

Faculty: SIT

Semester: SUM'19

Course Title: Mathematics-II

Course Teachers: ALL

Time: 2 Hours



Department: CSE

Exam: Term-Final

Code: MAT-121

Sections: ALL

Total Marks: 40

Answer any 5 questions.

**Question no. 1**

- (a). Express  $M = \begin{bmatrix} -5 & 4 & 8 & 7 \\ 0 & 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 3 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 & -4 & 9 \end{bmatrix}$  as the sum of a symmetric & a skew-symmetric matrix. 5
- (b). Give an example of a  $6 \times 6$  skew-symmetric matrix. 2
- (c).  $I_5 + I_6 = ?$  1

**Question no. 2**

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 5 & 0 & 0 \\ 111 & -14 & 0 \\ 802 & 9 & 17 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a). Find eigenvalues of  $M$ . 4
- (b). Find an spectrum of  $M^5$ . 1.5
- (c). Find an spectrum of  $M^{-1}$ . 1.5
- (d). Find an spectrum of  $M^T$ . 1

**Question no. 3**

- (a) Find  $M^{-1}$  if  $M = \begin{pmatrix} -2 & 0 & -2 \\ -4 & -2 & 0 \\ 3 & 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$ . 6
- (b). Give an example of a  $6 \times 6$  orthogonal matrix. 2

**Question no. 4**

$$M = \begin{pmatrix} 9 & -2 & -5 & 2 & 4 \\ 5 & 3 & -9 & -1 & -2 \\ 4 & -5 & 4 & 3 & 6 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a). Find the rank of  $M$ ; 4
- (b). Find the RREF of  $M$ ; 3
- (c). Find the NF of  $M$ . 1

**Question no. 5**

Solve:

$$\begin{aligned} 9p - 2q - 5r + 2s &= 4 \\ 5p + 3q - 9r - s &= -2 \\ 4p - 5q + 4r + 3s &= 6 \end{aligned}$$

Find the general solution. Find 2 particular solutions.

6 + 2

**Question no. 6**

Suppose  $S(a,b) = (4a-2b, 4b, -b)$ ,  $T(p,q,r) = (-q+2r, 3p-4r, r, p-q-r)$ ,  $U(x,y,z) = (x+y, y-z, 271)$ .

- (a). Which of the above transformations are linear ? 5  
(b). Find  $T \circ S$  &  $T \circ S(2,-1)$  2+1

**Question no. 7**

- (a).  $T$  means a  $120^\circ$  clockwise rotation. Find  $T(2,-4)$ . 2  
(b). If  $w = (15,-10,-60)$  is sheared along  $Y$ -axis by factor  $\frac{1}{5}$ , then find  $T(w)$ . 2  
(c).  $S$  is a reflection about the  $YZ$ -plane. Find  $S(-1, -2, -3)$ . 2  
(d). If  $T$  means 9 times dilation of a vector, find  $T(-1/3, 5/3)$ . 2

**Question no. 8 (answer any 8)**

1×8

- (a). How many eigenvalues do belong to a  $3 \times 5$  matrix ?  
(b). How many eigenvalues do belong to a  $36 \times 36$  matrix ?  
(c).  $S : \mathbb{R}^6 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^7$  is a linear transformation. Find  $S(0,0,0,0,0,0)$ .  
(d). Find  $T(-117, 15, 6)$ , if  $T$  is an orthogonal projection on the  $ZX$ -plane.  
(e). Which matrices do have inverses ?  
(f).  $\Gamma\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) = ?$   
(g).  $B(1,1) = ?$   
(h). Define the rank of a matrix.  
(i). Evaluate :  $275 \operatorname{tr}(I_8) - \operatorname{tr}(345 I_5) + 2003 \operatorname{tr}(B)$ , where  $B$  is any skew-symmetric matrix.  
(j). Write 1 difference between a matrix & a determinant.  
(k). Give an example of a  $8 \times 8$  scalar matrix.

: the end :