# Server Side GraphQL Using Elixir, Phoenix and Absinthe

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# What is GraphQL?

GraphQL is a data query language developed by Facebook in 2012 and release in 2015.





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- The fact that GraphQL can be used as a web API is an implementation detail.
- It's has more in common with SQL than it does with REST.





• APIs in GraphQL are organized by types and fields.

#### **Builtin Types**

- boolean
- float
- id
- integer
- string





You can also create custom Scalar Types.

```
scalar :date do

parse(fn input ->

case Timex.parse!(input.value, "{YYYY}-{OM}-{D}")

|> DateTime.from_naive("Etc/UTC") do

{:ok, date} -> {:ok, date}

--> :error

end

end)

serialize(fn date -> Date.to_iso8601(date) end)

end
```

Listing 1: Custom Scaler Type



#### ... Enum Types

```
enum : priority_level , description : "Todo priority levels " do

value : high , as: :true , description : "High Priority"

value : low , as: :false , description : "Low Priority"

end
```

Listing 2: Enum Type





```
Request to pry #PID<0.623.0> at FariWeb.Resolvers.Todos.create/3 (lib/fari_web/resolvers/todos.ex:5)

3:
4: def create(_obj, args, %{context: %{current_user: user}}) do
5: require IEx; IEx.pry
6: user
7: |> Ecto.build_assoc(:todos)

Allow? [Yn] y

Interactive Elixir (1.6.6) - press Ctrl+C to exit (type h() ENTER for help)
pry(1)> args
%{priority: true}
pry(2)> true == :true
true
```



• The type used most often is the Object Type





2

5

6

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Listing 3: Object Type





## Query

• The Query Root object is where all queries are found.





## Query

1

3

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```
query do
    field :users, list_of(:user), description: "List users
        in my groups" do
    resolve(&FariWeb.Resolvers.Users.list_users/3)
    end
end
```

Listing 4: User Root Object Type



#### Resolvers

• The resolve function tells the object how to get it's data.

```
1
2
3
        resolve (& FariWeb. Resolvers. Users. list users /3)
        def list users( obj, args, %{context: %{current user:
            user}}) do
          users =
5
            user
6
7
            Fari.Repo.preload(:groups)
            > get\ groups()
            > Enum.map(fn group -> Fari.Repo.preload(group, :
                users) end)
            > Enum.map(fn g -> g.users end)
            > List.flatten()
10
11
12
          {:ok, users}
13
      end
```

Listing 5: Resolve function



• Resolve functions take 3 arguments.





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- Absinthe.Resolution
  - This contains the **context** and other execution data





#### Resolvers Return Value

- The resolve function returns successful result with a tuple in the form of {:ok, %{}}
- The resolve function returns an error with a tuple in the form of {:error, reason}



