

計算理論 第3回 ≡ レポート課題 3-3 09B19025 小林 亮太

(1)

	0	1	
→ P	8	P	$\begin{cases} P = 0Q + 1P \\ Q = 0R + 1Q \\ R = 0Q + 1R + \epsilon \end{cases}$
8	r	8	
* r	8	r	

$$Q = 0R + 1Q \Leftrightarrow Q = 1^*0R$$

$$R = 01^*0R + 1R + \epsilon$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R = (01^*0 + 1)R + \epsilon$$

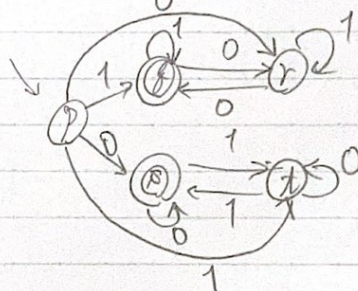
$$\Leftrightarrow R = (01^*0 + 1)^*$$

$$Q = 1^*0(01^*0 + 1)^*$$

$$P = 01^*0(01^*0 + 1)^* + 1P \Leftrightarrow P = 1^*01^*0(01^*0 + 1)^* //$$

(2)

	0	1
→ P	S	8
* 8	r	8
r	8	r
* S	S	T
T	T	S



$$\begin{cases} P = 0S + 1Q \\ Q = 0R + 1Q + \epsilon \\ R = 0Q + 1R \\ S = 0S + 1T + \epsilon \\ T = 0T + 1S \end{cases}$$

$$T = 0T + 1S$$

$$\Leftrightarrow T = 0^*1S$$

$$S = 0S + 10^*1S + \epsilon$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S = (0 + 10^*1)S + \epsilon$$

$$\Leftrightarrow S = (0 + 10^*1)^* \dots ①$$

$$R = 0Q + 1R$$

$$\Leftrightarrow R = 1^*0Q$$

$$Q = 01^*0Q + 1Q + \epsilon$$

$$\Leftrightarrow Q = (01^*0 + 1)Q + \epsilon$$

$$\Leftrightarrow Q = (01^*0 + 1)^* \dots ②$$

①, ②より、

$$P = 0(0 + 10^*1)^* + 1(01^*0 + 1)^* //$$