

# AI and Databases

COSC 304 – Introduction to Database Systems



# Why Use AI when Developing with Databases?

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## Faster SQL development

- Autogenerates complex queries, joins, subqueries
- Reduces time spent debugging syntax and logic errors

## Improved code quality

- Suggests optimized query patterns
- Helps eliminate common pitfalls (repetitive queries, inefficient scans, missing indexes)

## Better database design

- Assists in normalizing schemas and identifying design flaws
- Automatically generates ER diagrams and schema documentation

# Why Use AI when Developing with Databases? (2)

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## Performance tuning with guidance

- Interprets execution plans and recommends indexes or rewrites

## Rapid prototyping and experimentation

- Generates sample data, schema variations, and test cases
- Accelerates iterative development

## Lower barrier for beginners

- Converts natural language to SQL
- Makes databases more accessible for non-experts
- Provides explanations for SQL concepts, relational algebra, normalization, and execution plans
- Helps students practice by generating examples and exercises

# Use Case: Question to SQL

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One of the most common uses for AI is to help with writing SQL.

## **Text -to-SQL: Converting a natural language query into SQL**

General models like ChatGPT and Claude are very good.

Remember to provide the schema as part of the prompt.

**Research challenges:** schema linking, ambiguity resolution, complex SQL (joins, subqueries, GROUP BY), robustness

# Use Case: AI for Data Cleaning & Preparation

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It is often a time-consuming task to write code or manually clean and verify data before it is loaded into a database.

AI can help with:

- Generating scripts to clean the data
- Detecting errors and inconsistencies
- Suggesting transformations
- Generating synthetic datasets for testing
- Identifying outliers or duplicates

# AI Inside Database Systems

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Many database systems have built-in machine learning and AI support:

- Vector indexes (HNSW, IVF, etc.)
- Embedding-based search
- In-database ML (e.g., BigQuery ML, PostgreSQL extensions)
- Automatic query tuning with ML (e.g., Oracle, SQL Server)

# Limitations and Risks

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AI mistakes include:

- Hallucinated tables or attributes
- Incorrect join relationships
- Overly complicated queries
- Incorrect assumptions about schema constraints

Data Privacy and Security:

- Understand what data you should not send to AI, including Personally Identifiable Information (PII) and confidential datasets
- Know safe patterns when using AI at school/work

# Research and the Future of AI and Databases

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## Natural Language Interfaces to Databases:

- Text-to-SQL with high accuracy so query by having a conversation
- Improve database design using natural language

## Autonomous Database Systems:

- Self-tuning indexes, auto-scaling, predictive performance models

## RAG (Retrieval-Augmented Generation) + Databases:

- Improve the performance of how database content is retrieved and provided for AI, and better integration of structured data in improving AI accuracy

# Impact of AI on Software Development Jobs

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AI is transforming how software is developed. Productivity rises as do expectations for broader skills (prompting, verification, design, AI use).

Benefits:

- **Higher Productivity:** AI-assisted coding accelerates feature development.
- **Improved Code Quality:** Automated review, bug detection, and test generation catch issues earlier.
- **Faster Prototyping:** LLMs generate quick proofs-of-concept and UI mockups.
- **Enhanced Learning:** Developers upskill faster with conversational debugging and explanations.
- **Automation of Repetitive Work:** Documentation, test writing, refactoring, and migrations become easier.
- **More Innovation Time:** Developers focus more on architecture, creativity, and complex problem-solving.

# Impact of AI on Software Development Jobs (2)

## Challenges:

- **Skill Shift Required:** Developers must learn prompt engineering, model understanding, and AI toolchains.
- **Risk of Over-Reliance:** AI-generated code can introduce security or logic errors.
- **Quality Assurance Needs Increase:** More time spent reviewing AI-generated code for correctness, licensing, and compliance.
- **Security & Privacy Risks:** AI tools may inadvertently leak proprietary code or generate insecure patterns.
- **Job Polarization:** Entry-level tasks are automated, potentially reducing “junior developer” roles while increasing demand for experienced oversight.
- **Ethical and Legal Concerns:** Copyright, bias, and accountability issues require new governance practices.

**Developers who use AI effectively will replace those who do not.**

# Will AI Replace Software Developers?

AI is reducing demand for some types of developer work, including simple CRUD apps, bug fixes, web development and interfaces.

Not yet replacing full-stack software engineering roles as AI:

- Does not understand requirements or business logic: Is the generated code correct, secure, cost-efficient, aligned with user needs?
- Reliably perform systems integration, architecture, and debugging
- Requires generated code to be reviewed and tested including validating correctness, design, and handling of edge cases

**AI changes the shape of the developer job market, but does not eliminate developers.**

# Survey Question: AI and Developers

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**Question:** Do you believe AI will **replace** software development jobs?

- A) Strongly Agree
- B) Agree
- C) Neutral
- D) Disagree
- E) Strongly Disagree

# Survey Question: AI and Development

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**Question:** Do you believe AI will ***change*** software development jobs?

- A) Strongly Agree
- B) Agree
- C) Neutral
- D) Disagree
- E) Strongly Disagree

# Survey Question: AI and Jobs

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**Question:** I have concerns that AI will affect my ability to get a job.

- A) Strongly Agree
- B) Agree
- C) Neutral
- D) Disagree
- E) Strongly Disagree

# Survey Question: AI in the Course

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**Question:** I have used AI productively in this course.

- A) Strongly Agree
- B) Agree
- C) Neutral
- D) Disagree
- E) Strongly Disagree

# Conclusion

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**AI accelerates SQL development**, database design, prototyping, and performance tuning.

Natural language interfaces (Text-to-SQL) make databases more accessible to beginners and non-experts.

AI enhances data cleaning, schema generation, and query optimization but can hallucinate tables or produce incorrect joins.

Databases increasingly integrate AI directly (vector indexes, in-database ML, automatic tuning).

Developers must balance productivity gains with risks: privacy, security, correctness, and over-reliance on automated code.

**AI is transforming software development roles** by shifting emphasis toward architecture, verification, and oversight.

# Objectives

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- Explain how AI tools support database development (SQL generation, schema design, optimization).
- Describe key concepts behind Text-to-SQL and why schema linking and ambiguity resolution are challenging.
- Identify how AI can assist with data cleaning, transformation, and generating test datasets.
- Recognize common limitations and risks of using AI when working with databases (hallucinations, incorrect joins, privacy/PII concerns).
- Describe how modern databases integrate AI features such as vector indexes, in-database ML, and automatic tuning.
- Discuss how AI is changing software development roles, including the benefits and challenges for developers.



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