

알고리즘

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과제 1

Matrix Multiplication

MATRIX-CHAIN-ORDER (p)

```

 $n \leftarrow \text{length}[p] - 1$ 
for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n$ 
  do  $m[i, i] \leftarrow 0$ 
for  $l \leftarrow 2$  to  $n$ 
  do for  $i \leftarrow 1$  to  $n - l + 1$ 
    do  $j \leftarrow i + l - 1$ 
       $m[i, j] \leftarrow \infty$ 
      for  $k \leftarrow i$  to  $j - 1$ 
        do  $q \leftarrow m[i, k] + m[k + 1, j] + p_{i-1}p_kp_j$ 
        if  $q < m[i, j]$ 
          then  $m[i, j] \leftarrow q$ 
           $s[i, j] \leftarrow k$ 
return  $m$  and  $s$ 

```

```

public static void matrixChainOrder(ArrayList<Integer> p){
    m = new int[p.size()][p.size()];
    s = new int[p.size()][p.size()];
    int n = p.size()-1;
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++){
        m[i][i] = 0;
    }
    for (int l = 2; l <= n; l++){
        for (int i = 1; i <= n-l+1; i++){
            int j = i+l-1;
            m[i][j] = INFINITE;
            for (int k = i; k <= j-1; k++){
                int q = m[i][k] + m[k+1][j] + p.get(i-1) * p.get(k) * p.get(j);
                if (q < m[i][j]){
                    m[i][j] = q;
                    s[i][j] = k;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    printData(m, s);
}

```

MATRIX-CHAIN-ORDER 구현

PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS (s, i, j)

```

if  $i = j$ 
  then  $A_i$  를 출력
else “ ( ” 를 출력
  PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS ( $s, i, s[i, j]$ )
  PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS ( $s, s[i, j] + 1, j$ )
  “ ) ” 를 출력

```

```

public static void printOptimalParens(int[][] s, int i, int j){
    if (i == j) {
        System.out.print("A" + (i));
    } else {
        System.out.print("(");
        printOptimalParens(s, i, s[i][j]);
        printOptimalParens(s, s[i][j] + 1, j);
        System.out.print(")");
    }
}

```

PRINT-OPTIMAL-PARENS 알고리즘 구현

결과 화면

```

MatrixMultiplication x
/Library/Java/JavaVirtualMachines/jdk-11.0.1.jdk/Contents/Home/bin/java
입력을 마칠 경우 0을 입력하세요.
1번 제 곱할 값 : 30
2번 제 곱할 값 : 35
3번 제 곱할 값 : 15
4번 제 곱할 값 : 5
5번 제 곱할 값 : 10
6번 제 곱할 값 : 20
7번 제 곱할 값 : 25
8번 제 곱할 값 : 0

A(1) = 30 x 35
A(2) = 35 x 15
A(3) = 15 x 5
A(4) = 5 x 10
A(5) = 10 x 20
A(6) = 20 x 25

  0 15750 7875 9375 11875 15125
-1 0 2625 4375 7125 10500
-1 -1 0 750 2500 5375
-1 -1 -1 0 1000 3500
-1 -1 -1 -1 0 5000
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 0

-1 1 1 3 3 3
-1 -1 2 3 3 3
-1 -1 -1 3 3 3
-1 -1 -1 -1 4 5
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 5
-1 -1 -1 -1 -1 -1

Optimal solution : 15125
Optimal parens : ((A1(A2A3))((A4A5)A6))

```