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# Candidate Report: Anonymous

Test Name:

[Summary](#)   [Timeline](#)

Test Score

100 out of 100 points

100%

Tasks in Test

	Time Spent ⓘ	Task Score
MissingInteger Submitted in: C++	1 min	100%

## TASKS DETAILS

MEDIUM

1.  
**MissingInteger**  
Find the smallest positive integer that does not occur in a given sequence.

Task Score	Correctness	Performance
100%	100%	100%

Task description

This is a demo task.

Write a function:

```
int solution(vector<int> &A);
```

that, given an array A of N integers, returns the smallest positive integer (greater than 0) that does not occur in A.

For example, given A = [1, 3, 6, 4, 1, 2], the function should return 5.

Given A = [1, 2, 3], the function should return 4.

Given A = [-1, -3], the function should return 1.

Solution

Programming language used: C++

Total time used:	1 minutes	?
Effective time used:	1 minutes	?

Notes: *not defined yet*

Task timeline

Write an **efficient** algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [1..100,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [-1,000,000..1,000,000].

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06:15:23

06:15:48

Code: 06:15:48 UTC, cpp,  
final, score: 100

[show code in pop-up](#)

```

1 // you can use includes, for example:
2 #include <algorithm>
3 #include <vector>
4 #include <unordered_set>
5
6 // you can write to stdout for debugging purpose
7 // cout << "this is a debug message" << endl;
8
9 int solution(std::vector<int>& A) {
10     // write your code in C++14 (g++ 6.2.0)
11     int result = 1;
12
13     // Remove duplicates and negatives
14     std::unordered_set<int> positive_int_set;
15     for (int value : A) {
16         if (value > 0) {
17             positive_int_set.insert(value);
18         }
19     }
20     std::vector<int> positive_ints;
21     positive_ints.reserve(positive_int_set.size())
22     positive_ints.assign(positive_int_set.begin())
23
24     // Sort the values
25     std::sort(positive_ints.begin(), positive_int
26
27     // Now we have only the positive integers
28     for (auto value : positive_ints) {
29         if (value != result) {
30             break;
31         }
32         ++result;
33     }
34     return result;
35 }
```

## Analysis summary

The solution obtained perfect score.

## Analysis ?

Detected time complexity:

$O(N)$  or  
 $O(N * \log(N))$

collapse all		Example tests	
▼	example1		✓ OK
first example test			
1.	0.001	OK	s
▼	example2		✓ OK
second example test			
1.	0.001	OK	s
▼	example3		✓ OK
third example test			
1.	0.001	OK	s
collapse all		Correctness tests	
▼	extreme_single		✓ OK
a single element			
1.	0.001	OK	s
2.	0.001	OK	s
3.	0.001	OK	s
4.	0.001	OK	s
▼	simple		✓ OK
simple test			
1.	0.001	OK	s
2.	0.001	OK	s
3.	0.001	OK	s
▼	extreme_min_max_value		✓ OK
minimal and maximal values			

1. 0.001 OK  
s
2. 0.001 OK  
s

▼ **positive\_only** ✓ OK  
 shuffled sequence of 0...100 and then  
 102...200

1. 0.001 OK  
s
2. 0.001 OK  
s

▼ **negative\_only** ✓ OK  
 shuffled sequence -100 ... -1

1. 0.001 OK  
s

collapse all

**Performance tests**

▼ **medium** ✓ OK  
 chaotic sequences length=10005  
 (with minus)

1. 0.001 OK  
s
2. 0.001 OK  
s
3. 0.004 OK  
s

▼ **large\_1** ✓ OK  
 chaotic + sequence 1, 2, ..., 40000  
 (without minus)

1. 0.020 OK  
s

▼ **large\_2** ✓ OK  
 shuffled sequence 1, 2, ..., 100000  
 (without minus)

1. 0.028 OK  
s
2. 0.028 OK  
s

▼ **large\_3** ✓ OK  
 chaotic + many -1, 1, 2, 3 (with minus)

1. 0.008 OK  
s

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