Heuristic Functions



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Principles of Artificial Intelligence

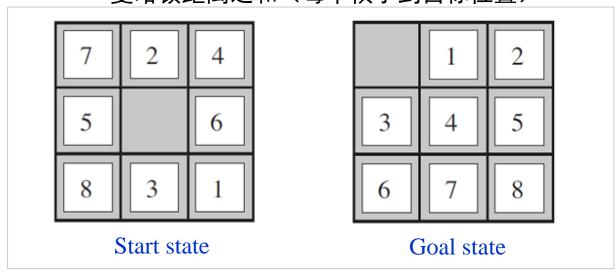
Heuristics for 8-puzzle 8数码难题的启发式

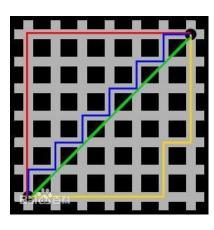
☐ To find shortest solutions by using A*, need a heuristic function that are two commonly used candidates.

要用A*算法找到最短距离的解,需要一个启发式函数,通常有两个候选。

 $h_1 = number \ of \ misplaced \ tiles = 8.$ 错位棋子的个数

 h_2 = total Manhattan distance (tiles from desired locations) = 3+1+2+2+2+3+3+2=18 曼哈顿距离之和(每个棋子到目标位置)





Manhattan distance

Artificial Intelligence :: Searching :: Search

Search Cost 搜索代价

Search Cost (nodes generated)

d (depth)	Iterative Deepening Search	$A^*(h_1)$	$A^*(h_2)$
2	10	6	6
4	112	13	12
6	680	20	18
8	6384	39	25
10	47127	93	39
12	3644035	227	73
14	-	539	113
16	-	1301	211
18	-	3056	363
20	_	7276	676
22	_	18094	1219
24	-	39135	1641

 \square If $h_2(n) \ge h_1(n)$ for all n, then h_2 dominates h_1 and is better for search.

若对于所有的n, $h_2(n) \ge h_1(n)$, 则 h_2 优于 h_1 , 因而 h_2 更适合搜索。

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Thank you for your affeation!

