

# SonarQube

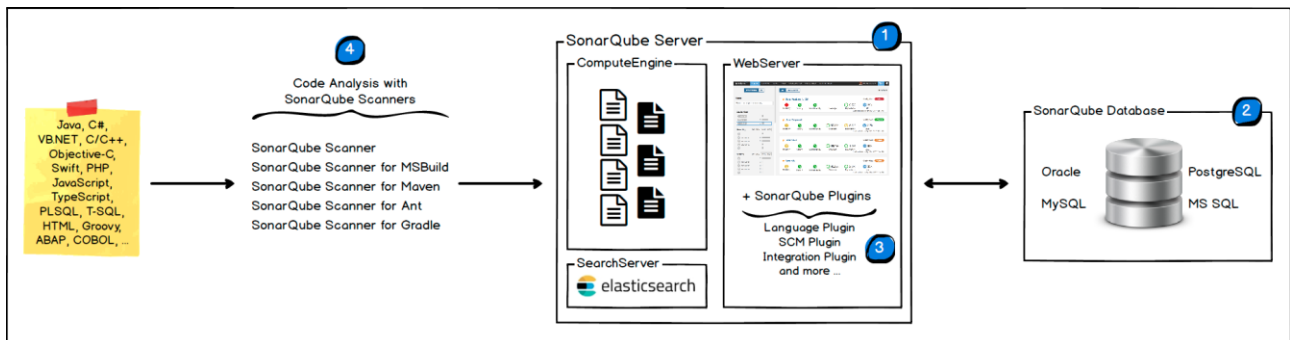
## Overview

SonarQube is an automatic code review tool to detect bugs, vulnerabilities and code smells in your code. It can integrate with your existing workflow to enable continuous code inspection across your project branches and pull requests.

The SonarQube Platform is made of 4 components:

1. One SonarQube Server starting 3 main processes:

- Web Server for developers, managers to browse quality snapshots and configure the SonarQube instance
  - Search Server based on Elasticsearch to back searches from the UI
  - Compute Engine Server in charge of processing code analysis reports and saving them in the SonarQube Database
2. One SonarQube Database to store:
- the configuration of the SonarQube instance (security, plugins settings, etc.)
  - the quality snapshots of projects, views, etc.
3. Multiple SonarQube Plugins installed on the server, possibly including language, SCM, integration, authentication, and governance plugins



4. One or more SonarScanners running on your Build / Continuous Integration Servers to analyze projects

## SonarQube SetUp for Crowsoft

### Installation

Follow the below commands to install sonarqube on the given OS (ubuntu 16.04).

#### Step 1: Perform a system update

Before installing any packages on the Ubuntu server instance, it is recommended to update the system. Log in using the sudo user and run the following commands to update the system.

```
sudo apt-get update
```

```
sudo apt-get -y upgrade
```

#### Step 2: Install JDK

Add the Oracle Java repository on the server by running.

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:webupd8team/java
```

```
sudo apt-get update
```

Install Oracle JDK by typing:

```
sudo apt install oracle-java8-installer
```

You can now check the version of Java by typing:

```
java -version
```

### Step 3: Install and configure PostgreSQL

Install the PostgreSQL repository.

```
sudo sh -c 'echo "deb http://apt.postgresql.org/pub/repos/apt/`lsb_release -cs`-pgdg main" >> /etc/apt/sources.list.d/pgdg.list'
```

```
wget -q https://www.postgresql.org/media/keys/ACCC4CF8.asc -O - | sudo apt-key add -
```

Install the PostgreSQL database server by running:

```
sudo apt-get -y install postgresql postgresql-contrib
```

Start PostgreSQL server and enable it to start automatically at boot time by running:

```
sudo systemctl start postgresql
```

```
sudo systemctl enable postgresql
```

Change the password for the default PostgreSQL user.

```
sudo passwd postgres
```

Switch to the `postgres` user.

```
su - postgres
```

Enter password for the user postgres (used password : csoftsonar)

Create a new user by typing:

```
createuser sonar
```

password for sonar used: sonarcsoft

Switch to the PostgreSQL shell.

```
psql
```

Set a password for the newly created user for SonarQube database.

```
ALTER USER sonar WITH ENCRYPTED password 'sonarcsoft';
```

Create a new database for PostgreSQL database by running:

```
CREATE DATABASE sonar OWNER sonar;
```

Exit from the `psql` shell:

```
\q
```

Switch back to the sudo user by running the `exit` command.

#### Step 4: Download and configure SonarQube

Download the SonarQube installer files archive.

```
wget https://binaries.sonarsource.com/Distribution/sonarqube/sonarqube-7.7.zip
```

You can always look for the link to the latest version of the application on the SonarQube [download page](#).

Install unzip by running:

```
apt-get -y install unzip
```

Unzip the archive using the following command.

```
sudo unzip sonarqube-7.7.zip -d /opt
```

Rename the directory:

```
sudo mv /opt/sonarqube-7.7 /opt/sonarqube
```

Open the SonarQube configuration file using your favorite text editor.

```
sudo nano /opt/sonarqube/conf/sonar.properties
```

Find the following lines.

```
#sonar.jdbc.username=
```

```
#sonar.jdbc.password=
```

Uncomment and provide the PostgreSQL username and password of the database that we have created earlier. It should look like:

```
sonar.jdbc.username=sonar
```

```
sonar.jdbc.password= sonarsoft
```

Next, find:

```
#sonar.jdbc.url=jdbc:postgresql://localhost/sonar
```

Uncomment the line, save the file and exit from the editor.

### Step 5: Configure Systemd service

SonarQube can be started directly using the startup script provided in the installer package. As a matter of convenience, you should setup a Systemd unit file for SonarQube.

```
nano /etc/systemd/system/sonar.service
```

Populate the file with:

```
[Unit]
```

```
Description=SonarQube service
```

```
After=syslog.target network.target
```

```
[Service]
```

```
Type=forking
```

```
ExecStart=/opt/sonarqube/bin/linux-x86-64/sonar.sh start
```

```
ExecStop=/opt/sonarqube/bin/linux-x86-64/sonar.sh stop
```

```
User=sonar
```

Group=sonar

Restart=always

[Install]

WantedBy=multi-user.target

Start the application by running:

```
sudo systemctl start sonar
```

Enable the SonarQube service to automatically start at boot time.

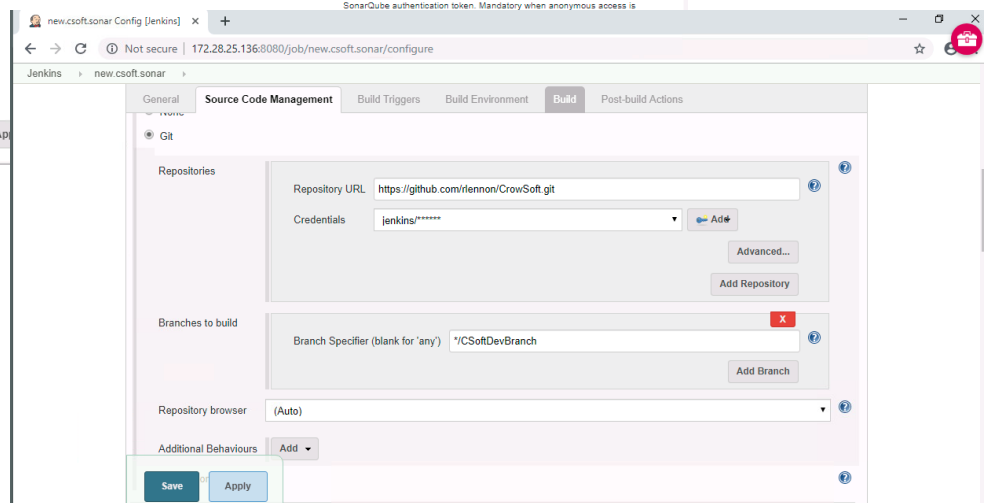
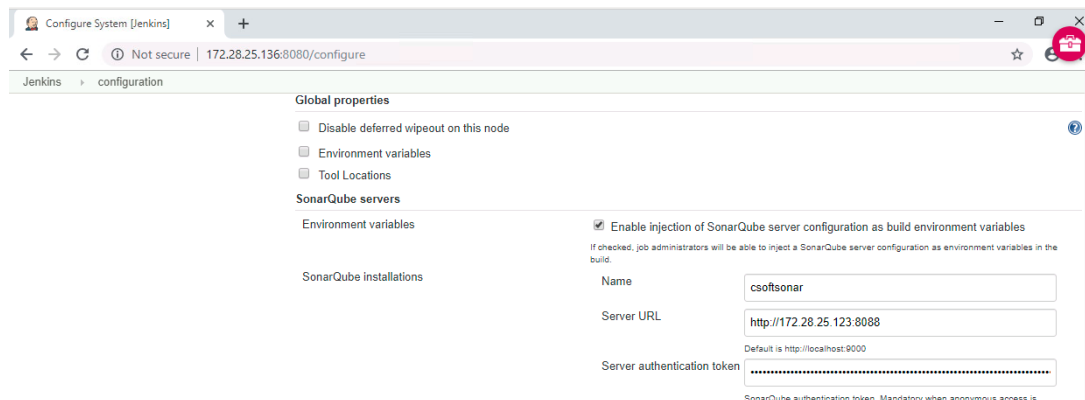
```
sudo systemctl enable sonar
```

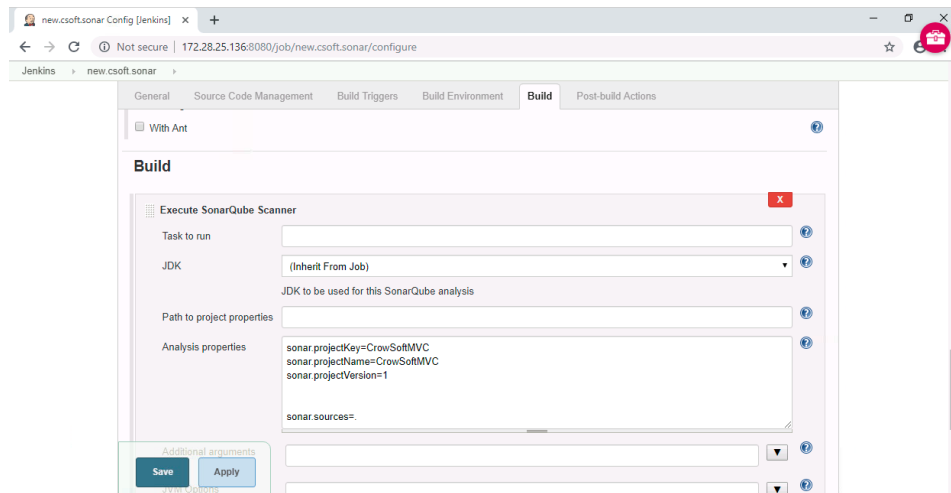
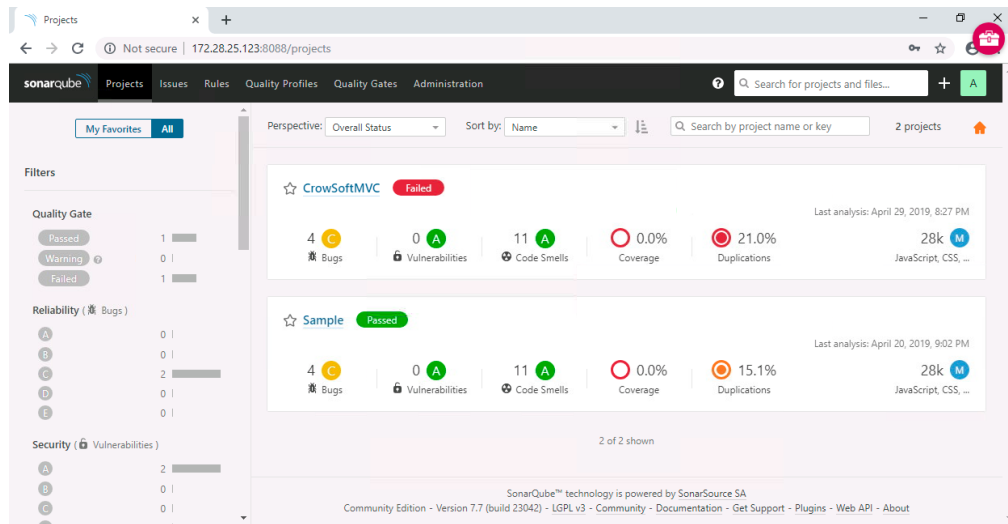
To check if the service is running, run:

```
sudo systemctl status sonar
```

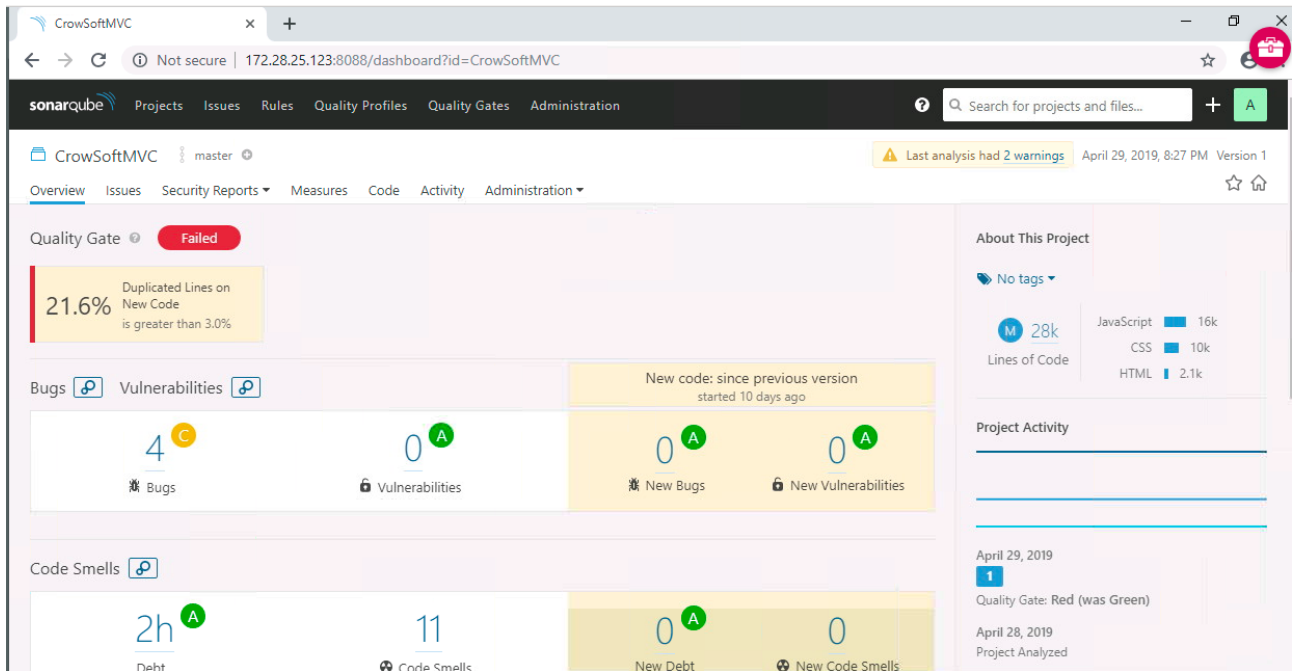
## SonarQube with Jenkins Integration

Under Configure System add sonar server details as shown in the screenshot





After doing build now from the job , we can see the analysis results at sonarqube as below



----- End -----