GBDT

```
In [2]:
```

```
# Load the Drive helper and mount
from google.colab import drive

# This will prompt for authorization.
drive.mount('/content/drive')
```

Go to this URL in a browser: https://accounts.google.com/o/oauth2/auth?client_id=947318989803-6bn6 qk8qdgf4n4g3pfee6491hc0brc4i.apps.googleusercontent.com&redirect_uri=urn%3Aietf%3Awg%3Aoauth%3A2.0% b&scope=email%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdocs.test%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.2Fauth%2Fdrive%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.readonly%20https%3A%2F%2Fwww.googleapis.com%2Fauth%2Fdrive.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.photos.p

```
Enter your authorization code:
......
Mounted at /content/drive
```

· •

In [0]:

```
%env JOBLIB_TEMP_FOLDER=/tmp
```

In [0]:

```
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
import sqlite3
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import nltk
import string
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfTransformer
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
from sklearn import metrics
from sklearn.metrics import roc curve, auc
from nltk.stem.porter import PorterStemmer
import re
# Tutorial about Python regular expressions: https://pymotw.com/2/re/
import string
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
from nltk.stem.wordnet import WordNetLemmatizer
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
from gensim.models import KeyedVectors
import pickle
# using the SQLite Table to read data.
con = sqlite3.connect('database.sqlite')
#filtering only positive and negative reviews i.e.
# not taking into consideration those reviews with Score=3
filtered_data = pd.read_sql_query(""" SELECT * FROM Reviews WHERE Score != 3 """, con)
# Give reviews with Score>3 a positive rating, and reviews with a score<3 a negative rating.
def partition(x):
   if x < 3:
       return 0
    return 1
#changing reviews with score less than 3 to be positive and vice-versa
```

```
actualScore = filtered_data['Score']
positiveNegative = actualScore.map(partition)
filtered_data['Score'] = positiveNegative
print(filtered_data.shape)
```

In [0]:

```
sorted_data=filtered_data.sort_values('ProductId', axis=0, ascending=True, inplace=False, kind='qui
cksort', na_position='last')
final=sorted_data.drop_duplicates(subset={"UserId", "ProfileName", "Time", "Text"}, keep='first', inpl
ace=False)
final.shape
```

In [0]:

```
final.head(2)
```

In [0]:

```
final=final[final.HelpfulnessNumerator<=final.HelpfulnessDenominator]
#Before starting the next phase of preprocessing lets see the number of entries left
print(final.shape)

#How many positive and negative reviews are present in our dataset?
final['Score'].value_counts()</pre>
```

In [0]:

```
final.sort_values('Time',axis=0,ascending=True,inplace=True,kind='quicksort')
final.head(2)
```

In [0]:

```
stop = set(stopwords.words('english')) #set of stopwords
sno = nltk.stem.SnowballStemmer('english') #initialising the snowball stemmer

def cleanhtml(sentence): #function to clean the word of any html-tags
    cleanr = re.compile('<.*?>')
    cleantext = re.sub(cleanr, ' ', sentence)
    return cleantext

def cleanpunc(sentence): #function to clean the word of any punctuation or special characters
    cleaned = re.sub(r'[?!!\\'|"|#]',r'',sentence)
    cleaned = re.sub(r'[.|,|)|(|\\||]',r'' ',cleaned)
    return cleaned
```

In [0]:

```
#Code for implementing step-by-step the checks mentioned in the pre-processing phase
# this code takes a while to run as it needs to run on 500k sentences.
i=0
str1=' '
final string=[]
all positive words=[] # store words from +ve reviews here
all_negative_words=[] # store words from -ve reviews here.
s=' '
for sent in final['Text'].values:
   filtered_sentence=[]
    #print(sent);
    sent=cleanhtml(sent) # remove HTMl tags
    for w in sent.split():
        for cleaned words in cleanpunc(w).split():
            if((cleaned words.isalpha()) & (len(cleaned words)>2)):
                if(cleaned words.lower() not in stop):
                    s=(sno.stem(cleaned words.lower())).encode('utf8')
                    filtered sentence.append(s)
                    if (final['Score'].values)[i] == 1:
                        all positive words.append(s) #list of all words used to describe positive r
eviews
                    if(final['Score'].values)[i] == 0:
                        all negative words.append(s) #list of all words used to describe negative r
AVIANG PAVIANG
```

```
CATCMO TCATCMO
                 else:
                     continue
             else:
                 continue
    #print(filtered sentence)
    str1 = b" ".join(filtered_sentence) #final string of cleaned words
    final_string.append(str1)
    i+=1
In [0]:
final['CleanedText']=final string #adding a column of CleanedText which displays the data after pr
e-processing of the review
final['CleanedText']=final['CleanedText'].str.decode("utf-8")
final.head(3)
In [0]:
import pickle
pickle.dump(final, open('final.p', 'wb'))
#final sent = pickle.load(open('data.p','rb'))
final.shape
In [9]:
import pickle
final = pickle.load(open('drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/gbdt/final.p','rb'))
from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
##Sorting data according to Time in ascending order for Time Based Splitting
time_sorted_data = final.sort_values('Time', axis=0, ascending=True, inplace=False, kind='quicksort
 ', na position='last')
final.head(2)
Out[9]:
           ld
               ProductId
                                UserId ProfileName HelpfulnessNumerator HelpfulnessDenominator Score
                                                                                                 Time
                                                                                                       Sumn
                                                                                                         EV
                                            shari
 138706 150524 0006641040
                          ACITT7DI6IDDL
                                                                 0
                                                                                          1 939340800
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                                        Nicholas A
 138683 150501 0006641040 AJ46FKXOVC7NR
                                                                                          1 940809600
                                                                                                       great
                                          Mesiano
                                                                                                        to sr
                                                                                                        time
4
                                                                                                         Þ
In [5]:
y = final['Score'].iloc[:100000]
x = final['CleanedText'].iloc[:100000]
x.shape, y.shape
Out[5]:
((100000,), (100000,))
```

BOW

In [6]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
```

```
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
X_tra, X_tes, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x.values,y.values,test_size=0.3,random_state=0)
#Implementing BAG of words
bow = CountVectorizer(ngram range=(0,1))
X tf =bow.fit transform(X tra)
# Standerdising the data
norm = StandardScaler(with mean = False)
X train = norm.fit transform(X tf)
# tfidf test
X tfte = bow.transform(X tes)
# Standerdising the data
X test = norm.transform(X tfte)
X_train.shape,y_train.shape,X_test.shape,y_test.shape
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/utils/validation.py:475: DataConversionWarning: Dat
a with input dtype int64 was converted to float64 by StandardScaler.
  warnings.warn(msg, DataConversionWarning)
Out[6]:
((70000, 31572), (70000,), (30000, 31572), (30000,))
In [0]:
In [7]:
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model selection import TimeSeriesSplit
from sklearn.metrics import make scorer
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.model selection import RandomizedSearchCV
tscv = TimeSeriesSplit(n splits=3)
param_distributions = {'learning_rate':[0.001,0.01,0.1,1], 'n_estimators':[50,100,150,200],'max_dep
th': [1,2,3,4]}
gbdt=GradientBoostingClassifier()
rsv = RandomizedSearchCV(gbdt,param distributions,cv=tscv,scoring="f1",n jobs=-1,pre dispatch=2)
rsv.fit(X_train,y_train)
print("Best HyperParameter: ",rsv.best_params_)
print("Best f1: %.2f%%"%(rsv.best score *100))
Best HyperParameter: {'n_estimators': 200, 'max_depth': 2, 'learning_rate': 1}
Best f1: 94.82%
In [6]:
%env JOBLIB_TEMP_FOLDER=/tmp
env: JOBLIB TEMP FOLDER=/tmp
In [0]:
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
model = GradientBoostingClassifier(n estimators= 200, max depth= 2,learning rate= 1)
model.fit(X_train,y_train)
y_pred = model.predict(X_train)
```

```
In [9]:
```

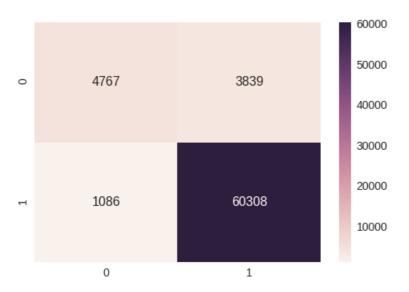
```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall score
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
import seaborn as sns
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy score(y train, y pred)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1_score(y_train, y_pred)*100))
print("Precision score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision_score(y_train, y_pred)*100))
print("Recall_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall_score(y_train, y_pred)*100))
\texttt{print}(\texttt{"Confusion Matrix of test set:} \\ \texttt{n} \text{ [[TN FP]} \\ \\ \texttt{n} \text{ [FN TP] ]} \\ \texttt{n"})
result = confusion matrix(y train,y pred)
print(result)
sns.set(font scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True, annot kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
```

```
Accuracy on the set: 92.964%
F1-Score on the set: 96.077%
Precision_score on test set: 94.015%
Recall_score on test set: 98.231%
Confusion Matrix of test set:
[[TN FP]
[FN TP]]

[[4767 3839]
[1086 60308]]
```

Out[9]:

<matplotlib.axes. subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b7fbb7fd0>



In [0]:

```
X_test.shape
```

In [10]:

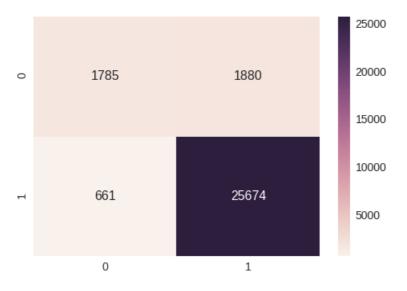
```
y_pred1 = (model.predict(X_test))
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred1)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1_score(y_test, y_pred1)*100))
print("Precision_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision_score(y_test, y_pred1)*100))
print("Recall_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall_score(y_test, y_pred1)*100))
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
result = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred1)
print(result)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True,annot_kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
```

```
Accuracy on the set: 91.530% F1-Score on the set: 95.285% Precision_score on test set: 93.177% Recall_score on test set: 97.490% Confusion Matrix of test set: [TN FP] [FN TP]]

[[1785 1880] [661 25674]]
```

Out[10]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b7fb95518>



In [0]:

TFIDF

```
In [10]:
```

```
y = final['Score'].iloc[:100000]
x = final['CleanedText'].iloc[:100000]
x.shape,y.shape

Out[10]:
((100000,), (100000,))
```

In [0]:

```
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer

X_tra, X_tes, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,shuffle=False)

#Implementing BAG of words
tfidf = TfidfVectorizer(ngram_range=(0,1),dtype=float)
X_tf = tfidf.fit_transform(X_tra)

# Standardising the data
norm = StandardScaler(with_mean = False)
X_train = norm.fit_transform(X_tf)

# tfidf test
X_tfte = tfidf.transform(X_tes)
```

```
# Standerdising the data
X test = norm.transform(X tfte)
from sklearn.model selection import TimeSeriesSplit
In [13]:
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.model_selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model_selection import TimeSeriesSplit
from sklearn.metrics import make scorer
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
tscv = TimeSeriesSplit(n splits=3)
param_distributions = {'learning_rate':[0.001,0.01,0.1,1], 'n_estimators':[50,100,150,200],'max_dep
th': [1,2,3,4]}
gbdt=GradientBoostingClassifier()
rsv =
RandomizedSearchCV(gbdt,param distributions,cv=tscv,scoring="f1 weighted",n jobs=-1,pre dispatch=2
rsv.fit(X train,y train)
print("Best HyperParameter: ",rsv.best_params_)
print("Best f1: %.2f%%"%(rsv.best score *100))
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
Best HyperParameter: {'n_estimators': 100, 'max_depth': 4, 'learning_rate': 1}
Best f1: 87.97%
In [14]:
model2 = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning rate=1, max depth=4, n estimators=100)
```

model2.fit(X train,y train)

```
y_pred2 = model2.predict(X_train)
model2
```

Out[14]:

In [15]:

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
from sklearn.metrics import precision_score
from sklearn.metrics import recall score
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
import seaborn as sns
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy score(y train, y pred2)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1_score(y_train, y_pred2,average='weighted')*100))
print("Precision_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision_score(y_train, y_pred2)*100))
print("Recall_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall_score(y_train, y_pred2)*100))
result = confusion_matrix(y_train,y_pred2)
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
print(result)
sns.set(font scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True, annot_kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
```

```
Accuracy on the set: 92.254%
F1-Score on the set: 95.785%
Precision_score on test set: 92.224%
Recall_score on test set: 99.631%
Confusion Matrix of test set:
[[TN FP]
[FN TP]]

[[2974 5194]
[228 61604]]
```

Out[15]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b7a710f60>



In [16]:

```
y_pred = model2.predict(X_test)
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1 score(v_test, v_pred.average='weighted')*100))
```

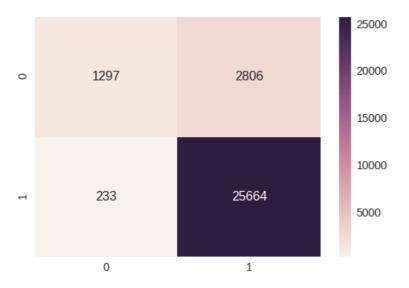
```
print("Precision_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("Recall_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
result = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
print(result)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True,annot_kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
```

```
Accuracy on the set: 89.870%
F1-Score on the set: 94.410%
Precision_score on test set: 90.144%
Recall_score on test set: 99.100%
Confusion Matrix of test set:
[[TN FP]
[FN TP]]

[[1297 2806]
[ 233 25664]]
```

Out[16]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b7a70fba8>



Avg w2c

```
In [17]:
```

```
!pip install gensim
Collecting gensim
    Downloading
\verb|https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/27/a4/d10c0acc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d838cda5eede0ee9c784caa598dbf40bd0911ff8cdacc8528d86de0ee9caa6dacc8528d86de0ee9caa6dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8528dacc8
7eb/gensim-3.6.0-cp36-cp36m-manylinux1 x86 64.whl (23.6MB)
          100% |
                                                                                                        | 23.6MB 1.3MB/s
gensim) (1.14.6)
Requirement already satisfied: six>=1.5.0 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from gensim)
 (1.11.0)
Requirement already satisfied: scipy>=0.18.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
gensim) (0.19.1)
Collecting smart-open>=1.2.1 (from gensim)
     Downloading
055/smart open-1.7.1.tar.gz
Collecting boto>=2.32 (from smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
     Downloading
https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/23/10/c0b78c27298029e4454a472a1919bde20cb182dab1662cec7f2ca
523/boto-2.49.0-py2.py3-none-any.whl (1.4MB)
                                                                                                           | 1.4MB 13.9MB/s
          100% |
Collecting bz2file (from smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
     Downloading
https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/61/39/122222b5e85cd41c391b68a99ee296584b2a2d1d233e7ee32b453
```

```
f2d/bz2file-0.98.tar.gz
Requirement already satisfied: requests in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from smart-
open >= 1.2.1 - gensim) (2.18.4)
Collecting boto3 (from smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
  Downloading
https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/94/04/c48c102e11b0cb2e3d4a7bdda49647b40e2ae03279ce9ba935e4a
b89/boto3-1.9.34-py2.py3-none-any.whl (128kB)
    100% |
                                         | 133kB 27.1MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: certifi>=2017.4.17 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
requests->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim) (2018.10.15)
Requirement already satisfied: idna<2.7,>=2.5 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from
requests->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim) (2.6)
Requirement already satisfied: urllib3<1.23,>=1.21.1 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages
(from requests->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim) (1.22)
Requirement already satisfied: chardet<3.1.0,>=3.0.2 in /usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages
(from requests->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim) (3.0.4)
Collecting jmespath<1.0.0,>=0.7.1 (from boto3->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
  Downloading
\texttt{https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/b7/31/05c8d001f7f87f0f07289a5fc0fc3832e9a57f2dbd4d3b0fee70equality.} \\
365/jmespath-0.9.3-py2.py3-none-any.whl
Collecting s3transfer<0.2.0,>=0.1.10 (from boto3->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
  Downloading
https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/d7/14/2a0004d487464d120c9fb85313a75cd3d71a7506955be458eebfe
bld/s3transfer-0.1.13-py2.py3-none-any.whl (59kB)
                                   | 61kB 20.1MB/s
   100% |
Collecting botocore<1.13.0,>=1.12.34 (from boto3->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
  Downloading
https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/91/83/3185727fb3d0204bc2d09ebfbf26bf6725e75f70f35cda477f9b9
61d/botocore-1.12.34-py2.py3-none-any.whl (4.7MB)
    100% |
                                        | 4.7MB 6.6MB/s
Requirement already satisfied: python-dateutil<3.0.0,>=2.1; python version >= "2.7" in
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages (from botocore<1.13.0,>=1.12.34->boto3->smart-open>=1.2.1->
gensim) (2.5.3)
Collecting docutils>=0.10 (from botocore<1.13.0,>=1.12.34->boto3->smart-open>=1.2.1->gensim)
  Downloading
https://files.pythonhosted.org/packages/36/fa/08e9e6e0e3cbd1d362c3bbee8d01d0aedb2155c4ac112b19ef3ca
d8d/docutils-0.14-py3-none-any.whl (543kB)
    100% |
                        | 552kB 23.2MB/s
Building wheels for collected packages: smart-open, bz2file
  Running setup.py bdist_wheel for smart-open ... - \ done
  Stored in directory:
/root/.cache/pip/wheels/23/00/44/e5b939f7a80c04e32297dbd6d96fa3065af89ecf57e2b5f89f
  Running setup.py bdist wheel for bz2file ... -
  Stored in directory:
/root/.cache/pip/wheels/81/75/d6/e1317bf09bf1af5a30befc2a007869fa6e1f516b8f7c591cb9
Successfully built smart-open bz2file
Installing collected packages: boto, bz2file, jmespath, docutils, botocore, s3transfer, boto3, sma
rt-open, gensim
Successfully installed boto-2.49.0 boto3-1.9.34 botocore-1.12.34 bz2file-0.98 docutils-0.14 gensim
-3.6.0 jmespath-0.9.3 s3transfer-0.1.13 smart-open-1.7.1
4
                                                                                                 •
In [0]:
X_tra, X_tes, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3,shuffle=False)
sent of train=[]
for sent in X tra:
    sent of train.append(sent.split())
sent of test=[]
for sent in X tes:
    sent_of_test.append(sent.split())
In [19]:
#word to vector
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
w2v_model=Word2Vec(sent_of_train,min_count=3,size=200, workers=4) # words which occurs 3 times; 500
dimensions
w2v words = list(w2v model.wv.vocab)
print("number of words that occured minimum 3 times ",len(w2v words))
```

- - - - -

```
In [20]:
```

```
# compute average word2vec for each review for X train .
from tqdm import tqdm
import numpy as np
train vectors = []
for sent in tqdm(sent_of_test):
    sent_vec = np.zeros(200)
    cnt words =0;
    for word in sent:
        if word in w2v words:
            vec = w2v model.wv[word]
            sent vec += vec
            cnt_words += 1
    if cnt words != 0:
       sent vec /= cnt words
    train vectors.append(sent_vec)
        30000/30000 [00:52<00:00, 569.76it/s]
In [21]:
train_vectors1 = []
for sent in tqdm(sent of train):
    sent_vec = np.zeros(200)
    cnt words =0;
    for word in sent:
        if word in w2v words:
            vec = w2v model.wv[word]
            sent vec += vec
            cnt_words += 1
    if cnt words != 0:
       sent vec /= cnt words
    train_vectors1.append(sent_vec)
        | 70000/70000 [01:56<00:00, 600.91it/s]
In [22]:
len(train vectors),len(train vectors1)
Out[22]:
(30000, 70000)
In [23]:
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import TimeSeriesSplit
# Data-preprocessing: Standardizing the data
sc = StandardScaler(with mean = False)
X train3 = sc.fit transform(train vectors1)
X_test3 = sc.transform(train_vectors)
tscv = TimeSeriesSplit(n splits=4)
y train.shape, X train3.shape, X test3.shape
Out[23]:
((70000,), (70000, 200), (30000, 200))
```

```
In [0]:
pickle.dump(X_train3, open('X_train3.p', 'wb'))
pickle.dump(X_test3, open('X_test3.p', 'wb'))
In [0]:
###################################
X train3 = pickle.load(open('drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/gbdt/X train3.p','rb'))
X test3 = pickle.load(open('drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/gbdt/X test3.p','rb'))
In [25]:
%env JOBLIB TEMP FOLDER=/tmp
env: JOBLIB TEMP FOLDER=/tmp
In [61]:
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model selection import TimeSeriesSplit
from sklearn.metrics import make scorer
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
tscv = TimeSeriesSplit(n splits=3)
param distributions = {'learning rate':[0.001,0.01,0.1,1], 'n estimators':[50,100,150,200],'max dep
th': [1,2,3,4]}
gbdt=GradientBoostingClassifier()
RandomizedSearchCV(gbdt,param distributions,cv=tscv,scoring="f1 weighted",n jobs=-1,pre dispatch=2
rsv.fit(X train3,y train)
print("Best HyperParameter: ",rsv.best params )
print("Best f1: %.2f%%"%(rsv.best_score_*100))
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
```

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)

/usr/local/lib/python 3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py: 1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)

/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:

UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa mples.

```
'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
Best HyperParameter: {'n estimators': 150, 'max depth': 1, 'learning rate': 1}
Best f1: 82.04%
In [64]:
model3 = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning rate=1, max depth=1, n estimators=150)
model3.fit(X train3,y train)
y pred3 = model3.predict(X train3)
model3
Out[64]:
GradientBoostingClassifier(criterion='friedman mse', init=None,
              learning_rate=1, loss='deviance', max_depth=1,
              max features=None, max leaf nodes=None,
              min_impurity_decrease=0.0, min_impurity_split=None,
              min_samples_leaf=1, min_samples_split=2,
              min_weight_fraction_leaf=0.0, n_estimators=150,
              presort='auto', random state=None, subsample=1.0, verbose=0,
              warm start=False)
In [65]:
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score
from sklearn.metrics import precision score
from sklearn.metrics import recall score
from sklearn.metrics import f1_score
from sklearn.metrics import classification report
from sklearn.metrics import confusion matrix
import seaborn as sns
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy_score(y_train, y_pred3)*100))
\label{lem:core}  \texttt{print("F1-Score on the set: $0.3f\%"$ (f1\_score(y\_train, y\_pred3, average='weighted')*100))} \\
print("Precision score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision score(y train, y pred3)*100))
print("Recall score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall score(y train, y pred3)*100))
result = confusion matrix(y train, y pred3)
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
print(result)
sns.set(font scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True, annot kws={"size": 16}, fmt='q')
Accuracy on the set: 87.764%
F1-Score on the set: 82.128%
Precision score on test set: 87.767%
Recall score on test set: 99.985%
Confusion Matrix of test set:
 [ [TN FP]
[FN TP] ]
[[ 50 8556]
      9 61385]]
Out[65]:
<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b68b6b470>
                                                     60000
             50
                                  8556
0
                                                     45000
                                                     30000
```



In [66]:

```
y_pred = model3.predict(X_test3)
model3
```

Out[66]:

In [67]:

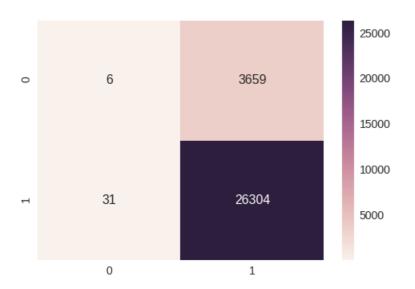
```
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1_score(y_test, y_pred, average='weighted')*100))
print("Precision_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("Recall_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
result = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
print(result)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True,annot_kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
```

```
Accuracy on the set: 87.700%
F1-Score on the set: 82.069%
Precision_score on test set: 87.788%
Recall_score on test set: 99.882%
Confusion Matrix of test set:
[[TN FP]
[FN TP]]

[[ 6 3659]
[ 31 26304]]
```

Out[67]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b68b66b70>



AVG TF-IDF W2V

if weight sum != 0:

```
In [37]:
y = final['Score'].iloc[:100000]
x = final['CleanedText'].iloc[:100000]
x.shape, y.shape
Out[37]:
((100000,), (100000,))
In [0]:
from sklearn.model_selection import train test split
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import CountVectorizer
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
X tra, X tes, y train, y test = train test split(x.values,y.values,test size=0.3,random state=0)
In [0]:
sent of train=[]
for sent in X tra:
   sent of train.append(sent.split())
sent_of_test=[]
for sent in X tes:
    sent of test.append(sent.split())
In [40]:
#word to vector
from gensim.models import Word2Vec
w2v model=Word2Vec(sent of train,min count=3,size=200, workers=4) # words which occurs 3 times; 500
dimensions
w2v words = list(w2v model.wv.vocab)
print("number of words that occured minimum 3 times ",len(w2v_words))
number of words that occured minimum 3 times 14075
In [0]:
# S = ["abc def pgr", "def def def abc", "pgr pgr def"]
m = TfidfVectorizer()
tf_idf_matrix = m.fit_transform(X_tra)
# we are converting a dictionary with word as a key, and the idf as a value
dictionary = dict(zip(m.get feature names(), list(m.idf)))
In [42]:
# TF-IDF weighted Word2Vec
tfidf feat = m.get feature names() # tfidf words/col-names
# final tf idf is the sparse matrix with row = sentence, col = word and cell val = tfidf
tfidf sent vectors = []; # the tfidf-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
row=0:
for sent in tqdm(sent of train): # for each review/sentence
    sent vec = np.zeros(200) # as word vectors are of zero length
    weight sum =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
    for word in sent: # for each word in a review/sentence
        if word in w2v_words:
            vec = w2v model.wv[word]
            tf idf = dictionary[word] * (sent.count (word) /len(sent))
            sent vec += (vec * tf idf)
            weight sum += tf idf
```

```
sent_vec /= weight_sum
    tfidf sent vectors.append(sent vec)
    row += 1
100%| 70000/70000 [02:17<00:00, 510.86it/s]
In [43]:
tfidf sent vectors1 = []; # the tfidf-w2v for each sentence/review is stored in this list
for sent in tqdm(sent of test): # for each review/sentence
   sent_vec = np.zeros(200) # as word vectors are of zero length
    weight sum =0; # num of words with a valid vector in the sentence/review
    for word in sent: # for each word in a review/sentence
        if word in w2v words:
            vec = w2v model.wv[word]
            tf idf = dictionary[word] * (sent.count(word) /len(sent))
            sent vec += (vec * tf idf)
            weight sum += tf idf
    if weight_sum != 0:
       sent vec /= weight sum
    tfidf_sent_vectors1.append(sent_vec)
    row += 1
100%| 30000/30000 [01:01<00:00, 491.37it/s]
In [0]:
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
from sklearn.model_selection import TimeSeriesSplit
# Data-preprocessing: Standardizing the data
sc = StandardScaler(with mean = False)
X_train4 = sc.fit_transform(tfidf_sent_vectors)
X test4 = sc.transform(tfidf sent vectors1)
In [45]:
X train4.shape, X test4.shape
Out[45]:
((70000, 200), (30000, 200))
In [0]:
pickle.dump(X train4, open('X train4.p', 'wb'))
pickle.dump(X_test4, open('X_test4.p', 'wb'))
In [52]:
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingClassifier
from sklearn.model selection import GridSearchCV
from sklearn.model selection import TimeSeriesSplit
from sklearn.metrics import make scorer
from sklearn.metrics import f1 score
from sklearn.model_selection import RandomizedSearchCV
tscv = TimeSeriesSplit(n splits=3)
param_distributions = {'learning_rate':[0.001,0.01,0.1,1], 'n_estimators':[50,100,150,200],'max_dep
th': [1,2,3,4]}
gbdt=GradientBoostingClassifier()
rsv =
RandomizedSearchCV(gbdt,param distributions,cv=tscv,scoring="f1 weighted",n jobs=-1,pre dispatch=2
rsv.fit(X train4,y train)
print("Best HyperParameter: ",rsv.best params )
```

print("Best f1: %.2f%%"%(rsv.best_score_*100))

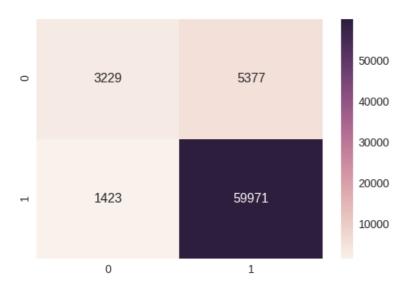
```
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
mples.
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn_for)
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/sklearn/metrics/classification.py:1135:
UndefinedMetricWarning: F-score is ill-defined and being set to 0.0 in labels with no predicted sa
  'precision', 'predicted', average, warn for)
Best HyperParameter: {'n estimators': 150, 'max depth': 1, 'learning rate': 1}
Best f1: 88.08%
In [58]:
model4 = GradientBoostingClassifier(learning rate= 1, max depth=1, n estimators=150)
model4.fit(X train4,y train)
y pred = model4.predict(X train4)
model
Out[58]:
GradientBoostingClassifier(criterion='friedman_mse', init=None,
              learning rate=1, loss='deviance', max depth=2,
              max features=None, max leaf nodes=None,
              min impurity decrease=0.0, min impurity split=None,
              min samples leaf=1, min samples split=2,
              min weight fraction leaf=0.0, n estimators=200,
              presort='auto', random state=None, subsample=1.0, verbose=0,
              warm start=False)
In [59]:
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy score(y train, y pred)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1 score(y train, y pred,average='weighted')*100))
print("Precision score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision score(y train, y pred)*100))
print("Recall score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall score(y train, y pred)*100))
result = confusion_matrix(y_train,y_pred)
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
print(result)
sns.set(font scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True,annot kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
Accuracy on the set: 90.286%
F1-Score on the set: 88.989%
Precision score on test set: 91.772%
```

```
Recall_score on test set: 97.682%
Confusion Matrix of test set:
  [[TN FP]
  [FN TP]]

[[ 3229 5377]
  [ 1423 59971]]
```

Out [59]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b68cd85c0>



In [60]:

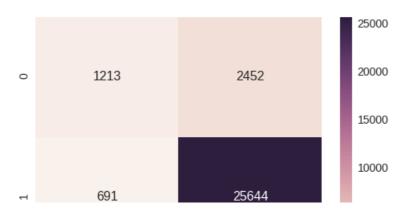
```
y_pred = model4.predict(X_test4)
print("Accuracy on the set: %0.3f%%"%(accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("F1-Score on the set: %0.3f%%"%(f1_score(y_test, y_pred,average='weighted')*100))
print("Precision_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(precision_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
print("Recall_score on test set: %0.3f%%"%(recall_score(y_test, y_pred)*100))
result = confusion_matrix(y_test,y_pred)
print("Confusion Matrix of test set:\n [ [TN FP]\n [FN TP] ]\n")
print(result)
sns.set(font_scale=1.4) #for label size
sns.heatmap(result, annot=True,annot_kws={"size": 16}, fmt='g')
```

```
Accuracy on the set: 89.523% F1-Score on the set: 88.036% Precision_score on test set: 91.273% Recall_score on test set: 97.376% Confusion Matrix of test set: [[TN FP] [FN TP]]

[[ 1213 2452] [ 691 25644]]
```

Out[60]:

<matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7f9b66ce2ba8>



0

From the above model, Prefer to choose the best model with stable F1 score

1

In [7]:

```
import pandas as pd
df = pd.read_csv('drive/My Drive/Colab Notebooks/gbdt/ei09q-9q3dg.csv')
df
```

Out[7]:

	Unnamed: 0	F1 score of Train	F1 score of Test
0	BOW	96.07%	95.28%
1	TFIDF	95.78%	94.41%
2	AVG-W2V	82.12%	82.06%
3	TFIDF-W2V	88.98%	88.03%

TFIDF-W2V has best F1 score on train and test