



# EPAM Node.js course

**net module - asynchronous network API**

2017

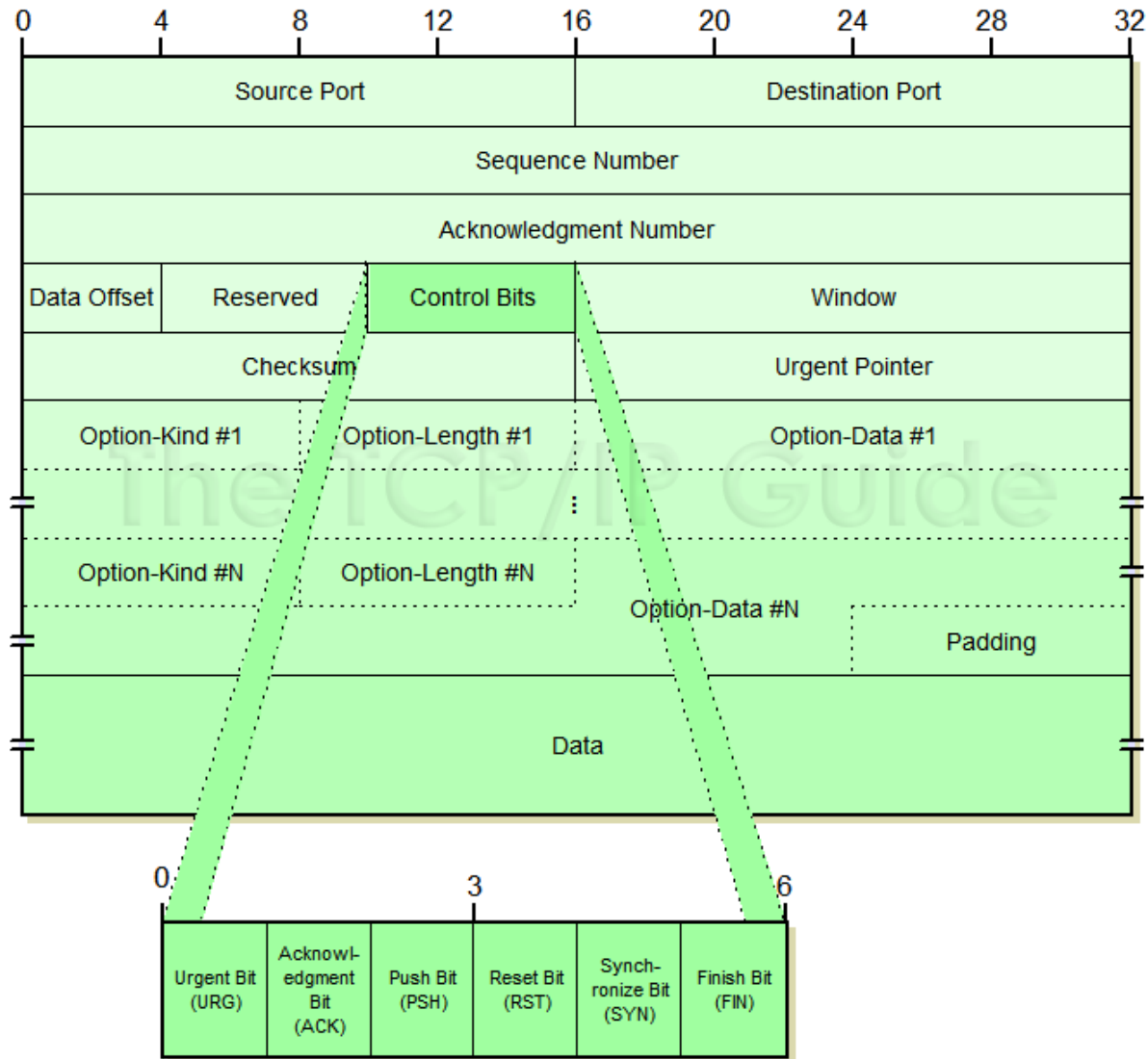
# Agenda

- 1 OSI Model, Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)
- 2 Standard Node.js NET module overview
- 3 Simple TCP server and client
- 4 TCP echo server and client
- 5 Error handling
- 6 IPC (interprocess communication) in NET module
- 7 Additional information

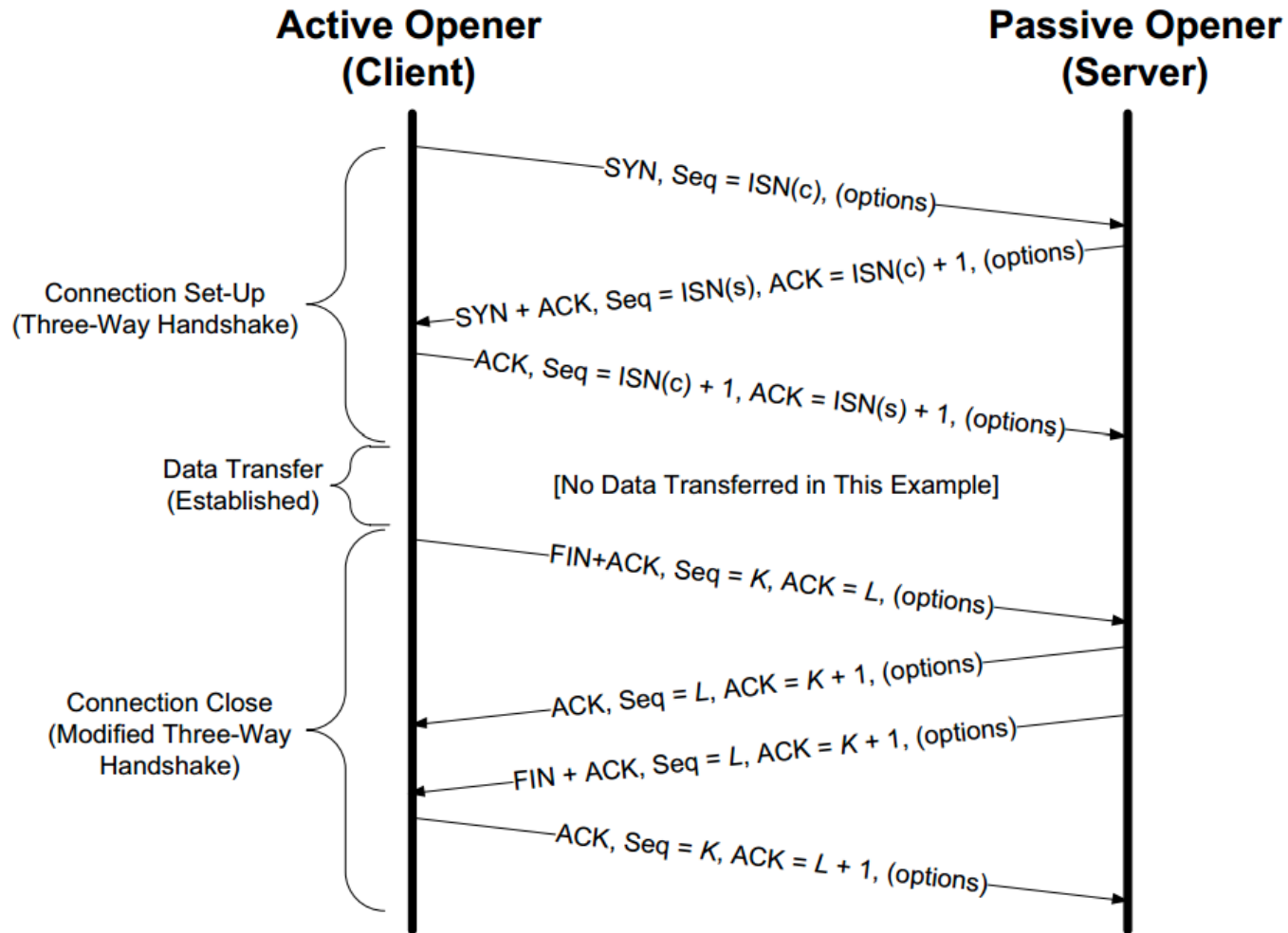
# Open Systems Interconnection model (OSI Model)

Layer	Function	Example
<b>Application (7)</b>	Services that are used with end user applications	SMTP,
<b>Presentation (6)</b>	Formats the data so that it can be viewed by the user  Encrypt and decrypt	JPG, GIF, HTTPS, SSL, TLS
<b>Session (5)</b>	Establishes/ends connections between two hosts	NetBIOS, PPTP
<b>Transport (4)</b>	Responsible for the transport protocol and error handling	TCP, UDP
<b>Network (3)</b>	Reads the IP address form the packet.	Routers, Layer 3 Switches
<b>Data Link (2)</b>	Reads the MAC address from the data packet	Switches
<b>Physical (1)</b>	Send data on to the physical wire.	Hubs, NICS, Cable

# Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)



# Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)





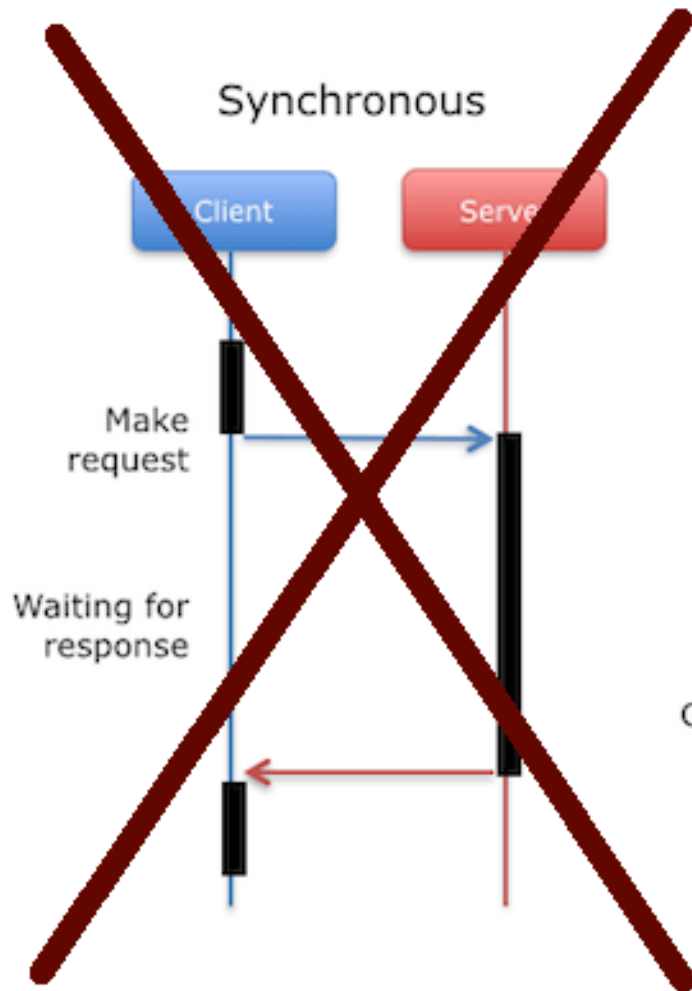
# TCP Socket Programming in Node.js

**NET MODULE**

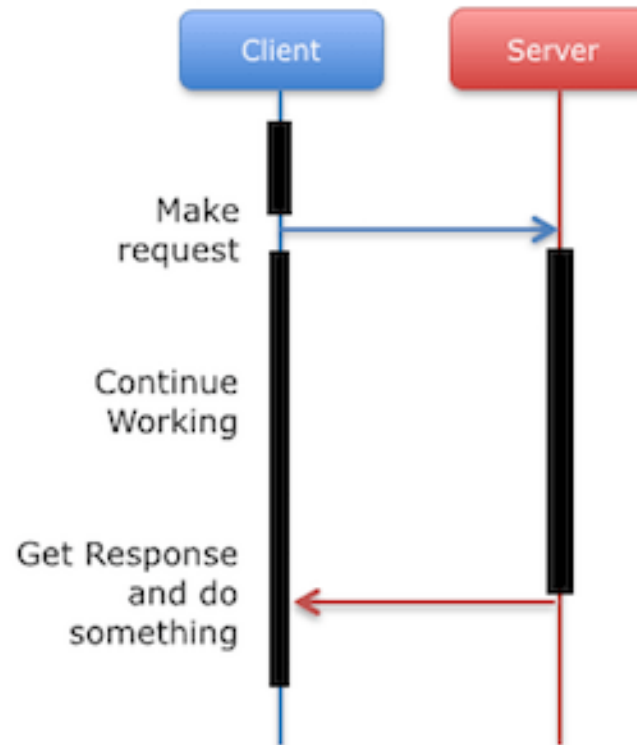
2017

# Node.js net module

Synchronous

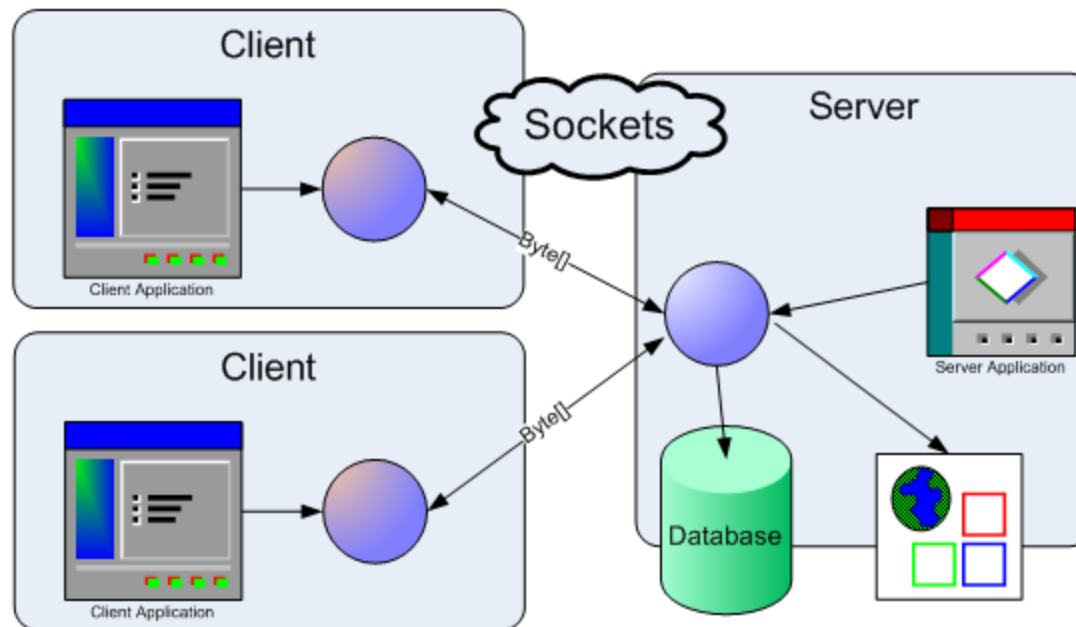


Asynchronous



The net module provides asynchronous network API

# NET MODULE





# Simple TCP server

```
1 const net = require('net');
2 const server = net.createServer({}, (socket) => {
3   console.log('connection from client');
4   socket.write('Hello! I am TCP server\n');
5
6   setTimeout(() => {
7     socket.end('Good by!\n\n\n');
8   }, 1000);
9 });
10
11 server.listen(9000, 'localhost', 2);
12
13 server.on('listening', () => {
14   console.log('server accepting connections\n');
15 });
```

```
[vadim@clearwater slide-7]$ node simple-server.js
server accepting connections
```

`net.createServer([options], [connListener])`

`options: {`

- `allowHalfOpen`: Boolean,
- `pauseOnConnect`: Boolean

`- }`

`connListener` — Function

```
[vadim@clearwater ~]$ telnet 127.0.0.1 9000
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to 127.0.0.1.
Escape character is '^'.
Hello! I am TCP server
Good by!
```

```
Connection closed by foreign host.
[vadim@clearwater ~]$
```

# Simple TCP server (with 'connection' event listener)

```
1 const net = require('net');
2
3 const server = net.createServer();
4
5 server.listen(9000, 'localhost', 2);
6
7 server.on('listening', () => {
8   console.log('server accepting connections\n');
9 });
10
11 server.on('connection', (tcpSocket) => {
12   console.log('connection from client');
13   tcpSocket.write('Hello! I am TCP server\n');
14
15   setTimeout(() => {
16     tcpSocket.end('Good by!\n\n\n');
17   }, 1000);
18 });
```

`net.createServer([options], [connListener])`

`server.on('connection', callback);`

# Simple TCP server (with 'connection' event listener)

```
const net = require('net');

const server = net.createServer();

server.listen(9000, 'localhost', 2);

server.on('listening', () => {
  console.log('server accepting connections\n');
});

server.on('connection', (tcpSocket) => {
  console.log('connection from client');
  tcpSocket.write('Hello! I am TCP server\n');

  setTimeout(() => {
    tcpSocket.end('Good by!\n\n\n');
  }, 1000);
});
```

For TCP servers:

`server.listen([port][, host][, backlog][, callback])`

For IPC servers:

`server.listen(path[, backlog][, callback])`

# Simple TCP echo server

```
const net = require('net');
const server = net.createServer();

server.listen(9000, 'localhost', 2);
server.on('listening', function () {
  console.log('server accepting connections');
});

server.on('connection', (socket) => {
  console.log('client connected\n');
  socket.write('Hello client!\n');

  socket.on('data', (data) => {
    console.log(data.toString());
  });
  socket.pipe(socket);
});
```

```
[vadim@clearwater slide-10]$ node simple-echo-server.js
server accepting connections
client connected

Hello there!

is this a simple echo server?

^C
[vadim@clearwater slide-10]$ █
```

socket instanceof stream.Duplex === true;

socket.write(data[, encoding, callback])

socket.pipe(destination[, options])

```
[vadim@clearwater ~]$ telnet 127.0.0.1 9000
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to 127.0.0.1.
Escape character is '^]'.
Hello client!
Hello there!
Hello there!
is this a simple echo server?
is this a simple echo server?
Connection closed by foreign host.
[vadim@clearwater ~]$ █
```

# Simple TCP client

```
const net = require('net');
const clientSocket = net.connect(9000, localhost);

clientSocket.on('connection', () => {
  console.log('connected to server\n');
});

clientSocket.on('data', (data) => {
  console.log(data.toString());
});

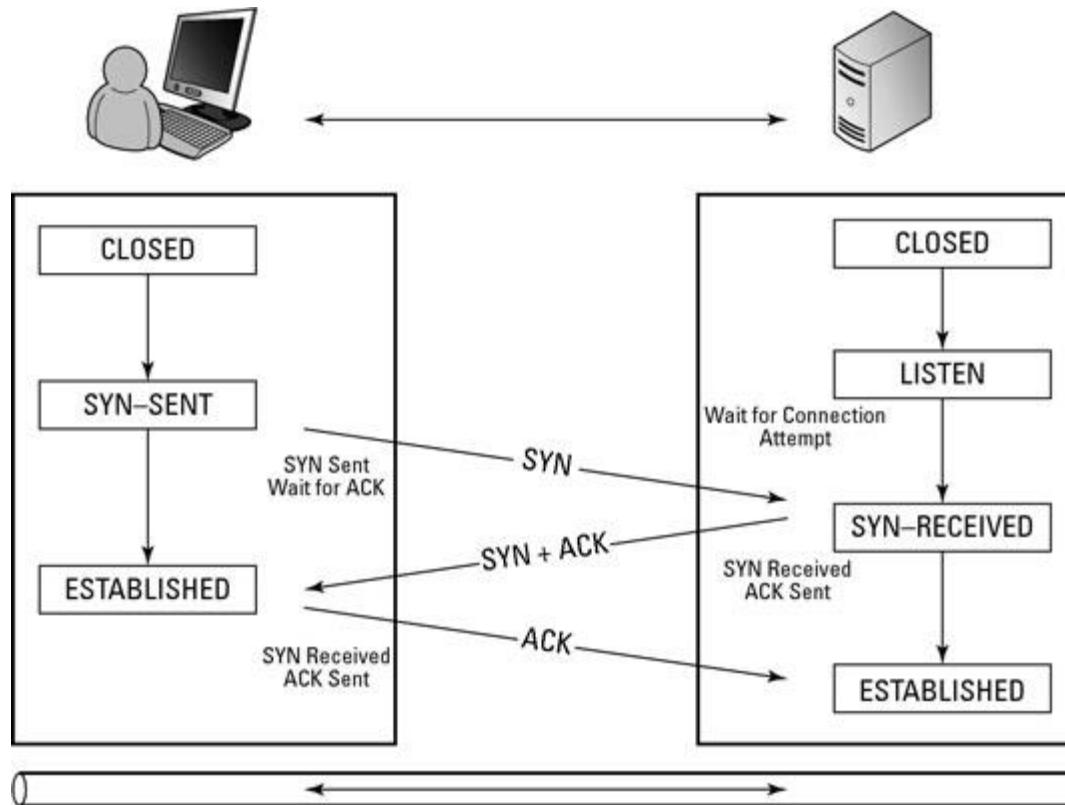
clientSocket.on('end', () => {
  console.log('disconnected from the server\n');
});
```

`net.connect()` aliases to `net.createConnection()`.

`net.connect(port[, host][, connectListener])` for TCP connections.

`net.connect(path[, connectListener])` for IPC connections.

# Transmission Control Protocol (TCP)



# Simple TCP client (echo server)

```
const net = require('net');
const socket = net.connect({port: 9000});

socket.on('connect', () => {
  console.log('connected to server!');
});

socket.on('data', (data) => {
  console.log(data.toString());
});

process.stdin.pipe(socket);
process.stdin.on('data', (data) => {
  const str = data.toString();
  if (str.trim() === 'exit') {
    socket.end('good by');
    process.exit();
  }
});

process.on('SIGINT', () => {
  console.log('Caught interrupt signal');
  if (socket) {
    socket.end('terminated');
    process.exit();
  }
});
```

socket.end([data][, encoding]);

socket.end('good by') is equivalent to calling:  
socket.write(data, encoding) followed by socket.end()

# Simple TCP client (echo server)

```
const net = require('net');
const socket = net.connect({port: 9000});

socket.on('connect', () => {
  console.log('connected to server!');
});

socket.on('data', (data) => {
  console.log(data.toString());
});

process.stdin.pipe(socket);
process.stdin.on('data', (data) => {
  const str = data.toString();
  if (str.trim() === 'exit') {
    socket.end('good by');
    process.exit();
  }
});

process.on('SIGINT', () => {
  console.log('Caught interrupt signal');
  if (socket) {
    socket.end('terminated');
    process.exit();
  }
});
```

```
[vadim@clearwater slide-12]$ node simple-client-for-echo-server.js
connected to server!
Hello client!

Hi
Hi

exit
[vadim@clearwater slide-12]$
```

```
[vadim@clearwater slide-13]$ node simple-echo-server.js
server accepting connections
client connected

Hi

exit

good by
events.js:182
    throw er; // Unhandled 'error' event
    ^

Error: read ECONNRESET
    at exports._errnoException (util.js:1024:11)
    at TCP.onread (net.js:610:25)
[vadim@clearwater slide-13]$
```



# Error handling

```
const net = require('net');
const socket = net.connect({port: 9000});

socket.on('connect', () => {
  console.log('connected to server!');
});

socket.on('data', (data) => {
  console.log(data.toString());
});

socket.on('close', (hadError) => {
  process.exit();
});

process.stdin.pipe(socket);

process.stdin.on('data', (data) => {
  const str = data.toString();
  if (str.trim() === 'exit') {
    socket.end('good by');
  }
});

process.on('SIGINT', () => {
  console.log('Caught interrupt signal');
  if (socket) {
    socket.end('terminated');
  }
});
```

```
const net = require('net');
const server = net.createServer();

server.listen(9000, 'localhost', 2);
server.on('listening', function () {
  console.log('server accepting connections');
});

server.on('connection', (tcpSocket) => {
  console.log('client connected\n');
  tcpSocket.write('Hello client!\n');

  tcpSocket.on('data', (data) => {
    console.log(data.toString());
  });

  tcpSocket.on('error', (error) => {
    console.log('Connection error: ', error.stack);
  });

  tcpSocket.on('end', () => {
    console.log('FIN frame received');
  });

  tcpSocket.on('close', () => {
    console.log('Connection ended');
  });

  tcpSocket.pipe(tcpSocket);
});
```

# IPC Support in Net module

# UNIX domain socket / Named pipes (server)

```
1 const net = require('net');
2 const path = require('path');
3 let namedPipe;
4
5 if (process.platform === 'win32') {
6   namedPipe = '\\\\.\\pipe\\pipe.name';
7 } else {
8   namedPipe = path.join(__dirname, 'pipe.name');
9 }
10
11 const unixServer = net.createServer();
12 unixServer.listen(namedPipe);
13
14 unixServer.on('connection', (ipcConnection) => {
15   console.log('client connected\n');
16   ipcConnection.write('Hello client!\n');
17
18   ipcConnection.on('data', (data) => {
19     console.log(data.toString());
20   });
21
22   ipcConnection.on('error', function(err) {
23     console.log(err);
24   });
25
26   ipcConnection.pipe(ipcConnection);
27 });
```

`server.listen(path[, backlog][, callback])`

Start a IPC server listening for connections on the given path.

`server.listen([port][, host][, backlog][, callback])`

Start a TCP server listening for connections on the given port and host.

# UNIX domain socket / Named pipes (client)

```
const net = require('net');
const path = require('path');
let namedPipe;

if (process.platform === 'win32') {
  namedPipe = '\\\\.\\pipe\\pipe.name';
  console.log(namedPipe);
} else {
  namedPipe = path.join(__dirname, 'pipe.name');
}

const socket = new net.Socket();
socket.connect(namedPipe, () => {
  console.log('Connected to the server!');
});

socket.on('data', function (data) {
  console.log(data.toString());
});

process.stdin.pipe(socket);
process.stdin.on('data', function (data) {
  if (data.toString().trim() === 'exit') {
    socket.end('good by');
  }
});

socket.on('end', () => {
  console.log('end');
  process.exit();
});
```

`net.connect(path[, connectListener])`

`net.createConnection(path[, connectListener])`

Initiates an IPC connection

`net.connect(port[, host][, connectListener])`

`net.createConnection(port[, host], connectListener)`

Initiates a TCP connection

# Useful methods

- **socket.address()** – returns @object e.g. { port: 12346, family: 'IPv4', address: '127.0.0.1' }
- **socket.setKeepAlive([enable][, initialDelay])** — returns the socket itself.
- **socket.setTimeout(timeout[, callback])** — returns the socket itself.
  - `socket.setTimeout(3000);`
  - `socket.on('timeout', () => {`
  - `console.log('socket timeout');`
  - `socket.end();`
  - `});`
- **socket.setEncoding([encoding])** — returns the socket itself.
- **socket.bytesWritten**
- **socket.bytesRead**

# Useful links

<https://nodejs.org/dist/latest-v8.x/docs/api/net.html> - The net module documentation

<https://nodejs.org/api/dgram.html> - The dgram module provides an implementation of UDP Datagram sockets.

<https://www.npmjs.com/package/node-ipc> - node-ipc module

[https://msdn.microsoft.com/ru-ru/library/windows/desktop/aa365783\(v=vs.85\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/ru-ru/library/windows/desktop/aa365783(v=vs.85).aspx) - Pipe Names

<https://support.microsoft.com/en-in/help/103884/the-osi-model-s-seven-layers-defined-and-functions-explained> - The OSI Model's Seven Layers Defined and Functions Explained