









TXS0102 SCES640E - JANUARY 2007-REVISED OCTOBER 2014

## TXS0102 2-Bit Bidirectional Voltage-Level Translator for Open-Drain and Push-Pull **Applications**

#### **Features**

- No Direction-Control Signal Needed
- Max Data Rates
  - 24 Mbps (Push Pull)
  - 2 Mbps (Open Drain)
- Available in the Texas Instruments NanoStar™ Package
- 1.65 V to 3.6 V on A port and 2.3 V to 5.5 V on B port  $(V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB})$
- V<sub>CC</sub> Isolation Feature: If Either V<sub>CC</sub> Input Is at GND, Both Ports Are in the High-Impedance State
- No Power-Supply Sequencing Required: Either V<sub>CCA</sub> or V<sub>CCB</sub> Can Be Ramped First
- I<sub>off</sub> Supports Partial-Power-Down Mode Operation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- ESD Protection Exceeds JESD 22
  - A Port
    - 2500-V Human-Body Model (A114-B)
    - 250-V Machine Model (A115-A)
    - 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
  - B Port
    - 8-kV Human-Body Model (A114-B)
    - 250-V Machine Model (A115-A)
    - 1500-V Charged-Device Model (C101)

### 2 Applications

- I<sup>2</sup>C/SMBus
- **UART**
- **GPIO**

### 3 Description

This two-bit non-inverting translator is a bidirectional voltage-level translator and can be used to establish digital switching compatibility between mixed-voltage systems. It uses two separate configurable powersupply rails, with the A ports supporting operating voltages from 1.65 V to 3.6 V while it tracks the V<sub>CCA</sub> supply, and the B ports supporting operating voltages from 2.3 V to 5.5 V while it tracks the  $V_{CCB}$  supply. This allows the support of both lower and higher logic signal levels while providing bidirectional translation capabilities between any of the 1.8-V, 2.5-V, 3.3-V, and 5-V voltage nodes.

When the output-enable (OE) input is low, all I/Os are placed in the high-impedance state, which significantly reduces the power-supply quiescent current consumption.

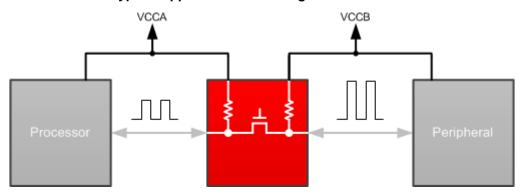
To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down, OE should be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

#### Device Information<sup>(1)</sup>

| PART NUMBER | PACKAGE   | BODY SIZE (NOM)   |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------|
|             | SSOP (8)  | 2.95 mm x 2.80 mm |
|             | VSSOP (8) | 2.30 mm x 2.00 mm |
| TXS0102     | Vacon (a) | 1.40 mm x 1.00 mm |
|             | X2SON (8) | 1.80 mm x 1.20 mm |
|             | DSBGA (8) | 1.90 mm x 0.90 mm |

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the datasheet.

#### Typical Application Block Diagram for TXS010X





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## 4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

### Changes from Revision D (March 2011) to Revision E

**Page** 

Added Pin Configuration and Functions section, Handling Rating table, Feature Description section, Device
Functional Modes, Application and Implementation section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout
section, Device and Documentation Support section, and Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information
section

#### Changes from Revision C (May 2009) to Revision D

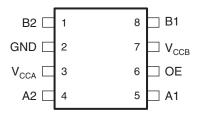
**Page** 

Added TOP-SIDE MARKING for SON - DQE and SON - DQM Packages in the ORDERING INFORMATION table. ....... 1



## 5 Pin Configuration and Functions

# DCT OR DCU PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



# DQE OR DQM PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)

| V <sub>CCA</sub> | 10.5 | 1_8_          | $V_{\text{CCB}}$ |
|------------------|------|---------------|------------------|
| A1               | 2_1  | 1_7_          | B1               |
| A2               | 3_1  | ı <u>_</u> 6_ | B2               |
| GND              | 4_1  | 1_5_          | OE               |

# YZP PACKAGE (BOTTOM VIEW)



#### **Pin Functions**

|             | NO.         |     |                  |       |   |  |  |  |
|-------------|-------------|-----|------------------|-------|---|--|--|--|
| DCT,<br>DCU | DQE,<br>DQM | YZP | NAME             | TYPE  | FUNCTION  |  |  |  |
| 1           | 6           | A1  | B2               | I/O   | Input/output B. Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .  |  |  |  |
| 2           | 4           | B1  | GND              | GND   | Ground  |  |  |  |
| 3           | 1           | C1  | V <sub>CCA</sub> | Power | A-port supply voltage. 1.65 V $\leq$ V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V and V <sub>CCA</sub> $\leq$ V <sub>CCB</sub> |  |  |  |
| 4           | 3           | D1  | A2               | I/O   | Input/output A. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .  |  |  |  |
| 5           | 2           | D2  | A1               | I/O   | Input/output A. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> .  |  |  |  |
| 6           | 5           | C2  | OE               | Input | Output enable (active High). Pull OE low to place all outputs in 3-state mode. Referenced to V <sub>CCA</sub> . |  |  |  |
| 7           | 8           | B2  | V <sub>CCB</sub> | Power | B-port supply voltage. 2.3 V ≤ V <sub>CCB</sub> ≤ 5.5 V   |  |  |  |
| 8           | 7           | A2  | B1               | I/O   | Input/output B. Referenced to V <sub>CCB</sub> .  |  |  |  |



## 6 Specifications

## 6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings<sup>(1)</sup>

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                  |   |                          | MIN  | MAX                    | UNIT |  |
|------------------|---|--------------------------|------|------------------------|------|--|
| $V_{CCA}$        | Supply voltage range  |                          | -0.5 | 4.6                    | V    |  |
| V <sub>CCB</sub> | Supply voltage range  |                          | -0.5 | 6.5                    | V    |  |
| V                | Input voltage range (2)   | A port                   | -0.5 | 4.6                    | V    |  |
| V <sub>I</sub>   | input voltage range (*)   | B port                   | -0.5 | 6.5                    | V    |  |
| .,               | Voltage range applied to any output                                     | A port                   | -0.5 | 4.6                    | V    |  |
| Vo               | in the high-impedance or power-off state (2)                            | B port                   | -0.5 | 6.5                    |      |  |
| .,               | Valtage range applied to any output in the high ar law state (2)(3)     | A port                   | -0.5 | V <sub>CCA</sub> + 0.5 | V    |  |
| Vo               | Voltage range applied to any output in the high or low state (2)(3)     | B port                   | -0.5 | $V_{CCB} + 0.5$        | V    |  |
| I <sub>IK</sub>  | Input clamp current   | V <sub>I</sub> < 0       |      | -50                    | mA   |  |
| I <sub>OK</sub>  | Output clamp current  | V <sub>O</sub> < 0       |      | -50                    | mA   |  |
| Io               | Continuous output current   | ontinuous output current |      | ±50                    | mA   |  |
|                  | Continuous current through V <sub>CCA</sub> , V <sub>CCB</sub> , or GND |                          |      | ±100                   | mA   |  |

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under Recommended Operating Conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

(2) The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.

### 6.2 Handling Ratings

|                    |                         |   | MIN             | MAX  | UNIT |
|--------------------|-------------------------|---|-----------------|------|------|
| T <sub>stg</sub>   | Storage temperature ran | ge  | <del>-</del> 65 | 150  | °C   |
|                    |                         | Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins, A Port <sup>(1)</sup> | -2500           | 2500 | kV   |
| V <sub>(ESD)</sub> | Electrostatic discharge | Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins, B Port <sup>(1)</sup> | -8              | 8    |      |
| (202)              |                         | Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all pins (2)       | -1500           | 1500 | V    |
|                    |                         | 250-V Machine Model (A115-A), all pins  | -250            | 250  |      |

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

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<sup>(3)</sup> The value of V<sub>CCA</sub> and V<sub>CCB</sub> are provided in the recommended operating conditions table.



## 6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

 $V_{CCI}$  is the supply voltage associated with the input port.  $V_{CCO}$  is the supply voltage associated with the output port.

|                 |                                    |                                | V <sub>CCA</sub>   | V <sub>CCB</sub> | MIN                    | MAX                     | UNIT |  |
|-----------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------|--|
| $V_{CCA}$       | Supply voltage (                   | 1)                             |                    |                  | 1.65                   | 3.6                     | V    |  |
| $V_{CCB}$       | Supply voltage                     |                                |                    |                  | 2.3                    | 5.5                     | V    |  |
|                 | High-level input voltage           | A-port I/Os                    | 1.65 V to 1.95 V   | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   | V <sub>CCI</sub> - 0.2 | V <sub>CCI</sub>        |      |  |
| V               |                                    | A-port I/Os                    | 2.3 V to 3.6 V     | 2.3 V 10 5.5 V   | $V_{CCI} - 0.4$        | $V_{CCI}$               | V    |  |
| V <sub>IH</sub> |                                    | B-port I/Os                    | 1.65 V to 3.6 V    | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   | $V_{CCI} - 0.4$        | V <sub>CCI</sub>        |      |  |
|                 |                                    | OE input                       |                    | 2.3 V 10 5.5 V   | $V_{CCA} \times 0.65$  | 5.5                     |      |  |
|                 |                                    | A-port I/Os                    | 1.65 V to 3.6 V 2. |                  | 0                      | 0.15                    | V    |  |
| $V_{IL}^{(2)}$  | Low-level<br>input voltage         | B-port I/Os                    |                    | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   | 0                      | 0.15                    |      |  |
|                 | input voltage                      | OE input                       |                    |                  | 0                      | V <sub>CCA</sub> × 0.35 |      |  |
|                 |                                    | A-port I/Os, push-pull driving |                    |                  |                        | 10                      |      |  |
| Δt/Δν           | Input transition rise or fall rate | B-port I/Os, push-pull driving | 1.65 V to 3.6 V    | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |                        | 10                      | ns/V |  |
|                 | nse or iali rate                   | Control input                  |                    |                  |                        | 10                      |      |  |
| T <sub>A</sub>  | Operating free-air temperature     |                                |                    |                  | -40                    | 85                      | °C   |  |

### 6.4 Thermal Information

|                        |  |        |        | TXS0102 |        |        |      |
|------------------------|--|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|------|
|                        | THERMAL METRIC <sup>(1)</sup>                | DCT    | DCU    | DQE     | DQM    | YZP    | UNIT |
|                        |  | 8 PINS | 8 PINS | 8 PINS  | 8 PINS | 8 PINS |      |
| $R_{\theta JA}$        | Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance       | 182.6  | 199.1  | 199.3   | 239.3  | 105.8  |      |
| R <sub>θJC(to</sub> p) | Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance    | 113.3  | 72.4   | 26.4    | 106.7  | 1.6    |      |
| $R_{\thetaJB}$         | Junction-to-board thermal resistance         | 94.9   | 77.8   | 78.6    | 130.4  | 10.8   | °C/W |
| ΨЈТ                    | Junction-to-top characterization parameter   | 39.4   | 6.2    | 5.9     | 8.2    | 3.1    | C/VV |
| ΨЈВ                    | Junction-to-board characterization parameter | 93.9   | 77.4   | 78.0    | 130.2  | 10.8   |      |
| R <sub>θJC(b</sub> ot) | Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance | -      | -      | -       | -      | -      |      |

<sup>(1)</sup> For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

 $V_{CCA}$  must be less than or equal to  $V_{CCB}$ , and  $V_{CCA}$  must not exceed 3.6 V. The maximum  $V_{IL}$  value is provided to ensure that a valid  $V_{OL}$  is maintained. The  $V_{OL}$  value is  $V_{IL}$  plus the voltage drop across the pass-



## 6.5 Electrical Characteristics (1)(2)(3)

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                    | DAMETER            | TEST  | V                          | V                | T   | λ = 25° | С   | -40°C to 85             | 5°C  | LINUT |
|--------------------|--------------------|---|----------------------------|------------------|-----|---------|-----|-------------------------|------|-------|
| PA                 | ARAMETER           | CONDITIONS  | V <sub>CCA</sub>           | V <sub>CCB</sub> | MIN | TYP     | MAX | MIN                     | MAX  | UNIT  |
| V <sub>OHA</sub>   |                    | $\begin{split} I_{OH} &= -20~\mu\text{A}, \\ V_{IB} &\geq V_{CCB} -0.4~V \end{split}$ | 1.65 V to 3.6 V            | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     | V <sub>CCA</sub> × 0.67 |      | V     |
| V <sub>OLA</sub>   |                    | $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA},$<br>$V_{IB} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$                               | 1.65 V to 3.6 V            | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     |                         | 0.4  | V     |
| V <sub>OHB</sub>   |                    | $I_{OH} = -20 \mu A,$<br>$V_{IA} \ge V_{CCA} - 0.2 V$                                 | 1.65 V to 3.6 V            | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     | V <sub>CCB</sub> × 0.67 |      | V     |
| V <sub>OLB</sub>   |                    | $I_{OL} = 1 \text{ mA},$<br>$V_{IA} \le 0.15 \text{ V}$                               | 1.65 V to 3.6 V            | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     |                         | 0.4  | V     |
| I                  | OE                 |   | 1.65 V to 3.6 V            | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         | ±1  |                         | ±2   | μΑ    |
|                    | A port             |   | 0 V                        | 0 V to 5.5 V     |     |         | ±1  |                         | ±2   | μΑ    |
| I <sub>off</sub>   | B port             |   | 0 to 3.6 V                 | 0 V              |     |         | ±1  |                         | ±2   | μA    |
| l <sub>OZ</sub>    | A or B port        |   | 1.65 V to 3.6 V            | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         | ±1  |                         | ±2   | μA    |
|                    |                    |   | 1.65 V to V <sub>CCB</sub> | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     |                         | 2.4  | 2 μΑ  |
| $I_{CCA}$          |                    | $V_I = V_O = open,$<br>$I_O = 0$  | 3.6 V                      | 0 V              |     |         |     |                         | 2.2  |       |
|                    |                    | 10 – 0  | 0 V                        | 5.5 V            |     |         |     |                         | -1   |       |
|                    |                    |   | 1.65 V to V <sub>CCB</sub> | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     |                         | 12   |       |
| $I_{CCB}$          |                    | $V_I = V_O = open,$<br>$I_O = 0$  | 3.6 V                      | 0 V              |     |         |     |                         | -1   | μΑ    |
|                    |                    | .0 0  | 0 V                        | 5.5 V            |     |         |     |                         | 1    |       |
| I <sub>CCA</sub> + | - I <sub>CCB</sub> | $V_I = V_{CCI}$ or GND,<br>$I_O = 0$  | 1.65 V to V <sub>CCB</sub> | 2.3 V to 5.5 V   |     |         |     |                         | 14.4 | μΑ    |
| Cı                 | OE                 |   | 3.3 V                      | 3.3 V            |     | 2.5     |     |                         | 3.5  | pF    |
|                    | A or B port        |   | 3.3 V                      | 3.3 V            |     | 10      |     |                         |      |       |
| $C_{io}$           | A port             |   |                            |                  |     | 5       |     | 6                       | 6 pF |       |
|                    | B port             |   |                            |                  |     | 6       |     | 7.5                     |      |       |

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 $<sup>\</sup>begin{array}{ll} \hbox{(1)} & V_{CCI} \text{ is the $V_{CC}$ associated with the input port.} \\ \hbox{(2)} & V_{CCO} \text{ is the $V_{CC}$ associated with the output port.} \\ \hbox{(3)} & V_{CCA} \text{ must be less than or equal to $V_{CCB}$, and $V_{CCA}$ must not exceed 3.6 V.} \\ \end{array}$ 



## 6.6 Timing Requirements ( $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ )

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                |                   |                    | V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2<br>± 0.2 | V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V<br>± 0.2 V |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V<br>± 0.3 V |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V<br>± 0.5 V |      |        |
|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|------|--------|
|                |                   |                    |                               | MIN                                 | MAX | MIN                                | MAX | MIN                              | MAX  |        |
| Data rate      | Push-pull driving |                    |                               | 21                                  |     | 22                                 |     | 24                               | Mbps |        |
|                | Data rate         | Open-drain driving |                               |                                     | 2   |                                    | 2   |                                  | 2    | ivibps |
|                | Pulse             | Push-pull driving  | Data innuta                   | 47                                  |     | 45                                 |     | 41                               |      | 20     |
| ι <sub>W</sub> | duration          | Open-drain driving | Data inputs                   | 500                                 |     | 500                                |     | 500                              |      | ns     |

## 6.7 Timing Requirements ( $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ )

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                |           |                    | V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2<br>± 0.2 | V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5 V<br>± 0.2 V |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3 V<br>± 0.3 V |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V<br>± 0.5 V |     |      |
|----------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------|-----|------------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|-----|------|
|                |           |                    |                               | MIN                                 | MAX | MIN                                | MAX | MIN                              | MAX |      |
| Data vata      |           | Push-pull driving  | Push-pull driving             |                                     | 20  |                                    | 22  |                                  | 24  | Mana |
|                | Data rate | Open-drain driving |                               |                                     | 2   |                                    | 2   |                                  | 2   | Mbps |
|                | Pulse     | Push-pull driving  | Data innuta                   | 50                                  |     | 45                                 |     | 41                               |     | 20   |
| ι <sub>w</sub> | duration  | Open-drain driving | Data inputs                   | 500                                 |     | 500                                |     | 500                              |     | ns   |

## 6.8 Timing Requirements ( $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ )

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

|                |                |                    |             | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3.3<br>± 0.3 V |     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V<br>± 0.5 V | ′   | UNIT  |
|----------------|----------------|--------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|-----|----------------------------------|-----|-------|
|                |                |                    |             | MIN                              | MAX | MIN                              | MAX |       |
|                | Data vata      | Push-pull driving  |             |                                  | 23  |                                  | 24  | Missa |
|                | Data rate      | Open-drain driving |             |                                  | 2   |                                  | 2   | Mbps  |
|                | Pulse duration | Push-pull driving  | Data inputa | 43                               |     | 41                               |     | 20    |
| ı <sub>w</sub> | Puise duration | Open-drain driving | Data inputs | 500                              |     | 500                              |     | ns    |



## 6.9 Switching Characteristics ( $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ )

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER          | FROM<br>(INPUT)  | TO           | TEST CONDITIONS    | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.2 |      | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.3 | 3.3 V<br>3 V | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.5 | = 5 V<br>5 V | UNIT |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------|------|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|------|
|                    | (INPUT)          | (OUTPUT)     |                    | MIN                      | MAX  | MIN                      | MAX          | MIN                      | MAX          |      |
|                    |                  |              | Push-pull driving  |                          | 5.3  |                          | 5.4          |                          | 6.8          |      |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>   | ^                | Б            | Open-drain driving | 2.3                      | 8.8  | 2.4                      | 9.6          | 2.6                      | 10           |      |
|                    | Α                | В            | Push-pull driving  |                          | 6.8  |                          | 7.1          |                          | 7.5          | ns   |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 45                       | 260  | 36                       | 208          | 27                       | 198          |      |
|                    |                  |              | Push-pull driving  |                          | 4.4  |                          | 4.5          |                          | 4.7          |      |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>   | В                | ^            | Open-drain driving | 1.9                      | 5.3  | 1.1                      | 4.4          | 1.2                      | 4            | 20   |
|                    | В                | Α            | Push-pull driving  |                          | 5.3  |                          | 4.5          |                          | 0.5          | ns   |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 45                       | 175  | 36                       | 140          | 27                       | 102          |      |
| t <sub>en</sub>    | OE               | A or B       |                    |                          | 200  |                          | 200          |                          | 200          | ns   |
| t <sub>dis</sub>   | OE               | A or B       |                    |                          | 50   |                          | 40           |                          | 35           | ns   |
|                    | A 20 cmt m       | ioo timo     | Push-pull driving  | 3.2                      | 9.5  | 2.3                      | 9.3          | 2                        | 7.6          | 20   |
| t <sub>rA</sub>    | А-роп п          | rise time    | Open-drain driving | 38                       | 165  | 30                       | 132          | 22                       | 95           | ns   |
|                    | B-port rise time |              | Push-pull driving  | 4                        | 10.8 | 2.7                      | 9.1          | 2.7                      | 7.6          | 20   |
| t <sub>rB</sub>    | Б-роп п          | ise time     | Open-drain driving | 34                       | 145  | 23                       | 106          | 10                       | 58           | ns   |
|                    | A norti          | fall time    | Push-pull driving  | 2                        | 5.9  | 1.9                      | 6            | 1.7                      | 13.3         |      |
| t <sub>fA</sub>    | A-port           | fall time    | Open-drain driving | 4.4                      | 6.9  | 4.3                      | 6.4          | 4.2                      | 6.1          | no   |
|                    | Doom             | fall time    | Push-pull driving  | 2.9                      | 13.8 | 2.8                      | 16.2         | 2.8                      | 16.2         | ns   |
| t <sub>fB</sub>    | B-port fall time |              | Open-drain driving | 6.9                      | 13.8 | 7.5                      | 16.2         | 7                        | 16.2         |      |
| t <sub>SK(O)</sub> | Channel-to-c     | channel skew |                    |                          | 0.7  |                          | 0.7          |                          | 0.7          | ns   |
|                    |                  |              | Push-pull driving  | 21                       |      | 22                       |              | 24                       |              | Mhna |
| Max data rate      |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 2                        |      | 2                        |              | 2                        |              | Mbps |



## 6.10 Switching Characteristics ( $V_{CCA} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 0.2 \text{ V}$ )

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER          | FROM             | TO           | TEST CONDITIONS    | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.2 |     | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.3 | 3.3 V<br>3 V | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.5 | = 5 V<br>5 V | UNIT |  |
|--------------------|------------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-----|--------------------------|--------------|--------------------------|--------------|------|--|
|                    | (INPUT)          | (OUTPUT)     |                    | MIN                      | MAX | MIN                      | MAX          | MIN                      | MAX          |      |  |
|                    |                  |              | Push-pull driving  |                          | 3.2 |                          | 3.7          |                          | 3.8          |      |  |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>   | ۸                | Б            | Open-drain driving | 1.7                      | 6.3 | 2                        | 6            | 2.1                      | 5.8          |      |  |
|                    | Α                | В            | Push-pull driving  |                          | 3.5 |                          | 4.1          |                          | 4.4          | ns   |  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 43                       | 250 | 36                       | 206          | 27                       | 190          |      |  |
|                    |                  |              | Push-pull driving  |                          | 3   |                          | 3.6          |                          | 4.3          |      |  |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>   | В                | ^            | Open-drain driving | 1.8                      | 4.7 | 2.6                      | 4.2          | 1.2                      | 4            |      |  |
|                    | В                | Α            | Push-pull driving  |                          | 2.5 |                          | 1.6          |                          | 1            | ns   |  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 44                       | 170 | 37                       | 140          | 27                       | 103          |      |  |
| t <sub>en</sub>    | OE               | A or B       |                    |                          | 200 |                          | 200          |                          | 200          | ns   |  |
| t <sub>dis</sub>   | OE               | A or B       |                    |                          | 50  |                          | 40           |                          | 35           | ns   |  |
| +                  |                  |              | Push-pull driving  | 2.8                      | 7.4 | 2.6                      | 6.6          | 1.8                      | 5.6          | 20   |  |
| t <sub>rA</sub>    | A-port i         | ise time     | Open-drain driving | 34                       | 149 | 28                       | 121          | 24                       | 89           | ns   |  |
| 4                  | B-port rise time |              | Push-pull driving  | 3.2                      | 8.3 | 2.9                      | 7.2          | 2.4                      | 6.1          | ns   |  |
| t <sub>rB</sub>    |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 35                       | 151 | 24                       | 112          | 12                       | 64           |      |  |
| •                  | A port           | fall time    | Push-pull driving  | 1.9                      | 5.7 | 1.9                      | 5.5          | 1.8                      | 5.3          | ns   |  |
| t <sub>fA</sub>    | А-роп і          | iaii tiirie  | Open-drain driving | 4.4                      | 6.9 | 4.3                      | 6.2          | 4.2                      | 5.8          | 10   |  |
|                    | Phort            | fall time    | Push-pull driving  | 2.2                      | 7.8 | 2.4                      | 6.7          | 2.6                      | 6.6          | no   |  |
| t <sub>fB</sub>    | B-port fall time |              | Open-drain driving | 5.1                      | 8.8 | 5.4                      | 9.4          | 5.4                      | 10.4         | ns   |  |
| t <sub>SK(O)</sub> | Channel-to-c     | channel skew |                    |                          | 0.7 |                          | 0.7          |                          | 0.7          | ns   |  |
| Max data rate      |                  |              | Push-pull driving  | 20                       |     | 22                       |              | 24                       |              | Mhna |  |
| wax data rate      |                  |              | Open-drain driving | 2                        |     | 2                        |              | 2                        |              | Mbps |  |



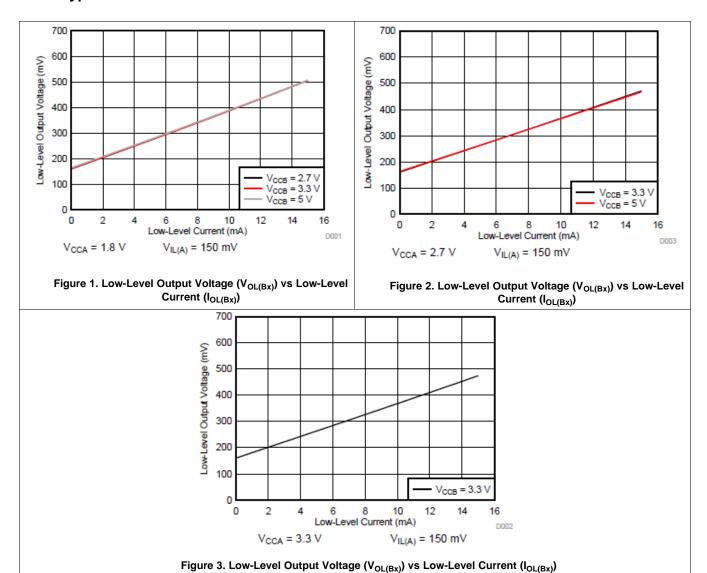
## 6.11 Switching Characteristics ( $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ )

over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

| PARAMETER          | FROM             | TO<br>(OUTPUT) | TEST CONDITIONS      | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.3 |         | V <sub>CCB</sub> = ± 0.5 | UNIT |          |  |
|--------------------|------------------|----------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------|--------------------------|------|----------|--|
|                    | (INPUT)          | (001701)       |                      | MIN                      | MIN MAX |                          | MAX  |          |  |
|                    |                  |                | Push-pull driving    |                          | 2.4     |                          | 3.1  |          |  |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>   | Α                | В              | Open-drain driving   | 1.3                      | 4.2     | 1.4                      | 4.6  |          |  |
|                    | А                | В              | Push-pull driving    |                          | 4.2     |                          | 4.4  | ns       |  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                  |                | Open-drain driving   | 36                       | 204     | 28                       | 165  |          |  |
|                    |                  |                | Push-pull driving    |                          | 2.5     |                          | 3.3  |          |  |
| t <sub>PHL</sub>   | В                | Α              | Open-drain driving   | 1                        | 124     | 24 1 9                   | 97   |          |  |
|                    | В                | A              | Push-pull driving    |                          | 2.5     |                          | 2.6  | ns       |  |
| t <sub>PLH</sub>   |                  |                | Open-drain driving   | 3                        | 139     | 3                        | 105  |          |  |
| t <sub>en</sub>    | OE               | A or B         |                      |                          | 200     |                          | 200  | ns       |  |
| t <sub>dis</sub>   | OE               | A or B         |                      |                          | 40      |                          | 35   | ns       |  |
|                    | A-port rise time |                | Push-pull driving    | 2.3                      | 5.6     | 1.9                      | 4.8  | 20       |  |
| t <sub>rA</sub>    |                  |                | Open-drain driving   | 25                       | 116     | 19                       | 85   | 85 ns    |  |
|                    | Durant           |                | Push-pull driving    | 2.5                      | 6.4     | 2.1                      | 7.4  |          |  |
| t <sub>rB</sub>    | B-port rise time |                | Open-drain driving   | 26                       | 116     | 14                       | 72   | ns       |  |
|                    | A                | fall time a    | Push-pull driving    | 2                        | 5.4     | 1.9                      | 5    |          |  |
| t <sub>fA</sub>    | А-роп            | fall time      | Open-drain driving 4 |                          | 6.1     | 4.2                      | 5.7  | ns       |  |
|                    | D : 1            | fall time a    | Push-pull driving    | 2.3                      | 7.4     | 2.4                      | 7.6  |          |  |
| t <sub>fB</sub>    | B-port fall time |                | Open-drain driving   | 5                        | 7.6     | 4.8                      | 8.3  | ns       |  |
| t <sub>SK(O)</sub> | Channel-to-d     | channel skew   |                      |                          | 0.7     |                          | 0.7  | ns       |  |
|                    |                  |                | Push-pull driving    | 23                       |         | 24                       |      | N Albana |  |
| Max data rate      |                  |                | Open-drain driving   | 2                        |         | 2                        |      | Mbps     |  |

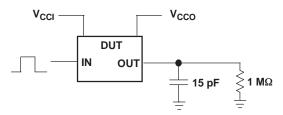


### 6.12 Typical Characteristics

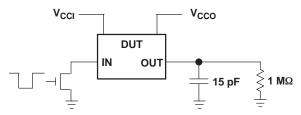




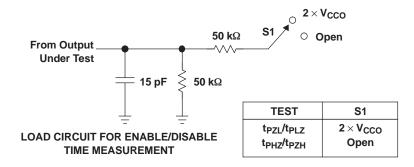
#### 7 Parameter Measurement Information

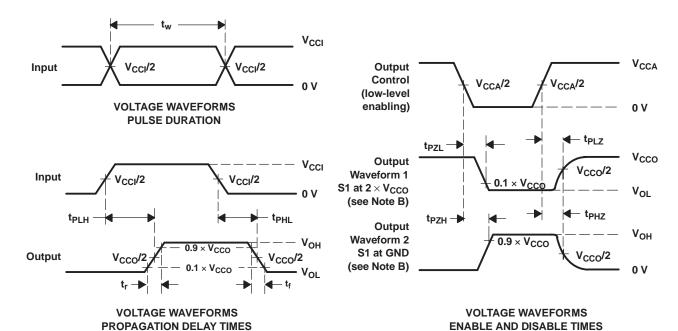


DATA RATE, PULSE DURATION, PROPAGATION DELAY,
OUTPUT RISE AND FALL TIME MEASUREMENT USING
A PUSH-PULL DRIVER



DATA RATE, PULSE DURATION, PROPAGATION DELAY, OUTPUT RISE AND FALL TIME MEASUREMENT USING AN OPEN-DRAIN DRIVER





- A. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low, except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high, except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics:  $PRR \le 10 \text{ MHz}$ ,  $Z_0 = 50 \Omega$ ,  $dv/dt \ge 1 \text{ V/ns}$ .
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time, with one transition per measurement.
- E. t<sub>PLZ</sub> and t<sub>PHZ</sub> are the same as t<sub>dis</sub>.
- F. t<sub>PZL</sub> and t<sub>PZH</sub> are the same as t<sub>en</sub>.
- G.  $t_{PLH}$  and  $t_{PHL}$  are the same as  $t_{pd}$ .
- H.  $V_{CCI}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the input port.
- I.  $V_{CCO}$  is the  $V_{CC}$  associated with the output port.
- J. All parameters and waveforms are not applicable to all devices.

Figure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms

rigure 4. Load Circuit and Voltage Wavelorins

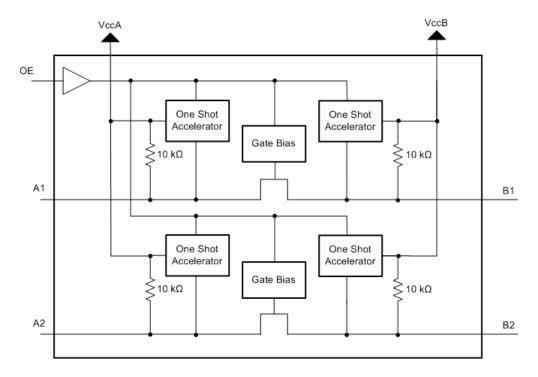


### 8 Detailed Description

#### 8.1 Overview

The TXS0102 device is a directionless voltage-level translator specifically designed for translating logic voltage levels. The A port is able to accept I/O voltages ranging from 1.65 V to 3.6 V, while the B port can accept I/O voltages from 2.3 V to 5.5 V. The device is a pass-gate architecture with edge-rate accelerators (one-shots) to improve the overall data rate.  $10\text{-k}\Omega$  pullup resistors, commonly used in open-drain applications, have been conveniently integrated so that an external resistor is not needed. While this device is designed for open-drain applications, the device can also translate push-pull CMOS logic outputs.

#### 8.2 Functional Block Diagram



#### 8.3 Feature Description

#### 8.3.1 Architecture

The TXS0102 architecture (see Figure 5) is an auto-direction-sensing based translator that does not require a direction-control signal to control the direction of data flow from A to B or from B to A.

#### **Feature Description (continued)**

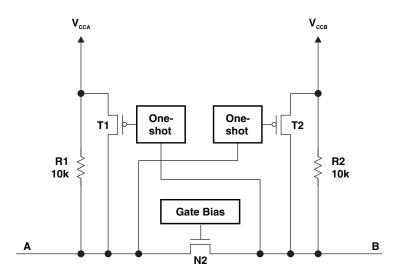


Figure 5. Architecture of a TXS01xx Cell

These two bidirectional channels independently determine the direction of data flow without a direction-control signal. Each I/O pin can be automatically reconfigured as either an input or an output, which is how this auto-direction feature is realized.

The TXS0102 is part of Tl's "Switch" type voltage translator family and employs two key circuits to enable this voltage translation:

- 1) An N-channel pass-gate transistor topology that ties the A-port to the B-port and
- 2) Output one-shot (O.S.) edge-rate accelerator circuitry to detect and accelerate rising edges on the A or B ports

For bidirectional voltage translation, pull-up resistors are included on the device for dc current sourcing capability. The  $V_{GATE}$  gate bias of the N-channel pass transistor is set at approximately one threshold voltage  $(V_T)$  above the  $V_{CC}$  level of the low-voltage side. Data can flow in either direction without guidance from a control signal.

The O.S. rising-edge rate accelerator circuitry speeds up the output slew rate by monitoring the input edge for transitions, helping maintain the data rate through the device. During a low-to-high signal rising edge, the O.S. circuits turn on the PMOS transistors (T1, T2) to increase the current drive capability of the driver for approximately 30 ns or 95% of the input edge, whichever occurs first. This edge-rate acceleration provides high ac drive by bypassing the internal 10-k $\Omega$  pull-up resistors during the low-to-high transition to speed up the signal. The output resistance of the driver is decreased to approximately 50  $\Omega$  to 70  $\Omega$  during this acceleration phase. To minimize dynamic  $I_{CC}$  and the possibility of signal contention, the user should wait for the O.S. circuit to turn off before applying a signal in the opposite direction. The worst-case duration is equal to the minimum pulse-width number provided in the *Timing Requirements* section of this data sheet.

#### 8.3.2 Input Driver Requirements

The continuous dc-current "sinking" capability is determined by the external system-level open-drain (or push-pull) drivers that are interfaced to the TXS0102 I/O pins. Since the high bandwidth of these bidirectional I/O circuits is used to facilitate this fast change from an input to an output and an output to an input, they have a modest dc-current "sourcing" capability of hundreds of micro-Amps, as determined by the internal  $10-k\Omega$  pullup resistors.

The fall time  $(t_{fA}, t_{fB})$  of a signal depends on the edge-rate and output impedance of the external device driving TXS0102 data I/Os, as well as the capacitive loading on the data lines.

Similarly, the  $t_{PHL}$  and max data rates also depend on the output impedance of the external driver. The values for  $t_{fA}$ ,  $t_{fB}$ ,  $t_{PHL}$ , and maximum data rates in the data sheet assume that the output impedance of the external driver is less than 50  $\Omega$ .



#### **Feature Description (continued)**

#### 8.3.3 Output Load Considerations

TI recommends careful PCB layout practices with short PCB trace lengths to avoid excessive capacitive loading and to ensure that proper O.S. triggering takes place. PCB signal trace-lengths should be kept short enough such that the round trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration. This improves signal integrity by ensuring that any reflection sees a low impedance at the driver. The O.S. circuits have been designed to stay on for approximately 30 ns. The maximum capacitance of the lumped load that can be driven also depends directly on the one-shot duration. With very heavy capacitive loads, the one-shot can time-out before the signal is driven fully to the positive rail. The O.S. duration has been set to best optimize trade-offs between dynamic ICC, load driving capability, and maximum bit-rate considerations. Both PCB trace length and connectors add to the capacitance that the TXS0102 output sees, so it is recommended that this lumped-load capacitance be considered to avoid O.S. retriggering, bus contention, output signal oscillations, or other adverse system-level affects.

#### 8.3.4 Enable and Disable

The TXS0102 has an OE input that is used to disable the device by setting OE low, which places all I/Os in the Hi-Z state. The disable time  $(t_{dis})$  indicates the delay between the time when OE goes low and when the outputs are disabled (Hi-Z). The enable time  $(t_{en})$  indicates the amount of time the user must allow for the one-shot circuitry to become operational after OE is taken high.

#### 8.3.5 Pullup or Pulldown Resistors on I/O Lines

Each A-port I/O has an internal  $10-k\Omega$  pullup resistor to  $V_{CCA}$ , and each B-port I/O has an internal  $10-k\Omega$  pullup resistor to  $V_{CCB}$ . If a smaller value of pullup resistor is required, an external resistor must be added from the I/O to  $V_{CCB}$  (in parallel with the internal  $10-k\Omega$  resistors). Adding lower value pull-up resistors will effect  $V_{OL}$  levels, however. The internal pull-ups of the TXS0102 are disabled when the OE pin is low.

#### 8.4 Device Functional Modes

The TXS0102 device has two functional modes, enabled and disabled. To disable the device set the OE input low, which places all I/Os in a high impedance state. Setting the OE input high will enable the device.



### 9 Application and Implementation

#### NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

### 9.1 Application Information

The TXS0102 can be used to bridge the digital-switching compatibility gap between two voltage nodes to successfully interface logic threshold levels found in electronic systems. It should be used in a point-to-point topology for interfacing devices or systems operating at different interface voltages with one another. Its primary target application use is for interfacing with open-drain drivers on the data I/Os such as I<sup>2</sup>C or 1-wire, where the data is bidirectional and no control signal is available. The TXS0102 can also be used in applications where a push-pull driver is connected to the data I/Os, but the TXB0102 might be a better option for such push-pull applications.

#### 9.2 Typical Application

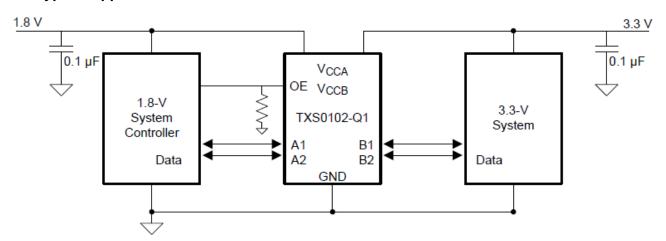


Figure 6. Typical Application Circuit

#### 9.2.1 Design Requirements

For this design example, use the parameters listed in Table 1. And make sure the V<sub>CCA</sub> ≤V<sub>CCB</sub>.

**Table 1. Design Parameters** 

| DESIGN PARAMETER     | EXAMPLE VALUE |  |  |  |  |
|----------------------|---------------|--|--|--|--|
| Input voltage range  | 1.65 to 3.6 V |  |  |  |  |
| Output voltage range | 2.3 to 5.5 V  |  |  |  |  |

#### 9.2.2 Detailed Design Procedure

To begin the design process, determine the following:

- Input voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that is driving the TXS0102 device to determine the input voltage range. For a valid logic high the value must exceed the VIH of the input port. For a valid logic low the value must be less than the VIL of the input port.
- Output voltage range
  - Use the supply voltage of the device that the TXS0102 device is driving to determine the output voltage range.



- The TXS0102 device has 10-k $\Omega$  internal pullup resistors. External pullup resistors can be added to reduce the total RC of a signal trace if necessary.
- An external pull down resistor decreases the output VOH and VOL. Use Equation 1 to calculate the VOH as a result of an external pull down resistor.

$$V_{OH} = V_{CCx} \times R_{PD} / (R_{PD} + 10 \text{ k}\Omega)$$

Where:

- $\bullet$   $V_{CCx}$  is the supply voltage on either  $V_{CCA}$  or  $V_{CCB}$
- R<sub>PD</sub> is the value of the external pull down resistor

### 9.2.3 Application Curves

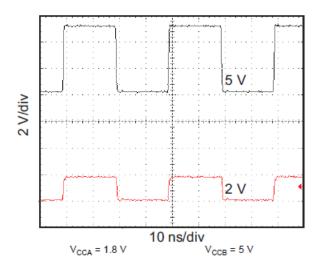


Figure 7. Level-Translation of a 2.5-MHz Signal



## 10 Power Supply Recommendations

During operation, ensure that  $V_{CCA} \le V_{CCB}$  at all times. The sequencing of each power supply will not damage the device during the power up operation, so either power supply can be ramped up first. The output-enable (OE) input circuit is designed so that it is supplied by  $V_{CCA}$  and when the (OE) input is low, all outputs are placed in the high-impedance state. To ensure the high-impedance state of the outputs during power up or power down, the OE input pin must be tied to GND through a pulldown resistor and must not be enabled until  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  are fully ramped and stable. The minimum value of the pulldown resistor to ground is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.

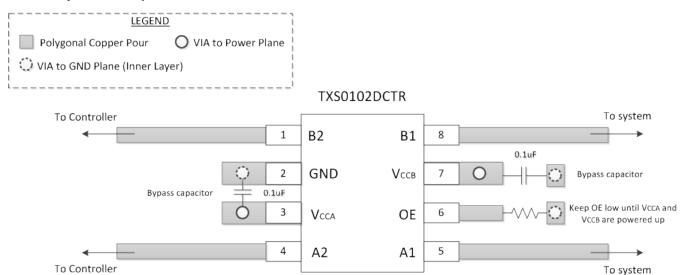
### 11 Layout

### 11.1 Layout Guidelines

To ensure reliability of the device, the following common printed-circuit board layout guidelines are recommended:

- Bypass capacitors should be used on power supplies and should be placed as close as possible to the  $V_{CCA}$ ,  $V_{CCB}$  pin, and  $G_{ND}$  pin.
- Short trace lengths should be used to avoid excessive loading.
- PCB signal trace-lengths must be kept short enough so that the round-trip delay of any reflection is less than the one-shot duration, approximately 30 ns, ensuring that any reflection encounters low impedance at the source driver.

### 11.2 Layout Example





## 12 Device and Documentation Support

#### 12.1 Trademarks

NanoStar is a trademark of Texas Instruments.
All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

### 12.2 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

### 12.3 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

## 13 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.





13-Mar-2015

#### **PACKAGING INFORMATION**

| Orderable Device | Status | Package Type | Package<br>Drawing | Pins | Package<br>Qty | Eco Plan                   | Lead/Ball Finish  | MSL Peak Temp      | Op Temp (°C) | Device Marking (4/5)     | Samples |
|------------------|--------|--------------|--------------------|------|----------------|----------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------------------|---------|
| TXS0102DCTR      | ACTIVE | SM8          | DCT                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFE<br>Z                 | Samples |
| TXS0102DCTRE4    | ACTIVE | SM8          | DCT                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFE<br>Z                 | Samples |
| TXS0102DCTT      | ACTIVE | SM8          | DCT                | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFE<br>Z                 | Samples |
| TXS0102DCTTE4    | ACTIVE | SM8          | DCT                | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFE<br>Z                 | Samples |
| TXS0102DCTTG4    | ACTIVE | SM8          | DCT                | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFE<br>Z                 | Samples |
| TXS0102DCUR      | ACTIVE | US8          | DCU                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU   CU SN | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | (FE ~ NFEQ ~ NFER)<br>NZ | Samples |
| TXS0102DCURG4    | ACTIVE | US8          | DCU                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFER                     | Samples |
| TXS0102DCUT      | ACTIVE | US8          | DCU                | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU   CU SN | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | (FE ~ NFEQ ~ NFER)<br>NZ | Samples |
| TXS0102DCUTG4    | ACTIVE | US8          | DCU                | 8    | 250            | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | NFER                     | Samples |
| TXS0102DQER      | ACTIVE | X2SON        | DQE                | 8    | 5000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAUAG       | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | 2H                       | Samples |
| TXS0102DQMR      | ACTIVE | X2SON        | DQM                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | CU NIPDAU         | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | (2H ~ 2H7)               | Samples |
| TXS0102YZPR      | ACTIVE | DSBGA        | YZP                | 8    | 3000           | Green (RoHS<br>& no Sb/Br) | Call TI   SNAGCU  | Level-1-260C-UNLIM | -40 to 85    | (2H ~ 2H7 ~ 2HN)         | Samples |

<sup>(1)</sup> The marketing status values are defined as follows:

**ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.

**LIFEBUY:** TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

**PREVIEW:** Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

**OBSOLETE:** TI has discontinued the production of the device.

**TBD:** The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

<sup>(2)</sup> Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.



### PACKAGE OPTION ADDENDUM

13-Mar-2015

**Pb-Free** (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

- (3) MSL, Peak Temp. The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.
- (4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.
- (5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.
- (6) Lead/Ball Finish Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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#### OTHER QUALIFIED VERSIONS OF TXS0102:

Automotive: TXS0102-Q1

NOTE: Qualified Version Definitions:

Automotive - Q100 devices qualified for high-reliability automotive applications targeting zero defects

## PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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## TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





|    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component width     |
|----|---|
| B0 | Dimension designed to accommodate the component length    |
|    | Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness |
| W  | Overall width of the carrier tape                         |
| P1 | Pitch between successive cavity centers                   |

QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



#### \*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package<br>Type | Package<br>Drawing |   | SPQ  | Reel<br>Diameter<br>(mm) | Reel<br>Width<br>W1 (mm) | A0<br>(mm) | B0<br>(mm) | K0<br>(mm) | P1<br>(mm) | W<br>(mm) | Pin1<br>Quadrant |
|---------------|-----------------|--------------------|---|------|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|------------|------------|------------|-----------|------------------|
| TXS0102DCUR   | US8             | DCU                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 9.0                      | 2.05       | 3.3        | 1.0        | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| TXS0102DCUR   | US8             | DCU                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 2.25       | 3.35       | 1.05       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| TXS0102DCURG4 | US8             | DCU                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 2.25       | 3.35       | 1.05       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| TXS0102DCUTG4 | US8             | DCU                | 8 | 250  | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 2.25       | 3.35       | 1.05       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q3               |
| TXS0102DQER   | X2SON           | DQE                | 8 | 5000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.2        | 1.6        | 0.55       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |
| TXS0102DQMR   | X2SON           | DQM                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 9.5                      | 1.4        | 2.0        | 0.5        | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |
| TXS0102DQMR   | X2SON           | DQM                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.57       | 2.21       | 0.59       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |
| TXS0102YZPR   | DSBGA           | YZP                | 8 | 3000 | 178.0                    | 9.2                      | 1.02       | 2.02       | 0.63       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |
| TXS0102YZPR   | DSBGA           | YZP                | 8 | 3000 | 180.0                    | 8.4                      | 1.02       | 2.02       | 0.63       | 4.0        | 8.0       | Q1               |

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\*All dimensions are nominal

| Device        | Package Type | e Type Package Drawing |   | SPQ  | Length (mm) | Width (mm) | Height (mm) |
|---------------|--------------|------------------------|---|------|-------------|------------|-------------|
| TXS0102DCUR   | US8          | DCU                    | 8 | 3000 | 182.0       | 182.0      | 20.0        |
| TXS0102DCUR   | US8          | DCU                    | 8 | 3000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| TXS0102DCURG4 | US8          | DCU                    | 8 | 3000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| TXS0102DCUTG4 | US8          | DCU                    | 8 | 250  | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| TXS0102DQER   | X2SON        | DQE                    | 8 | 5000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| TXS0102DQMR   | X2SON        | DQM                    | 8 | 3000 | 184.0       | 184.0      | 19.0        |
| TXS0102DQMR   | X2SON        | DQM                    | 8 | 3000 | 202.0       | 201.0      | 28.0        |
| TXS0102YZPR   | DSBGA        | YZP                    | 8 | 3000 | 220.0       | 220.0      | 35.0        |
| TXS0102YZPR   | DSBGA        | YZP                    | 8 | 3000 | 182.0       | 182.0      | 17.0        |

### DCT (R-PDSO-G8)

#### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion
- D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation DA.

## DCT (R-PDSO-G8)

### PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.



# DCU (R-PDSO-G8)

# PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES:

- : A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
  - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  - C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
  - D. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation CA.



DCU (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE (DIE DOWN)



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
- E. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.





NOTES: All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
  C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.
  D. This package complies to JEDEC MO-287 variation X2EAF.



## DQE (R-PX2SON-N8)

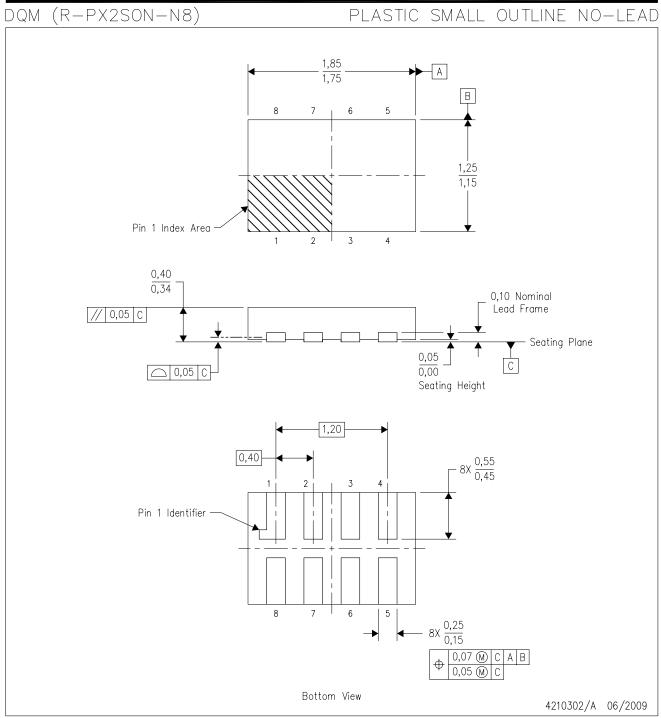
## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for minimum solder mask web tolerances between signal pads. If 2 mil solder mask is outside PCB vendor capability, it is advised to omit solder mask.
- E. Maximum stencil thickness 0,1016 mm (4 mils). All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- F. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- G. Over—printing land for acceptable area ratio is not viable due to land width and bridging potential. Customer may further reduce side aperture dimensions if stencil manufacturing process allows for sufficient release at smaller opening.
- H. Suggest stencils cut with lasers such as Fiber Laser that produce the greatest positional accuracy.
- I. Component placement force should be minimized to prevent excessive paste block deformation.





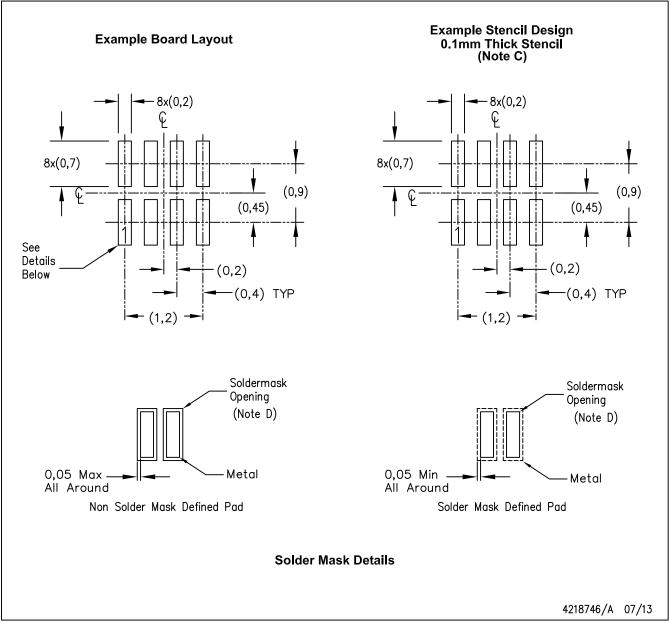
NOTES: All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.C. SON (Small Outline No-Lead) package configuration.



## DQM (R-PX2SON-N8)

## PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD



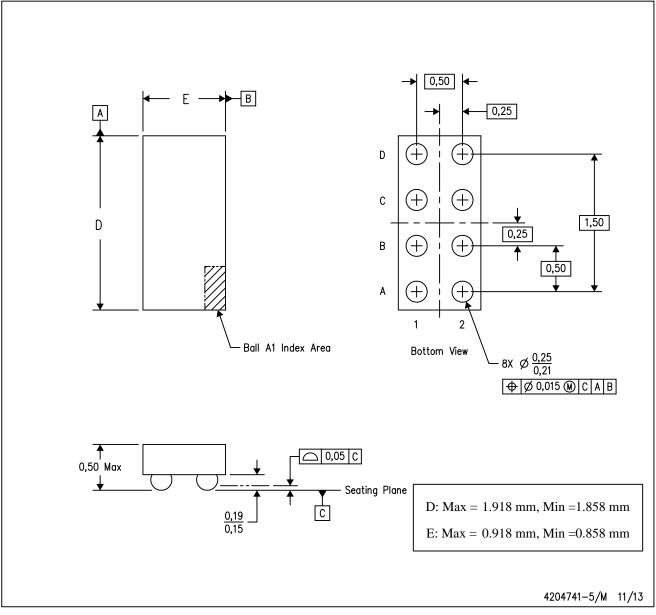
NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
- D. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for recommended solder mask tolerances.



YZP (R-XBGA-N8)

DIE-SIZE BALL GRID ARRAY



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. NanoFree™ package configuration.

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