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Task M2.T1P (Parallel Matrix Multiplication)

Codes are available on attached files.

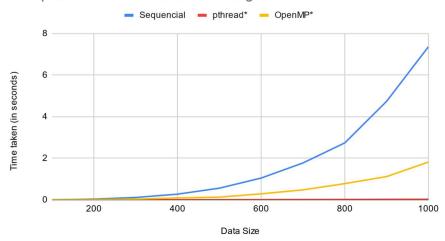
Comparing methods according to data size with time taken (in seconds):

1. Between 100 and 1000 (with increment of 100)

		Data Size										
	100	200	300	400	500	600	700	800	900	1000		
Sequencial	0.003732	0.034201	0.113765	0.273223	0.560687	1.047661	1.773478	2.738366	4.738423	7.364651		
pthread*	0.000547	0.001483	0.002507	0.004499	0.006645	0.010194	0.014226	0.018357	0.023755	0.027117		
OpenMP*	0.001855	0.011482	0.035044	0.090319	0.129169	0.289267	0.478883	0.780043	1.117878	1.817399		

Graph:

Comparison for time taken according to size



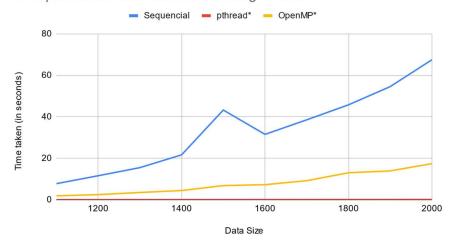
(Note that number of threads for pthread and OpenMP is 3)

2. Between 1000 and 2000 (with increment 100)

		Data Size										
	1100	1200	1300	1400	1500	1600	1700	1800	1900	2000		
Sequencial	7.75771	11.5684	15.48368	21.64672	43.24824	31.52976	38.53697	45.75781	54.54315	67.48608		
pthread*	0.03323	0.03773	0.04671	0.0529	0.06195	0.07866	0.08015	0.0917	0.10155	0.11529		
OpenMP*	1.88932	2.46582	3.49979	4.44066	6.82768	7.25874	9.20699	13.00315	13.91044	17.40428		

Graph:

Comparison for time taken according to size



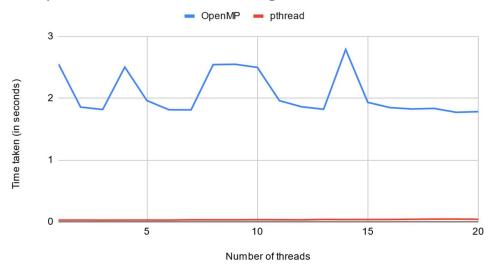
Comparing two parallel programming according to number of threads with time taken (in seconds):

		Threads										
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10		
OpenMP	2.552725	1.855395	1.817399	2.502756	1.96197	1.812312	1.811139	2.542697	2.548511	2.498216		
pthread	0.028334	0.02898	0.027117	0.028567	0.028782	0.027998	0.033052	0.032301	0.03238	0.034637		

		Threads										
	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20		
OpenMP	1.959771	1.861374	1.821142	2.787854	1.932357	1.848093	1.825128	1.834643	1.77146	1.782356		
pthread	0.033216	0.032083	0.037863	0.036779	0.03714	0.037486	0.04103	0.044165	0.044618	0.041603		

Graph:

Comparison of time taken according to number of threads



Based on my findings:

- 1. Using parallel programming does improve performance on matrix multiplication, which is how it must be compared with sequential programming, more than half of the execution time. However, pthread improves the performance significantly compared with OpenMP implementation.
- 2. Size of the matrices also affects the performance. In both size 100 x 100 and 1000 x 1000, pthread has the lowest execution time. In addition, we also learn that the time taken rises exponentially. However, we can only see that in sequential and OpenMP methods, pthread grows, but on a much smaller scale.
- 3. Number of threads also affects the performance for parallel programming. For pthread, it shows that at some point, increasing number of threads will increase its execution time. It goes as well for OpenMP, but it's more unpredictable. At some point, it will have lower execution time when you increase number of threads