Analysis II., Sample Test 1

1. Discuss the continuity of the following function:

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 + 2x - 8}{x^2 - x - 2} & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \{-1, 2\} \\ 2 & \text{if } x \in \{-1, 2\} \end{cases}$$

2. Prove that the following equation has at least one solution in \mathbb{R} :

$$\cos x = x$$

3. Determine f'(a) by the definition:

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{2x - 1}, \qquad a = 3$$

4. Discuss the differentiability of the following function (a is a real parameter):

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 1 - ax & \text{if } x < 0 \\ e^{-x^2} & \text{if } x \ge 0 \end{cases}$$

5. Determine the equation of the tangent line to the graph of f at the point a=0:

$$f(x) = (2 + \sin x)^{\cos x}$$

6. Discuss the monotonicity, and the local and global extreme values of the following function:

$$f(x) = \frac{x}{x^2 + x + 1} \qquad (x \in \mathbb{R})$$

What are the global extreme values if the function is only defined on [-2, 0]?

7. The hypotenuse of a right triangle is 1 unit. The legs of the triangle are denoted by x and y. When will x + 2y be the largest?

8. Determine the following limits using L'Hospital's Rule:

a)
$$\lim_{x \to 0+0} (\sin x \cdot \ln x)$$
 b) $\lim_{x \to 0} \left(\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{\sin x}\right)$ c) $\lim_{x \to 0+0} (\cos x)^{1/x^2}$

9. Consider the function

$$f(x) = \sqrt{1+3x}$$
 $(x > -1/3)$.

Determine the second degree Taylor polinomial of f centered at 0, and estimate the error of approximation on the interval $\left(-\frac{1}{4},\frac{1}{2}\right)$.

10. Discuss the following function and sketch the graph:

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2}{(x+1)^2}$$
 $(-1 \neq x \in \mathbb{R})$