1 Comments

1

2

3 4

Stuff using ai \equiv a[i]...

```
Python:
Java:
1 // This is a Java line comment
                                                            1 # This is a Python line comment
2 /* This is a Java block comment */
                                                            2 """ This is a Python block comment (kinda) """
     I/O
                                                               Python:
Java:
1 System.out.println("Hello world");
                                                            1 print("Hello World")
2 System.out.println("Earth is #" + 1);
                                                            2 print("Earth is #{}".format(1)) # Similar to printf
3 int num = sc.nextInt(); // Assuming that you've
                                                            3 num = int(input('Enter a number: ')) # There is no
       done the appropriate overhead
                                                                   overhead
     if, else, and elif
                                                               Python:
Java:
   if(CONDITIONAL) {
       Stuff...
                                                               if CONDITIONAL:
3
                                                                   Stuff...
4
   else if(CONDITIONAL) {
                                                            3
                                                               elif CONDITIONAL:
5
       Stuff...
                                                            4
                                                                   Stuff...
6 }
                                                            5
                                                              else:
7
   else {
                                                                   Stuff...
8
       Stuff...
9 }
     Loops
      while
4.1
                                                               Python:
Java:
1 while(CONDITIONAL) {
                                                            1 while CONDITIONAL:
       Stuff on repeat...
                                                                   Stuff on repeat...
3 }
4.2
       C-Style for
                                                               Python:
Java:
1 for(int i = 0; i < n; ++i) {</pre>
       Stuff on repeat n times...
                                                            1 for i in range(n):
3 }
                                                            2
                                                                   Stuff on repeat n times...
4
   for(int i = 0; i < a.length; ++i) {</pre>
                                                            4 for i in range(len(a)):
       Use a[i]...
                                                                   Use a[i]...
7 }
      Python Style for
4.3
for ai in a:
   Stuff using ai \equiv a[i]...
\mathsf{OR}
for i, ai in enumerate(a):
```

5 Booleans

```
Python:
Java:
1 true
                                                                 1 True
                                                                 2 False
2 false
                                                                    Python:
   Java:
1 if(x > 1) \{...
                                                                 1 if x > 1:...
2 \quad if(x >= 1) \{...
                                                                 2 if x >= 1:...
3 \text{ if}(x == 1) \{...
                                                                 3 if x == 1:...
4 \quad if(x != 1) \{...
                                                                 4 if x != 1:...
5 if(!b) {...
                                                                5 if not b:\dots
6 if(b1 && (b2 || !b3)) {...
                                                                6 if b1 and (b2 or not b3):...
7 if(1 < x && x < 10) {...}
                                                                7 \quad if \quad 1 < x < 10:...
8 if(x == y \&\& y == z) \{...
                                                                8 if x == y == z:...
```

6 Arithmetic

```
Python:
Java:
1 x = 5;
                                                                          1 x = 5
2 x = x + 1; // x == 6
                                                                          2 x = x + 1 # x == 6
3 \times += 1; // \times == 6
                                                                          3 \times += 1 \# \times == 6
4 \text{ x++; } // \text{ or } ++\text{x; } \text{x == } 6
                                                                          4 N/A # Python does not support
                                                                          5 \times /= 2 \# \times == 2
5 \times /= 2; // \times == 2
6 N/A // Java does not support
                                                                          6 \quad x = 5 ** 2 # x == 25 (5 * 5)
7 N/A // Java does not support
                                                                          7 \times **= 2 \# \times == 25 (x * x)
8 \times \% = 2; // \times == 1
                                                                          8 x %= 2 # x == 1
```

7 Methods / Functions

7.1 Overloading / Keyword Arguments

```
Python:
Java:
1 public double calc(double x) {
                                                              def calc(x, y=5, z=5):
       return calc(x, 5, 5);
                                                                  return x + (y / z)
3 }
4
                                                            4
                                                               . . .
5 public double calc(double x, double y, double z) {
                                                            5
6
       return x + (y / z);
                                                            6 calc(3) # returns 4
7
   }
                                                            7 calc(3, 4) # returns 3.8
8
                                                            8 calc(3, 4, 2) # returns 5
9
                                                            9 calc(3, z=4) # returns 4.25
10
                                                           10 calc(3, y=8, z=4) # returns 5
11 calc(3); // returns 4
                                                           11 calc(3, z=4, y=8) # returns 5
12 calc(3, 4, 2); // returns 5
```

8 Classes

8.1 Class Declaration

8.2 Constructor and Methods

```
Java:
    public MyClass(int xIn, double yIn, boolean zIn) {
 1
        // Assuming that MyClass extends a class that
            has a constructor with int x
 3
        // Assuming that MyClass declared instance
             variables:
 4
        //
               double y;
 5
        //
               boolean z;
 6
        super(xIn);
 7
        y = yIn; // \equiv this.y = yIn;
 8
 9
        z = zIn; // \equiv this.z = zIn;
10
11
12
   public get2y() {
13
        return y * 2; // \equiv return this.y * 2;
14
```

8.3 Initialization and Method Calling

```
1 MyClass mc = new MyClass(2, 3.5, true);
```

9 Include / Import

2 System.out.println(mc.get2y());

Java:

Java:

```
1 // Not needed if file is in the same directory
2
3 // Reference things in the package as thing
4 include path.to.folder.package;
```

Python:

```
1 class CLASS_NAME(PARENT_CLASS1, PARENT_CLASS2,
        etc):...
2
3 class MyClass(ParentClass):
4
5 class MyClass(object): # Explicitely extends
        object class
```

Python:

```
def __init__(self, x_in, y_in, z_in):
    # Assuming that MyClass extends a class that
        has a constructor with int x
super().__init__(x_in)

self.y = y_in # \neq y = y_in;
self.z = z_in # \neq z = z_in;

def get2y(self):
    return self.y * 2 # \neq return y * 2
```

Python:

Python:

```
1 # Always needed when using functions, classes,
        variables, etc from different files
 2
3
    # Reference thing as path.to.folder.module.thing
4
    import path.to.folder.module
5
6
    # Reference things in module as md.thing
7
    import path.to.folder.module as md
8
    # Reference thing as thing
10 from path.to.folder.module import thing
11
12 # If it is in the same directory
13 import module
```

9.1 Examples

```
Java:
```

```
1 include java.util.Scanner;
2
3 Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);
```

Python:

```
# Don't worry about what this does, it's an
# example of how to import

# This is the only style of import that I will use
import scipy.sparse
matrix = scipy.sparse.csr_matrix(range(10))

import scipy.sparse as sp_sparse
matrix = sp_sparse.csr_matrix(range(10))

from scipy.sparse from csr_matrix
matrix = csr_matrix(range(10))
```

10 Example Factorial Program

10.1 Java

```
FactorialCalculartor.java
   public class FactorialCalculator {
2
       public int calc(int n) {
          int result = 1;
           while(n > 0) {
              result *= n;
6
              n--;
7
           }
8
9
           return result;
10
       }
11 }
    Factorial.java
   public class Factorial {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
3
           FactorialCalculator factCalc = new FactorialCalculator();
           for(int i = 1; i <= 10; ++i) {</pre>
              int fact = factCalc.calc(i);
               if(fact > 100) {
                  System.out.println("Large Answer: " + fact);
10
              }
11
              else {
12
                  System.out.println("Small Answer: " + fact);
13
              }
14
           }
15
       }
   }
16
    10.2 Python
    factorial_calculator.py
   class FactorialCalculator(object):
2
       def calc(self, n):
3
          result = 1
4
          while n > 0:
             result *= n
              n -= 1
7
           return result
    factorial.py
1
   import factorial_calculator
2
3
4
   factCalc = factorial_calculator.FactorialCalculator()
6 for i in range(1, 11):
7
       fact = factCalc.calc(i)
8
       if fact > 100:
9
10
           print("Large Answer: {}".format(fact))
11
           print("Small Answer: {}".format(fact))
12
```