

## Intercompany Loans

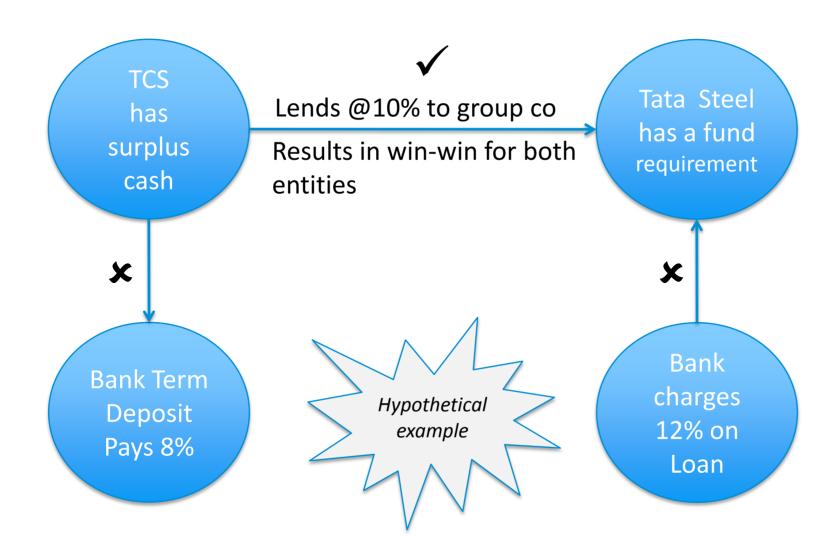


#### What is ICL?

- Inter Company Loan is an arrangement between two or more corporates (usually belonging to the same group) to lend / borrow surplus money between each other
- ICL arrangements create a win-win situation for both borrower and the lender by leading to
  - Savings in borrowing cost for the borrower
  - Higher returns on cash surpluses for the lender
  - Savings in operational costs for both the parties
- Under ICL, bank provides a service to manage & track ICL arrangements on behalf of the corporates.
- Bank itself is neither involved in lending nor borrowing.
- It is a fee based value added service

## ICL – basic business justification

• Corporates with surplus cash can lend to group companies with a cash deficit, resulting in savings for both the entities



#### **Module functionalities**

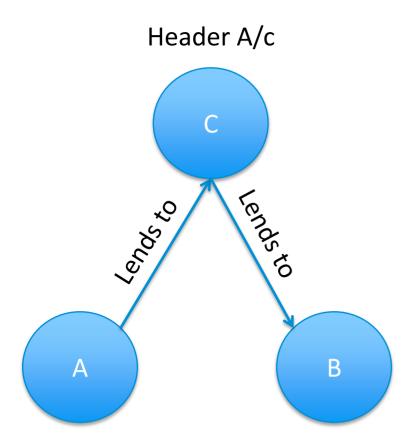
LMS ICL Module supports activities such as

- Maintenance of loan agreements and creating loan definitions
- Creation of loans between the participating accounts
- Tracking of loan positions
- Calculation and posting of interest on loan positions
- Handling tax aspects such as Withholding tax, Business tax and Stamp Duty
- Handling maturity processing such as automatic repayments, rollovers etc.

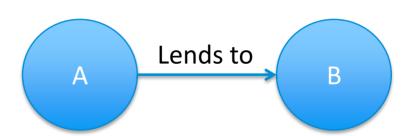
### Multi-lateral & Bi-lateral loans

Multi-lateral Loans

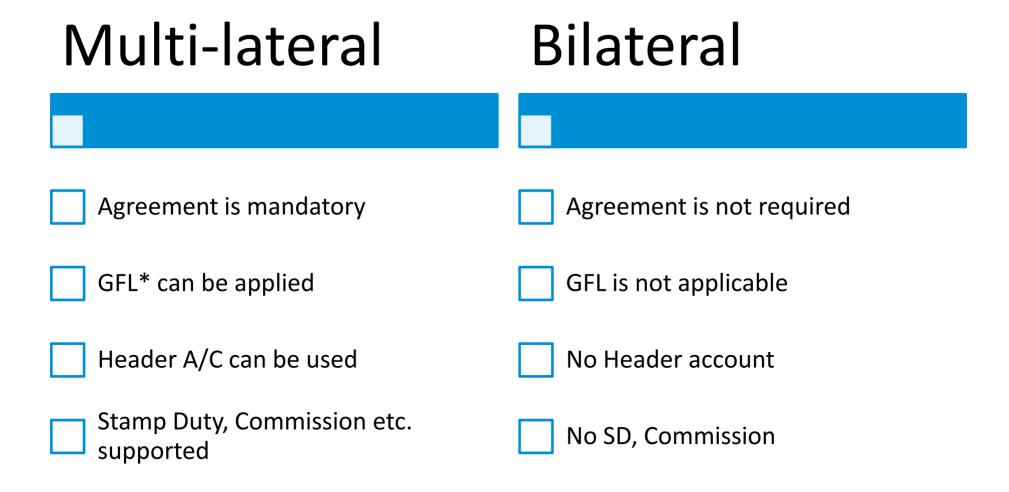
**Bi-lateral Loans** 



Usually uses a header account



#### Multi-lateral & Bi-lateral loans

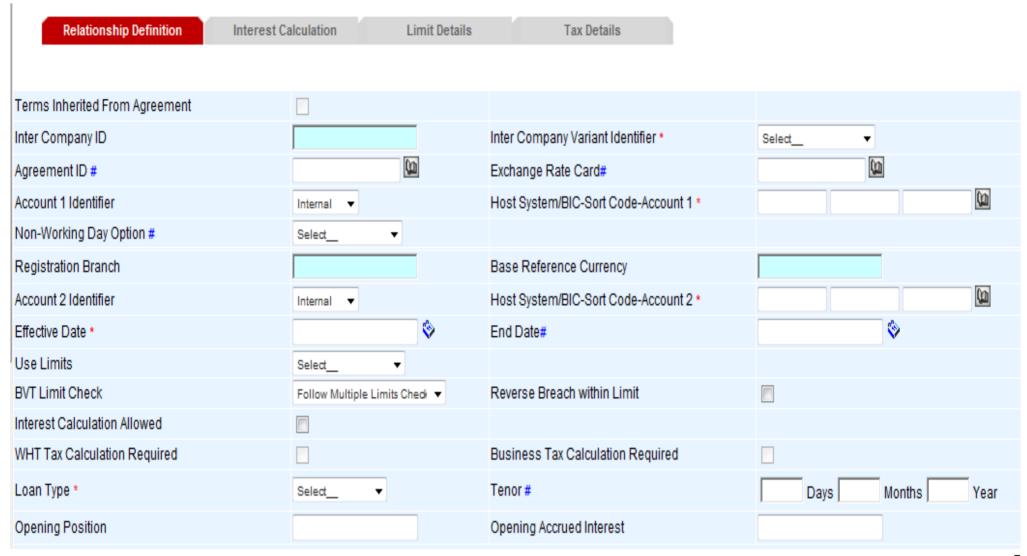


<sup>\*</sup>GFL = Group Facility Limit

#### **ICL** Definition

- In order to start tracking ICLs in the system, it is mandatory to create an ICL definition
- ICL Definition is created for all companies who intend to lend / borrow between each other and captures details like:
  - The account numbers, start and end dates of the arrangement, types of loan (revolving / non-revolving) etc.
  - Interest details such as the interest types, accrual & posting cycles, balance types etc.
  - Limit details such as the type of limit, limit amount, limit breach option etc.
  - Tax details for TDS / WHT\*, business tax such as Tax code, rate, settlement account etc.
- Once an ICL definition is in place, loans can be created manually through the Active Transaction screen or by linking definition to a Sweep instruction
- It is possible to create ICL Definitions automatically from the Agreement itself in case of Multilateral Loans

#### **ICL Definition**



## **Types of Loans**

- Loan set ups are of two types viz. Non-revolving & Revolving.
- Non-revolving Loan creates a new loan with every new transaction whereas revolving loan updates the existing loan
- The difference between the two is given in the table below

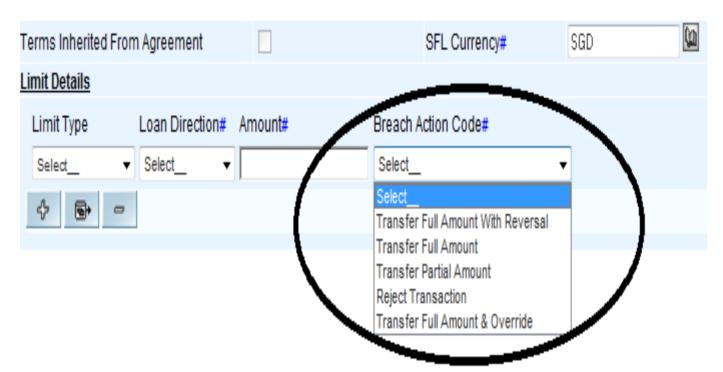
			Revolving			Non-revolving		
Sweep Transaction	Fund movement direction	Amount \$	Loan Id	Loan Position	Lender	Loan Id	Loan Position	Lender
Hallsaction	direction	, , 	Loan iu	POSITION	Lender	Loan iu	POSITION	Lender
1	A > B	5,000.00	1	5,000.00	Α	1	5,000.00	Α
2	B > A	1,000.00	1	4,000.00	Α	2	1,000.00	В
3	B > A	2,000.00	1	2,000.00	Α	3	2,000.00	В

## **Types of limits**

- LMS supports maintenance of limits are multiple levels
  - Account Pair Limits (APL)
  - Sub Facility Limit (SFL)
  - Group Facility Limit (GFL)
- Limits restrict the maximum amount an account can lend or borrow across all ICLs
- All limits are bi-directional limits i.e. lending and borrowing limits maintained separately
- GFL can also be unidirectional i.e. absolute value of Lending + Borrowing is tracked under a single limit
- Limit currency can be different from the loan currency

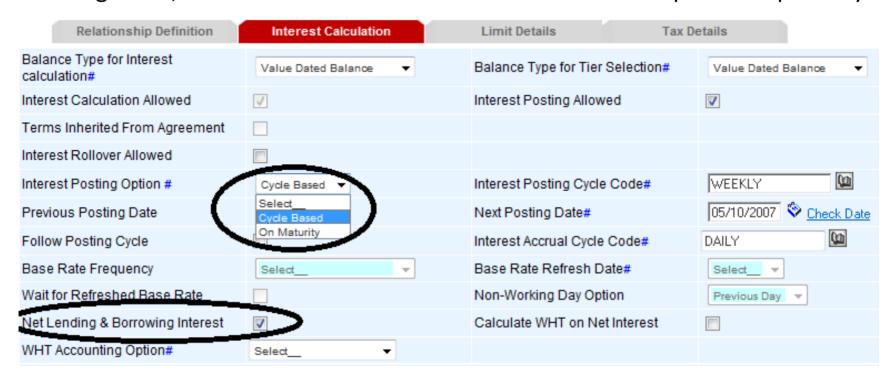
## **Limit Breach options**

- User can configure the response in the event of breach of limit
  - Transfer full amount & Report
  - Transfer full amount & override
  - Transfer full amount with Reversals
  - Transfer Partial Amount
  - Reject Transaction



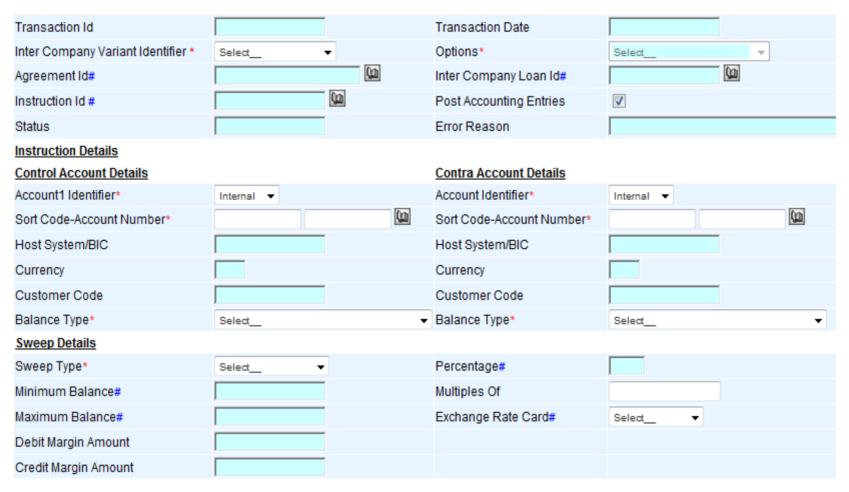
## **Interest Calculation & posting**

- System uses the same interest module as seen earlier
- System supports both the types of interest rates i.e.
  - Fixed Rate
  - Linked to a Base Rate
- Interest posting can be maintained as Cycle based or On Maturity
- For revolving loans, debit and credit interest can be netted off or posted separately



#### Loan creation

- Loan can be created in one of the two ways:
  - Sweep transaction
  - Manually through the Active Transaction screen



## **Repayment & Maturity**

- LMS supports multiple maturity handling parameters such as
  - To Rollover the loan
  - To Settle (i.e. repay) the loan
- LMS supports repayment of ICLs in multiple options
  - At Maturity
    - Tenor Maturity
    - ICL Maturity
    - Loan Agreement Maturity
  - Cyclical Repayment
  - Manual Repayment













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