PENTESTER ACADEMYTOOL BOX PENTESTING

OF THE PENTESTER ACADEMYTOOL BOX PENTESTING

OF THE PENTESTING HACKER PENTESTER

TEAM LABSPENTES TO THE PENTESTER

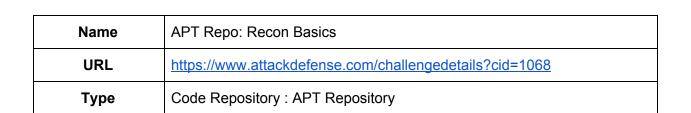
TEAM LABSPENTES TO THE PENTESTER

OF THE PENTESTING HACKER

THE PENTESTING HACKER

TOOL BOX

OF THE PENTESTING



Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

Q1. Which service is running on the target machine?

Answer: HTTP

Solution:

Check IP address of Kali machine

Command: ip addr

```
root@attackdefense:~# ip addr
1: lo: <L00PBACK,UP,L0WER_UP> mtu 65536 qdisc noqueue state UNKNOWN group default qlen 1000
    link/loopback 00:00:00:00:00:00 brd 00:00:00:00:00
    inet 127.0.0.1/8 scope host lo
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
15020: eth0@if15021: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,L0WER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP group default
    link/ether 02:42:0a:01:01:03 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
    inet 10.1.1.3/24 brd 10.1.1.255 scope global eth0
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
15023: eth1@if15024: <BROADCAST,MULTICAST,UP,L0WER_UP> mtu 1500 qdisc noqueue state UP group default
    link/ether 02:42:c0:fe:06:02 brd ff:ff:ff:ff:ff link-netnsid 0
    inet 192.254.6.2/24 brd 192.254.6.255 scope global eth1
        valid_lft forever preferred_lft forever
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Launch Nmap scan on target

Command: nmap -p- -sV 192.254.6.3

```
root@attackdefense:~# nmap -p- -sV 192.254.6.3
Starting Nmap 7.70 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2019-06-10 08:55 IST
Nmap scan report for djhozv9e9v7gd8g42dz91cepo.temp-network_a-254-6 (192.254.6.3)
Host is up (0.000029s latency).
Not shown: 65534 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
MAC Address: 02:42:C0:FE:06:03 (Unknown)

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 9.40 seconds
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Q2. What is the name of the directory in which all repository related files are kept?

Answer: repo

Open a web browser window and navigate to the IP address of the target machine.

URL: http://192.254.6.3



Index of /repo

<u>Last modified</u> <u>Size Description</u>
у -
2019-06-09 09:22 1.9K
2019-06-08 10:11 2.4K
2019-06-09 09:22 24K
2019-06-09 09:22 9.0K
2019-06-09 09:22 1.2K
2019-06-09 09:22 703
2019-06-09 09:22 -

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at 192.254.6.3 Port 80

Q3. How many packages are present in the repository?

Answer: 19

Open a web browser window and navigate to the IP address of the target machine. And, manually count the packages.

URL: http://192.254.6.3/repo/amd64/



Index of /repo/amd64

Name	Last modified	Size Descri
Parent Directory		•
auditd_2.8.2-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb	2019-06-09 09:22	189K
init-system-helpers 1.51 all.deb	2017-12-30 12:33	36K
libaudit1_2.8.2-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb	2018-02-08 00:23	38K
libauparse0_2.8.2-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb	2018-02-08 00:23	47K
libc6_2.27-3ubuntu1_amd64.deb	2018-04-17 03:18	2.7M
libestr0_0.1.10-2.1_amd64.deb	2017-11-01 21:38	7.4K
libfastjson4_0.99.8-2_amd64.deb	2018-01-14 23:18	20K
libsystemd0_237-3ubuntu10_amd64.deb	2018-04-21 11:59	199K
libuuid1_2.31.1-0.4ubuntu3_amd64.deb	2018-03-15 22:59	19K
libxtables-dev 1.6.1-2ubuntu2 amd64.deb	2017-11-12 02:58	11K
lsb-base 9.20170808ubuntu1 all.deb	2017-12-06 00:18	12K
mawk_1.3.3-17ubuntu3_amd64.deb	2018-04-04 23:38	80K
openssh-client 7.6p1-4 amd64.deb	2018-02-10 11:38	596K
openssh-server 7.6p1-4 amd64.deb	2018-02-10 11:38	325K
rsyslog 8.32.0-1ubuntu4 amd64.deb	2018-04-24 16:39	402K
ruby-all-dev 2.5.1 amd64.deb	2018-03-26 08:50	5.2K
ruby 2.5.1 amd64.deb	2018-03-26 08:50	5.6K
ufw_0.36-1_all.deb	2018-12-27 07:28	161K

Q4. What command can be used to configure the attacker Kali machine to use this APT repository?

Command: echo "deb http://192.254.6.3/repo/ /" > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/internal.list

```
root@attackdefense:~#
root@attackdefense:~# echo "deb http://192.254.6.3/repo/ /" > /etc/apt/sources.list.d/internal.list
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Q5. What command can be used to add GPG key of the APT repository to the attacker Kali machine?

Command: wget -q -O - http://192.254.6.3/repo/KEY.gpg | apt-key add -

```
root@attackdefense:~#
root@attackdefense:~# wget -q -0 - http://192.254.6.3/repo/KEY.gpg | apt-key add -
0K
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Q6. There is a flag hidden in "auditd" package. Install the package and submit that flag.

Solution:

Step 1: Update the package list

Command: apt update

Step 2: Download the auditd package. This command only downloads the package and does NOT install it. Also, to make it easy to locate the package in package cache, clear the cache.

Commands:

apt clean apt install -d auditd

```
root@attackdefense:~# apt clean
root@attackdefense:~#
root@attackdefense:~# apt install -d auditd
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
   libargon2-0 libdns-export1100
Use 'apt autoremove' to remove them.
The following additional packages will be installed:
   libauparse0
```

Step 3: Check the cache directory. Observe that the download package is present there.

Command: Is -I /var/cache/apt/archives

```
root@attackdefense:~# ls -l /var/cache/apt/archives/
total 244
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 193768 Jun 9 14:52 auditd_1%3a2.8.2-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 48608 Feb 8 2018 libauparse0_1%3a2.8.2-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb
-rw-r---- 1 root root 0 Jan 11 2018 lock
drwx----- 1 _apt root 4096 Jun 10 11:10 partial
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Step 4: Change to cache directory, extract the archive.

Commands:

cd /var/cache/apt/archives mkdir extracted dpkg-deb -R auditd_1%3a2.8.2-lubuntu1_amd64.deb extracted

```
root@attackdefense:~# cd /var/cache/apt/archives/
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives# mkdir extracted
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives# dpkg-deb -R auditd_1%3a2.8.2-1ubuntu1_amd64.deb extracted/
```



Step 5: Change to extracted directory and retrieve the flag.

Commands:

cd extracted find . -name *flag* cat sbin/flag.txt

```
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives# cd extracted/
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives/extracted# find . -name *flag*
./sbin/flag.txt
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives/extracted#
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives/extracted# cat sbin/flag.txt
cb0893450787ebc2f621ffc323b7affb
root@attackdefense:/var/cache/apt/archives/extracted# __
```

Flag: cb0893450787ebc2f621ffc323b7affb

References:

- 1. apt-get (https://linux.die.net/man/8/apt-get)
- 2. APT package manager (https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/APT (Package Manager))