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Name	ECR Enumeration
URL	https://attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=2428
Type	AWS Cloud Security : ECS and ECR

Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

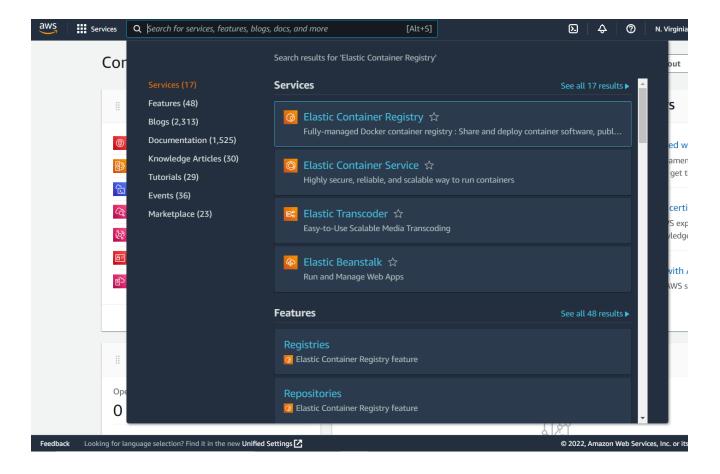
Solution:

We will enumerate the ECR service provided by amazon. ECR stands for Elastic Container Registry it is an AWS managed container image registry service that is secure, scalable, and reliable.

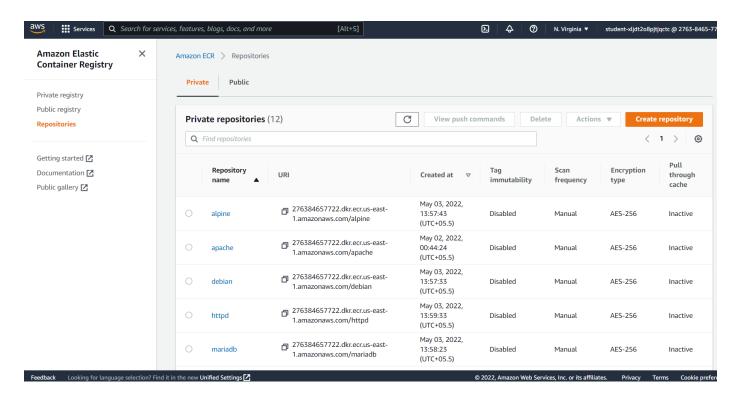
Step 1: Click on the lab link button to get access to AWS lab credentials.

Login URL	https://276384657722.signin.aws.amazon.com/console
Region	Asia Pacific (Singapore) ap-southeast-1
Username	student-6iiztzmij4liyybm
Password	COo8KGgeZKVuLjBN1aC
Access Key ID	AKIAUAWOPGE5LNRZEITS
Secret Access Key	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

Step 2: Log in to the AWS account through the console search for Elastic Container Registry and click on it.



Step 3: The Private registry hosts our docker repositories and is a secure scalable service to use for deploying ECS clusters.



This page contains the image details such as the URI, creation time, encryption type, and more details along with the repository name.

The **URI** is what is used to reference the repository images while creating containers on ECS clusters.

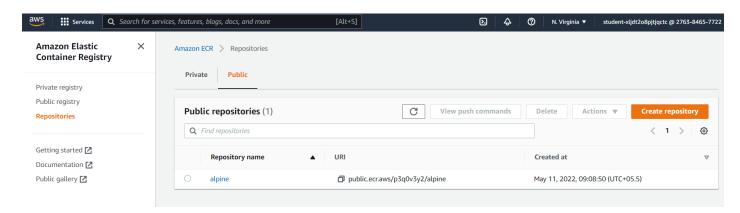
The URI is of the format <account-id>.dkr.ecr.<region>.amazonaws.com/<repo-name>

The **Tag immutability** column lists its status, if tag immutability is enabled it will prevent image pushes with pre-existing tags from overwriting the images.

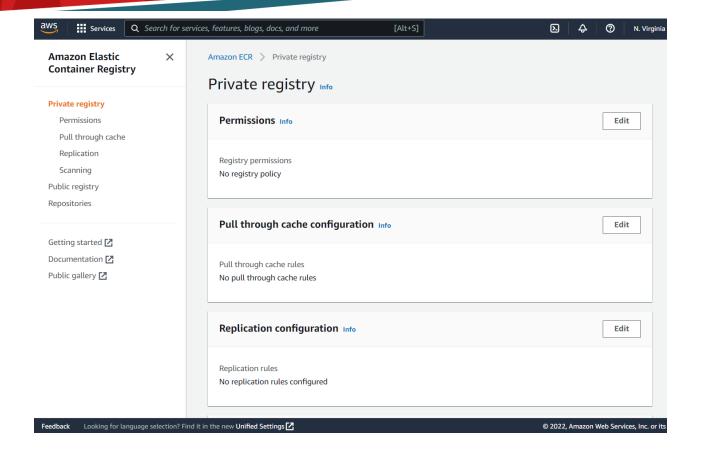
The **Encryption type** column lists the encryption properties of the repository, it shows the default encryption types such as AES-256, or has KMS enabled encryptions.

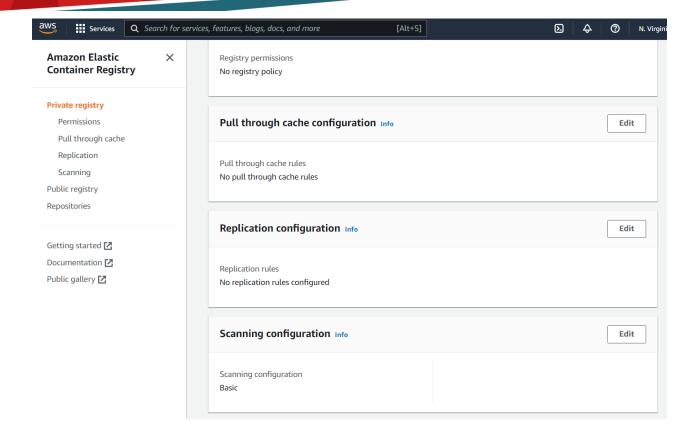
The **Pull through cache** column lists its status, if Pull through cache status is Active it will cache repositories in an external public repository into your private repository.

The Public tab lists the repositories which are publically accessible from this account. A unique default alias is added to the repository name at creation, it is used for identification of this repository from the multitude of public repositories on AWS.



Step 4: Clicking on the Private registry option from the side menu, takes us to the private registry settings.





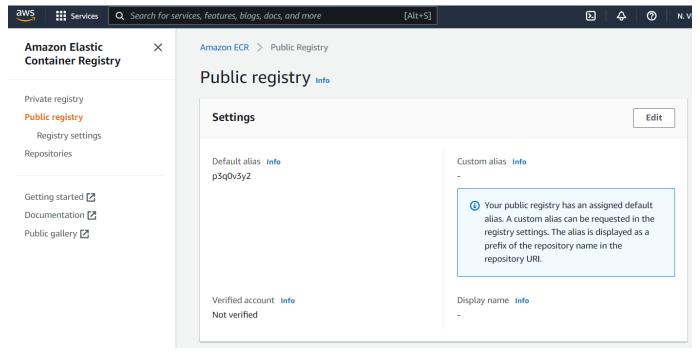
The **Permissions** section allows us to apply a **registry policy** to grant permissions to an AWS principal at the private registry level. These allow us to scope access to the Replication and pull through cache configuration features of our private registry.

The **Pull through cache configuration** lets us set pull through cache rules for the repository.

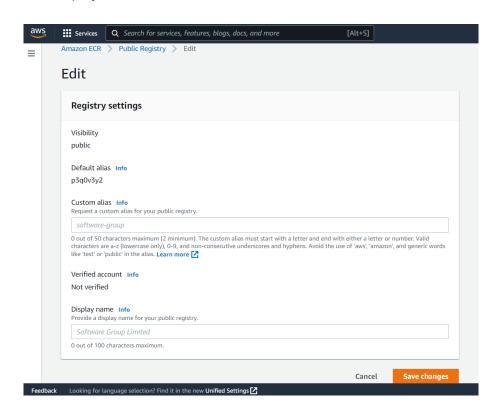
The **Replication configuration** lets us set rules to manage cross region and cross account repository replication.

The **Scanning configuration** has two options: basic and enhanced scanning. Basic scanning is a free service that allows manual scans and scans on push of images in the registry. Enhanced scanning provides automated continuous scanning that identifies vulnerabilities in both operating systems and enhanced scanning.

Step 5: Clicking on the Public registry option from the side menu, takes us to the public registry settings.

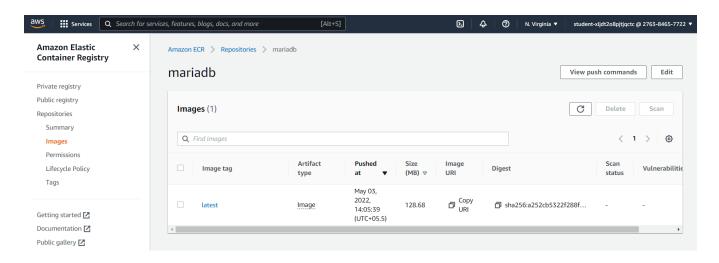


This page displays the default alias of the public registry and also has options to set up a custom alias and display name for the same.

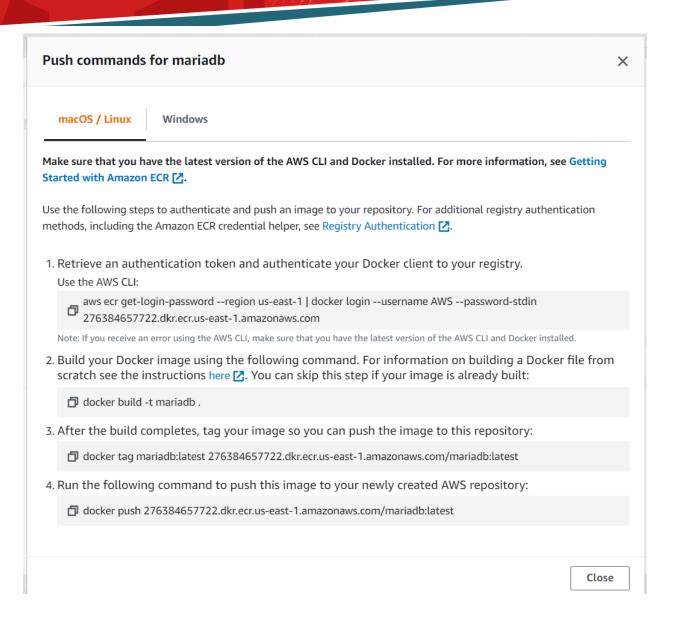




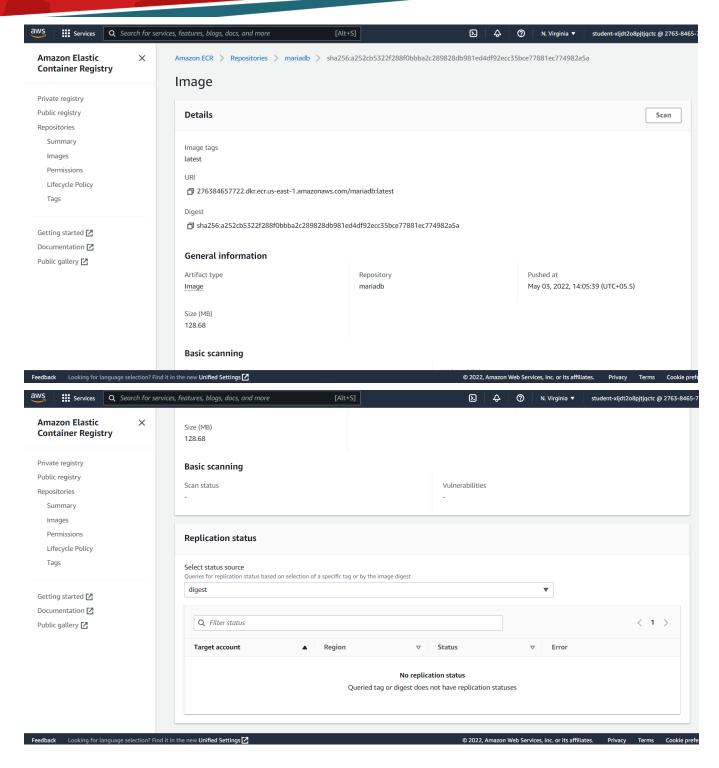
Step 6: Click on the mariadb repository from the private tab.



This page lists the images in this repository, it also has additional image information like the size, digest, pushed date, etc. Clicking on the **View push commands** button will open a pop up. These are the commands which will let a user push any local image to the private ECR repository.

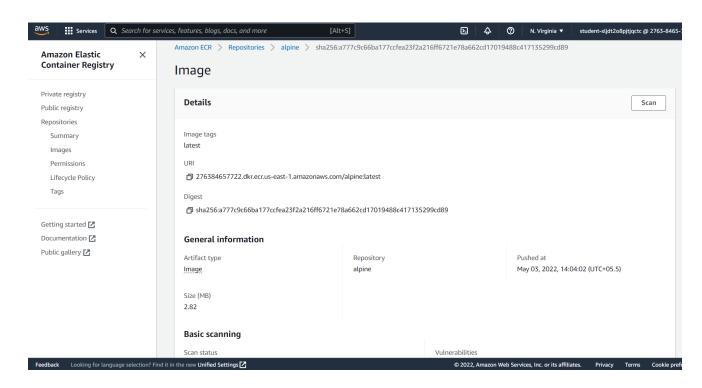


Step 7: On clicking on the Image tag **latest** link, additional information about the image is displayed.



This page also displays the Image replication status for this image, when replicated this would list the accounts and the regions where the image has been replicated.

Similarly clicking on the tag on the public repository will bring us to another image details page. This page doesn't have the scanning and Image replication information as it is already publicly available.



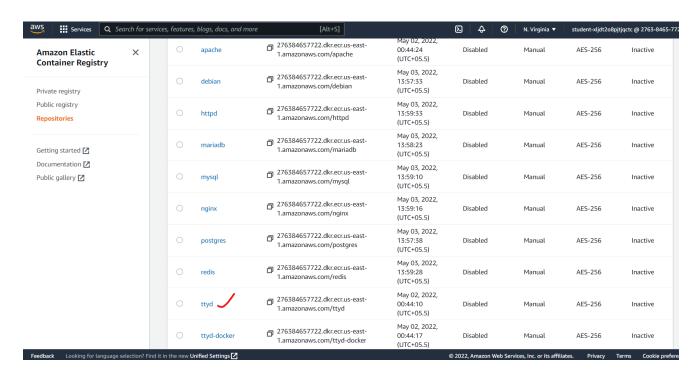
Step 8: To pull an image from the private registry first configure aws cli with lab credentials. Then authenticate docker to interact with the ecr service.

Command: aws configure

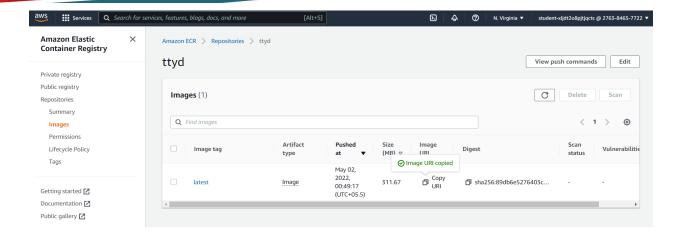
Command: aws ecr get-login-password --region us-east-1 | docker login --username AWS --password-stdin 276384657722.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com

```
(root% kali)-[~]
was ecr get-login-password --region us-east-1 | docker login --username AWS --password-stdin 276384657722.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com WARNING! Your password will be stored unencrypted in /root/.docker/config.json.
Configure a credential helper to remove this warning. See https://docs.docker.com/engine/reference/commandline/login/#credentials-store
Login Succeeded
```

From the Private repositories page click on the ttyd repository.



On the ttyd images page click on the copy URI button this is the URI for this image.



Next do a simple docker pull with the Image URI.

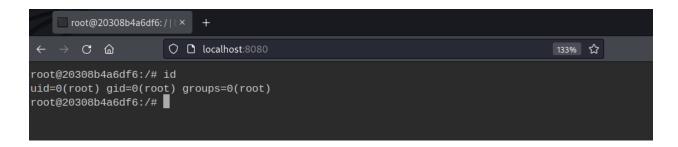
Command: docker pull 276384657722.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/ttyd:latest

```
(root@kali)-[~]
    docker pull 276384657722.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/ttyd:latest
latest: Pulling from ttyd
e0b25ef51634: Already exists
128d8b1b9f98: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:89db6e5276403ced2ca84b06657eb29236fdeb541ba3764f36ccdab1f1a297b3
Status: Downloaded newer image for 276384657722.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/ttyd:latest
276384657722.dkr.ecr.us-east-1.amazonaws.com/ttyd:latest
```

Step 9: Let's run this pulled image. After pulling the image from ecr all regular docker operations can be performed on this local image.

Commands:

docker images docker run –it –p 8080:8080 <Image ID> ttyd –p 8080 bash



References:

AWS ECR Documentation (https://docs.aws.amazon.com/ecr/index.html)