 = word.substring(x + 3, word.length());
    111
   112
113
                      String subWord = subWord1 + secondLetter + "" + subWord2 + "" + firstLetter + subWord3;
   114
          }
```

## Testers

## Running StringScramblerTester.java

deceiver Expected: deceiver null Expected: null Expected: SC aavJ Expected: aavJ  ${\tt grogramminP}$ Expected: grogramminP nntroductioI  ${\tt Expected:} \ {\tt nntroductioI}$ rceeived Expected: rceeived null Expected: null null Expected: null Jvaa Expected: Jvaa Porgramming
Expected: Porgramming Ithroduction Expected: Itnroduction recieved Expected: recieved null Expected: null null Expected: null null Expected: null Jvaa Expected: Jvaa null Expected: null null Expected: null Progrmaming
Expected: Progrmaming Introductoin Expected: Introductoin recvieed Expected: recvieed null Expected: null Progrmmaing Expected: Progrmmaing null Expected: null Introducoitn Expected: Introducoitn CheckStyle Starting audit... Audit done.

pass

Score

31/31