

**ATTACK**

**DEFENSE**

by PentesterAcademy

<b>Name</b>	Hostapd: WEP Honeypot
<b>URL</b>	<a href="https://www.attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=1258">https://www.attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=1258</a>
<b>Type</b>	WiFi Pentesting:AP-Client Basics

**Important Note:** This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

**Objective:** Create a WEP honeypot using Hostapd and lure the client to connect to it.

**Solution:**

**Step 1:** Check the list of available WiFi network interfaces on the machine

**Command:** iw dev.

```
root@attackdefense:~# iw dev
phy#3
    Interface wlan1
        ifindex 7
        wdev 0x300000001
        addr 02:00:00:00:01:00
        type managed
        txpower 0.00 dBm
phy#2
    Interface wlan0
        ifindex 6
        wdev 0x200000001
        addr 02:00:00:00:00:00
        type managed
        txpower 0.00 dBm
root@attackdefense:~#
```

wlan0 and wlan1 interfaces are present on the machine.

**Step 2:** Launch airodump-ng to check for other traffic.

**Command:** airodump-ng wlan0

```
root@attackdefense:~# airodump-ng wlan0
```

```
CH 13 ][ Elapsed: 6 s ][ 2019-10-16 02:07
```

BSSID	PWR	Beacons	#Data, #/s	CH	MB	ENC CIPHER	AUTH	ESSID
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BSSID	STATION	PWR	Rate	Lost	Frames	Notes	Probes
(not associated)	02:00:00:00:05:00	-49	0 - 1	0	4		hostel-A
(not associated)	02:00:00:00:04:00	-49	0 - 1	12	4		Coffee-Shop-WiFi
(not associated)	02:00:00:00:03:00	-49	0 - 1	0	2		Free-WiFi
(not associated)	02:00:00:00:02:00	-49	0 - 1	0	2		Protect_Forest

There are four clients probing for four different networks. It is not possible to guess the security scheme of the network by just looking at the probe requests. Hence, the only way is to create WEP honeypot for each of these networks and observe if the client connects to it. Here, this can be done one by one (trial and error) method or all at once.

Here, the first approach is followed i.e. creating honeypots for all networks one by one.

**Step 3:** The secret key for the WEP network is provided in the challenge description. Create hostapd configuration (i.e. honeypot.conf) for a WEP network and start with SSID "Coffee-Shop-WiFi".

#### Hostapd config

```
interface=wlan1
hw_mode=g
channel=6
driver=nl80211
ssid=Coffee-Shop-WiFi
auth_algs=1
wep_default_key=0
wep_key0="54321"
```

```
root@attackdefense:~# cat honeypot.conf
interface=wlan1
hw_mode=g
channel=6
driver=nl80211
ssid=Coffee-Shop-WiFi
auth_algs=1
wep_default_key=0
wep_key0="54321"
root@attackdefense:~#
```

**Step 4:** Start the hostapd and it should bring up “Coffee-Shop-WiFi” WEP network.

**Command:** hostapd honeypot.conf

```
root@attackdefense:~# hostapd honeypot.conf
Configuration file: honeypot.conf
Using interface wlan1 with hwaddr 02:00:00:00:01:00 and ssid "Coffee-Shop-WiFi"
wlan1: interface state UNINITIALIZED->ENABLED
wlan1: AP-ENABLED
```

If the client doesn't connect to this network even after waiting for a few minutes then next move to the next network. In some cases, the client will try to connect but fail due to secret key/passphrase mismatch. Continue with the next SSID in that case.

**Step 5:** Change the hostapd configuration (i.e. honeypot.conf) SSID to “hostel-A”

#### Hostapd config

```
interface=wlan1
hw_mode=g
channel=6
driver=nl80211
ssid=hostel-A
auth_algs=1
wep_default_key=0
wep_key0="54321"
```

```
root@attackdefense:~# cat honeypot.conf
interface=wlan1
hw_mode=g
channel=6
driver=nl80211
ssid=hostel-A
auth_algs=1
wep_default_key=0
wep_key0="54321"
root@attackdefense:~#
```

**Step 6:** Start the hostapd and it should bring up “hostel-A” WEP network.

**Command:** hostapd honeypot.conf

```
root@attackdefense:~# hostapd honeypot.conf
Configuration file: honeypot.conf
Using interface wlan1 with hwaddr 02:00:00:00:01:00 and ssid "hostel-A"
wlan1: interface state UNINITIALIZED->ENABLED
wlan1: AP-ENABLED
wlan1: STA 02:00:00:00:05:00 IEEE 802.11: authenticated
wlan1: STA 02:00:00:00:05:00 IEEE 802.11: associated (aid 1)
wlan1: AP-STA-CONNECTED 02:00:00:00:05:00
wlan1: STA 02:00:00:00:05:00 RADIUS: starting accounting session 7E90443A0E5F744E
```

The client will connect to the created network as this is the correct network setting.

**Flag:** hostel-A