PENTESTER ACADEMYTOOL BOX PENTESTING
PENTESTER ACADEMYTOOL BOX PENTESTING
PATURED TEAM LABS ATTACKDEFENSE LABS
RITAINING COURSES ACCESS POINT PENTESTER
TEAM LABSPENTESTER TOOL BOY DO TO TO TEAM LAB
PATURED TEAM LABS RELUTION TO TEAM LAB
RITAINING COURSES ACCESS POINT PENTESTER
TOOL BOX TOOL BOY DO TO TO TEAM LAB
ATTACKDEFENSE LABS TRAINING COURSES PATURE CESS
PENTESTED LEGISLACIONAL TOOL BOX
TOOL BOX TOOL BOY PENTESTER ACADEMY
TOOL BOX TOOL BOY WORLD-CLASS TRAINERS TRAINING HACKER
TOOL BOX TOOL BOY PENTESTER ACADEMY
TOOL BOX TOOL BOY WORLD-CLI'
WORLD-CLASS TRAINERS
TOOL BOY WORLD-CLI'
TRAINING CO'
PENTESTING
TRAINING CO'
PENTESTING
TRAINING CO'
PENTESTING
TRAINING CO'
PENTESTING



Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

Challenge Description

DevOps practices are to combine software development (Dev) and IT operations (Ops) in order to improve the delivery process. DevOps pipelines are chained tasks and components that run in a sequence to cover different phases of software compilation, packaging, automated testing, and test deployment.

In this lab, we have a DevSecOps pipeline for a Maven web application. The pipeline consists of the following components (and tasks):

- VS Code Server (For pulling, modifying, and pushing the code)
- GitLab server (For hosting code)
- Jenkins server (For integrating). Different phases and components used:

Build: Maven
 Code testing: Maven
 Test Deployment: Ansible
 Dynamic Testing: Selenium

- Test server (For test deployment)
- Archery Sec server (For Vulnerability management)

It is suggested to play the DevOps focused lab before playing this lab.

DevSecOps refer to introducing security in different stages of the DevOps process. This is done to catch the vulnerabilities/insecurities as soon as possible in the pipeline. In this lab, the pipeline consists of the following components (and tasks):

Automated Code Review: DevSkim

• Sensitive Information Scan phase: Detect Secrets

• Software Component Analysis: OWASP Dependency-Check

Static Code Analysis: FindSecBugsDynamic Application Security Testing: OWASP ZAP

• Compliance as Code: Inspec

Objective: Fix the Issues in the stages of the pipeline and Find the flags!

Instructions:

- The GitLab server is reachable with the name 'gitlab'
- Gitlab credentials:

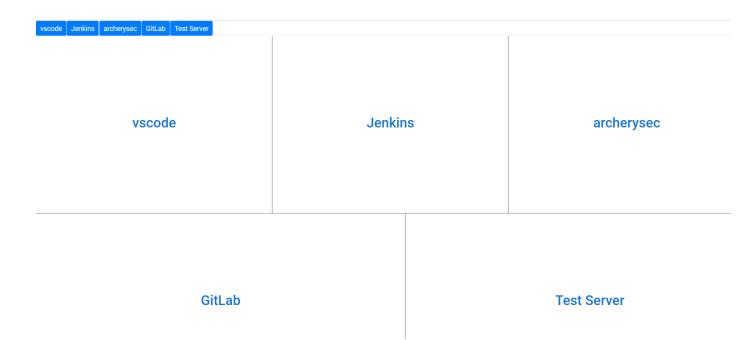
Username	Password
root	welcome123

- The Archery server is reachable by the name "archerysec"
- ArcherySec credentials:

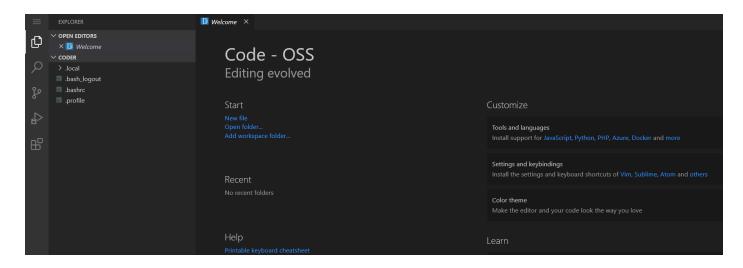
Username	Password
admin	admin

Lab Setup

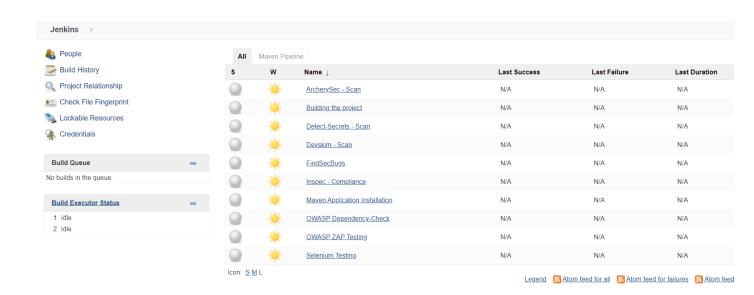
On starting the lab, the following interface will be accessible to the user.



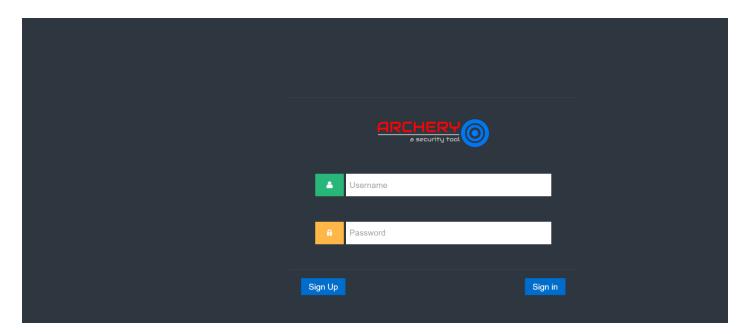
On choosing (clicking the text in the center) top left panel, vscode will open in a new tab



Similarly on selecting the top middle panel, a web UI of **Jenkins** will open in a new tab.



On selecting the top right panel, a web UI of ArcherySecwill open in a new tab.



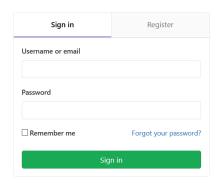
On selecting the bottom left panel, a web UI of Gitlab will open in a new tab.



GitLab Community Edition

Open source software to collaborate on code

Manage Git repositories with fine-grained access controls that keep your code secure. Perform code reviews and enhance collaboration with merge requests. Each project can also have an issue tracker and a wiki.



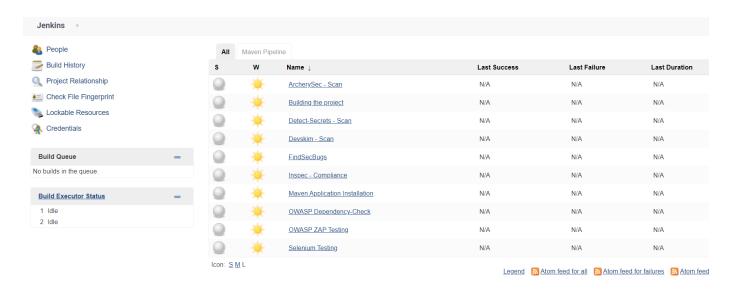
And on selecting the bottom right panel, a web UI of **Test Server** will open in a new tab.

Bad Gateway

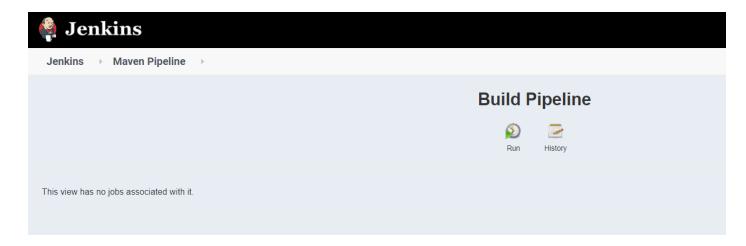
The page will reload until the test-server has started running the web service at port 8080

Solution

Step 1: Open the Jenkins page



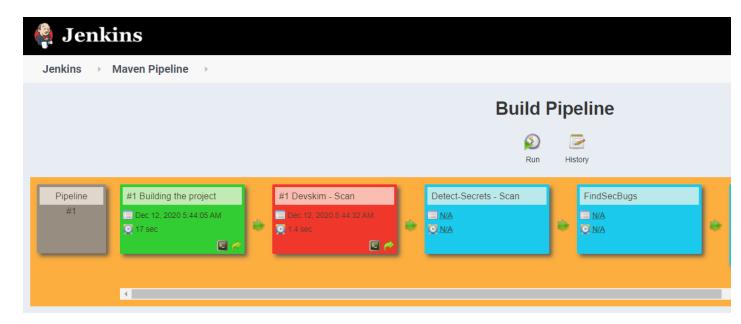
There are 10 jobs present in the Jenkins interface. Navigate to the Maven Pipeline view section.



Click on the Run button to start building the pipeline.



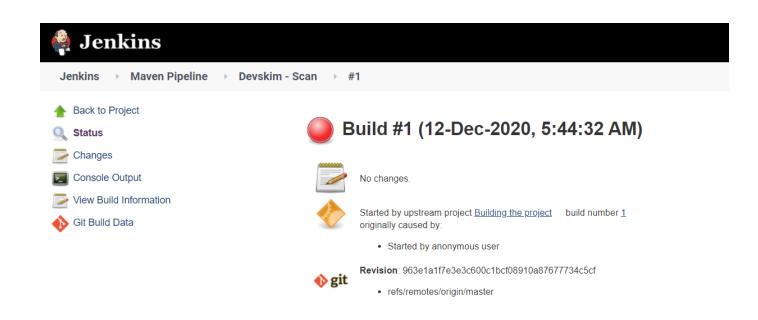
The projects will start building one by one. Keep reloading the page in intervals to check the changes on the page.



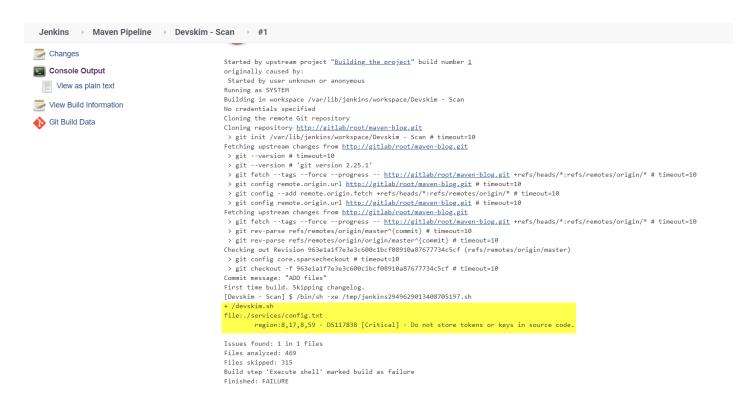
The build failed.

Devskim Issue

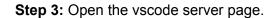
Step 1: Click on the 'Devskim - Scan' to check the job build page.



Step 2: Click on the "Console Output" to check the issues found by devskim tool.

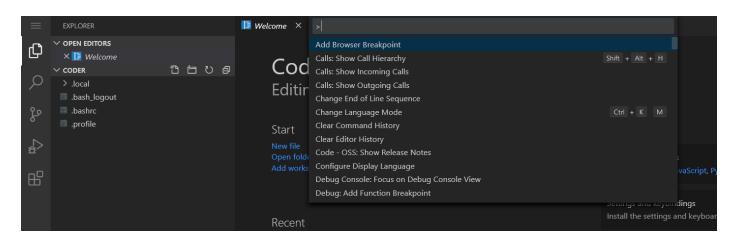


The devskim identified hardcoded keys in the services directory.

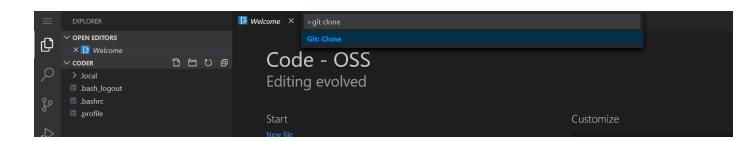




Press CTRL + SHIFT + P to open the command palette or click on the settings bar available in the bottom left and choose the "Command Palette" option.



Step 4: Enter the command "git clone" in the command palette in order to clone the repository and make changes.



Press enter to choose the Git Clone option.

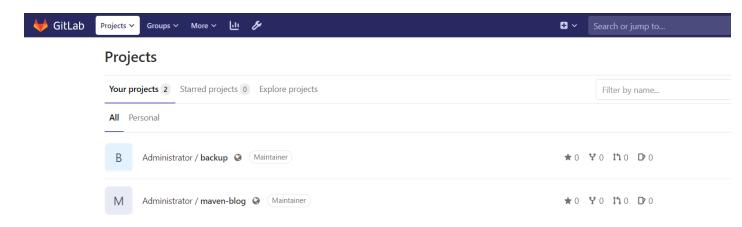


Step 5: Open the gitlab page and log in using the credentials provided in the challenge description.

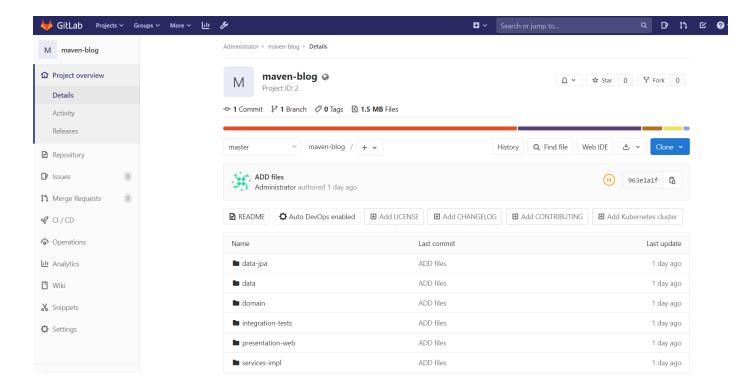
Credentials:

• **Username:** root

Password: welcome123



Click on the maven-blog link to open the repository page.



Copy the git link to the GitLab repository.

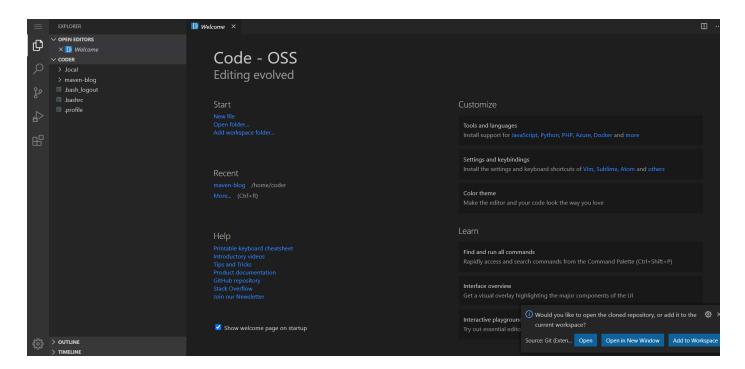
Step 6: Enter the link into the clone function at vscode server.



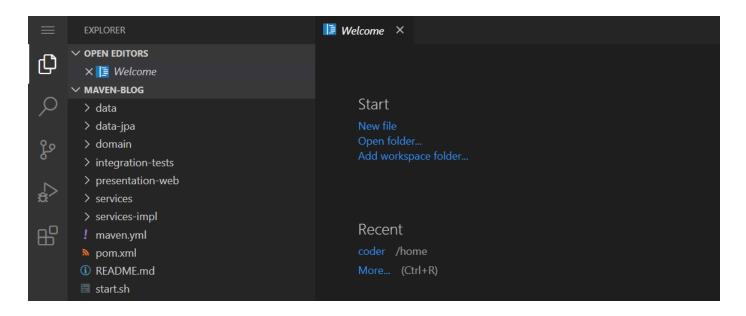
Press Enter.



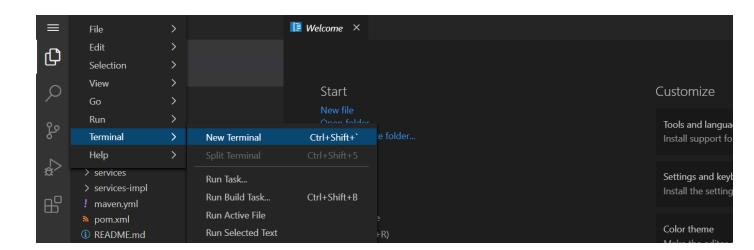
Choose the path to clone to the repository.



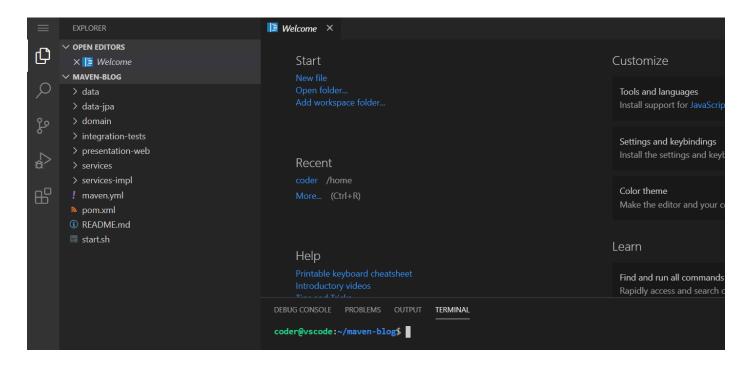
Click on the "Open" button to open the source code directory of the maven-blog.



Step 7: Open the Terminal in the directory.



Select the "New Terminal" option.

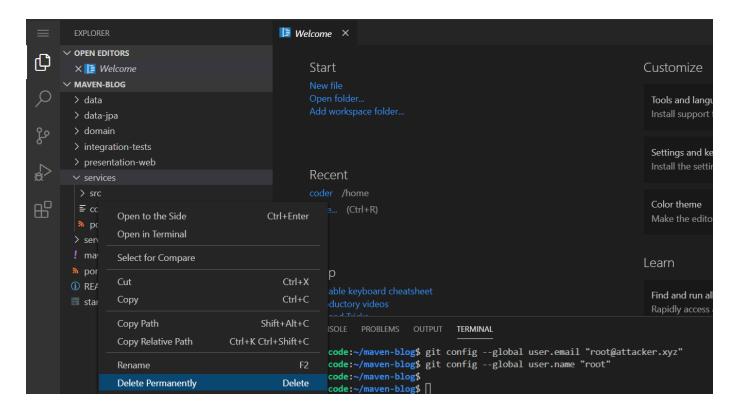


Step 8: Enter the git credentials into the terminal to save the identity of the user.

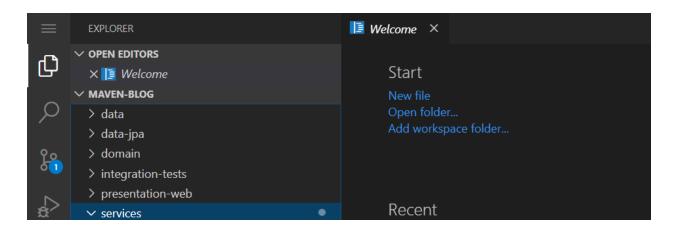
Commands:

git config --global user.email "root@attacker.xyz" git config --global user.name "root"

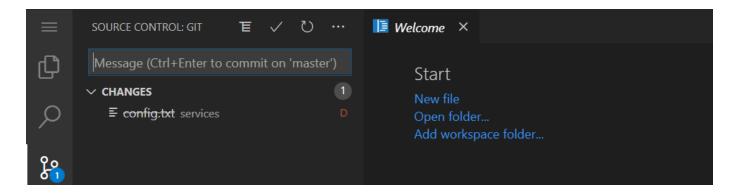
Step 9: Navigate inside the services directory and right-click on the config.txt file.



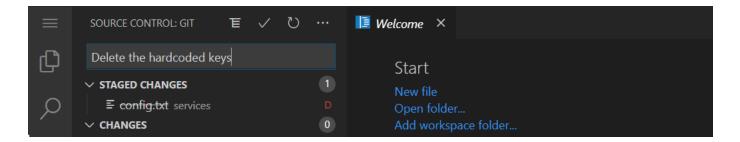
Select "Delete Permanently" to delete the backup.sql file from the project.



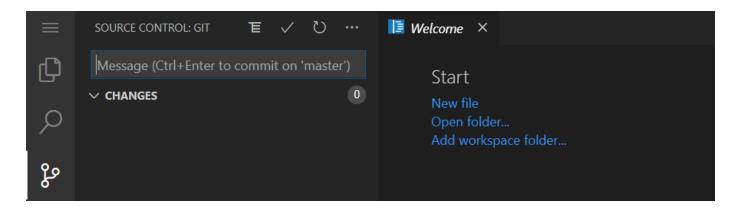
Step 10: Navigate to the Source Control section.



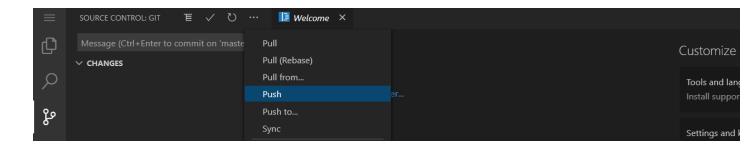
Enter a message in the message field to set a comment on the commit.



Click on the Commit button (Tick icon) and Choose the option "Always" to stage the commits always after the changes are made to the files.



Step 11: Click on the "More Actions" button (3 dots)



And select the Push button to push the changes to the remote repository.



Enter the git username and password when asked in the fields. The credentials are the same from gitlab.

Note: As soon as the code pushed to the remote repository, the pipeline will start building automatically.

Step 12: Navigate back to the Pipeline view to check if Devskim stage passes or not.



The Devskim stage has passed successfully. The logs can be checked from clicking on the "Devskim - Scan" and opening the console output.

+ /devskim.sh Issues found: 0 in 0 files Files analyzed: 468

Files skipped: 318 FLAG 1: 11f57a6b675dc71467745cde7c419cfd

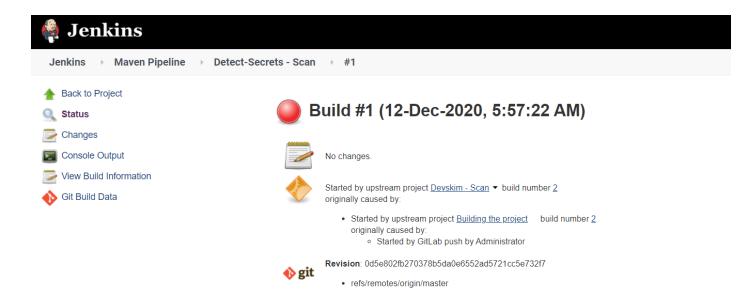
Triggering a new build of <u>Detect-Secrets</u> - <u>Scan</u>

Finished: SUCCESS

FLAG 1: 11f57a6b675dc71467745cde7c419cfd

Detect-Secrets issue

Step 1: Click on the Detect-Secrets Scan' to check the job build page.



Step 2: Click on the "Console Output" to check the issues found by Detect-Secrets tool.

```
Maven Pipeline
                  Detect-Secrets - Scan
                                        'presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog.css": [
                                           "hashed_secret": "391324e9c2ec9db76c40fcad1d165a8745dd7464",
                                           "is_verified": false,
                                           "line_number": 5,
                                           "type": "Secret Keyword"
                                        "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog ie.css": [
                                           "hashed_secret": "391324e9c2ec9db76c40fcad1d165a8745dd7464",
                                           "line_number": 5,
                                           "type": "Secret Keyword"
                                        presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog_ie8.css": [
                                           "hashed_secret": "391324e9c2ec9db76c40fcad1d165a8745dd7464",
                                            "is_verified": false,
                                           "line_number": 5,
                                           "type": "Secret Keyword"
                                        presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog iequirks.css": [
                                           "hashed_secret": "391324e9c2ec9db76c40fcad1d165a8745dd7464",
                                           "is_verified": false,
                                           "line_number": 5,
"type": "Secret Keyword"
```

The Detect-Secrets identified several strings in the files which are flagged as sensitive information.

Files:

- dialog.css
- dialog_ie.css
- dialog_ie8.css
- dialog_iequirks.css

Step 3: Navigate to the directory of the files and check for sensitive keywords in the files such as api_key, apikey, password, and passwd, since these are the keywords which get flagged by the Detect-Secrets tool. (On VS Code Instance)

Commands:

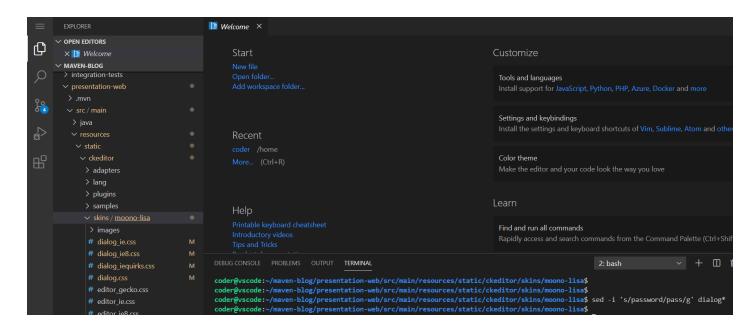
cd presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/cat dialog.css | grep api_key | wc -c cat dialog.css | grep apikey | wc -c cat dialog.css | grep password | wc -c

```
coder@vscode:~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa$ cat dialog.css | grep api_key | wc -c 0 coder@vscode:~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa$ cat dialog.css | grep apikey | wc -c 0 coder@vscode:~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa$ cat dialog.css | grep apikey | wc -c 0 coder@vscode:~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa$ cat dialog.css | grep password | wc -c 13404
```

The command will check for the keyword and return the number of bytes found. But only 'password' string returned output greater than 0. Hence, there is only 'password' keyword which is getting detected by Detect-Secrets.

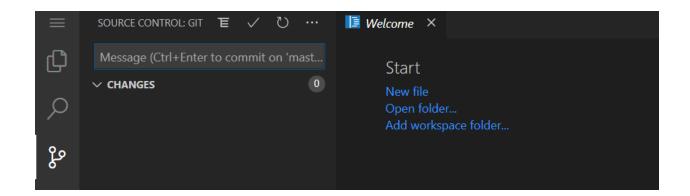
Step 4: Change all the occurrences of 'password' with pass in order to fix the issue.

Command: sed -i 's/password/pass/g' dialog*



Step 5: Navigate to the SCM section and make commits to the changes. Push the changes to the remote repository.

(Same as Step 10 onwards of the DevSkim issue section)



Step 6: Check the pipeline for the changes.



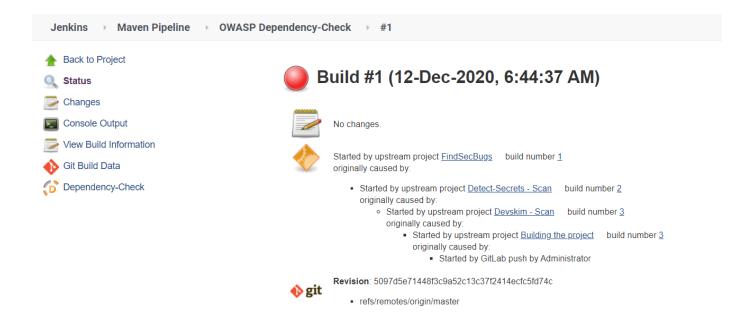
The DetectSecrets stage has passed successfully. The logs can be checked from clicking on the "Detect-Secrets - Scan" and opening the console output.

```
],
  "results": {},
  "version": "0.14.3",
  "word_list": {
    "file": null,
    "hash": null
  }
}
FLAG 2: 968d2a7e190e72b33dbbb014b0d7fcbb
Triggering a new build of FindSecBugs
Finished: SUCCESS
```

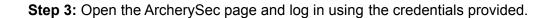
FIAG 2: 968d2a7e190e72b33dbbb014b0d7fcbb

OWASP Dependency Check Issue

Step 1: Click on the 'OWASP Dependency-Check' to check the job build page.

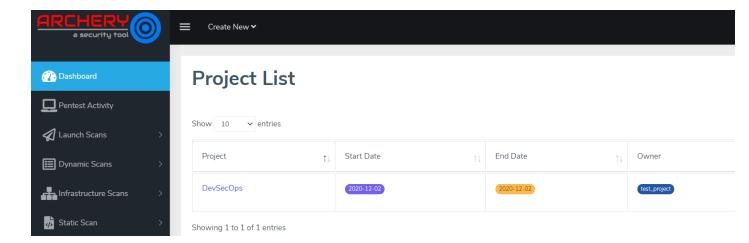


Step 2: Click on the "Console Output" to check the issues found by the Bandit tool.



Credentials:

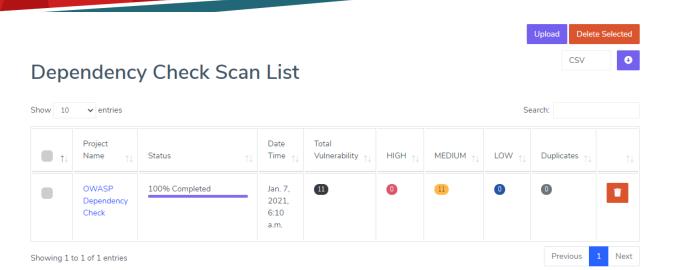
Username: adminPassword: admin



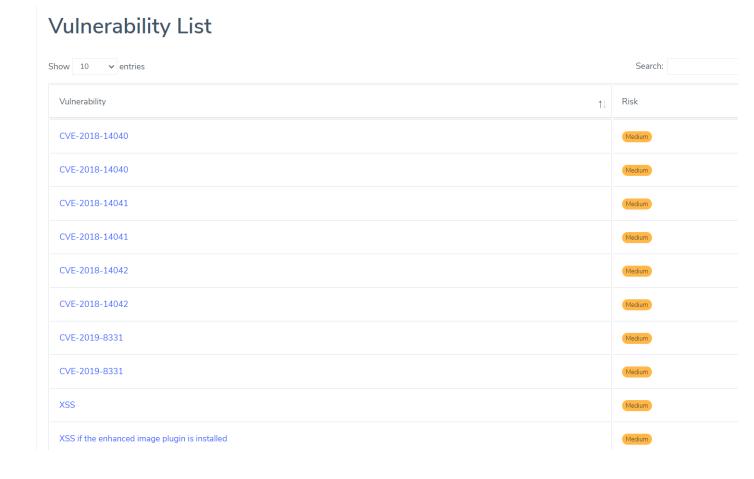
Click on the project name "DevSecOps" and see results from the bandit tool.



Click on 'Dependency Check'.

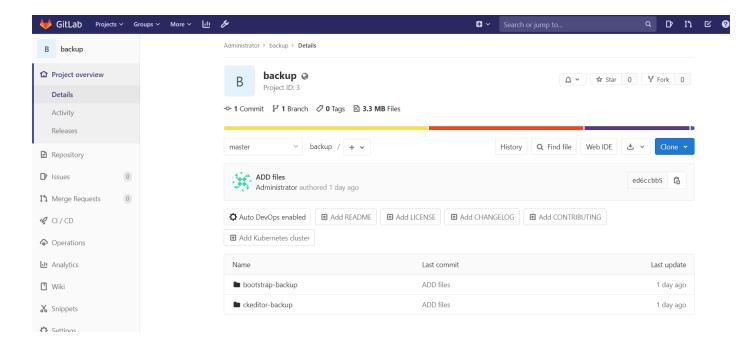


Click on 'OWASP Dependency Check'.



Multiple CVE's have been found in the current version of Bootstrap library and XSS was found in ckeditor library.

Step 4: Open the gitlab instance and navigate to the backup repository.



Step 5: Open a terminal and navigate to the home directory then clone the backup repository which contains the patched code version of these libraries. (On VS Code server)

Commands:

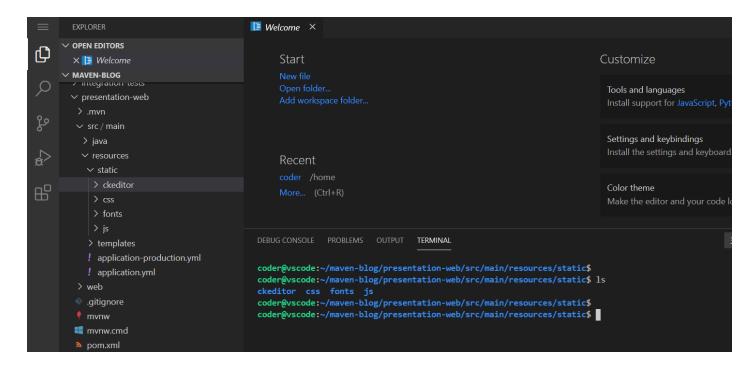
cd

git clone http://gitlab/root/backup.git

ls

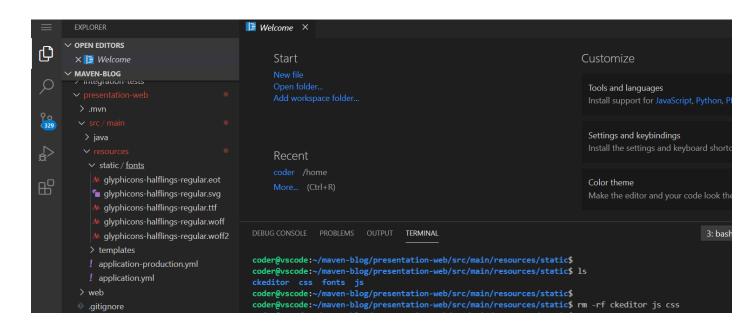
```
coder@vscode:~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa$ cd
coder@vscode:~$ git clone http://gitlab/root/backup.git
Cloning into 'backup'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 3192, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (3192/3192), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (2911/2911), done.
remote: Total 3192 (delta 144), reused 3192 (delta 144), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (3192/3192), 3.14 MiB | 35.70 MiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (144/144), done.
coder@vscode:~$
coder@vscode:~$
sackup maven-blog
coder@vscode:~$
```

Step 6: Navigate to the directory where static resources of the website are stored such as ckeditor and bootstrap (~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static)



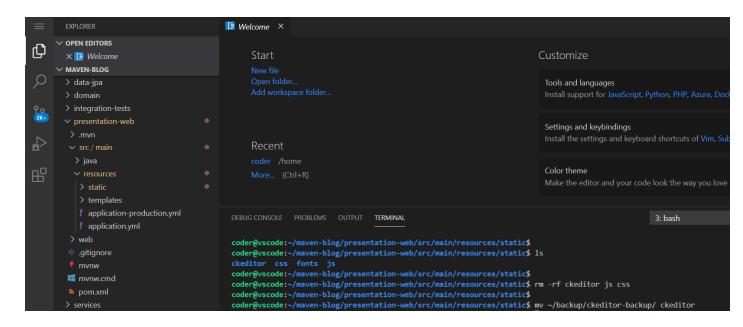
Step 7: Delete the ckeditor directory with 'js' and 'css' directory.

Command: rm -rf ckeditor js css



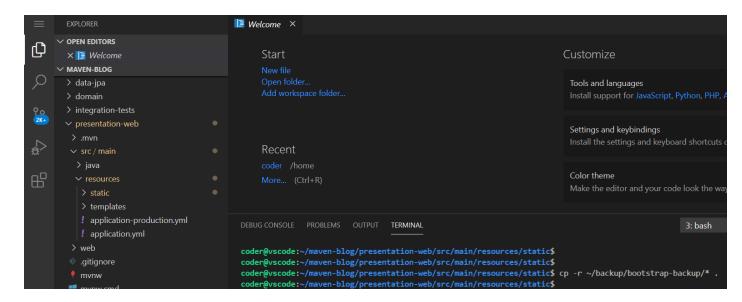
Step 8: Move the ckeditor-backup directory from the 'backup' directory and save it as 'ckeditor' in the current directory.

Command: mv ~/backup/ckeditor-backup/ ckeditor

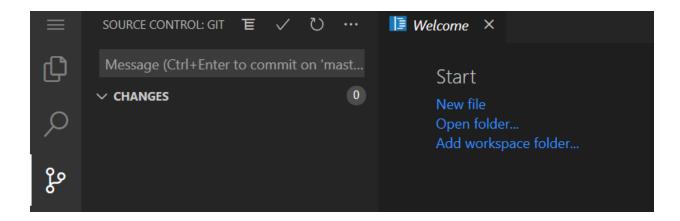


Step 9: Copy the files stored inside bootstrap-backup located inside the 'backup' directory.

Command: cp -r ~/backup/bootstrap-backup/* .



Step 10: Commit and push all the changes to the remote repository. (Same as Step 10 onwards of DevSkim issue section)



Step 11: Check the pipeline to see any changes.



The same strings are flagged by detect-secrets again, Check the console logs of Detect-Secrets in order to see what files are flagged.

```
Jenkins
          Maven Pipeline
                               Detect-Secrets - Scan
                                                     "results": {
                                                      "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog.css": [
                                                          "hashed secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
                                                          "is_verified": false,
                                                          "type": "Secret Keyword"
                                                       "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog_ie.css": [
                                                          "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
                                                          "is_verified": false,
                                                          "type": "Secret Keyword"
                                                       "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog_ie8.css": [
                                                          "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
                                                          "is_verified": false,
                                                          "line_number": 5,
"type": "Secret Keyword"
                                                      "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/dialog_iequirks.css": [
                                                          "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
                                                          "is_verified": false,
"line_number": 5,
"type": "Secret Keyword"
                                                      "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono/dialog.css": [
                                                          "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
                                                          "is_verified": false,
"line_number": 5,
"type": "Secret Keyword"
```

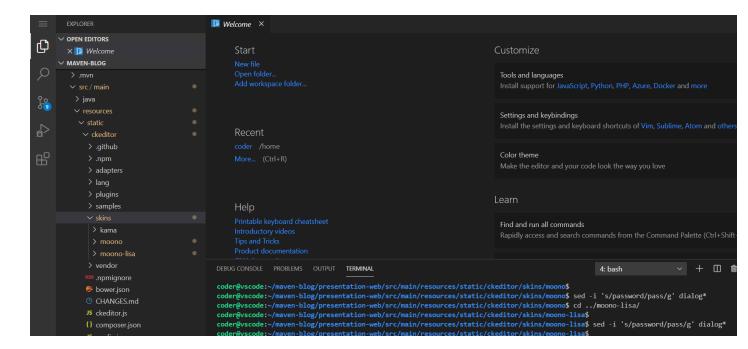
```
"presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono/dialog_ie.css": [
      "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
      "line_number": 5,
"type": "Secret Keyword"
     resentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono/dialog_ie7.css": [
      "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
      "is_verified": false,
      "type": "Secret Keyword"
   'presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono/dialog_ie8.css": [
      "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
       "is_verified": false,
      "line_number": 5,
      "type": "Secret Keyword"
  "presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono/dialog_iequirks.css": [
      "hashed_secret": "6479576572c78e717011b3367b2831618afdbdc5",
      "is_verified": false,
      "line_number": 5,
      "type": "Secret Keyword"
},
```

Step 12: Navigate inside the skins directory and replace the 'password' string from the files.

Commands:

cd ~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono-lisa/sed -i 's/password/pass/g' dialog*

cd ~/maven-blog/presentation-web/src/main/resources/static/ckeditor/skins/moono/sed -i 's/password/pass/g' dialog*



Step 13: Commit and push all the changes to the remote repository. Check the changes in the pipeline

(Same as Step 10 onwards of the DevSkim issue section)



The OWASP Dependency-Check stage has passed successfully. The logs can be checked from clicking on the "OWASP Dependency-Check" and opening the console output.

+ /dependency-check.sh



{"message":"Scan Data Uploaded","project_id":"fa1c90a1-316b-4902-9cc7-b3c79fa89747","scan_id":"3b3b9fcc-294f-4e76-aa40-107fc3dfb712","scanner":"dependencycheck"}

FLAG 3: 95fdb65ef7f3a4224328cf5ee4ffe859

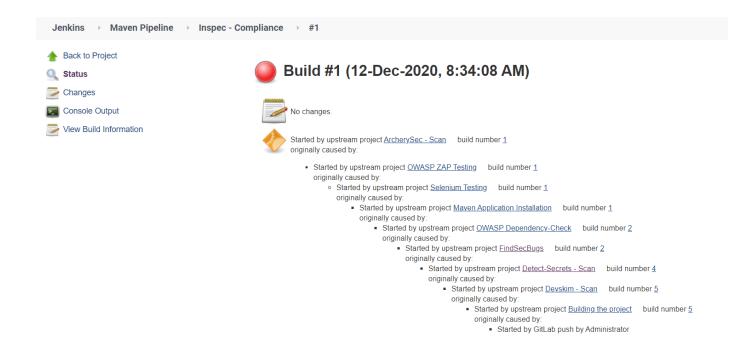
[DependencyCheck] Collecting Dependency-Check artifact Triggering a new build of <u>Maven Application Installation</u>

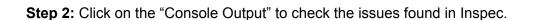
Finished: SUCCESS

FLAG 3: 95fdb65ef7f3a4224328cf5ee4ffe859

Inspec Issue

Step 1: Click on the 'Inspec' to check the job build page.





```
+ /inspec.sh
Profile: tests from /maven.rb (tests from .maven.rb)
Version: (not specified)
Target: ssh://tomcat@test-server:22
□[38;5;9m □□ app.file: Check for correct permissions of JAR file (1 failed)□[0m
0[38;5;41m
Directory /target.jar is expected to be file0[0m
              Directory /target.jar owner is expected to eq "tomcat"

    [38;5;9m

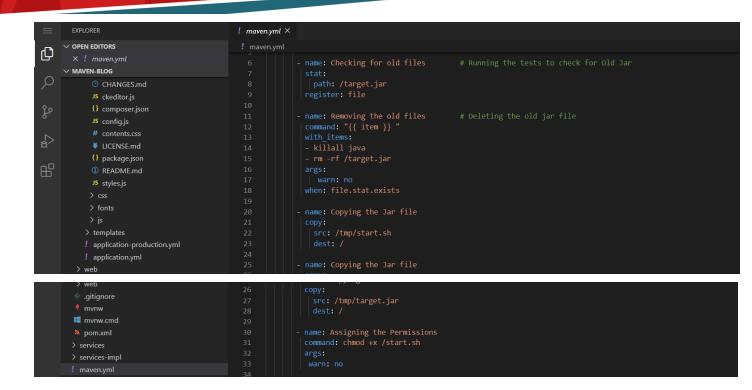
     expected: "tomcat"
          got: "root"
     (compared using ==)

② [ Øm

Profile Summary: 0 successful controls, $\textit{D}[38;5;9m1 control failure$\textit{D}[0m, 0 controls skipped
Test Summary: 2[38;5;41m1 successful2[0m, 2[38;5;9m1 failure2[0m, 0 skipped
Build step 'Execute shell' marked build as failure
Finished: FAILURE
```

The file /target.jar in the remote server needs to be owned by user tomcat but is currently owned by user root.

Step 3: Open the maven.yml file which is used by ansible to deploy the application on the remote server. (On VS Code server)



Step 4: Place command to create and set the ownership on the target.jar file.

From:

 name: Assigning the Permissions command: chmod +x /start.sh

args: warn: no

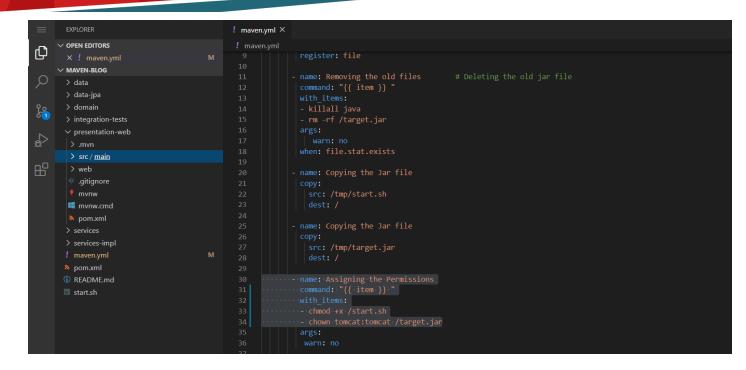
To:

name: Assigning the Permissions command: "{{ item }} "with items:

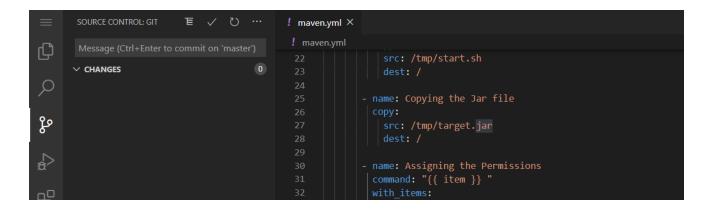
- chmod +x /start.sh

- chown tomcat:tomcat /target.jar args:

warn: no



Commit the changes and push the files to the remote repository. (Same as Step 10 onwards of the DevSkim issue section)



Step 5: Check the pipeline for the changes



The Inspec stage has passed successfully. The logs can be checked from clicking on the "Inspec" and opening the console output.

```
+ /inspec.sh

Profile: tests from /maven.rb (tests from .maven.rb)

Version: (not specified)

Target: ssh://tomcat@test-server:22

D[38;5;41m DDD app.file: Check for correct permissions of JAR fileD[0m D[38;5;41m DDD Directory /target.jar is expected to be fileD[0m D[38;5;41m DDD Directory /target.jar owner is expected to eq "tomcat"D[0m Drectory /target.jar own
```

FLAG 4: e371c83cd17a24349be7c87fb309bdaa

Learning

Working on a simple DevSecOps pipeline consisting of different components to fix the issues present in the pipeline