

DATAFRAMES

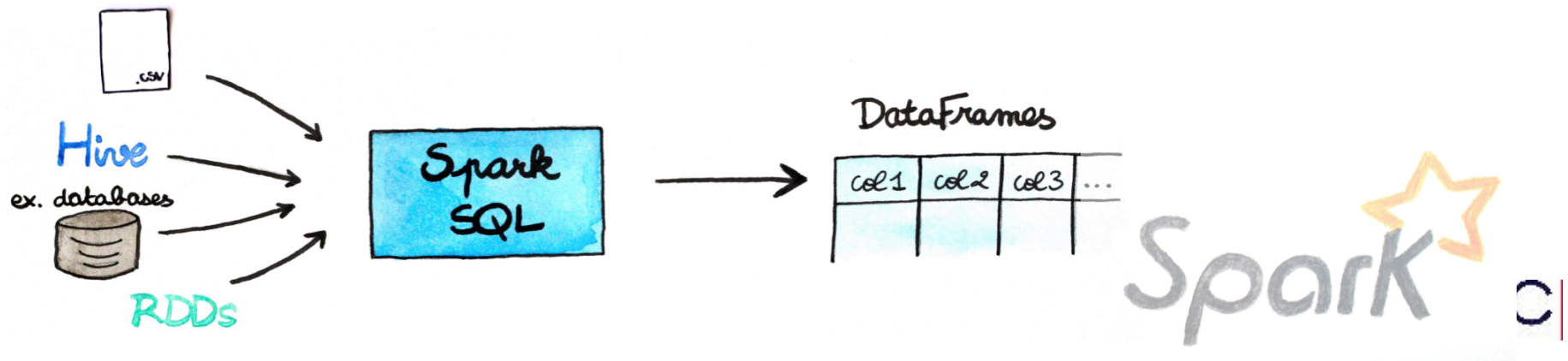


Spark SQL is a component on top of **Spark Core** that facilitates processing of structured and semi-structured data and the integration of several data formats as source (Hive, Parquet, JSON).

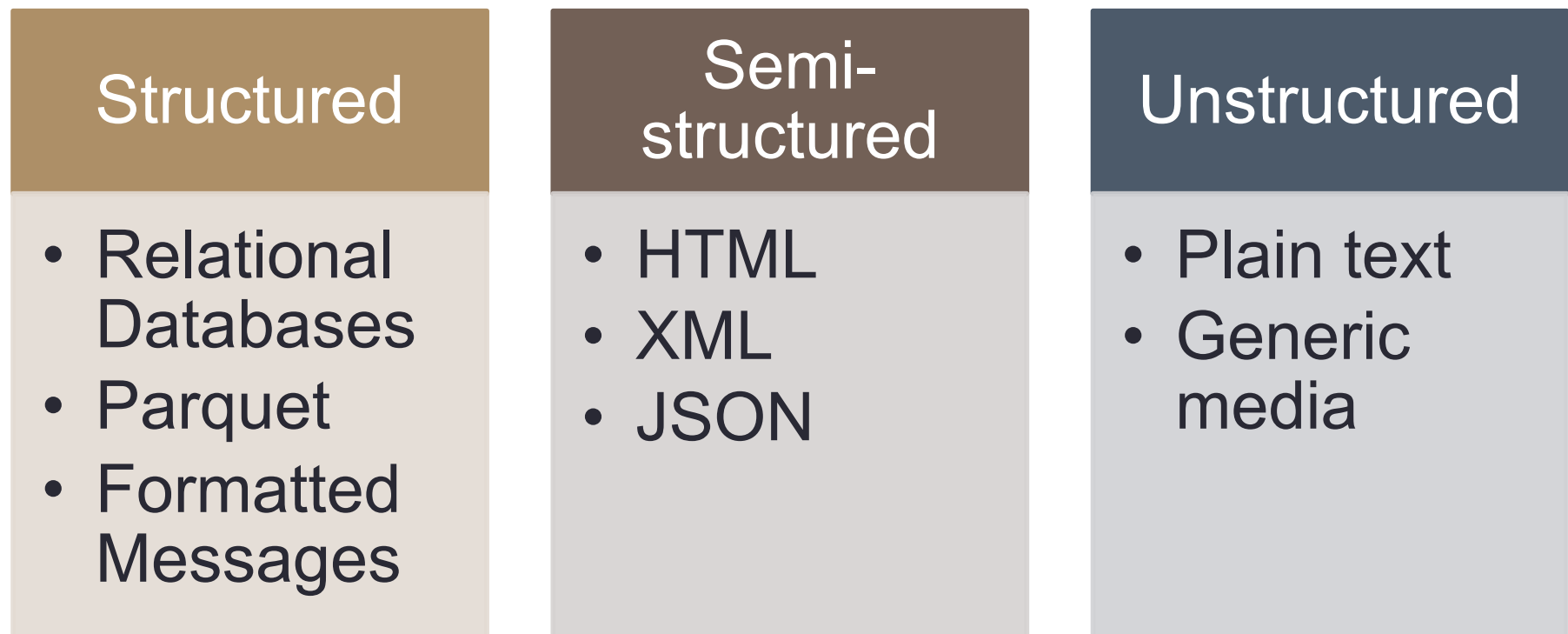
<https://spark.apache.org/docs/latest/sql-programming-guide.html>

DataFrames

- DataFrame is an immutable distributed collection of data.
- Unlike an RDD, **data is organized into named columns**, like a table in a relational database or a dataframe in R/Python
- Distributed collection of data grouped into named columns:
 - DataFrames = RDD + Schema
- Designed to make large data sets processing even easier.
- Allows developers to impose a structure onto a distributed collection of data, allowing higher-level abstraction;



The structured spectrum



RDD vs DataFrames

DataFrames are composed of Row objects, along with a schema that describes the data types of each column in the row.

Person
Person
Person

Person
Person
Person

RDD[Person]

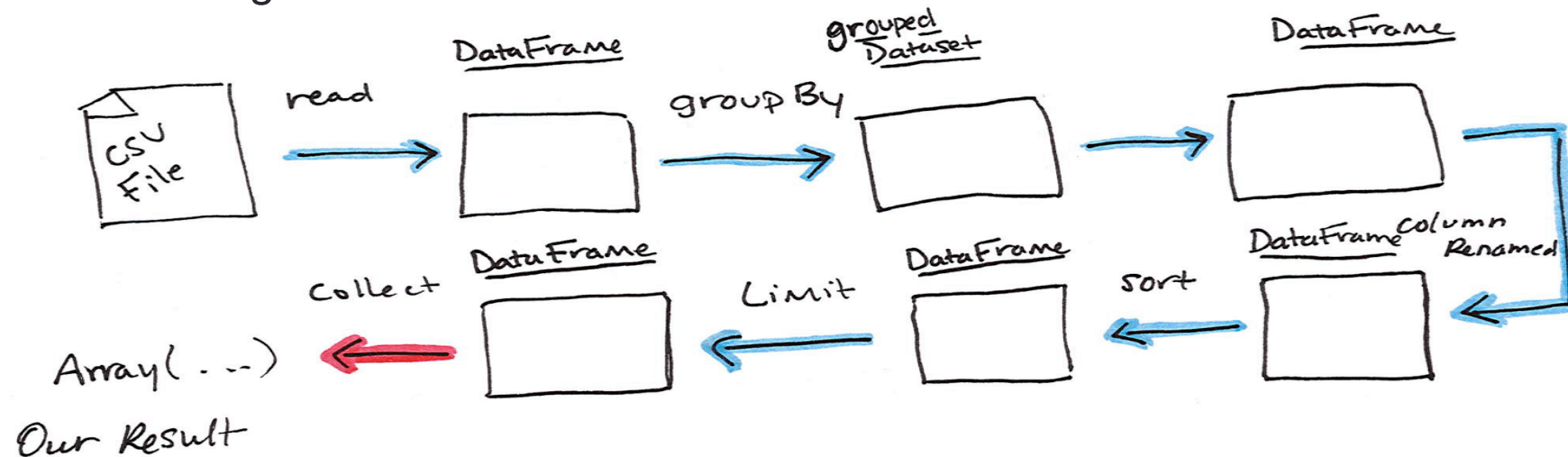
Name	Age	Height
String	Int	Double
String	Int	Double
String	Int	Double

String	Int	Double
String	Int	Double
String	Int	Double

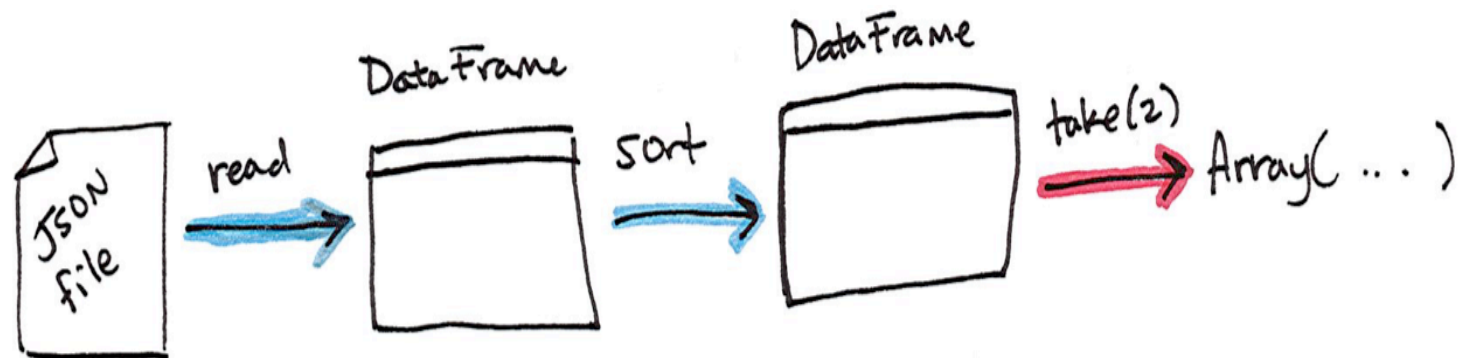
DataFrame

DataFrames and CVS/JSON Files

Working with CSV files



Working with Json files



DataFrame – read/write formats

- `sqlContext.read.[format]`

```
>> sqlContext.read.parquet(path)
>> sqlContext.read.json(path, [schema])
>> sqlContext.read.jdbc(url, table)
>> sqlContext.read.load(path, [format])
```

- `sqlContext.write.[format]`

```
>> sqlContext.write.parquet(path)
>> sqlContext.write.json(path, [mode])
>> sqlContext.write.jdbc(url, table, [mode])
>> sqlContext.write.save(path, [format], [mode])
```

DataFrames and RDDs

- Create from RDD of tuples

```
>> rdd = sc.parallelize([("a", 1), ("b", 2), ("c", 3)])  
>> df = sqlContext.createDataFrame(rdd, ["name", "id"])  
>> df.show()
```

```
+-----+---+  
|name|id|  
+-----+---+  
|    a| 1|  
|    b| 2|  
|    c| 3|  
+-----+---+
```


DataFrames and RDDs

- Create from RDD of Rows

```
>> from pyspark.sql import Row
>> ExampleRow = Row("name", "id")
>> rdd = sc.parallelize([ ExampleRow("a", 1), ExampleRow("b", 2),
                          ExampleRow("c", 3) ])
>> df = sqlContext.createDataFrame(rdd)
>> df.show()

>> df.printSchema()
```

```
+-----+---+
|name|id|
+-----+---+
|  a | 1|
|  b | 2|
|  c | 3|
+-----+---+
```

```
root
 |-- name: string (nullable = false)
 |-- id: integer (nullable = false)
```

Examples of SparkSQL (1)

- Read a JSON file

```
players = sqlContext.read.json('players.json')
players.printSchema()
players.select("FullName").show(4)
```

```
+-----+
| FullName          |
+-----+
| Ángel Bossio      |
| Juan Botasso      |
| Roberto Cherro    |
| Alberto Chividini. |
+-----+
```

Examples of SparkSQL (1)

Create a view of our DataFrame. The lifetime of this temporary table is tied to the SparkSession that was used to create this DataFrame.

```
players.registerTempTable("players")
```

```
sqlc.sql("select distinct Team from players").show(5)
```

```
+-----+  
| Team   |  
+-----+  
| Scotland |  
| Paraguay |  
| Poland   |  
| Spain    |  
| Italy     |  
+-----+
```

Examples of SparkSQL (2)

```
# spark is an existing SparkSession
df = spark.read.json("examples/src/main/resources/people.json")
# Displays the content of the DataFrame
df.show()
# +----+-----+
# | age|   name|
# +----+-----+
# |null|Michael|
# | 30|   Andy|
# | 19|  Justin|
# +----+-----+
```

Find full example code at "examples/src/main/resources/people.json"

```
# Select everybody, but increment the age by 1
df.select(df['name'], df['age'] + 1).show()
```

```
# +-----+-----+
# |   name|(age + 1)|
# +-----+-----+
# |Michael|      null|
# |   Andy|       31|
# |  Justin|       20|
# +-----+-----+
```

```
# Select people older than 21
df.filter(df['age'] > 21).show()
```

```
# +----+-----+
# |age|name|
# +----+-----+
# | 30|Andy|
# +----+-----+
```

```
# Count people by age
df.groupBy("age").count().show()
```

```
# +-----+-----+
# | age|count|
# +-----+-----+
# | 19|     1|
# |null|     1|
# | 30|     1|
# +-----+-----+
```

Pandas DataFrame

- When in PySpark, there is also an easy option to convert Spark DataFrame to Pandas dataframe.

```
# Convert Spark DataFrame to Pandas  
pandas_df = spark_df.toPandas()
```

```
# Create a Spark DataFrame from Pandas  
spark_df = context.createDataFrame(pandas_df)
```

- One powerful and easy way to visualize data is
`dataframe.toPandas().plot()`