## Analysis II., Sample Test 2

1. Find the integrals:

a) 
$$\int \frac{5}{3x^2 + 4} dx \quad (x \in \mathbb{R})$$
 b) 
$$\int \frac{dx}{1 + \cos x} \quad (x \in (-\pi, \pi))$$
  
c) 
$$\int \cos^5 x dx \quad (x \in \mathbb{R})$$
 d) 
$$\int \frac{\ln x}{x \cdot (1 + \ln^2 x)} dx \quad (x > 0)$$

2. Find the integrals:

a) 
$$\int \frac{x^2}{x^2 - 1} dx$$
  $(x \in (-1, 1))$  b)  $\int \frac{dx}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 4x}$   $(x > 2)$  c)  $\int x^2 \cdot \cos x \, dx$   $(x \in \mathbb{R})$  d)  $\int \arcsin x \, dx$   $(x \in (-1, 1))$ 

**3.** Find the improper integrals:

a) 
$$\int_{0}^{+\infty} (x-1) \cdot e^{-x} dx$$
 b)  $\int_{0}^{1} \frac{dx}{x(1+\ln^{2} x)}$ 

4. Determine the area bounded by the following curves:

$$y = x^2$$
,  $y = \frac{x^2}{2}$ ,  $y = 2x$ 

5. Determine the arc length of the graph of the following function:

$$f(x) = x^{3/2} \quad (0 \le x \le 4)$$

**6.** Revolve the following curve around the x-axis and determine the volume of the resulting solid:

$$y = \sin x \quad (0 \le x \le \pi)$$

7. Calculate the following multiple integrals:

a) 
$$\iint_{[1,4]\times[1,2]} e^{x+y} dx dy$$
 b)  $\iint_{[1,2]\times[0,1]\times[0,2]} xy^2 z^3 dx dy dz$ 

8. Integrate the function  $f(x,y) = x^3 + 4y$  over the region bounded by the curves  $y = x^2$  and y = 2x.

9. Determine the local extreme values of the following function:

$$f(x,y) = x^2 - 4xy + y^3 + 4y$$
  $((x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2)$ 

10. Determine the global extreme values of the following function on the set H:

$$f(x,y) = x^3 + y^3 - x^2 - 2xy - y^2, \qquad H = \{(x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 : 0 \le x \le 2, \ 0 \le y \le 2\}$$