

Mathcounts / AMC 8 Beginner - HW 1

Name _____

- (1) _____ Find the smallest positive integer, N , such that the product of 135 and N is a perfect square.
- (2) _____ What common fraction (that is, a fraction reduced to its lowest terms) is equivalent to $.3\overline{25}$?
- (3) _____ How many positive integer values of x are there such that $\frac{36}{x+3}$ is an integer?
- (4) _____ What is the sum of the positive factors of 24?
- (5) _____ What is the square root of the difference between the square of 2.5 and the reciprocal of $\frac{4}{9}$?
- (6) _____ How many different ways can 36 identical chairs be placed in rows if all rows have the same number of chairs, each chair is in exactly one row, and no row has more than 20 chairs or less than 3 chairs?
- (7) _____ What is the smallest prime number greater than 120?
- (8) _____ Express as a fraction in lowest terms: $0.\overline{1} + 0.\overline{01}$
- (9) _____ Express one-half of 2^8 as a power of 2.
- (10) _____ What is the greatest common factor of 518 and 294?

- (11) _____ In the addition problem each letter represents a distinct digit. What is the numerical value of E?

$$\begin{array}{r} E \ G \ M \\ + \ G \ M \\ \hline G \ M \ M \end{array}$$

- (12) _____ What is the sum of the prime factors of 1001?
- (13) _____ Express $\overline{.28}$ as a common fraction.
- (14) _____ The number 13 is prime. If you reverse the digits you also obtain a prime number, 31. What is the larger of the pair of primes that satisfies this condition and has a sum of 110?
- (15) _____ Find the smallest positive integer divisible by 10, 11, and 12.
- (16) _____ Find the remainder when 1992^2 is divided by 9.
- (17) _____ Express the reciprocal of 0.0625 in decimal form.
- (18) _____ Kim's birthday was 200 days ago. Today is Wednesday. On what day of the week did his birthday fall?
- (19) _____ A school band found they could arrange themselves in rows of 6, 7, or 8 with no one left over. What is the minimum number of students in the band?
- (20) _____ Express $3.\overline{7}$ as a common fraction.

Answer Sheet

Number	Answer	Problem ID
1	15	AC1B
2	$161/495$	DBCA
3	6	4BAB
4	60	CCAB
5	2	300B
6	6	DA0B
7	127	1D2B
8	$4/33$	21BB
9	2^7	4BCA
10	14	BB412
11	4	0AC41
12	31	ACD22
13	$28/99$	BDC41
14	73	1DAA1
15	660	1C412
16	0	4DAA1
17	16	A02B
18	Saturday	4DC51
19	168	0DAA1
20	$34/9$	1C1B

Solutions

- (1) **15** ID: [AC1B]

No solution is available at this time.

- (2) **161/495** ID: [DBCA]

To express the number $0.\overline{325}$ as a fraction, we call it x and subtract it from $100x$:

$$\begin{array}{r} 100x = 32.5252525 \dots \\ - \quad x = 0.3252525 \dots \\ \hline 99x = 32.2 \end{array}$$

This shows that $0.\overline{325} = \frac{32.2}{99} = \frac{322}{990} = \boxed{\frac{161}{495}}$.

(Note: This last fraction is in lowest terms, because $161 = 7 \cdot 23$ and $495 = 3^2 \cdot 5 \cdot 11$.)

- (3) **6** ID: [4BAB]

No solution is available at this time.

- (4) **60** ID: [CCAB]

The prime factorization of 24 is $2^3 \cdot 3$. It follows that the sum of the divisors of 24 is equal to $(1 + 2 + 2^2 + 2^3)(1 + 3)$, as each factor of 24 is represented when the product is expanded. It follows that the sum of the factors of 24 is $(1 + 2 + 4 + 8)(1 + 3) = (15)(4)$, or $\boxed{60}$.

- (5) **2** ID: [300B]

No solution is available at this time.

- (6) **6** ID: [DA0B]

No solution is available at this time.

- (7) **127** ID: [1D2B]

No solution is available at this time.

(8) **4/33** ID: [21BB]

We begin by realizing that $0.\overline{1} = 0.\overline{11}$, so $0.\overline{1} + 0.\overline{01} = 0.\overline{11} + 0.\overline{01} = 0.\overline{12}$. (Note that this can be done because there is no carrying involved.)

To express the number $0.\overline{12}$ as a fraction, we call it x and subtract it from $100x$:

$$\begin{array}{r} 100x = 12.121212\dots \\ - \quad x = 0.121212\dots \\ \hline 99x = 12 \end{array}$$

This shows that $0.\overline{12} = \frac{12}{99}$.

But that isn't in lowest terms, since 12 and 99 share a common factor of 3. We can reduce $\frac{12}{99}$ to $\boxed{\frac{4}{33}}$, which is in lowest terms.

(9) **2⁷** ID: [4BCA]

No solution is available at this time.

(10) **14** ID: [BB412]

Factoring both numbers, we find that $518 = 2 \cdot 7 \cdot 37$ and $294 = 2 \cdot 3 \cdot 7^2$. Taking the lowest common powers of both, we see that the greatest common factor of the two numbers is $2 \cdot 7 = \boxed{14}$.

(11) **4** ID: [0AC41]

We first look at the hundreds place. Since $E \neq G$, it must be that $E + 1 = G$ in order to get G in the hundreds place. Since a 1 is carried over, we have $G + G = 10 + M$. Now we look at the units place. Either $M + M = M$ or $M + M = 10 + M$. In the second case, $2M = 10 + M \Rightarrow M = 10$, which is not a possible digit. So it must be that $2M = M$, which is only possible if $M = 0$. Now $2G = 10 \Rightarrow G = 5$ and $E + 1 = G \Rightarrow E = 4$. The numerical value of E is $\boxed{4}$. We can check that $450 + 50 = 500$, which matches the digits in the addition problem.

(12) **31** ID: [ACD22]

No solution is available at this time.

- (13) **28/99** ID: [BDC41]

If $x = .\overline{28}$, then $100x = 28.\overline{28}$. Notice that we can eliminate the repeating decimal by subtracting $.\overline{28}$ from $28.\overline{28}$. We have $100x - x = 99x = 28$, so $x = \frac{28}{99}$. The repeating decimal can be expressed as the fraction $\boxed{\frac{28}{99}}$.

- (14) **73** ID: [1DAA1]

No solution is available at this time.

- (15) **660** ID: [1C412]

Factoring all three numbers, we find that $10 = 2 \cdot 5$, $11 = 11$, and $12 = 2^2 \cdot 3$. Taking the highest power of each, we see that the least common multiple of the three numbers is $2^2 \cdot 3 \cdot 5 \cdot 11 = 60 \cdot 11 = \boxed{660}$.

- (16) **0** ID: [4DAA1]

No solution is available at this time.

- (17) **16** ID: [A02B]

No solution is available at this time.

- (18) **Saturday** ID: [4DC51]

Noting that

$$200 = 196 + 4 = 28 \cdot 7 + 4,$$

we see that Kim's birthday was 29 weeks and 4 days ago. Since today is Wednesday, Kim's birthday fell on a $\boxed{\text{Saturday}}$.

- (19) **168** ID: [0DAA1]

The problem specifies that the number of students in the band is a multiple of 6, 7, and 8. Therefore, we are looking for the least common multiple of 6, 7, and 8. Prime factorizing the three numbers and taking the maximum exponent for each prime, we find that the least common multiple is $2^3 \cdot 3 \cdot 7 = \boxed{168}$.

(20) **34/9** ID: [1C1B]

To express the number $3.\overline{7}$ as a fraction, we let $x = 3.\overline{7}$, so $10x = 37.\overline{7}$ and:

$$\begin{array}{r} 10x = 37.\overline{7} \\ - \quad x = 3.\overline{7} \\ \hline 9x = 34 \end{array}$$

This shows that $3.\overline{7} = \boxed{\frac{34}{9}}$.