

OOP_ESE -Question Bank

Unit1 and Unit2

1. What are the types of control statements?	CO1
2. What is C++ Flow Control?	CO1
3. What are the 3 types of control structures?	CO1
4. What is if and if else statement?	CO1
5. What are control structures in C?	CO1
6. What are the basics of C++?	CO1
7. What are the five basic elements of a C++ program?	CO2
8. What is the operator in C++?	CO2
9. What is operator in C++ with example?	CO2
10.How many operators are there in C++?	CO2
11.What the five features are of object oriented programming?	CO1
12.What are the features and advantages of object oriented programming?	CO1
13.What do you mean by OOPs explain its features?	CO1
14.What does have a class mean?	CO1
15.What is the scientific definition of class?	CO1
16.What is data abstraction with example?	CO2
17.What are the 3 levels of data abstraction?	CO2
18.What is difference between access specifier and access modifier?	CO2
19.What is protected access specifier?	CO2
20.What is the use of inline function?	CO2
21.What is meant by inline function?	CO2
22.What is the difference between friend function and inline function	CO1

explain with examples?	
23.What is friend function with example?	CO1
24.How do you declare a friend function?	CO1
25.Is C++ a object oriented language?	CO2
Unit3 and Unit4	
1. What is a binary operator ?	CO3
2. Which is the correct example of a binary operator ?	CO3
3. Which is the correct example of a unary operator ?	CO3
4. Which is called ternary operator ?	CO3
5. What is the need of operator overloading	CO3
6. Write the rules for operator overloading	CO3
7. Write the difference between unary and binary operators	CO3
8. How to do operator overloading using Friend Function. Explain it with example.	CO1
9. What is friend function?	CO1
10. Explain relational and logical operators using example.	CO3
11.Explain the function of new and delete.	CO3
12.Explain about assignment operator.	CO3
13.Define Inheritance? What is the need of inheritance?	CO3
14.Explain about base class and derived class.	CO3
15.Explain the constructor in base & derived class. How it work.	CO3
16.What are the types of inheritance? Explain it.	CO3
17.Define Polymorphism.	CO4
18.Write the difference between Static Binding and Dynamic Binding.	CO4

19.Explain the need of Virtual function.	CO4
20.Explain about abstract classes.	CO4
21.What is pure virtual function? Explain it.	CO4
22.What are the error handling Techniques?	CO4
23.What is exception handling?	CO4
24.Write a program in C++ to find the roots of quadratic equations using nested if else structure.	CO4
25.Write a Menu driven program in C++ to calculate Area of circle, rectangle and triangle by using switch case structure.	CO2
26.Write a program in C++ to arrange the values in ascending order.	CO2
27.Write a program in C++ to Create a Database using array of structures and perform following operations on it:	CO3
i. Create Database ii. Display Database iii. Add record iv. Search record	CO3
v. Modify record vi. Delete record	
Unit5 & 6	
Templates:	
1. What is Template?	CO5
2. How to write syntax of template.	CO5
3. Write a simple program using template.	CO5
4. How many types of templates are there in c++. Write its name.	CO5
5. What is function template.	CO5
6. What is meant by template parameter.	CO5
7. Which keyword can be used in template.	CO5
8. Write syntax for class template for multiple parameters.	CO5
9. Elaborate non-type template Arguments.	CO5

10.What is generic programming? How it is implemented in c++	CO5
11.Template can be considered as a kind of macro, then what is the difference between them	CO5
12.Distingush between overloaded function and functions template.	CO5
13.Jystify, A class is known as parameterized class.	CO5
File Handling	
1. Explain File Handling concept.	CO6
2. Write the method for open and close file.(for ans:refrer: https://www.edureka.co/blog/file-handling-in-cpp/)	CO6
3. Write the default open modes.	CO6
4. Write a program for opening /creating file using open() function.	CO6
5. Why file handling is important in c++ programming.	CO6