BWAS replicability with multivariate structural connectome based brain models for small sample sizes using HCP1200

Raviteja Kotikalapudi, Giuseppe Gallitto, Balint Kincses, Robert Englert, Kevin Hoffschlag, Jialin Li, Ulrike Bingel, Tamas Spisak

Predictive Neuroscience Lab, University Medicine Essen, Hufelandstrasse 55, 45147, Essen, Germany

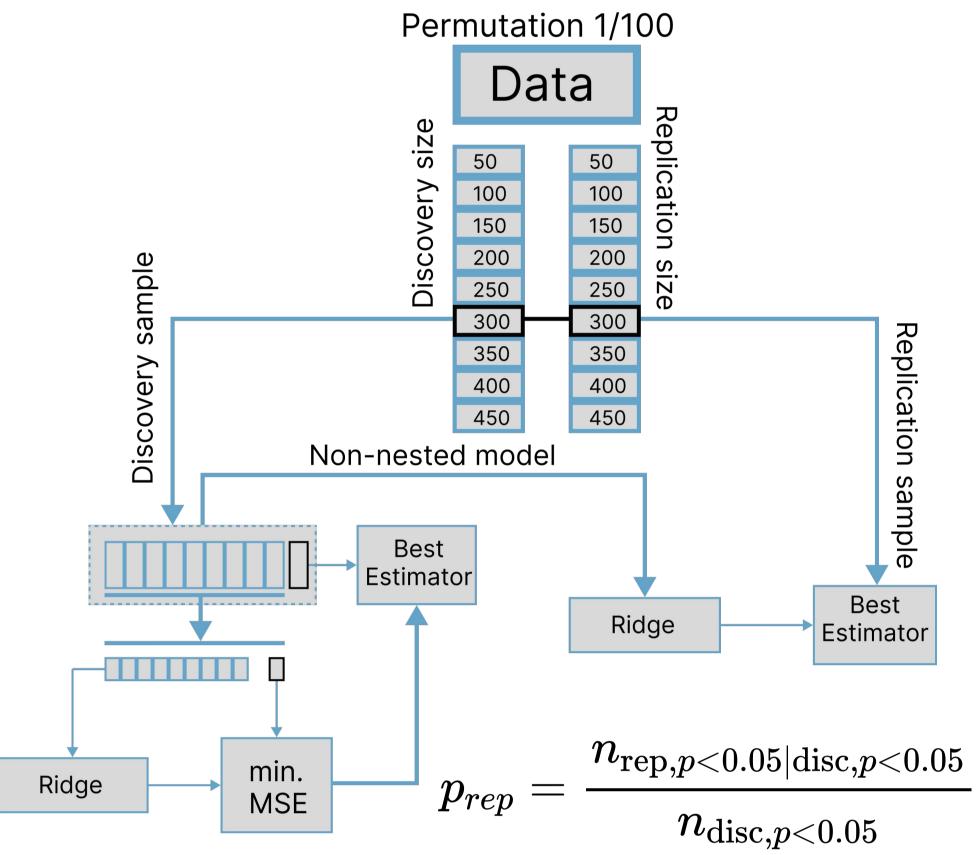
Challenges in replicability: BWAS often face significant challenges in replicability, requiring large sample sizes for reliable results (Marek et. al., 2022).

Advantages of multivariate techniques: Unlike traditional univariate approaches, multivariate learning techniques can achieve higher effect sizes, potentially allowing for replicable results with small-to-moderate samples (Spisak et. al., 2023).

Focus on diffusion-weighted imaging: Despite its importance in assessing microstructural integrity, replicability of multivariate BWAS based DWI measures like structural connectivity, FA, MD, RD and AD is not well understood.

Empirical evaluation: We conducted a large-scale empirical analysis to evaluate the replicability of DWI-based multivariate models, providing insights into sample size requirements and effect sizes across different phenotypes.

Machine learning pipeline



Predictive effect sizes: DWIbased predictive models can explain between 4-10% of effect sizes for behavioural phenotypes.

Sample sizes versus effect sizes:

For phenotypes necessitating large sample sizes (state-like), replicable effect sizes tend to be smaller. Here, approach data acquisition cautiously, as increasing amount of data may not readily enhance effect sizes.

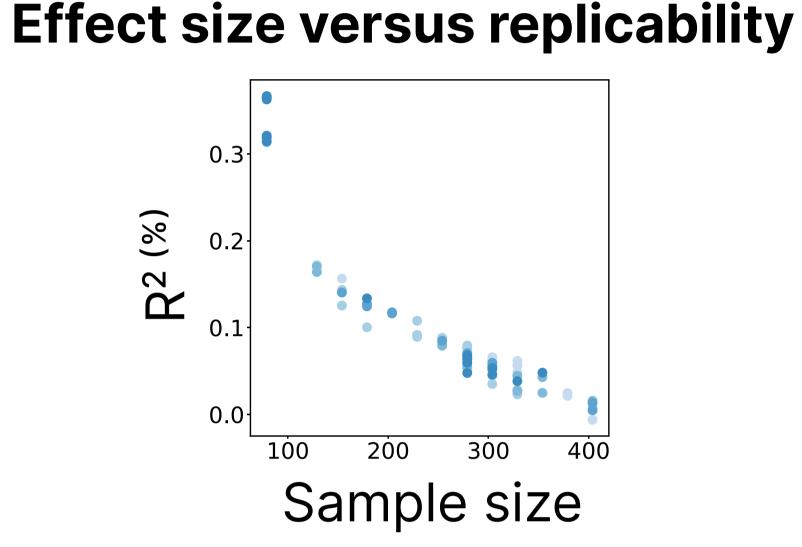
$$n \propto rac{1}{R^2}$$

irait versus state pnenotypes: Trait-like phenotypes that are embedded in long-term structural (>60% traits changes are replicable) need more attention.

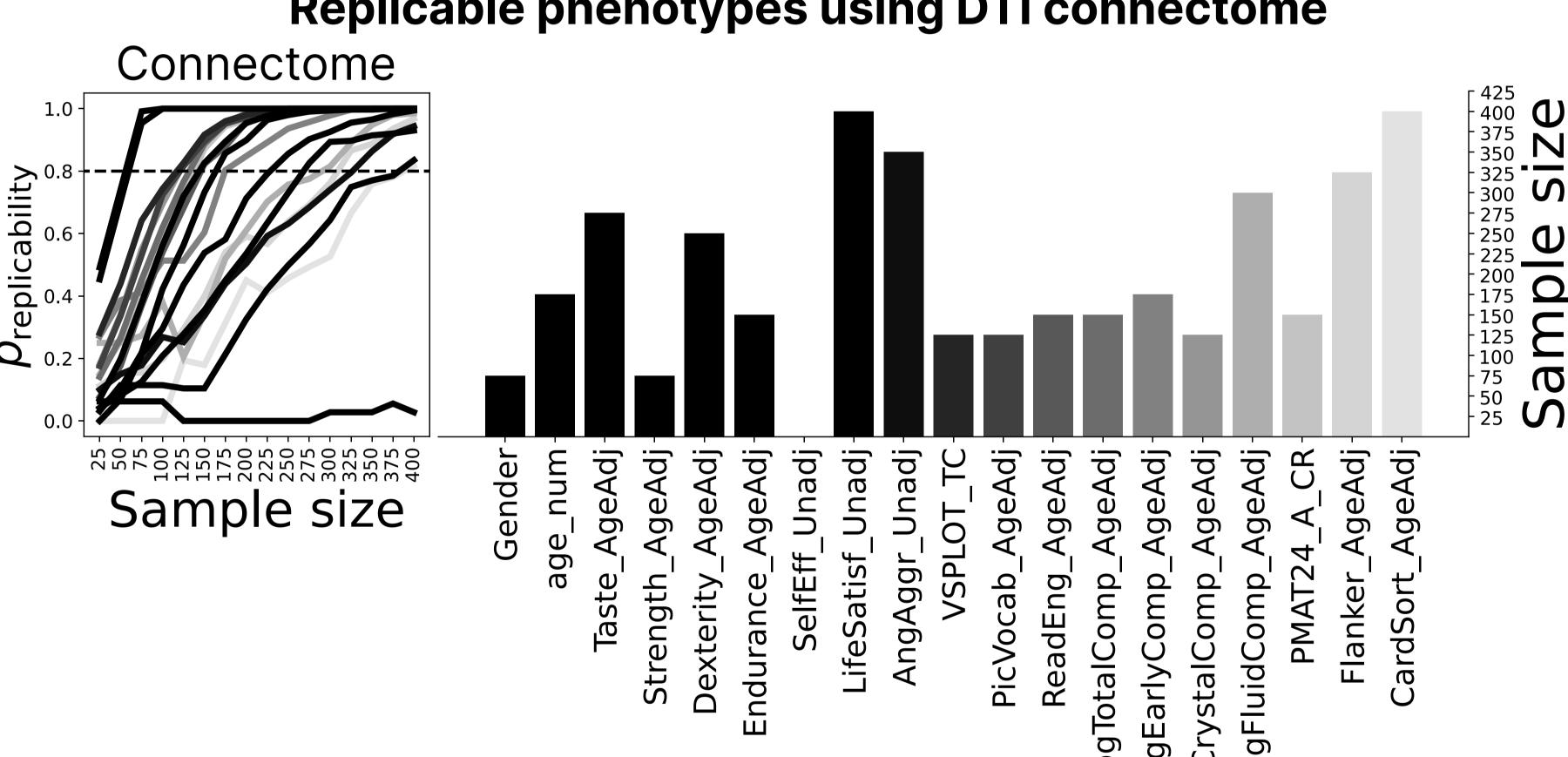
Replicable phenotypes with N<500 bhenoty 22 10 10

DTI metrics

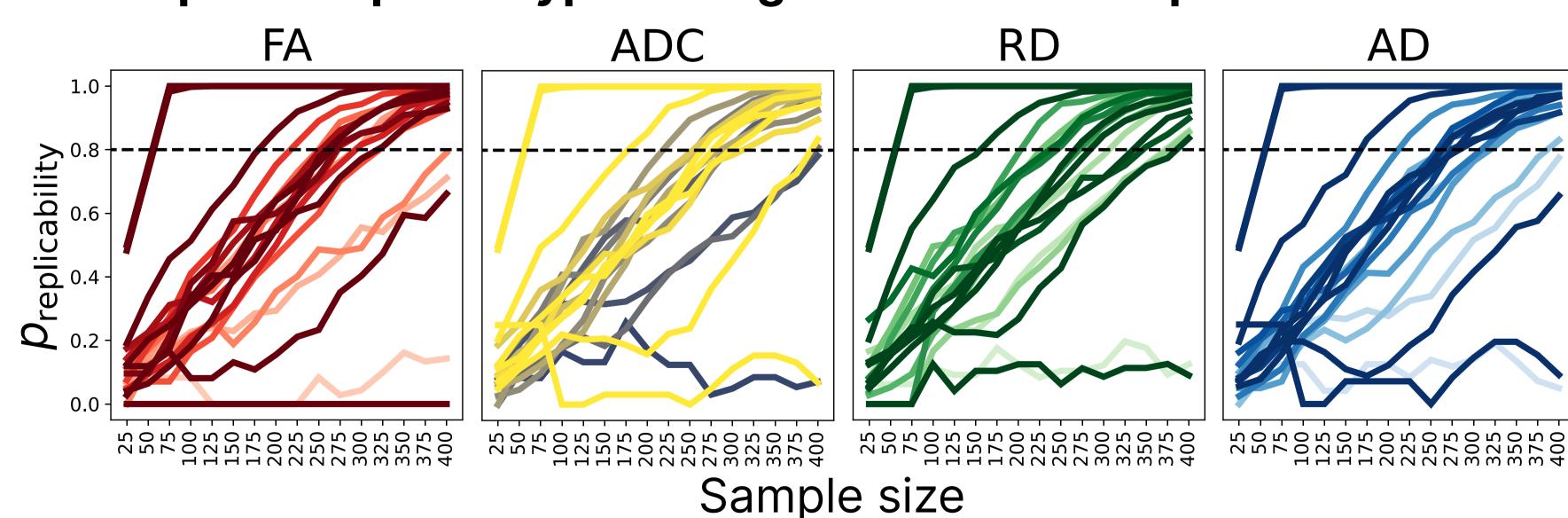
%



Replicable phenotypes using DTI connectome



Replicable phenotypes using mean tensor maps connectomes



Marek, Scott, et al. "Reproducible brain-wide association studies require thousands of individuals." Nature 603.7902 (2022): 654-660. Spisak, T., Bingel, U. and Wager, T.D., 2023. Multivariate BWAS can be replicable with moderate sample sizes. Nature, 615(7951), pp.E4-E7.



