

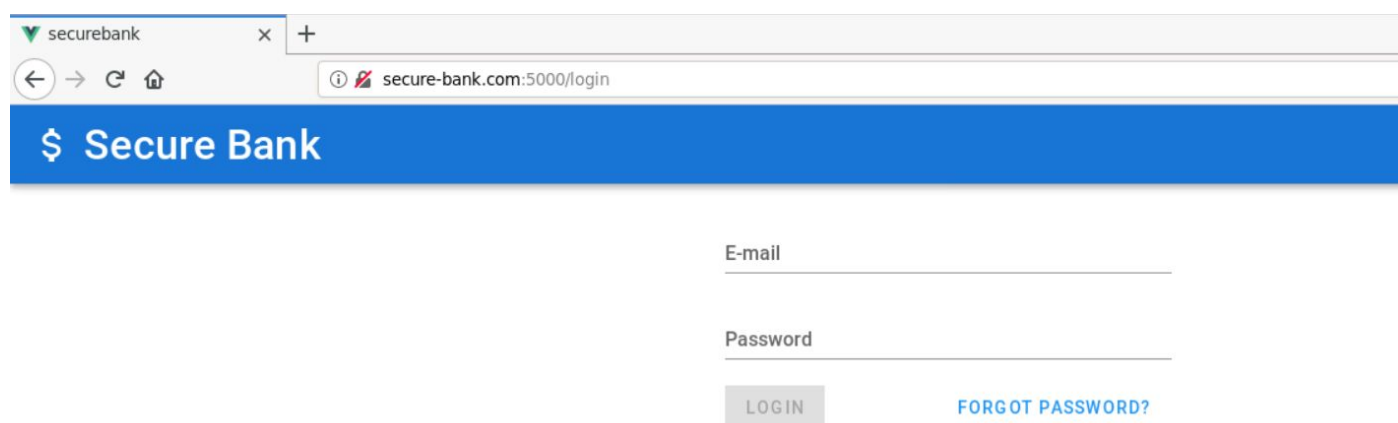
[illegible]

Name	Vulnerable Bank Portal: Dictionary Attack
URL	https://attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=1932
Type	Webapp Pentesting Basics

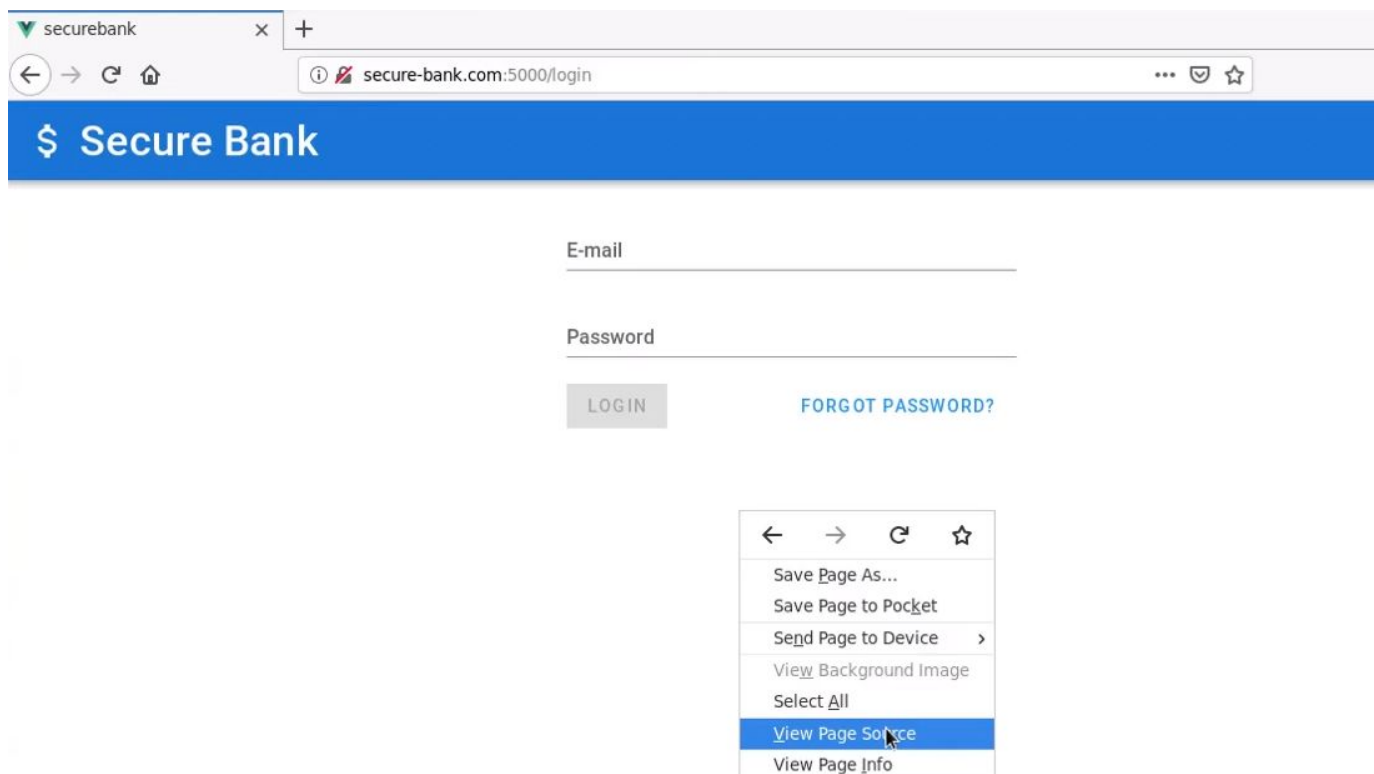
Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

Step 1: Interacting with the webapp.

When the lab starts up, the Secure Bank's webapp opens up in the browser



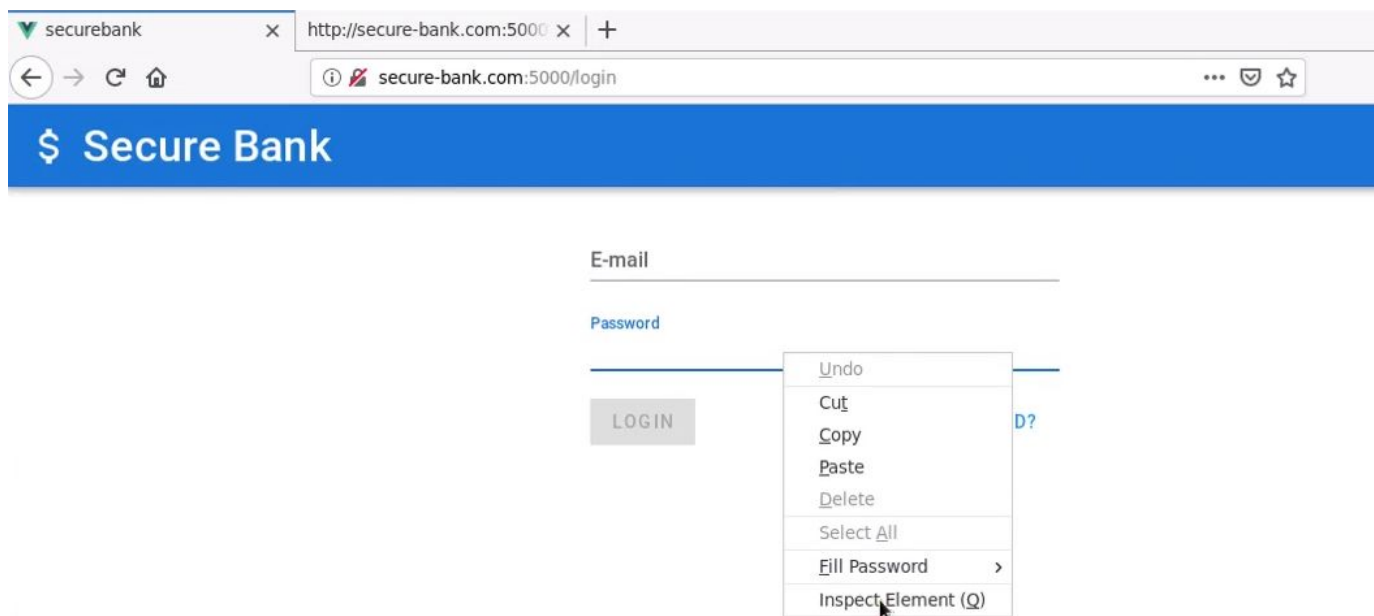
Step 2: Right-click and choose “View Page Source” option.



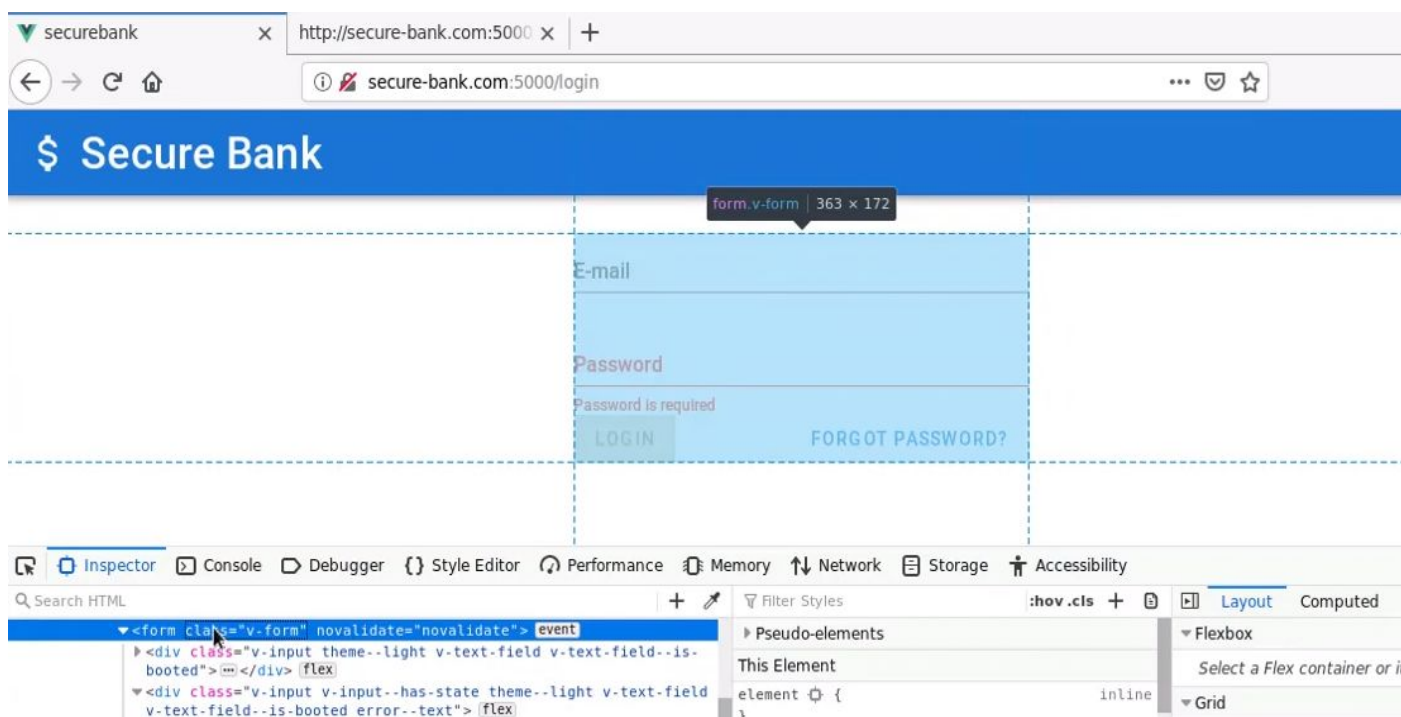
The form is not present in the source code



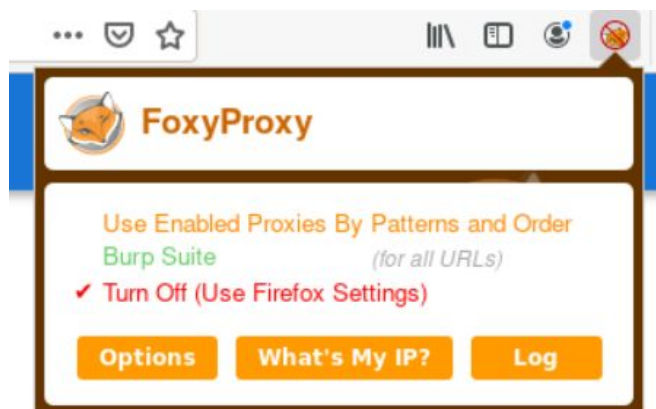
Step 3: Navigate to the Webpage and right-click to choose “Inspect Element”



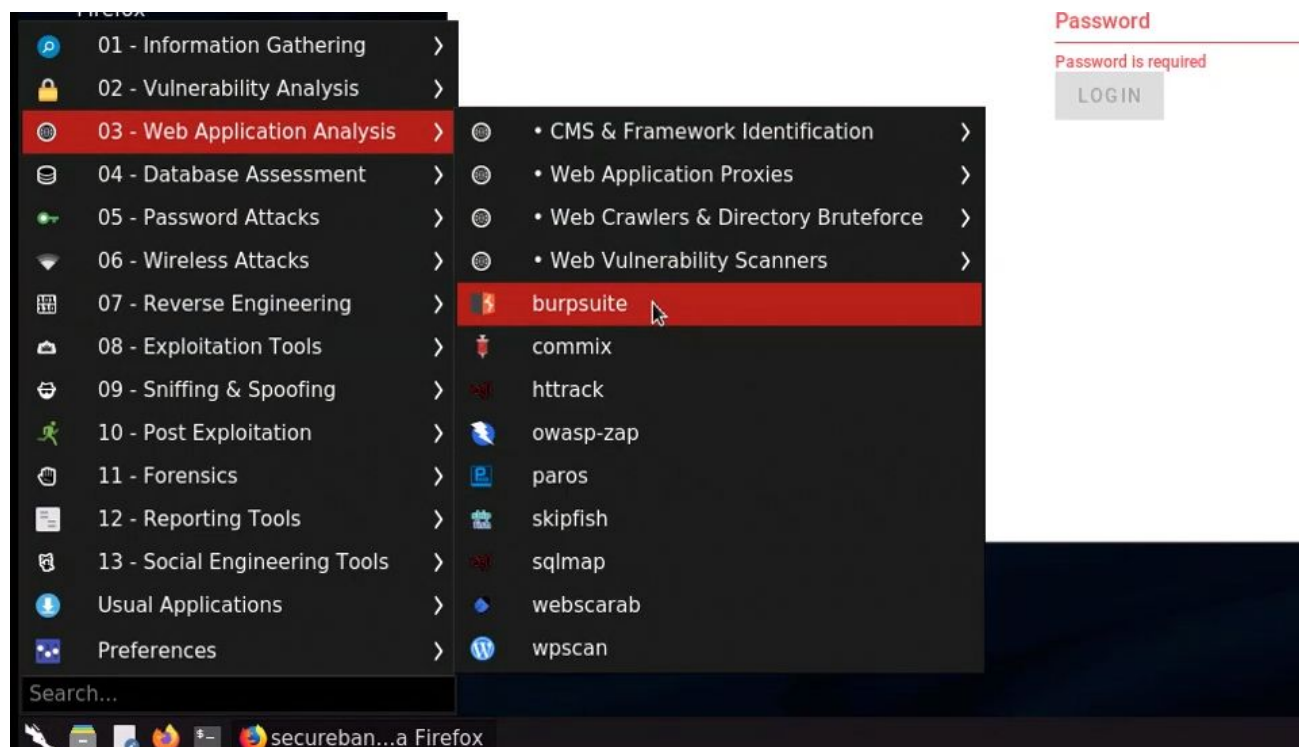
Form Action is not mentioned in the code



Step 4: Configure Firefox to use Burp Suite. Click on the FoxyProxy plugin icon on the top-right of the browser and select "Burp Suite"



Step 5: Start Burp Suite, Navigate to Web Application Analysis Menu and select "burpsuite".



1 ? Welcome to Burp Suite Community Edition. Use the options below to create or open a project.

Note: Disk-based projects are only supported on Burp Suite Professional.

Temporary project

☐ New project on disk

Name:

File:

☐ Open existing project

Name	File
------	------

File:

☒ Pause Automated Tasks

Click on Next

1 ? Select the configuration that you would like to load for this project.

Use Burp defaults

☐ Use options saved with project

☐ Load from configuration file

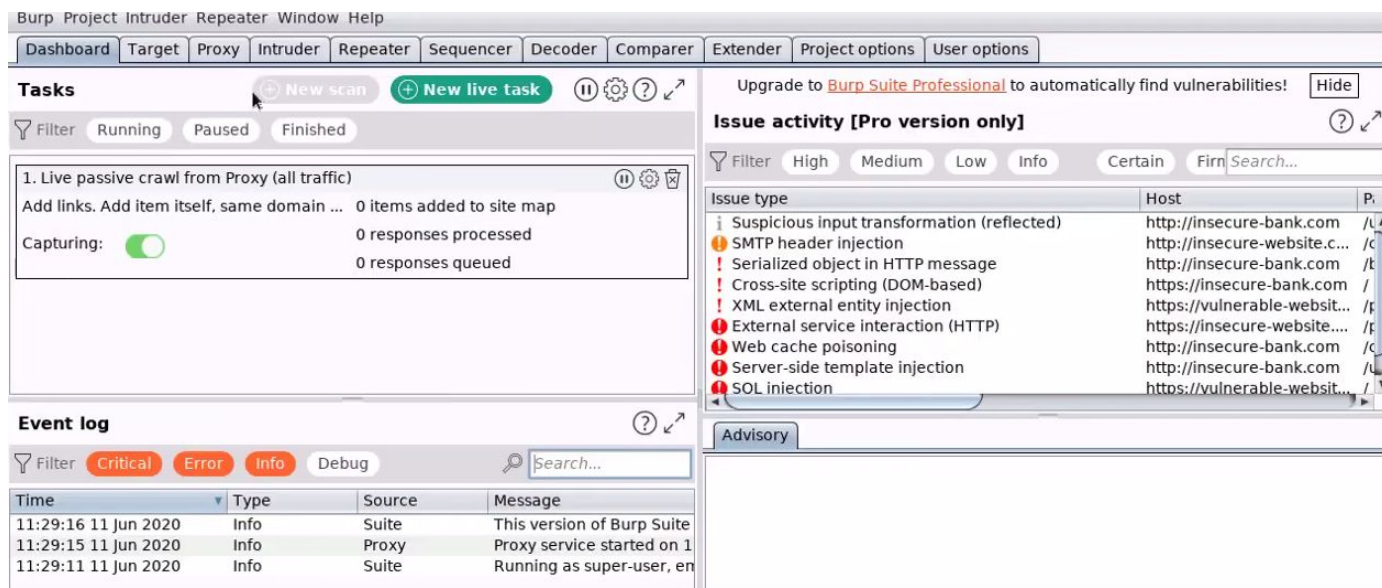
File

File:

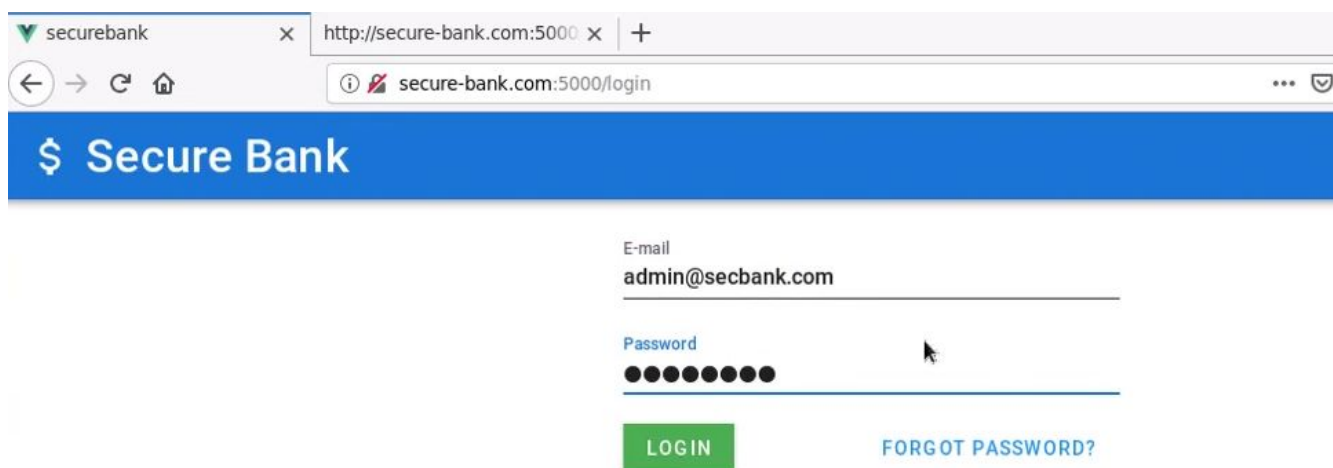
☐ Default to the above in future

☐ Disable extensions

Click on Start Burp button.



Step 6: Enter any credentials in the login panel.



Click on the Login button and intercept the request with Burp Suite.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

Intercept HTTP history WebSockets history Options

✎ Request to http://192.95.207.3:8000

Forward Drop **Intercept is on** Action

Raw Params Headers Hex

```
1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.95.207.3:8000
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
4 Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Referer: http://secure-bank.com:5000/login
8 Content-Type: application/json
9 Content-Length: 51
10 Origin: http://secure-bank.com:5000
11 Connection: close
12
13 {"email":"admin@secbank.com","password":"password"}
```

Step 7: Right-click on the page and select “Send to Repeater”.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

Intercept HTTP history WebSockets history Options

✎ Request to http://192.95.207.3:8000

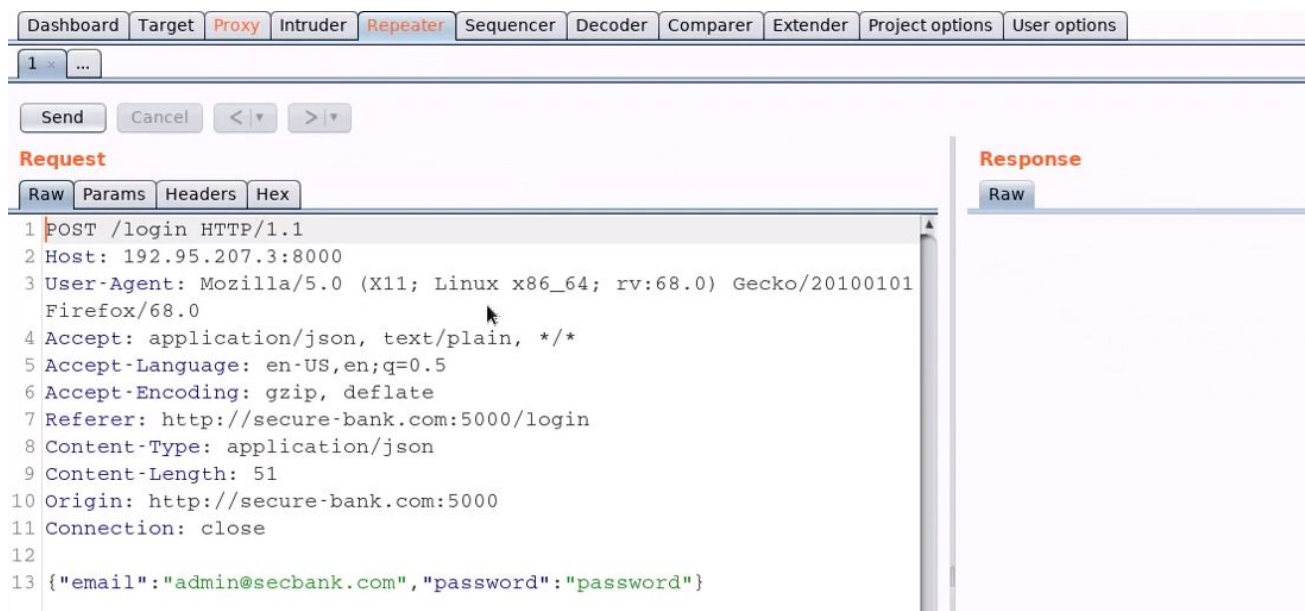
Forward Drop **Intercept is on** Action

Raw Params Headers Hex

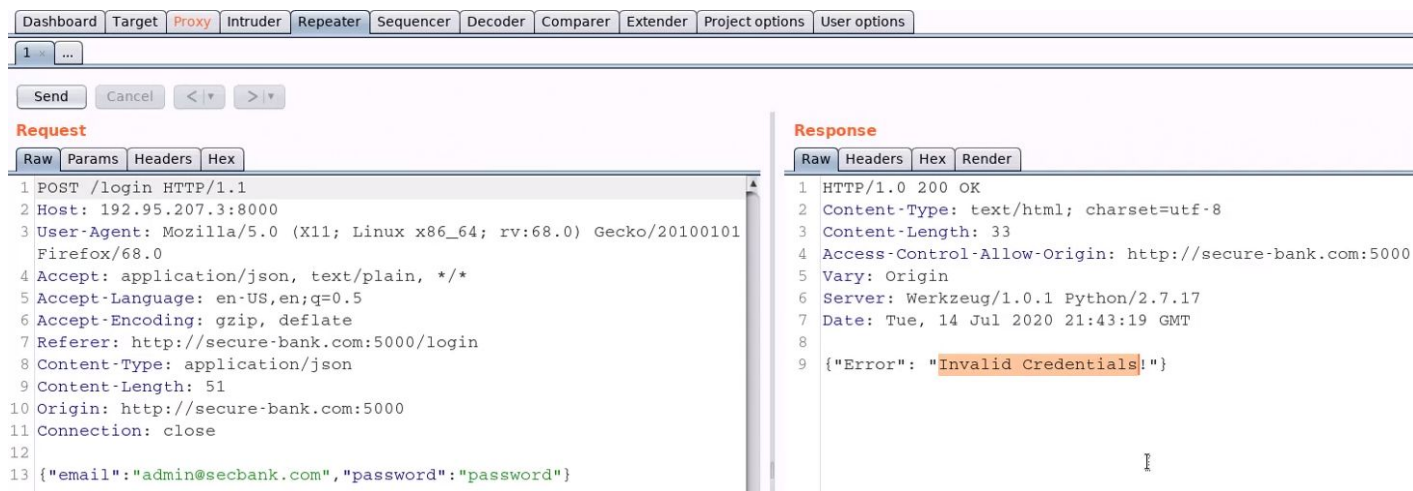
```
1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.95.207.3:8000
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
4 Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Referer: http://secure-bank.com:5000/login
8 Content-Type: application/json
9 Content-Length: 51
10 Origin: http://sec
11 Connection: close
12
13 {"email":"admin@se
```

- Scan [Pro version only]
- Send to Intruder Ctrl+I
- Send to Repeater Ctrl+R**
- Send to Sequencer
- Send to Comparer
- Send to Decoder
- Request in browser
- Engagement tools [Pro version only]
- Change request method
- Change body encoding
- Copy URL
- Copy as curl command

Navigate to the Repeater tab.

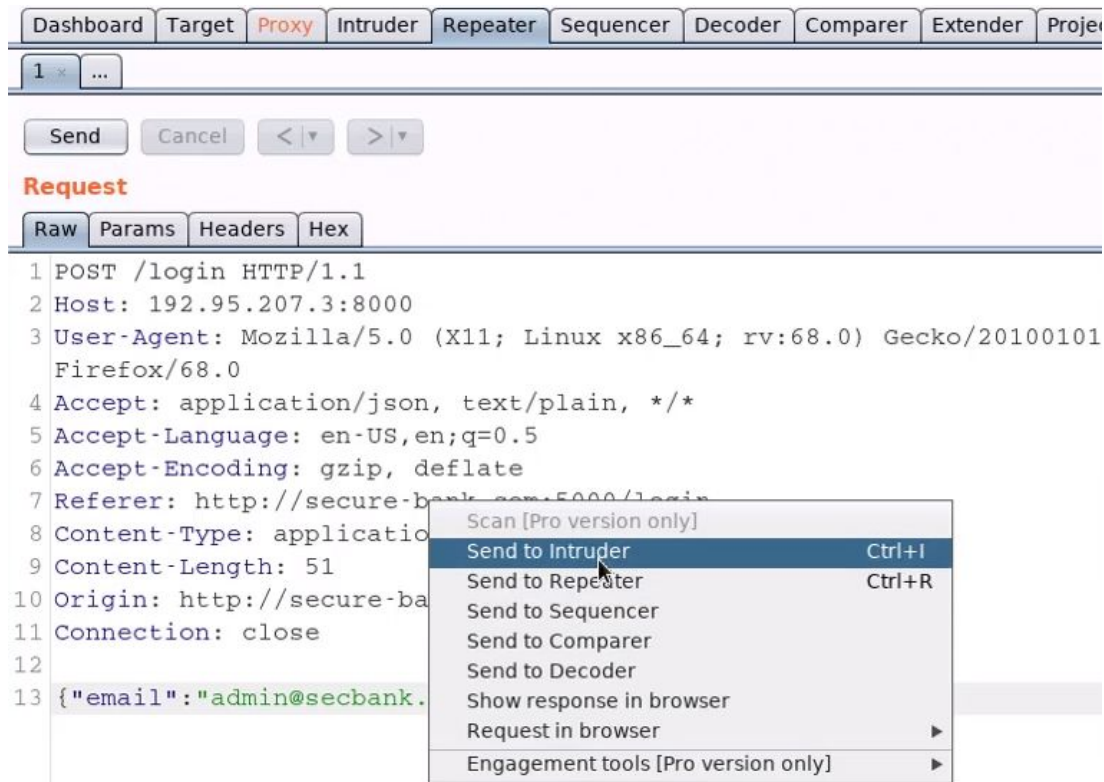


Step 8: Click on the Send button to send the request.

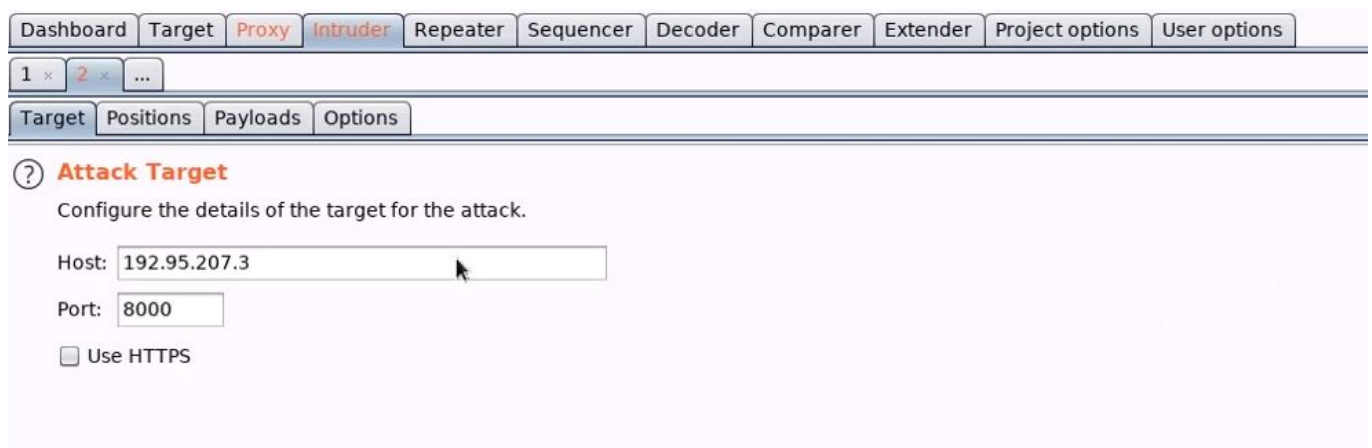


The Response tab displayed the Invalid Credentials error.

Step 9: Right-click on the request page and choose “Send to Intruder”



Navigate to the Intruder tab.



Click on Positions tab located under the Intruder section.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

1 2 ...

Target Positions **Payloads** Options

? **Payload Positions**

Configure the positions where payloads will be inserted into the base request. The attack type determines the way in which payloads are assigned to payload positions -

Attack type: **Sniper**

```

1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.95.207.3:8000
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
4 Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Referer: http://secure-bank.com:5000/login
8 Content-Type: application/json
9 Content-Length: 51
10 Origin: http://secure-bank.com:5000
11 Connection: close
12
13 {"email": "$admin@secbank.com$", "password": "$password$"}

```

The parameters are automatically selected.

Step 10: Click on the “Clear” button located on the right-side panel.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

1 2 ...

Target Positions **Payloads** Options

? **Payload Positions**

Configure the positions where payloads will be inserted into the base request. The attack type determines the way in which payloads are assigned to payload positions - see help for full details.

Attack type: **Sniper**

```

1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.95.207.3:8000
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
4 Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Referer: http://secure-bank.com:5000/login
8 Content-Type: application/json
9 Content-Length: 51
10 Origin: http://secure-bank.com:5000
11 Connection: close
12
13 {"email": "$admin@secbank.com$", "password": "$password$"}

```

Start attack

Add \$

Clear \$

Auto \$

Refresh

Upon clicking on the clear button, it will remove both of the selected parameters.

Step 11: Highlight the password parameter and click on Add button.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

1 x 2 x ...

Target Positions **Payloads** Options

Payload Positions

Configure the positions where payloads will be inserted into the base request. The attack type determines the way in which payloads are assigned to payload positions - see help for full details.

Attack type: **Sniper**

```

1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.95.207.3:8000
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
4 Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
7 Referer: http://secure-bank.com:5000/login
8 Content-Type: application/json
9 Content-Length: 51
10 Origin: http://secure-bank.com:5000
11 Connection: close
12
13 {"email": "admin@secbank.com", "password": "$password$"}

```

Step 12: Navigate to the Payloads tab.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

1 x 2 x ...

Target Positions **Payloads** Options

Payload Sets

You can define one or more payload sets. The number of payload sets depends on the attack type defined in the Positions tab. Various payload types are available for each payload set. 2

Payload set: **1** Payload count: 0

Payload type: **Simple list** Request count: 0

Payload Options [Simple list]

This payload type lets you configure a simple list of strings that are used as payloads.

Paste

Load ...

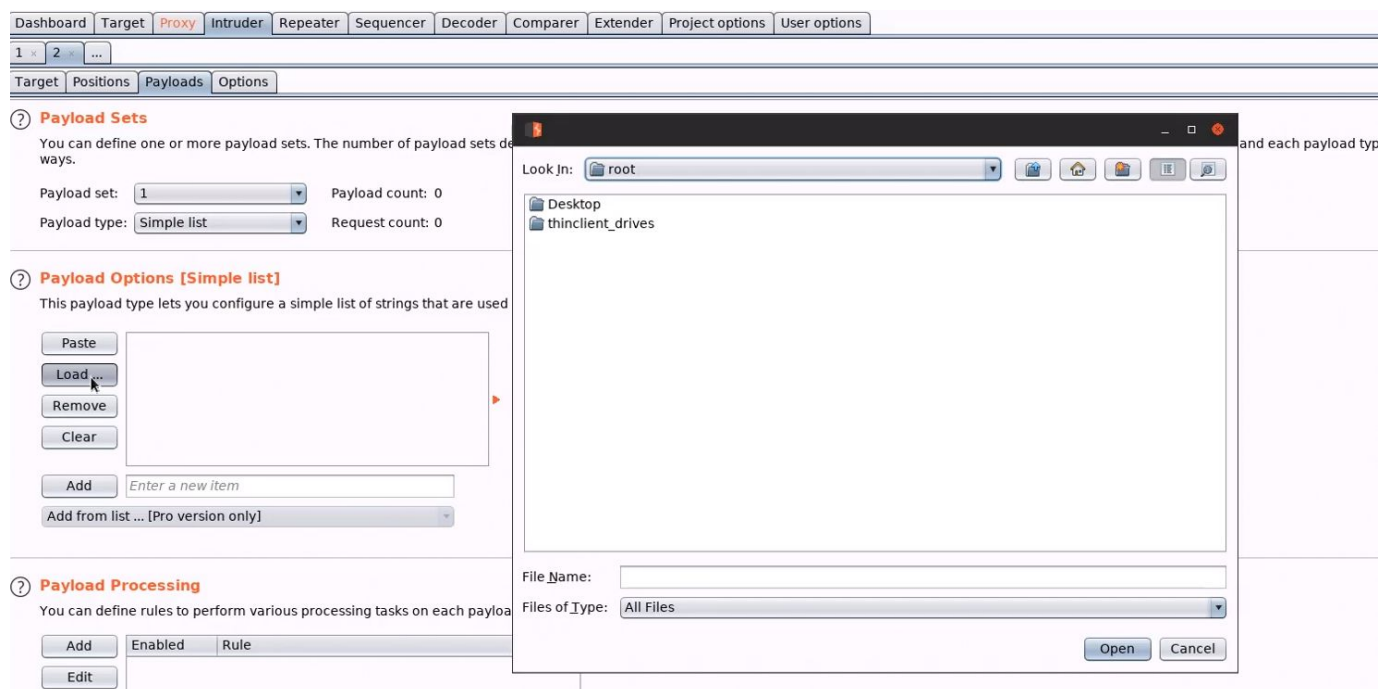
Remove

Clear

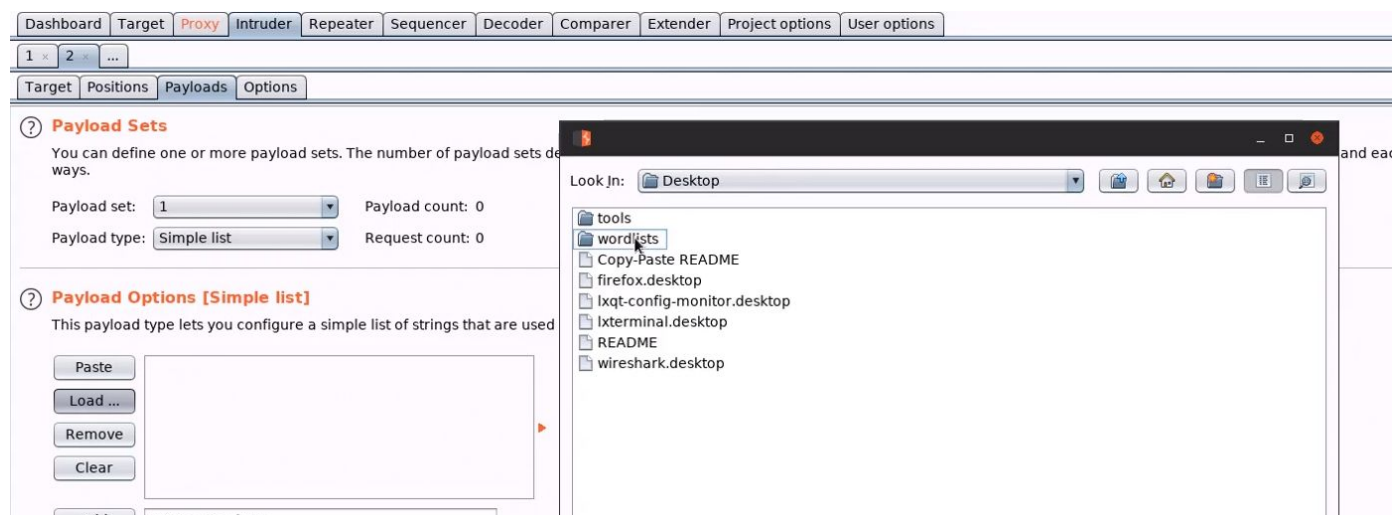
Add Enter a new item

Add from list ... [Pro version only]

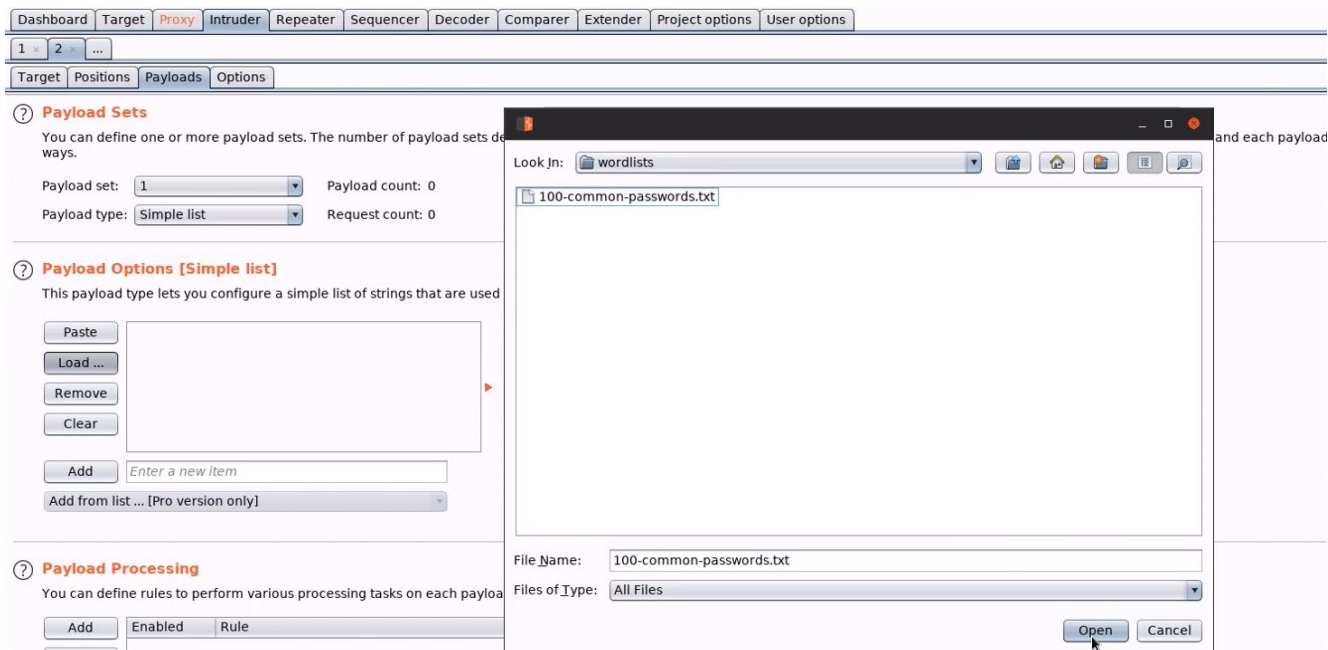
Click on the load button which is located under Payload Options.



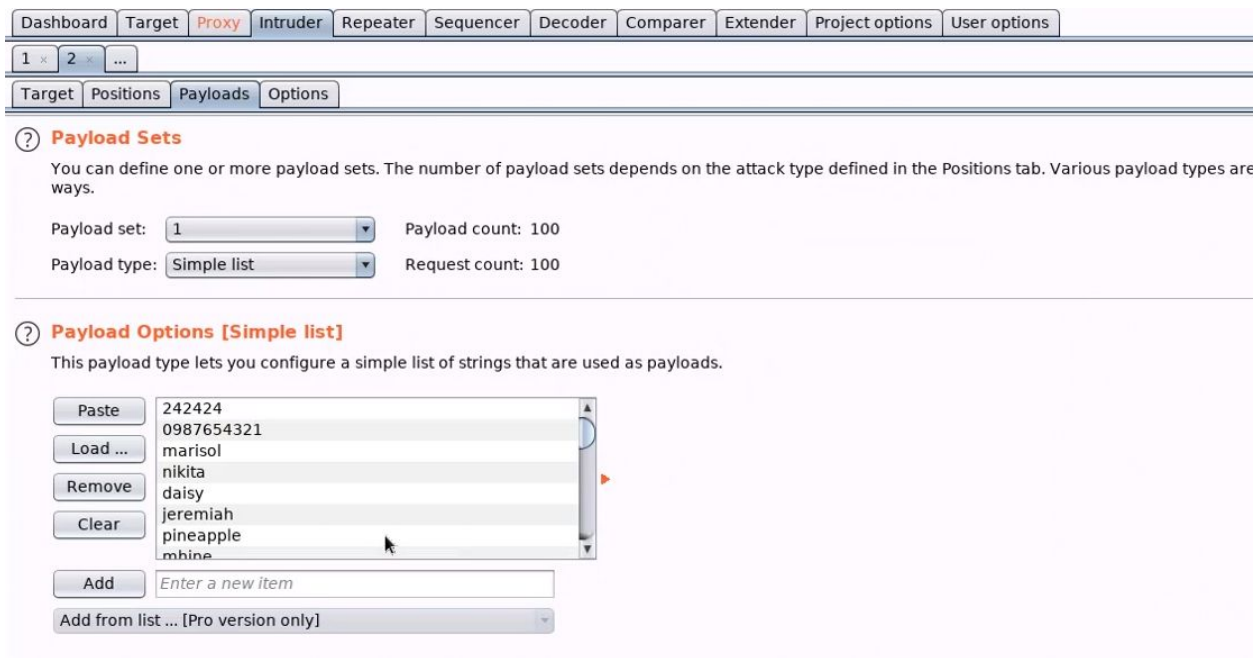
Step 13: Navigate to the wordlists directory located at Desktop.



Select the Wordlist stored inside the wordlists directory.



Click on the Open button.



The wordlist has been imported in Burp Suite.

Step 14: Click on the Start attack button located at the top right of the tab.

The screenshot shows the Burp Suite Intruder tab with the 'Payloads' sub-tab selected. The 'Payload Sets' section contains a description and two dropdown menus: 'Payload set' (set to 1) and 'Payload type' (set to 'Simple list'). To the right, 'Payload count' and 'Request count' are both set to 100. A 'Start attack' button is in the top right corner. Below this, the 'Payload Options [Simple list]' section explains that this type lets you configure a simple list of strings. It features a list box with the following items: 242424, 0987654321, marisol, nikita, daisy, jeremiah, pineapple, and rhine. To the left of the list are buttons for 'Paste', 'Load ...', 'Remove', and 'Clear'. To the right is an 'Add' button with a text input field 'Enter a new item'. At the bottom, there is a dropdown for 'Add from list ... [Pro version only]'.

This screenshot is identical to the previous one, but with a warning dialog box overlaid on the right side. The dialog box is titled 'Burp Intruder' and contains a yellow warning icon. The text inside reads: 'The Community Edition of Burp Suite contains a demo version of Burp Intruder. Some functionality is disabled, and attacks are time throttled. Please visit <https://portswigger.net> for more details about Burp Suite Professional which contains the full version.' An 'OK' button is located at the bottom right of the dialog box.

Click on the OK button to the warning message.

Step 15: Check for the different response length in the intruder scan.

Dashboard Target **Proxy** Intruder Repeater Sequencer Decoder Comparer Extender Project options User options

1 x 2 ...

Target Positions Payloads Options

Payload Sets
You can define one or more payload sets. Two ways.

Payload set: 1
Payload type: Simple list

Payload Options [Simple list]
This payload type lets you configure a simple list.

Paste 242424
Load ... 0987654321
Remove marisol
Clear nikita
jeremiah
pineapple
mhine
Add Enter a new item
Add from list ... [Pro version only]

Payload Processing
You can define rules to perform various processing on the payloads.

Add Enabled Rule
Edit
Remove

Intruder attack 1
Attack Save Columns

Results Target Positions Payloads Options

Filter: Showing all items

Request	Payload	Status	Error	Timeout	Length	Comment
0		200			259	
1	242424	200			259	
2	0987654321	200			259	
3	marisol	200			259	
4	nikita	200			259	
5	daisy	200			259	
6	jeremiah	200			259	
7	pineapple	200			259	
8	mhine	200			259	
9	isaiah	200			259	
10	christmas	200			511	
11	cesar	200			259	
12	lolipop	200			259	
13	butterfly1	200			259	

Request Response

Raw Params Headers Hex

```

1 POST /login HTTP/1.1
2 Host: 192.95.207.3:8000
3 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:68.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/68.0
4 Accept: application/json, text/plain, */*
5 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
6 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate

```

13 of 100

Close the attack running in the intruder.

Step 16: Close the interception and navigate to the admin login page.

securebank x http://secure-bank.com:5000 x +

secure-bank.com:5000/login

\$ Secure Bank

E-mail
admin@secbank.com

Password
●●●●●●●●

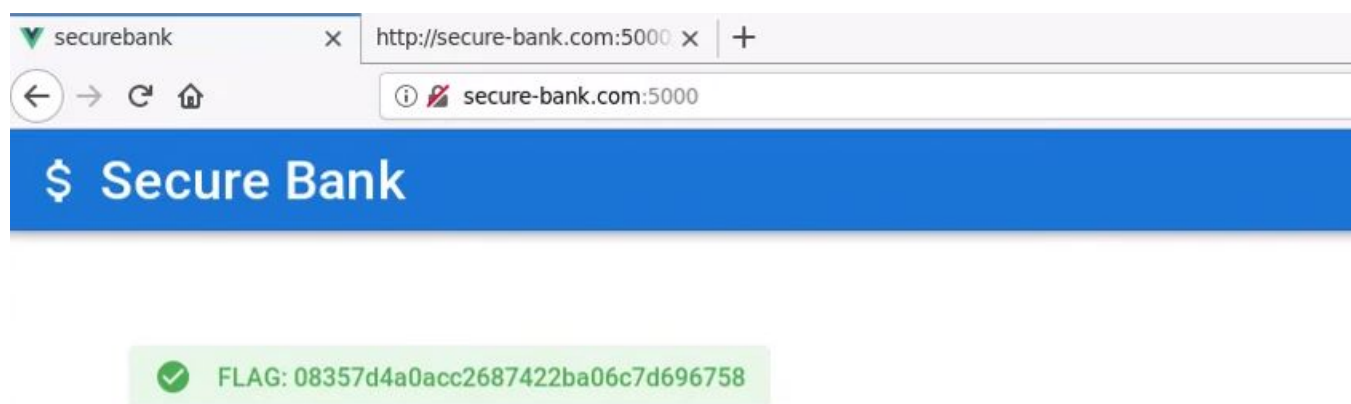
LOGIN FORGOT PASSWORD?

Invalid Credentials!

Step 17: Login using the password found from the intruder attack.

Credentials:

- **Email:** admin@secbank.com
- **Password:** christmas



The Attacker has successfully logged into the web application.

References:

1. OWASP Top 10 (<https://owasp.org/www-project-top-ten/>)
2. A2: Broken Authentication
(https://owasp.org/www-project-top-ten/OWASP_Top_Ten_2017/Top_10-2017_A2-Broken_Authentication)