

g/c

$$z = 1 - \sqrt{3}i \quad ; \quad |z| = \sqrt{1^2 + 3^2} = 2$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \cos \varphi &= \frac{1}{2} \\ \sin \varphi &= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \end{aligned} \right\} \varphi = 300^\circ = \frac{5\pi}{3}$$

$$w^6 = z$$

$$w = \sqrt[6]{2} \cdot \left(\cos(50^\circ + 60^\circ \cdot k) + i \cdot \sin(50^\circ + 60^\circ \cdot k) \right) \quad ; \quad k = 0, \dots, 5$$

l.g.

$$\left[\begin{aligned} w_1 &= \sqrt[6]{2} (\cos 50^\circ + i \cdot \sin 50^\circ) \\ w_2 &= \sqrt[6]{2} (\cos 110^\circ + i \cdot \sin 110^\circ) \\ &\vdots \\ w_6 &= \sqrt[6]{2} (\cos 350^\circ + i \cdot \sin 350^\circ) \end{aligned} \right.$$

g/d

$$z = -7\sqrt{3} + 7i \quad ; \quad |z| = \sqrt{3 \cdot 49 + 49} = 14$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \cos \varphi &= -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \\ \sin \varphi &= \frac{1}{2} \end{aligned} \right\} \varphi = 150^\circ = \frac{5\pi}{6}$$

$$w^5 = z$$

$$w = \sqrt[5]{14} \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{2\pi}{5} \cdot k\right) + i \cdot \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{6} + \frac{2\pi}{5} \cdot k\right) \right) \quad ; \quad k = 0, \dots, 4$$

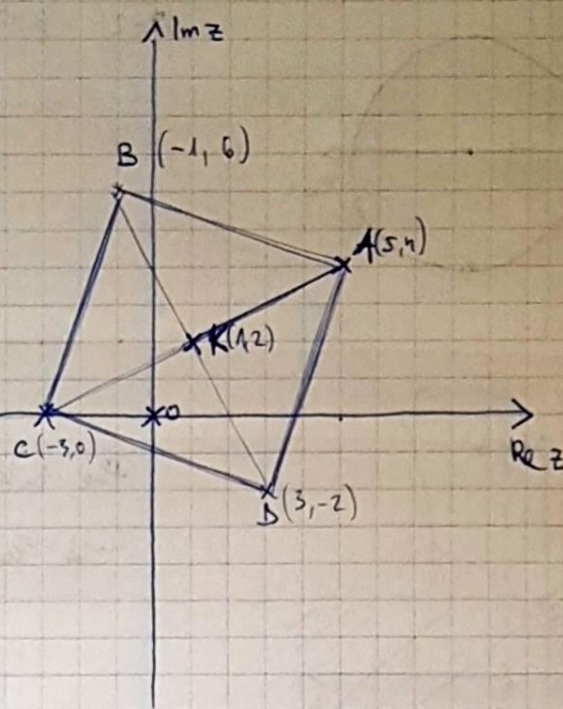
Solutions PS-06

2.)

• direction vector $\vec{KA} = (4, 2)$

• K is the center of the square

• rotate the direction vector by 90° to get the vertices of the square



$$\vec{KA} = (4, 2) \Rightarrow \vec{KB} = (-2, 4)$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{KC} = (-4, 2)$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{KD} = (2, 4)$$

$$\cdot \vec{OB} = \vec{OK} + \vec{KB} = (-1, 6)$$

$$\cdot \vec{OC} = \vec{OK} + \vec{KC} = (-3, 0)$$

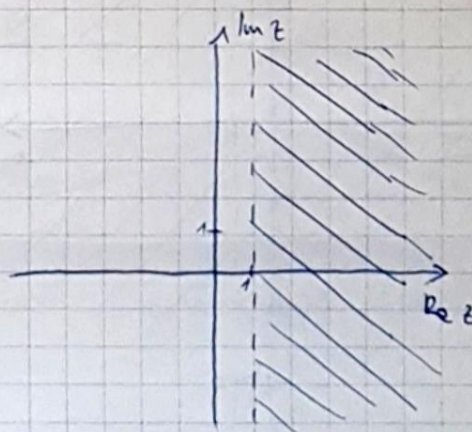
$$\cdot \vec{OD} = \vec{OK} + \vec{KD} = (3, -2)$$

5.)

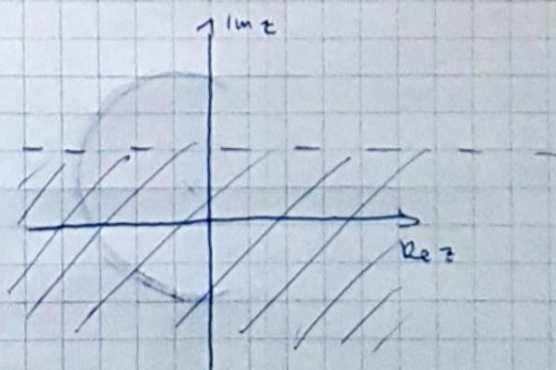
$$A = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \text{Re } z > 1\} \quad a)$$

$$B = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid \text{Im } z < 2\}$$

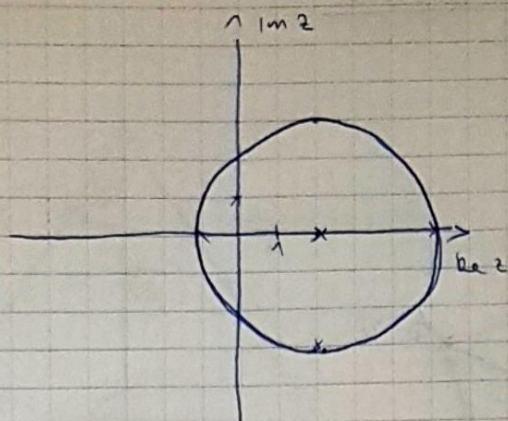
$$C = \{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z-2| = 3\}$$



b.)

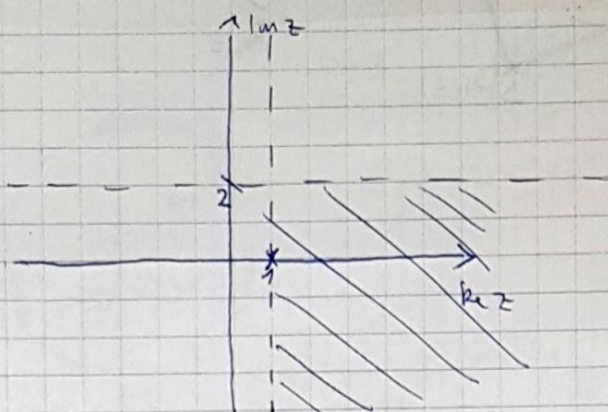


c.)



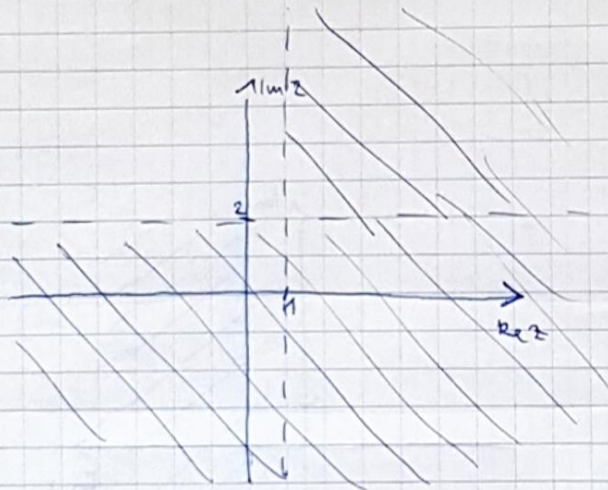
$|z-2|=3 \Rightarrow$ the distance from the number "2" is 3

e.)

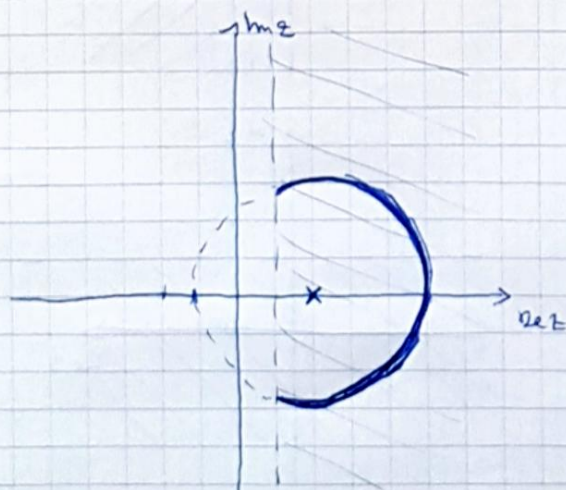


the intersection of the two half-plane is this quadrant

f.)



g.)

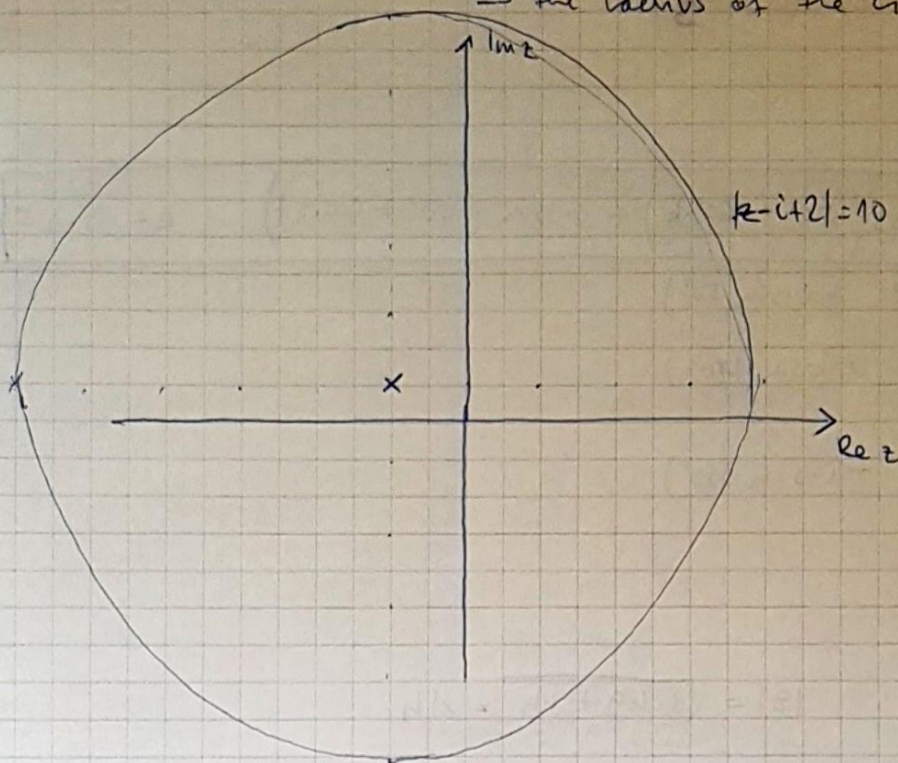


6.)

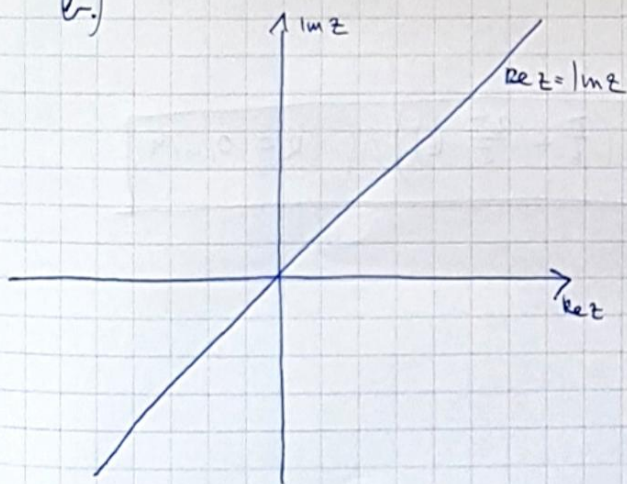
a.) $\{z \in \mathbb{C} \mid |z - i + 2| = 10\}$

$\Rightarrow |z - (-2 + i)| = 10 \Rightarrow$ the center of the circle is at point $(-2, 1)$

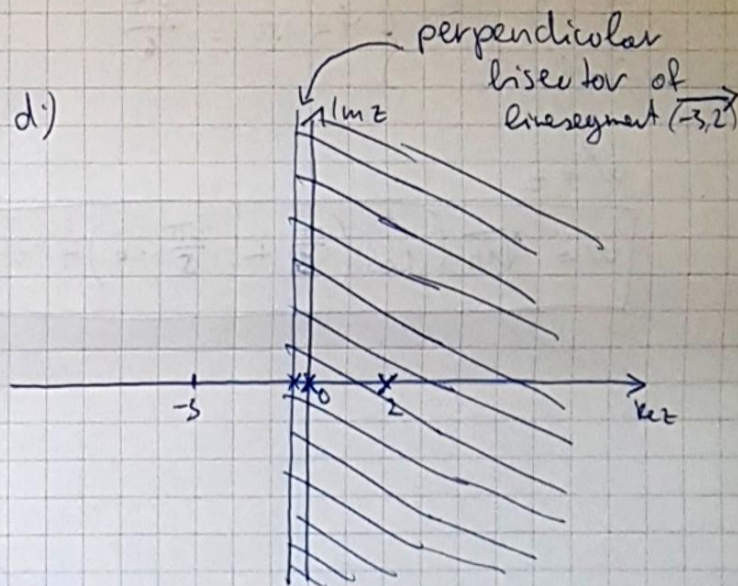
\Rightarrow the radius of the circle is 10



b.)



d.)



$|z - 2| \leq |z + 3| \Rightarrow$ "the distance from the complex number 2 is less than equal to the distance from the complex number -3."