

Node.JS Global

Command Line Tools. Debugging. Error Handling.

CLI Tools in Node.JS: `process.argv`

We need them to create custom command-line interfaces.

Main point of integration - **`process.argv`**

```
console.log(process.argv)
```

```
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node test.js
[ '/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/.nvm/versions/node/v10.14.2/bin/node',
  '/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/Projects/nodejs-training/test.js' ]
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node test.js -foo --bar a="b" -c="d"
[ '/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/.nvm/versions/node/v10.14.2/bin/node',
  '/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/Projects/nodejs-training/test.js',
  '-foo',
  '--bar',
  'a=b',
  '-c=d' ]
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$
```

process.argv: slice it!

```
console.log(process.argv.slice(2))
```

```
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node test3.js --foo --bar -a="b" -c="d" -f=$PATH
[ '--foo',
  '--bar',
  '-a=b',
  '-c=d',
  '-f=/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/.nvm/versions/node/v10.14.2/bin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin:/Applications/Visual Studio Code.app/Contents/Resources/app/bin' ]
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$
```

process.argv: wrap it!

Wrap variables in quotes to avoid corruption:

```
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node test3.js --foo --bar -a="b" -c="d" -f="$PATH"
[ '--foo',
  '--bar',
  '-a=b',
  '-c=d',
  '-f=/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/.nvm/versions/node/v10.14.2/bin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/bin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/sbin:/Applications/Visual Studio Code.app/Contents/Resources/app/bin' ]
epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$
```

NPM CLI Packages

commander

13K+ stars on GitHub

- aliases
- negating
- camel-casing
- descriptions
- etc.

```
#!/usr/bin/env node

const program = require('commander');

program
  .version('0.1.0')
  .option('-p, --peppers', 'Add peppers')
  .option('-P, --pineapple', 'Add pineapple')
  .option('-b, --bbq-sauce', 'Add bbq sauce')
  .option('-c, --cheese [type]', 'Add the specified type of cheese [marble]', 'marble')
  .parse(process.argv);

console.log('you ordered a pizza with:');
if (program.peppers) console.log(' - peppers');
if (program.pineapple) console.log(' - pineapple');
if (program.bbqSauce) console.log(' - bbq');
console.log(' - %s cheese', program.cheese);
```

NPM CLI Packages

yargs

5.5K+ stars on GitHub

- aliases
- descriptions
- etc.

```
#!/usr/bin/env node

require('yargs')
  .command('serve [port]', 'start the server', (yargs) => {
    yargs
      .positional('port', {
        describe: 'port to bind on',
        default: 5000
      })
  }, (argv) => {
    if (argv.verbose) console.info(`start server on :${argv.port}`)
    serve(argv.port)
  })
  .option('verbose', {
    alias: 'v',
    default: false
  })
  .argv
```


ENV Variables

Rule #0: **Don't modify environment variables**

```
[epuakiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ MY_VAR=foobar node test.js  
MY_VAR foobar
```

```
console.log('MY_VAR %s', process.env.MY_VAR)
```


Cross-platform ENV variables

Use cross-env package to be able to reuse your CLI scripts on different platforms.

Only UNIX terminals support raw env variables.

```
cross-env MY_VAR=foo node test.js$
```

Node.JS REPL - Read-Evaluate-Print Loop

Allows to evaluate JavaScript on-the-fly (**sometimes useful**)

Core modules don't need to be `require()`'ed (**useful**)

Supports autocomplete (**useful**)

Supports different commands (**mostly, useless**)

`require('repl')`

Supports custom commands (somewhat useful)

Global scope can be accessed/configured from both REPL environment and host process by using **REPLServer.context** (very useful)

Supports custom input/output streams - be it a server, DB, file or just a custom stream (very very useful)

Create your custom REPL

Create your own REPL with the help of core **require('repl')** module

It supports various configuration options, up to the point of ultimate customization of experience.

```
epuakiwi1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node repl_crazy.js
very unstable REPL > Welcome!
very unstable REPL > var a = 1
undefined (｡•̀｡)
very unstable REPL > a + 1
2 ˘_(ツ)_/˘
very unstable REPL > 40 + a + 1
42 ｡◕｡◕
very unstable REPL > .pleasestop
pleasestop

very unstable REPL > .pleasestop

you're boring... ʘ•̩•̩ʘ

very unstable REPL > 40 + a + 1
42
very unstable REPL > .gofunnyagain
gofunnyagain

very unstable REPL > .gofunnyagain

lol ok! (｡•̀｡)

very unstable REPL > 40 + a + 1
42 (｡•̀｡)
very unstable REPL > .donethanks

cya! (˘_˘)

epuakiwi1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$
```

Debugging: REPL

node inspect %file%

Provides REPL for debugging

Has a number of useful
commands

Almost never used, unless
there's no way to run in
Chrome

```
epuakyiw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node inspect test.js
< Debugger listening on ws://127.0.0.1:9229/a6c921fc-f238-4b59-8ebe-e1ecd4db7248
< For help, see: https://nodejs.org/en/docs/inspector
< Debugger attached.
Break on start in file:///Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/Projects/nodejs-training/test.js:1
> 1 (function (exports, require, module, __filename, __dirname) { function corruptedAdd (a, b) {
    2   const randomNum = Math.floor(Math.random() * 10)
    3   return randomNum + a + b
debug> next
break in file:///Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/Projects/nodejs-training/test.js:6
    4 }
    5
> 6 const a = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
    7 const b = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
    8 const c = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
debug> exec a
undefined
debug> next
break in file:///Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/Projects/nodejs-training/test.js:7
    5
    6 const a = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
> 7 const b = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
    8 const c = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
    9 });
debug> exec a
7
debug> 
```

Debugging: Chrome

node --inspect-brk %file%

chrome://inspect

Allows to debug in Chrome

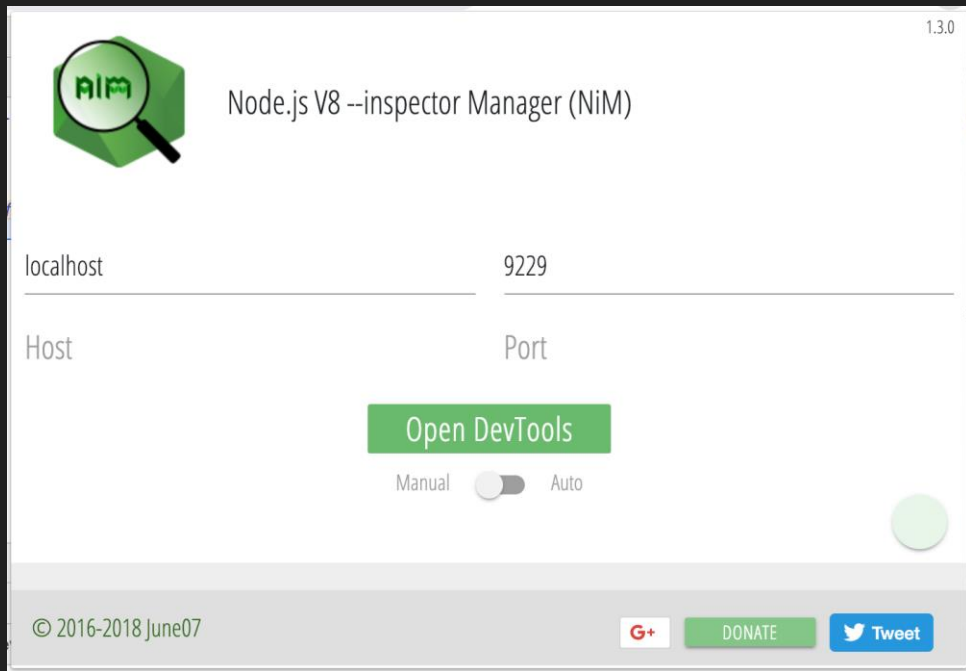


The screenshot shows the Chrome DevTools interface with the 'Memory' tab selected. A file named 'test.js' is open in the editor. The code contains a function 'corruptedAdd' and three 'const' declarations. A syntax error is highlighted on line 6: 'const a = corruptedAdd(1, 2)'. The error message is 'a = undefined, b = undefined'. The code is as follows:

```
1 (function (exports, require, module, __filename, __dirname) { function corruptedAdd (a, b) { exports = {}, require = f
2   const randomNum = Math.floor(Math.random() * 10)
3   return randomNum + a + b a = undefined, b = undefined
4 }
5
6 const a = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
7 const b = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
8 const c = corruptedAdd(1, 2)
9
10
11 });
```

Debugging: Chrome

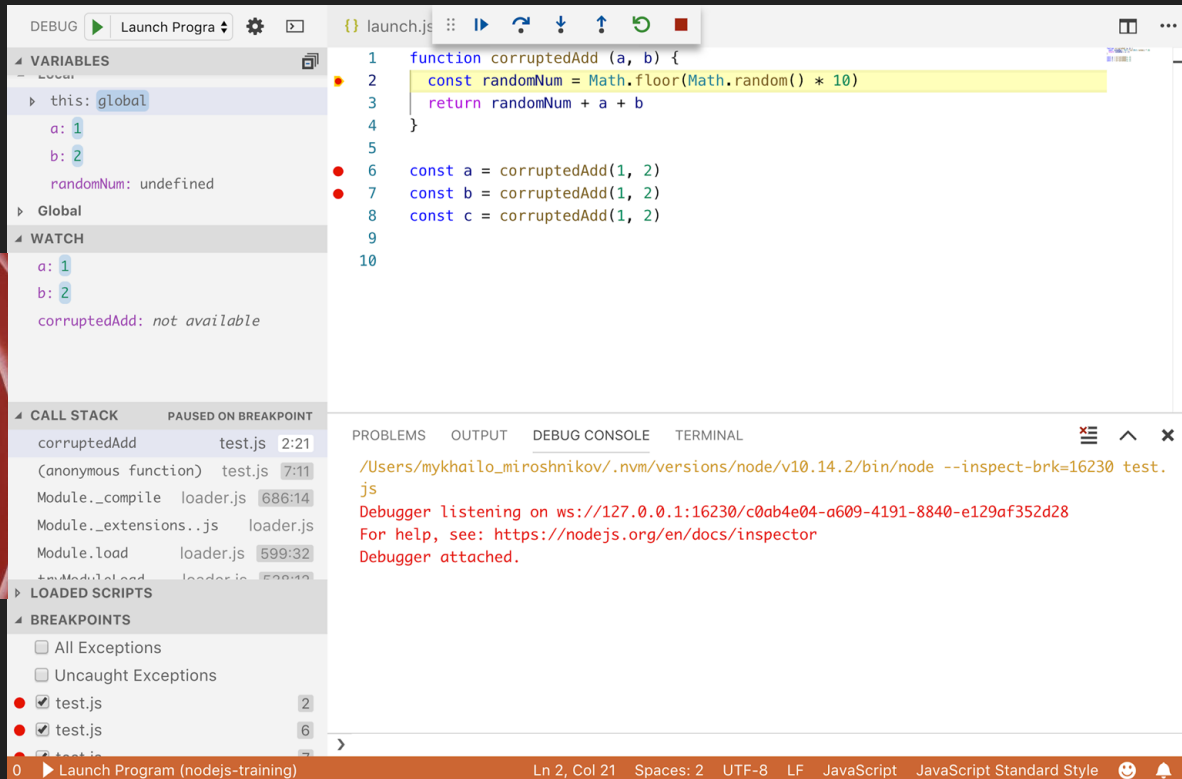
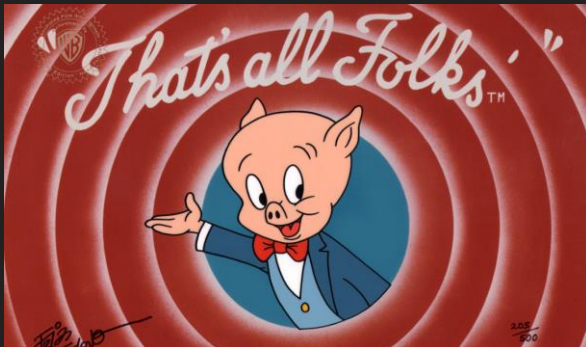
To improve experience, you can install **Node Inspector Manager** extension for Chrome (will open debugger page as soon as inspector in started)



Debugging: VSCode

Configure launch.json

Press F5



Debugging: Remote

Set up SSH tunnel:

```
ssh -N -i -L 9229:127.0.0.1:9229
```

Set a message to target Node.js process to open debug port:

```
kill -SIGUSR1 %node_app_id%
```

Connect with Chrome Dev Tools

BE VERY CAREFUL WITH PRODUCTION SERVERS

Handling Errors: How

- `throw/try/catch/finally` - rethrow when needed, **no empty `catch()`**
- `Promise.catch`
- `async/await try/catch`
- error-first callbacks
- `EventEmitter` errors

Optionally, create your own error types by extending from `Error`

Handling Errors: Error-first callback

Common Node.JS
approach to handle errors
by propagating them up.

```
const fs = require('fs');  
fs.readFile('nonexistent', (err, data) => {  
  if (err) {  
    console.log(err);  
    return;  
  }  
  //do sth  
});
```

Handling Errors: Try/catch

Common way to handle synchronous errors.

```
try {  
    JSON.parse('Not a JSON!');  
} catch(e) {  
    console.log('parsing error');  
}
```

Handling Errors: Async try/catch

Latest way to handle
asynchronous errors.

```
const { promisify } = require('util')

async () => {
  try {
    await promisify(fs.readFile('test.txt'))
  } catch (e) {
    console.error(e)
  }
}()
```

Handling Errors: EventEmitter errors

Just another way to handle error
in Node.JS

To throw an error use
`EventEmitter.emit('error', err)`

```
const { createServer } = require('http')

createServer((req, res) => {

}).on('error', (err) => {
  console.log('server error happenned', err)
})
```

Handling Errors: Common System Errors

- EACCES - permission denied
- EADDRINUSE - address already in use
- ECONNREFUSED - connection refused
- ENOENT – no such file or directory
- etc.

Handling Errors: Uncaught exceptions

```
process.on('uncaughtException')
```

```
process.on('unhandledRejection')
```

DO NOT RESTORE THE PROGRAM TO NORMAL OPERATION

Log errors, free resources and `process.exit(1)`

Handling Errors: Shutdown gracefully

1. Handle process kill signal
2. Stop new requests from client
3. Close all data process
4. Exit from process

Graceful Shutdown: Listen for process kill signals

- `'SIGINT'` generated with `<Ctrl>+C` in the terminal.
- The `'SIGTERM'` signal is a generic signal used to cause program termination. Unlike `'SIGKILL'`, this signal can be blocked, handled, and ignored. It is the normal way to politely ask a program to terminate.
- The shell command `kill` generates `'SIGTERM'` by default.

Graceful Shutdown: Stop listening to new clients

```
26 process.on('SIGTERM', () => {  
27     console.info('SIGTERM signal received.');
```



```
28     console.log('Closing http server.');
```



```
29     server.close(() => {  
30         console.log('Http server closed.');
```



```
31     });
```



```
32 });
```

Graceful Shutdown: Free resources and exit process

```
process.on('SIGTERM', () => {  
  console.info('SIGTERM signal received.');
```



```
  console.log('Closing http server.');
```



```
  server.close(() => {  
    console.log('Http server closed.');
```



```
    // boolean means [force], see in mongoose doc
```



```
    mongoose.connection.close(false, () => {  
      console.log('MongoDb connection closed.');
```



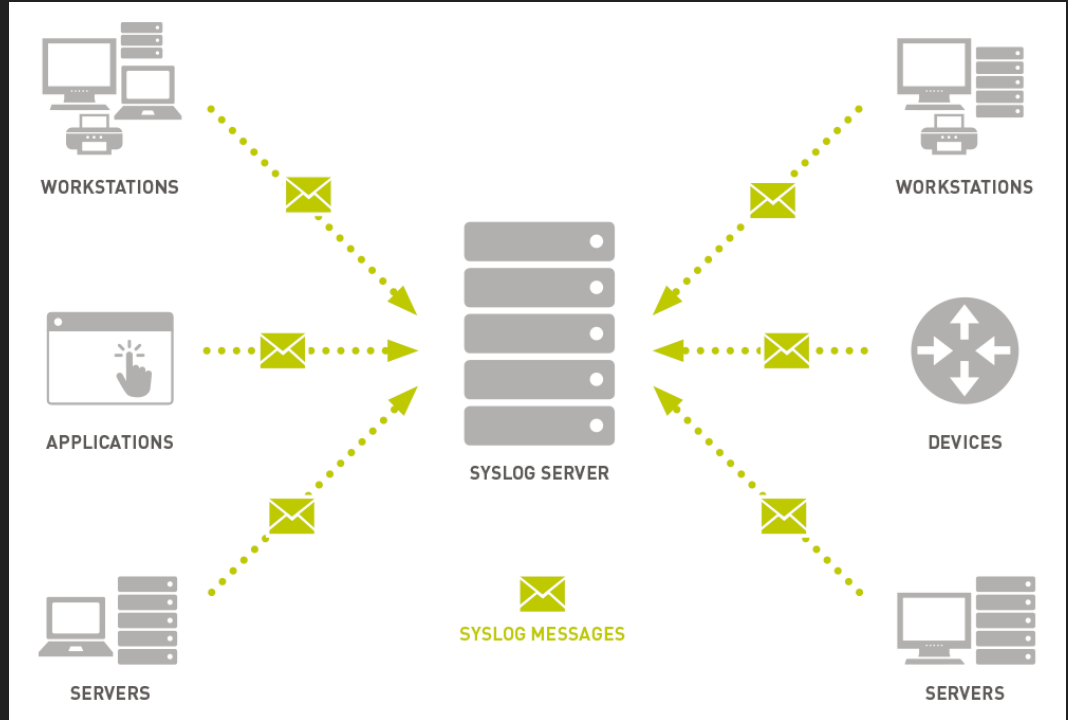
```
      process.exit(0);  
    });  
  });  
});
```

Logging: What to collect

- Errors
- Debug info
- Business stats (remember about **GDPR**)
- Other metrics (e.g. performance)

Logging: Syslog Protocol

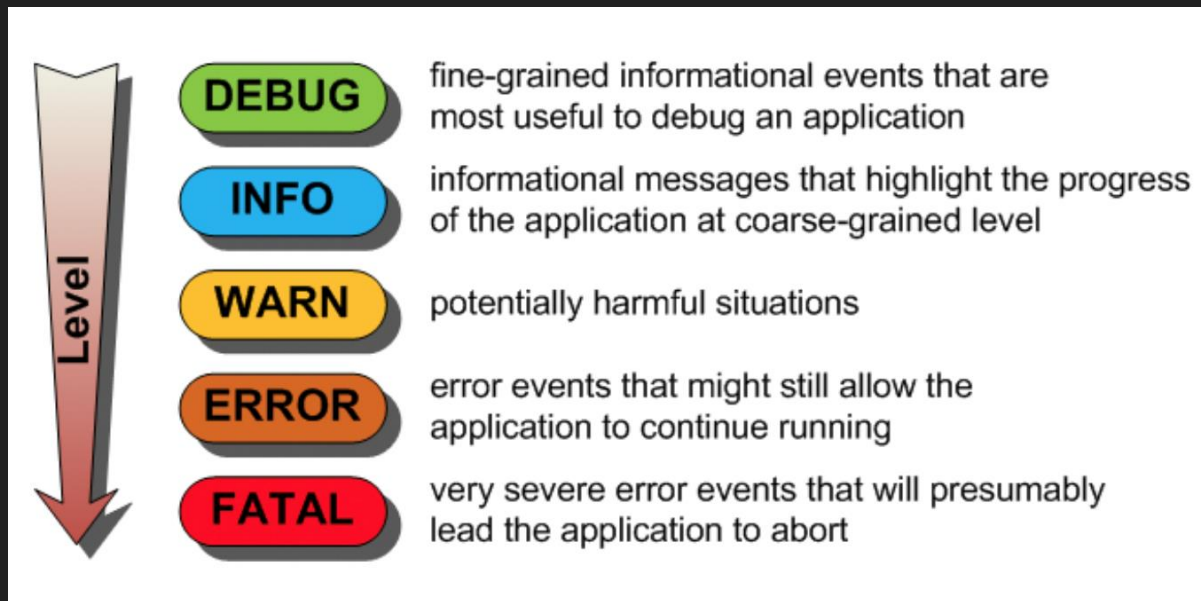
The protocol by which logs are generated, transported and stored.



Logging: Levels

NPM Levels:

- 0: error
- 1: warn
- 2: info
- 3: verbose
- 4: debug
- 5: silly

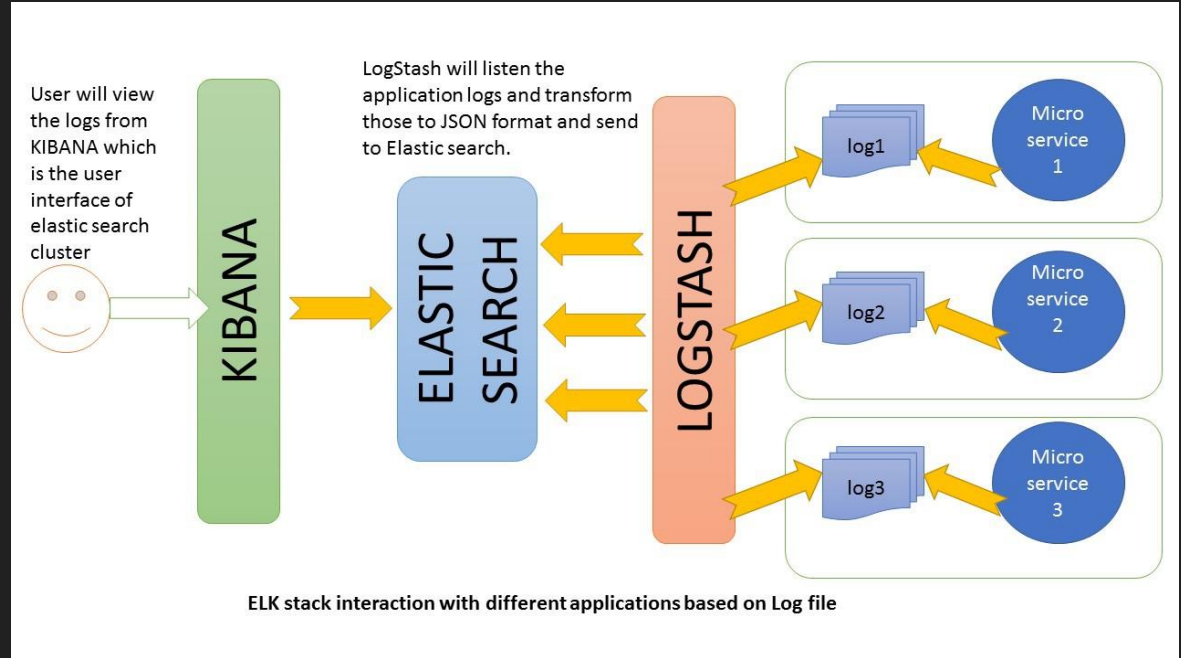


Logging: ELK Stack

Elasticsearch is a NoSQL database

Logstash is a log pipeline tool that accepts inputs from various sources

Kibana is a visualization layer that works on top of Elasticsearch



Logging: Console

```
console.log('123')
console.error('321')

console.dir({ foo: 'bar' }, { depth: 4})

console.time()
console.timeEnd()

console.table({ a: '1', b: '2' })

console.trace()
```

```
epuakiyw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$ node test1.js
123
321
{ foo: 'bar' }
default: 0.190ms
```

(index)	Values
a	'1'
b	'2'

```
Trace
  at Object.<anonymous> (/Users/mykhailo_miroshnikov/Projects/nodejs-training/t
est1.js:11:9)
  at Module._compile (internal/modules/cjs/loader.js:689:30)
  at Object.Module._extensions..js (internal/modules/cjs/loader.js:700:10)
  at Module.load (internal/modules/cjs/loader.js:599:32)
  at tryModuleLoad (internal/modules/cjs/loader.js:538:12)
  at Function.Module._load (internal/modules/cjs/loader.js:530:3)
  at Function.Module.runMain (internal/modules/cjs/loader.js:742:12)
  at startup (internal/bootstrap/node.js:282:19)
  at bootstrapNodeJSCore (internal/bootstrap/node.js:743:3)
epuakiyw1221:nodejs-training mykhailo_miroshnikov$
```

Logging: Winston

- Logging to, Console, Files, Databases
- Logging levels
- Timestamps
- Configurable output
- Log rotation
- String/JSON

Logging: Winston

```
1  const logger = require('winston');
2  module.exports = function (req, res) {
3      logger.info('Request: ' + req.method + ' ' + req.url);
4      if (req.path === '/cats' || req.path === '/dogs') {
5          logger.debug('IP: ' + req.ip);
6          res.end('hello\n');
7          return;
8      }
9      logger.error(req.path + ' - unknown route');
10     res.status(404).end('Not found');
11 }
```

PROBLEMS

OUTPUT

DEBUG CONSOLE

TERMINAL

o → node 5.logging-winston.js

2017-09-24T12:26:51.427Z - info: Got message: GET /cats

2017-09-24T12:26:55.722Z - info: Got message: GET /dogs

2017-09-24T12:26:58.936Z - info: Got message: GET /flies

2017-09-24T12:26:58.936Z - error: /flies - unknown route

```
let transports = [
  new winston.transports.Console({
    timestamp: true,
    colorize: true,
    level: 'info'
  }),
  new winston.transports.File({
    filename: 'debug.log',
    name: 'debug',
    level: 'debug'
  }),
  new winston.transports.File({
    filename: 'error.log',
    name: 'error',
    level: 'error'
  })
];

return new winston.Logger({transports: transports});
```

Logging: Ultimate

Combine Winston and Morgan
to achieve the ultimate
experience

```
var logger = new winston.Logger({
  transports: [
    new winston.transports.File({
      level: 'info',
      filename: './logs/all-logs.log',
      handleExceptions: true,
      json: true,
      maxsize: 5242880, //5MB
      maxFiles: 5,
      colorize: false
    }),
    new winston.transports.Console({
      level: 'debug',
      handleExceptions: true,
      json: false,
      colorize: true
    })
  ],
  exitOnError: false
}),

logger.stream = {
  write: function(message, encoding){
    logger.info(message);
  }
};

app.use(require("morgan")("combined", { "stream": logger.stream }));
```