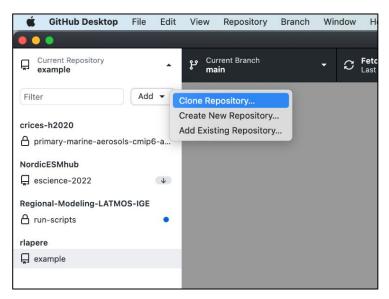
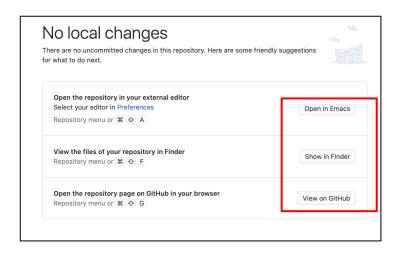


- 1. Open GitHub desktop and sign in
- 2. Clone the repository https://github.com/rlapere/example.git

=> you now have a local copy of the example repository



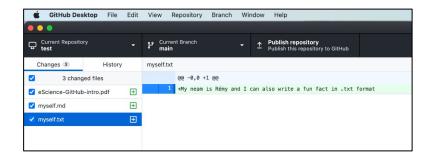




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- 1. Create a new repository (same procedure but "create new" instead of clone)
- 2. Find the directory in your file browser
- 3. Copy the files from example into your new repository (as you would usually do)



=> you now have your own git repository with example files, BUT GITHUB HAS NO IDEA





1. Commit the changes you made to the directory and say what you did (summary)



=> Now git knows something happened, but still LOCALLY

2. Let the world know you made changes by publishing to GitHub



=> The files you copied should now be in your web GitHub repository





- Create a new file in your repository (if you dare, make it a pretty Markdown file .txt->.md) with your name and 1 fun fact about you
- 2. Now the new file is added to the repository, locally (not yet on GitHub)
- 3. Modify the file as you wish with your favorite text editor (i.e. emacs)
- 4. Commit these changes and say what you did in the process

You have made your changes "official", locally (still not on GitHub)

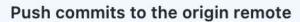
=> you now have a new, modified file, LOCALLY





Step 4 again

1. Let git know you made changes



You have 1 local commit waiting to be pushed to GitHub.

Always available in the toolbar when there are local commits waiting to be pushed or # P

Push origin

=> The files you created should now be in your GitHub repository



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Step 5 the other way around

- 1. Create a file directly in GitHub web in the repository
- 2. Observe that is not synced on your local machine
- 3. Get the last version of the repository locally (fetch)



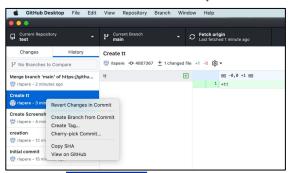
=> you are up-to-date





Step 6 (optional) screw up and revert

- Mess up the file you just worked (very) hard to create (delete things, add silly things...)
- 2. Commit the change, with a message (you know the drill)
- 3. Now, realize you messed up and you want to go back to the previous version
- 4. First look at the history of the changes and identify the guilty commit
- 5. Revert the commit and push



=> you now have un-screwed up



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Pull request

Now you want to make changes to my repository and let me know I should integrate them

- 1. Go to the example repository and create a new branch
- 2. Copy the file you created earlier here
- 3. Push it to github
- 4. Create a pull request to let me know you want to add your contribution to my project



